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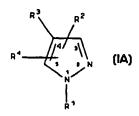
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(54) Title: SUBSTITUTED PYRAZOLES AS p38 KINASE INHIBITORS



(57) Abstract

A class of pyrazole derivatives is described for use in treating p38 kinase mediated disorders. Compounds of particular interest are defined by Formula (IA), wherein R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as described in the specification.

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#### SUBSTITUTED PYRAZOLES AS p38 KINASE INHIBITORS

#### Cross-Reference to Related Applications

This application is related to U.S. Provisional Application Serial No. 60/047,570 filed May 22, 1997 and U.S. Application Serial No. 09/083,670 filed May 22, 1998.

#### 10 Field of the Invention

This invention relates to a novel group of pyrazole compounds, compositions and methods for treating p38 kinase mediated disorders.

#### 15 Background of the Invention

Mitogen-activated protein kinases (MAP) is a family of proline-directed serine/threonine kinases that activate their substrates by dual phosphorylation. kinases are activated by a variety of signals including 20 nutritional and osmotic stress, UV light, growth factors, endotoxin and inflammatory cytokines. The p38 MAP kinase group is a MAP family of various isoforms, including p38 $\alpha$ , p38 $\beta$  and p38 $\gamma$ , and is responsible for phosphorylating and activating transcription factors 25 (e.g. ATF2, CHOP and MEF2C) as well as other kinases (e.g. MAPKAP-2 and MAPKAP-3). The p38 isoforms are activated by bacterial lipopolysaccharide, physical and chemical stress and by pro-inflammatory cytokines, including tumor necrosis factor (TNF- $\alpha$ ) and interleukin-1 30 (IL-1). The products of the p38 phosphorylation mediate the production of inflammatory cytokines, including TNF and IL-1, and cyclooxygenase-2.

 $TNF-\alpha$  is a cytokine produced primarily by activated monocytes and macrophages. Excessive or unregulated TNF production has been implicated in mediating a number of diseases. Recent studies indicate that TNF has a

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causative role in the pathogenesis of rheumatoid arthritis. Additional studies demonstrate that inhibition of TNF has broad application in the treatment of inflammation, inflammatory bowel disease, multiple sclerosis and asthma.

TNF has also been implicated in viral infections, such as HIV, influenza virus, and herpes virus including herpes simplex virus type-1 (HSV-1), herpes simplex virus type-2 (HSV-2), cytomegalovirus (CMV), varicella-zoster virus (VZV), Epstein-Barr virus, human herpesvirus-6 (HHV-6), human herpesvirus-7 (HHV-7), human herpesvirus-8 (HHV-8), pseudorabies and rhinotracheitis, among others.

IL-8 is another pro-inflammatory cytokine, which is produced by mononuclear cells, fibroblasts, endothelial cells, and keratinocytes, and is associated with conditions including inflammation.

IL-1 is produced by activated monocytes and macrophages and is involved in the inflammatory response. IL-1 plays a role in many pathophysiological responses including rheumatoid arthritis, fever and reduction of bone resorption.

TNF, IL-1 and IL-8 affect a wide variety of cells and tissues and are important inflammatory mediators of a wide variety of disease states and conditions. The inhibition of these cytokines by inhibition of the p38 kinase is of benefit in controlling, reducing and alleviating many of these disease states.

Various pyrazoles have previously been described.

U.S. Patent No. 4,000,281, to Beiler and Binon, describes 4,5-aryl/heteroaryl substituted pyrazoles with antiviral activity against both RNA and DNA viruses such as myxoviruses, adenoviruses, rhinoviruses, and various viruses of the herpes group. WO 92/19615, published November 12, 1992, describes pyrazoles as novel fungicides. U. S. Patent No. 3,984,431, to Cueremy and Renault, describes derivatives of pyrazole-5-acetic acid

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as having anti-inflammatory activity. Specifically, [1-isobutyl-3,4-diphenyl-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]acetic acid is described. U. S. Patent No. 3,245,093 to Hinsgen et al, describes a process for preparing pyrazoles. WO 83/00330, published February 3, 1983, describes a new process for the preparation of diphenyl-3,4-methyl-5-pyrazole derivatives. WO 95/06036, published March 2, 1995, describes a process for preparing pyrazole derivatives. US patent 5,589,439, to T. Goto, et al., describes tetrazole derivatives and their use as herbicides. EP 515,041 describes pyrimidyl substituted pyrazole derivatives as novel agricultural fungicides. Japanese Patent 4,145,081 describes pyrazolecarboxylic acid derivatives as herbicides. Japanese Patent

5,345,772 describes novel pyrazole derivatives as inhibiting acetylcholinesterase.

Pyrazoles have been described for use in the treatment of inflammation. Japanese Patent 5,017,470 describes synthesis of pyrazole derivatives as antiinflammatory, anti-rheumatic, anti-bacterial and antiviral drugs. EP 115640, published Dec 30, 1983, describes 4-imidazolyl-pyrazole derivatives as inhibitors of thromboxane synthesis. 3-(4-Isopropyl-1-methylcyclohex-1-yl)-4-(imidazol-1-yl)-1H-pyrazole is specifically described. WO 97/01551, published Jan 16, 1997, describes pyrazole compounds as adenosine antagonists. 4-(3-0xo-2,3-dihydropyridazin-6-yl)-3-phenylpyrazole is specifically described. U.S. Patent

pyrazoles as having anti-inflammatory activity.

U.S. Patent No. 5,559,137 to Adams et al, describes novel pyrazoles (1,3,4,-substituted) as inhibitors of cytokines used in the treatment of cytokine diseases.

Specifically, 3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(4-

No. 5,134,142, to Matsuo et al. describes 1,5-diaryl

methylsulfinylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-5H-pyrazole is described. WO 96/03385, published February 8, 1996,

describes 3,4-substituted pyrazoles, as having anti-

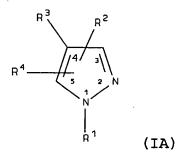
inflammatory activity. Specifically, 3-methylsulfonylphenyl-4-aryl-pyrazoles and 3-aminosulfonylphenyl-4-aryl-pyrazoles are described.

Laszlo et al., <u>Bioorg. Med. Chem. Letters</u>, 8 (1998) 2689-2694, describes certain furans, pyrroles and pyrazolones, particularly 3-pyridyl-2,5-diaryl-pyrroles, as inhibitors of p38 kinase.

The invention's pyrazolyl compounds are found to show usefulness as p38 kinase inhibitors.

#### Description of the Invention

A class of substituted pyrazolyl compounds useful in treating p38 mediated disorders is defined by Formula IA:



wherein

R¹ is selected from hydrido, hydroxy, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl,

20 heterocyclyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, haloalkyl, haloalkenyl, haloalkynyl, hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl, hydroxyalkynyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, aralkynyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkylthioalkylene, alkenylthioalkylene, alkylamino, alkylthioalkenylene, amino, aminoalkyl, alkylamino,

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alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, alkylsulfinyl, alkenylsulfinyl, alkynylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, heterocyclylsulfinyl, arylsulfonyl, alkenylsulfonyl, alkynylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, heterocyclylsulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylene, alkylsulfonylalkylene, acyl, acyloxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylalkylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, heterocyclylcarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonyloxyalkylene, arylcarbonyloxyalkylene, heterocyclylcarbonyloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyarylene, arylcarbonyloxyarylene, arylcarbonyloxyarylene, arylcarbonyloxyarylene, and

R1 has the formula

heterocyclylcarbonyloxyarylene; or

wherein:

i is an integer from 0 to 9;

R<sup>25</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and

R<sup>26</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkylalkylene, aralkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and alkylaminoalkyl; and

R<sup>27</sup> is selected from alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, cycloalkylarylene, cycloalkylcycloalkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylarylene, alkylaralkyl, aralkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene, aralkylheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkoxyaralkyl, alkoxyheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, aralkoxyarylene,

- alkoxyheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkoxyarylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkoxyarylaminocarbonylalkylene, aminocarbonylalkylene,
- arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkylaminocarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, alkylaryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, alkylarylcarbonylarylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylarylene,
- alkoxycarbonylalkoxylarylene,
  heterocyclylcarbonylalkylarylene, alkylthioalkylene,
  cycloalkylthioalkylene, alkylthioarylene,
  aralkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene,
  arylthioalklylarylene, arylsulfonylaminoalkylene,
- alkylsulfonylarylene, alkylaminosulfonylarylene; wherein said alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene, alkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene,
- alkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene, arylthioalklylarylene, and alkylsulfonylarylene groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or
- R<sup>27</sup> is -CHR<sup>28</sup>R<sup>29</sup> wherein R<sup>28</sup> is alkoxycarbonyl, and R<sup>29</sup> is selected from aralkyl, aralkoxyalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkylthioalkylene, and aralkylthioalkylene; wherein said aralkyl and
- heterocylcyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl and

nitro; or

R<sup>26</sup> and R<sup>27</sup> together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocycle, wherein said heterocycle is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkylaryloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aralkoxycarbonyl, alkylamino and alkoxycarbonylamino; wherein said aryl, heterocyclylalkylene and aryloxyalkylene radicals are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halogen, alkyl and alkoxy; and

- 15 R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, halogen, mercapto, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, haloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, aralkyl, alkylheterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, heterocyclylheterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylheterocyclyl, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, aryl(hydroxyalkyl)amino, 20 heterocyclylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylamino, N-alkyl-N-alkynyl-amino, aminoalkyl, aminoaryl, aminoalkylamino, aminocarbonylalkylene, arylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoarylene, 25 alkylaminoarylene, alkylaminoalkylamino, alkylcarbonylaminoalkylene, aminoalkylcarbonylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoalkylcarbonylamino, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aminoalkylthio, alkylaminocarbonylalkylthio,
- alkylaminoalkylaminocarbonylalkylthio, alkoxy, heterocyclyloxy, alkylthio, cyanoalkylthio, alkenylthio, alkynylthio, carboxyalkylthio, arylthio, heterocyclylthio, alkoxycarbonylalkylthio, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl,
- 35 alkoxyalkylthio, carboxycycloalkyl, carboxycycloalkenyl, carboxyalkylamino, alkoxycarbonyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl,

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alkoxycarbonylalkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylamino,
      alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl,
      alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl, alkoxyalkylamino,
      alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylene, alkoxycarbonylaminoalkoxy,
      alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, heterocyclylsulfonyl,
 5
      aralkythio, heterocyclylalkylthio, aminoalkoxy,
      cyanoalkoxy, carboxyalkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy,
      alkenyloxy, alkynyloxy, and heterocyclylalkyloxy; wherein
      the aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, cycloalkyl and
      cycloalkenyl groups are optionally substituted with one
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      or more radicals independently selected from halo, keto,
      amino, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl,
      aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, epoxyalkyl,
      amino(hydroxyalkyl) carboxy, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy,
      haloalkyl, alkylamino, alkynylamino,
15
      alkylaminoalkylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino,
      alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl,
      arylsulfonyl, and aralkylsulfonyl; or
            R^2 is R^{200}-heterocyclyl-R^{201}, R^{200}-aryl-R^{201}, or R^{200}-
      cycloalkyl-R201 wherein:
20
            R<sup>200</sup> is selected from:
      - (CR<sup>202</sup>R<sup>203</sup>),-;
      -C(O)-;
      -C(O)-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>v</sub>-;
      -C(O)-O-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>v</sub>-;
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      -(CH_2)_v-C(O)-;
      -O-(CH_2)_v-C(O)-;
      -NR^{202}-;
      -NR^{202} - (CH_2)_{v} - ;
30
      -(CH_2)_v-NR^{202}-;
      -(CH_2)_y - NR^{202} - (CH_2)_z - ;
      -(CH_2)_v-C(O)-NR^{202}-(CH_2)_v-;
      -(CH_2)_v-NR^{202}-C(O)-(CH_2)_z-;
      -(CH_2)_v - NR^{202} - C(O) - NR^{203} - (CH_2)_z - ;
35
      -S(O)_{x}-(CR^{202}R^{203})_{y}-;
      -(CR^{202}R^{203})_{v}-S(0)_{x}-;
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aryl and aralkyl; or

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-S(0)_{x}-(CR^{202}R^{203})_{y}-O-;
     -S(O)_{x}-(CR^{202}R^{203})_{y}-C(O)-;
     -O-(CH<sub>2</sub>),-;
     -(CH_2)_v-O-;
 5
     -S-;
     -0-;
           or R<sup>200</sup> represents a bond;
           {\bf R}^{{\bf 201}} represents one or more radicals selected from
     the group consisting of hydrido, halogen, hydroxy,
     carboxy, keto, alkyl, hydroxyalkyl, haloalkyl,
10
     cycloalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl,
     aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylcarbonyl,
     hydroxyalkylcarbonyl, cycloalkylcarbonyl, arylcarbonyl,
     haloarylcarbonyl, alkoxy, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene,
     alkoxycarbonyl, carboxyalkylcarbonyl,
15
     alkoxyalkylcarbonyl, heterocyclylalkylcarbonyl,
     alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene, amino, aminoalkyl,
     alkylamino, aralkylamino, alkylaminoalkylene,
     aminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino,
     alkylcarbonylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoalkylcarbonyl,
20
     alkylaminoalkylcarbonylamino,
     aminoalkylcarbonylaminoalkyl, alkoxycarbonylamino,
     alkoxyalkylcarbonylamino, alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylene,
     alkylimidocarbonyl, amidino, alkylamidino,
     aralkylamidino, guanidino, guanidinoalkylene, or
25
     alkylsulfonylamino; and
           R^{202} and R^{203} are independently selected from hydrido,
     alkyl, aryl and aralkyl; and
           y and z are independently 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6
     wherein y + z is less than or equal to 6; and
30
           z is 0, 1 or 2; or
           R^2 is -NHCR^{204}R^{205} wherein R^{204} is alkylaminoalkylene,
     and R<sup>205</sup> is aryl; or
           \mbox{R}^2 is -\mbox{C(NR}^{206})\,\mbox{R}^{207} wherein \mbox{R}^{206} is selected from
     hydrogen and hydroxy, and R^{207} is selected from alkyl,
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R<sup>2</sup> has the formula:

wherein:

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j is an integer from 0 to 8; and
m is 0 or 1; and

R<sup>30</sup> and R<sup>31</sup> are independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, aminocarbonylalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, and alkylcarbonyloxyalkyl; and

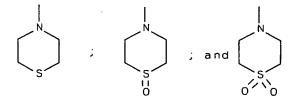
10 R<sup>32</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene;

15  $R^{33}$  is selected from hydrogen, alkyl,  $-C(0)R^{35}$ ,  $-C(0)OR^{35}$ ,  $-SO_2R^{36}$ ,  $-C(0)NR^{37}R^{38}$ , and  $-SO_2NR^{39}R^{40}$ , wherein  $R^{35}$ ,  $R^{36}$ ,  $R^{37}$ ,  $R^{38}$ ,  $R^{39}$  and  $R^{40}$  are independently selected from hydrocarbon, heterosubstituted hydrocarbon and heterocyclyl; and

R<sup>34</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, and arylaminocarbonyl; or
R<sup>2</sup> is -CR<sup>41</sup>R<sup>42</sup> wherein R<sup>41</sup> is aryl, and R<sup>42</sup> is hydroxy; and

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl, maleimidyl, pyridonyl, thiazolyl, thiazolylalkyl, thiazolylamino,

wherein the R<sup>3</sup> pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl, maleimidyl, pyridonyl, thiazolyl, thiazolylalkyl, thiazolylamino,



- groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, keto, alkyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl,
- aralkoxy, heterocyclylalkoxy, amino, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, cycloalkylamino, cycloalkenylamino, arylamino, haloarylamino, heterocyclylamino, aminocarbonyl, cyano, hydroxy, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkenoxyalkylene,
- aryloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkylamino, alkylaminoalkoxy, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, heterocyclyloxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylamino, alkoxyarylamino, alkoxyaralkylamino, aminosulfinyl, aminosulfonyl, alkylsulfonylamino, alkylamino, alkylamino, hydroxyalkylamino, aralkylamino,
- aryl(hydroxyalkyl)amino, alkylaminoalkylamino, alkylheterocyclylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, alkylheterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylheterocyclylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylamino, nitro,
- alkylaminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino, haloalkylsulfonyl, aminoalkyl, haloalkyl, alkylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, alkylhydrazinyl, arylhydrazinyl, or -NR<sup>44</sup>R<sup>45</sup> wherein R<sup>44</sup> is alkylcarbonyl or amino, and R<sup>45</sup> is alkyl or aralkyl; and
- R4 is selected from hydrido, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, and heterocyclyl, wherein

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R<sup>4</sup> is optionally substituted with one or more radicals
independently selected from halo, alkyl, alkenyl,
alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylthio, arylthio,
alkylthioalkylene, arylthioalkylene, alkylsulfinyl,
5 alkylsulfinylalkylene, arylsulfinylalkylene,
alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene,
arylsulfonylalkylene, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy,
aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, arylaminocarbonyl,
alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, haloalkyl, amino, cyano,
nitro, alkylamino, arylamino, alkylaminoalkylene,
arylaminoalkylene, aminoalkylamino, and hydroxy;

provided  $R^3$  is not 2-pyridinyl when  $R^4$  is a phenyl ring containing a 2-hydroxy substituent and when  $R^1$  is hydrido; and

further provided  $R^2$  is selected from aryl, heterocyclyl, unsubstituted cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl when  $R^4$  is hydrido; and

further provided that R4 is not methylsulfonylphenyl or aminosulfonylphenyl; and

20 further provided that R<sup>1</sup> is not methylsulfonylphenyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

In a subclass of interest,  $R^2$  is as defined above, and

R¹ is selected from hydrido, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, haloalkyl, haloalkenyl, haloalkynyl, hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl, hydroxyalkynyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, aralkynyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, alkynoxyalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, heterocyclyloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkoxy, mercaptoalkyl, alkylthioalkylene, alkenylthioalkylene, alkylthioalkylene, amino, aminoalkyl, alkylamino,

alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, alkylsulfinyl, alkenylsulfinyl, alkynylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, heterocyclylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkenylsulfonyl, alkynylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, heterocyclylsulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylene, alkylsulfonylalkylene, acyl, acyloxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylalkylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylalkylene, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, alkylcarbonylalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, heterocyclylcarbonyloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyarylene, heterocyclylcarbonyloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyarylene, arylcarbonyloxyarylene, and heterocyclylcarbonyloxyarylene; or

R<sup>1</sup> has the formula

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & R^{25} & O & R^{26} \\
 & C - (CH_2)_1 - C - N & R^{27} \\
 & R^{27} & (TT)
\end{array}$$

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wherein:

i is an integer from 0 to 9;

R<sup>25</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and

R<sup>26</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkylalkylene, aralkyl,

alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and alkylaminoalkyl; and

R<sup>27</sup> is selected from alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkynyl,
aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, cycloalkylalkylene,
cycloalkenylalkylene, cycloalkylarylene,
cycloalkylcycloalkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylarylene,
alkylaralkyl, aralkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl,
alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene,
aralkylheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene,
alkoxyaralkyl, alkoxyheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkoxyarylene,

aryloxyarylene, aralkoxyarylene,
alkoxyheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkoxyarylene,
alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl,
alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, aminoalkyl,
alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene,
alkoxyarylaminocarbonylalkylene, aminocarbonylalkylene,
arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkylaminocarbonylalkylene,
arylcarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene,
aryloxycarbonylarylene, alkylaryloxycarbonylarylene,

- arylcarbonylarylene, alkylarylcarbonylarylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylarylene, alkoxycarbonylalkoxylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylalkylarylene, alkylthioalkylene, cycloalkylthioalkylene, alkylthioarylene,
- aralkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene, arylthioalklylarylene, arylsulfonylaminoalkylene, alkylsulfonylarylene, alkylaminosulfonylarylene; wherein said alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene,
- alkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, alkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene, arylthioalklylarylene, and alkylsulfonylarylene groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals
- independently selected from alkyl, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or

 $\mbox{R}^{27}$  is -CHR^{28}R^{29} wherein R^{28} is alkoxycarbonyl, and R^{29} is selected from aralkyl, aralkoxyalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene,

- alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkylthioalkylene, and aralkylthioalkylene; wherein said aralkyl and heterocylcyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl and nitro; or
- $R^{26}$  and  $R^{27}$  together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocycle, wherein said

heterocycle is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxyarylene, alkylaryloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aralkoxycarbonyl, alkylamino and alkoxycarbonylamino; wherein said aryl, heterocyclylalkylene and aryloxyalkylene radicals are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halogen, alkyl and alkoxy; and

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl, maleimidyl, pyridonyl, thiazolyl, thiazolylalkyl, thiazolylamino,

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wherein the R<sup>3</sup> pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl, maleimidyl, pyridonyl, thiazolyl, thiazolylalkyl, thiazolylamino,

- groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, keto, alkyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, arylsulfonyl, aralkoxy,
- 25 heterocyclylalkoxy, amino, alkylamino, alkenylamino,

thereof.

alkynylamino, cycloalkylamino, cycloalkenylamino, arylamino, haloarylamino, heterocyclylamino, aminocarbonyl, cyano, hydroxy, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkenoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkylamino, alkylaminoalkoxy, alkoxycarbonyl, 5 aryloxycarbonyl, heterocyclyloxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylamino, alkoxyarylamino, alkoxyaralkylamino, aminosulfinyl, alkylsulfonylamino, alkylaminoalkylamino, hydroxyalkylamino, aralkylamino, aryl(hydroxyalkyl)amino, 10 alkylaminoalkylamino, alkylheterocyclylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, alkylheterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylheterocyclylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylamino, nitro, 15 alkylaminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino, aminoalkyl, haloalkyl, alkylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, alkylhydrazinyl,

R4 is selected from hydrido, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl,
cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, and heterocyclyl, wherein
R4 is optionally substituted with one or more radicals
independently selected from halo, alkyl, alkenyl,
alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylthio, arylthio,
alkylthioalkylene, arylthioalkylene, alkylsulfinyl,
alkylsulfinylalkylene, arylsulfinylalkylene,
alkylsulfonylalkylene, arylsulfonylalkylene, alkoxy,
aryloxy, aralkoxy, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl,
arylaminocarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl,

arylhydrazinyl, or  $-NR^{44}R^{45}$  wherein  $R^{44}$  is alkylcarbonyl or

amino, and R45 is alkyl or aralkyl; and

and hydroxy; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer

haloalkyl, amino, cyano, nitro, alkylamino, arylamino,

alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoalkylene, aminoalkylamino,

In the various embodiments of the present invention, the novel compounds generically disclosed herein

preferably do not include those substituted pyrazoles disclosed in WO98/52940 published on November 26, 1998.

A subclass of compounds useful in treating p38 mediated disorders is defined by Formula I:

wherein

R1 is selected from hydrido, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, 10 heterocyclylalkylene, haloalkyl, haloalkenyl, haloalkynyl, hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl, hydroxyalkynyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, aralkynyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, alkynoxyalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, 15 heterocyclyloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkoxy, mercaptoalkyl, alkylthioalkylene, alkenylthioalkylene, alkylthioalkenylene, amino, aminoalkyl, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, 20 alkylsulfinyl, alkenylsulfinyl, alkynylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, heterocyclylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkenylsulfonyl, alkynylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, heterocyclylsulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylene, alkylsulfonylalkylene, acyl, acyloxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylalkylene, 25 heterocyclyloxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene,

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heterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, alkylcarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, arylcarbonyloxyalkylene, heterocyclylcarbonyloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyarylene, arylcarbonyloxyarylene, and heterocyclylcarbonyloxyarylene; or

R1 has the formula

wherein:

i is an integer from 0 to 9;

R<sup>25</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and

R<sup>26</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkylalkylene, aralkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and alkylaminoalkyl; and

R<sup>27</sup> is selected from alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, cycloalkylarylene, cycloalkylcycloalkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylarylene, alkylaralkyl, aralkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene,

- aralkylheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkoxyaralkyl, alkoxyheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, aralkoxyarylene, alkoxyheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkoxyarylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl,
- alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkoxyarylaminocarbonylalkylene, aminocarbonylalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkylaminocarbonylalkylene,

arylcarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, alkylaryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, alkylarylcarbonylarylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylarylene,

- alkoxycarbonylalkoxylarylene,
  heterocyclylcarbonylalkylarylene, alkylthioalkylene,
  cycloalkylthioalkylene, alkylthioarylene,
  aralkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene,
  arylthioalklylarylene, arylsulfonylaminoalkylene,
- alkylsulfonylarylene, alkylaminosulfonylarylene; wherein said alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene, alkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene,
- alkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene, arylthioalklylarylene, and alkylsulfonylarylene groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or
- 20 R<sup>27</sup> is -CHR<sup>28</sup>R<sup>29</sup> wherein R<sup>28</sup> is alkoxycarbonyl, and R<sup>29</sup> is selected from aralkyl, aralkoxyalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkylthioalkylene, and aralkylthioalkylene; wherein said aralkyl and
- 25 heterocylcyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl and nitro; or

R<sup>26</sup> and R<sup>27</sup> together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocycle, wherein said

30 heterocycle is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, alkylaryloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxyarylene, alkylaryloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aralkoxycarbonyl, alkylamino and alkoxycarbonylamino; wherein said aryl,

heterocyclylalkylene and aryloxyalkylene radicals are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halogen, alkyl and alkoxy; and

- R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, halogen, alkyl, alkenyl, 5 alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, haloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, aralkyl, alkylheterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylamino, aminoalkyl, aminoaryl, aminoalkylamino, 10 arylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoarylene, alkylaminoarylene, alkylaminoalkylamino, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, alkoxy, heterocyclyloxy, alkylthio, arylthio, heterocyclylthio, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, 15 carboxycycloalkyl, carboxycycloalkenyl, carboxyalkylamino, alkoxycarbonyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl,
- alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl, alkoxyalkylamino, alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, and heterocyclylsulfonyl;
  wherein the aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, keto, amino, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl,
- aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl,

  epoxyalkyl, amino(hydroxyalkyl) carboxy, alkoxy, aryloxy,
  aralkoxy, haloalkyl, alkylamino, alkynylamino,
  alkylaminoalkylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino,
  alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl,
  arylsulfonyl, and aralkylsulfonyl; or

R<sup>2</sup> has the formula:

wherein:

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j is an integer from 0 to 8; and m is 0 or 1; and

R<sup>30</sup> and R<sup>31</sup> are independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, aminocarbonylalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, and alkylcarbonyloxyalkyl; and

R<sup>32</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene;

R<sup>33</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl,  $-C(0)R^{35}$ ,  $-C(0)OR^{35}$ ,  $-C(0)OR^{35}$ ,  $-C(0)NR^{37}R^{38}$ , and  $-SO_2NR^{39}R^{40}$ , wherein R<sup>35</sup>, R<sup>36</sup>, R<sup>37</sup>, R<sup>38</sup>, R<sup>39</sup> and R<sup>40</sup> are independently selected from hydrocarbon, heterosubstituted hydrocarbon and heterocyclyl; and

R<sup>34</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, and arylaminocarbonyl; or

 $R^2$  is  $-CR^{41}R^{42}$  wherein  $R^{41}$  is aryl, and  $R^{42}$  is hydroxy; and

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl,

(IV) (V)

wherein R<sup>43</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aminoalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, and aryloxyalkyl; and

- wherein the R<sup>3</sup> pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl and purinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, alkyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, alkylthio, arylthio,
- alkylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, aralkoxy, heterocyclylalkoxy, amino, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, cycloalkylamino, cycloalkenylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, aminocarbonyl, cyano, hydroxy, hydroxyalkyl,
- alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, heterocyclyloxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylamino, alkoxyaralkylamino, aminosulfinyl, aminosulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylamino, hydroxyalkylamino, aralkylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylheterocyclylamino, nitro, alkylaminocarbonyl,
- alkylcarbonylamino, halosulfonyl, aminoalkyl, haloalkyl, alkylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, alkylhydrazinyl, arylhydrazinyl, or -NR44R45 wherein R44 is alkylcarbonyl or amino, and R45 is alkyl or aralkyl; and
- R4 is selected from hydrido, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, and heterocyclyl, wherein R4 is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylthioalkylene, arylthioalkylene, alkylsulfinyl,
- alkylsulfinylalkylene, arylsulfinylalkylene, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene, arylsulfonylalkylene, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, arylaminocarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, haloalkyl, amino, cyano,
- nitro, alkylamino, arylamino, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoalkylene, aminoalkylamino, and hydroxy;

provided  $R^3$  is not 2-pyridinyl when  $R^4$  is a phenyl ring containing a 2-hydroxy substituent and when  $R^1$  is hydrido; further provided  $R^2$  is selected from aryl, heterocyclyl, unsubstituted cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl when  $R^4$  is hydrido; and further provided  $R^4$  is not methylsulfonylphenyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

10 Compounds of Formula I and/or IA would be useful for, but not limited to, the treatment of any disorder or disease state in a human, or other mammal, which is excacerbated or caused by excessive or unregulated TNF or p38 kinase production by such mammal. Accordingly, the present invention provides a method of treating a cytokine-mediated disease which comprises administering an effective cytokine-interfering amount of a compound of Formula I and/or 1A or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

Compounds of Formula I and/or IA would be useful for, but not limited to, the treatment of inflammation in a subject, as an analgesic in the treatment of pain including but not limited to neuropathic pain, and for use as antipyretics for the treatment of fever.

- 25 Compounds of the invention would be useful to treat arthritis, including but not limited to, rheumatoid arthritis, spondyloarthropathies, gouty arthritis, osteoarthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus and juvenile arthritis, osteoarthritis, gouty arthritis and other arthritic conditions. Such compounds would be useful for
- arthritic conditions. Such compounds would be useful for the treatment of pulmonary disorders or lung inflammation, including adult respiratory distress syndrome, pulmonary sarcoisosis, asthma, silicosis, and chronic pulmonary inflammatory disease. The compounds
- are also useful for the treatment of viral and bacterial infections, including sepsis, septic shock, gram negative

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sepsis, malaria, meningitis, cachexia secondary to infection or malignancy, cachexia secondary to acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS), AIDS, ARC (AIDS related complex), pneumonia, and herpesvirus. The compounds are also useful for the treatment of bone resorption diseases, such as osteoporosis, endotoxic shock, toxic shock syndrome, reperfusion injury, autoimmune disease including graft vs. host reaction and allograft rejections, cardiovascular diseases including atherosclerosis, myocardial infarction, thrombosis, congestive heart failure, and cardiac reperfusion injury, renal reperfusion injury, liver disease and nephritis, and myalgias due to infection.

The compounds are also useful for the treatment of influenza, multiple sclerosis, leukemia, lymphoma, 15 diabetes, systemic lupus erthrematosis (SLE), neuroinflammation, ischemia including stroke and brain ischemia, brain trauma, brain edema, skin-related conditions such as psoriasis, eczema, burns, dermatitis, 20 keloid formation, scar tissue formation, and angiogenic disorders. Compounds of the invention also would be useful to treat gastrointestinal conditions such as inflammatory bowel disease, Crohn's disease, gastritis, irritable bowel syndrome and ulcerative colitis. 25 compounds would also be useful in the treatment of ophthalmic diseases, such as retinitis, retinopathies, uveitis, ocular photophobia, and of acute injury to the eye tissue. Compounds of the invention also would be useful for treatment of angiogenesis, including 30 neoplasia; metastasis; ophthalmological conditions such as corneal graft rejection, ocular neovascularization, retinal neovascularization including neovascularization following injury or infection, diabetic retinopathy, retrolental fibroplasia and neovascular glaucoma; 35 ulcerative diseases such as gastric ulcer; pathological, but non-malignant, conditions such as hemaginomas,

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including invantile hemaginomas, angiofibroma of the nasopharynx and avascular necrosis of bone; diabetic nephropathy and cardiomyopathy; and disorders of the female reproductive system such as endometriosis. The compounds of the invention may also be useful for preventing the production of cyclooxygenase-2.

Compounds of the invention would be useful for the prevention or treatment of benign and malignant tumors/neoplasia including cancer, such as colorectal cancer, brain cancer, bone cancer, epithelial cellderived neoplasia (epithelial carcinoma) such as basal cell carcinoma, adenocarcinoma, gastrointestinal cancer such as lip cancer, mouth cancer, esophageal cancer, small bowel cancer and stomach cancer, colon cancer, liver cancer, bladder cancer, pancreas cancer, ovarian cancer, cervical cancer, lung cancer, breast cancer and skin cancer, such as squamus cell and basal cell cancers, prostate cancer, renal cell carcimoma, and other known cancers that affect epithelial cells throughout the body.

The compounds of the invention also would be useful for the treatment of certain central nervous system disorders such as Alzheimer's disease and Parkinson's disease.

Besides being useful for human treatment, these compounds are also useful for veterinary treatment of companion animals, exotic animals and farm animals, including mammals, rodents, and the like. More preferred animals include horses, dogs, and cats.

The present compounds may also be used in cotherapies, partially or completely, in place of other conventional anti-inflammatories, such as together with steroids, cyclooxygenase-2 inhibitors, DMARD's, immunosuppressive agents, NSAIDs, 5-lipoxygenase inhibitors, LTB4 antagonists and LTA4 hydrolase inhibitors.

As used herein, the term "TNF mediated disorder"

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refers to any and all disorders and disease states in which TNF plays a role, either by control of TNF itself, or by TNF causing another monokine to be released, such as but not limited to IL-1, IL-6 or IL-8. A disease state in which, for instance, IL-1 is a major component, and whose production or action, is exacerbated or secreted in response to TNF, would therefore be considered a disorder mediated by TNF.

As used herein, the term "p38 mediated disorder" refers to any and all disorders and disease states in which p38 plays a role, either by control of p38 itself, or by p38 causing another factor to be released, such as but not limited to IL-1, IL-6 or IL-8. A disease state in which, for instance, IL-1 is a major component, and whose production or action, is exacerbated or secreted in response to p38, would therefore be considered a disorder mediated by p38.

As TNF- $\beta$  has close structural homology with TNF- $\alpha$  (also known as cachectin) and since each induces similar biologic responses and binds to the same cellular receptor, the synthesis of both TNF- $\alpha$  and TNF- $\beta$  are inhibited by the compounds of the present invention and thus are herein referred to collectively as "TNF" unless specifically delineated otherwise.

A preferred class of compounds consists of those compounds of Formula I wherein

R¹ is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, lower cycloalkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkynyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower cycloalkylalkylene, lower haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower aralkyl, lower alkoxyalkyl, lower mercaptoalkyl, lower alkylthioalkylene, amino, lower alkylamino, lower arylamino, lower alkylaminoalkylene, and lower heterocyclylalkylene; or R¹ has the formula

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & R^{25} & O \\
 & C \\
 & C \\
 & H \\
 & H
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & C \\
 & C \\
 & R^{26} \\
 & R^{27}
\end{array}$$
(II)

wherein:

i is 0, 1 or 2; and

R<sup>25</sup> is selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower heterocyclylalkyl, lower alkoxyalkylene, lower phenoxyalkylene, lower aminoalkyl, lower alkylaminoalkyl, lower phenoxyaminoalkyl, lower alkylcarbonylalkylene, lower phenoxycarbonylalkylene, and lower heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and

10 R<sup>26</sup> is selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkynyl, lower cycloalkylalkylene, lower phenylalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and lower alkylaminoalkyl; and

R<sup>27</sup> is selected from lower alkyl, lower cycloalkyl, lower alkynyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower cycloalkylalkylene, lower cycloalkenylalkylene, lower cycloalkylarylene, lower cycloalkylcycloalkyl, lower heterocyclylalkylene, lower alkylphenylene, lower

- alkylphenylalkyl, lower phenylalkylphenylene, lower alkylheterocyclyl, lower alkylheterocyclylalkylene, lower alkylheterocyclylphenylene, lower phenylalkylheterocyclyl, lower alkoxyalkylene, lower alkoxyphenylene, lower alkoxyphenylalkyl, lower
- alkoxyheterocyclyl, lower alkoxyalkoxyphenylene, lower phenoxyphenylene, lower phenylalkoxyphenylene, lower alkoxyheterocyclylalkylene, lower phenoxyalkoxyphenylene, lower alkoxycarbonylalkylene, lower alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, lower
- alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, lower aminoalkyl, lower alkylaminoalkylene, lower phenylaminocarbonylalkylene, lower alkoxyphenylaminocarbonylalkylene, lower

aminocarbonylalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, lower alkylaminocarbonylalkylene, lower phenylcarbonylalkylene, lower alkoxycarbonylphenylene, lower phenoxycarbonylphenylene, lower

- alkylphenoxycarbonylphenylene, lower phenylcarbonylphenylene, lower alkylphenylcarbonylphenylene, lower alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylphenylene, lower alkoxycarbonylalkoxylphenylene, lower
- heterocyclylcarbonylalkylphenylene, lower alkylthioalkylene, cycloalkylthioalkylene, lower alkylthiophenylene, lower phenylalkylthiophenylene, lower heterocyclylthiophenylene, lower phenylthioalklylphenylene, lower
- phenylsulfonylaminoalkylene, lower alkylsulfonylphenylene, lower alkylaminosulfonylphenylene; wherein said lower alkyl, lower cycloalkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower
- heterocyclylalkylene, lower alkylheterocyclylphenylene, lower alkoxyphenylene, lower phenoxyphenylene, lower phenoxycarbonylalkylene, lower phenoxycarbonylphenylene, lower phenoxycarbonylphenylene, lower phenoxycarbonylphenylene, lower alkylthiophenylene, lower
- 25 heterocyclylthiophenylene, lower
   phenylthioalklylphenylene, and lower
   alkylsulfonylphenylene groups are optionally substituted
   with one or more radicals independently selected from
   lower alkyl, halo, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, keto,
  30 amino, nitro, and cyano; or

 $R^{27}$  is -CHR<sup>46</sup>R<sup>47</sup> wherein R<sup>46</sup> is lower alkoxycarbonyl, and R<sup>47</sup> is selected from lower phenylalkyl, lower phenylalkoxyalkylene, lower heterocyclylalkylene, lower alkylheterocyclylalkylene, lower alkoxycarbonylalkylene,

lower alkylthioalkylene, and lower phenylalkylthioalkylene; wherein said phenylalkyl and

heterocylcyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl and nitro; or

R<sup>26</sup> and R<sup>27</sup> together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a 4-8 membered ring heterocycle, wherein said heterocycle is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylene, lower

- alkylheterocyclylalkylene, lower phenoxyalkylene, lower alkoxyphenylene, lower alkylphenoxyalkylene, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower phenylalkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino and lower alkoxycarbonylamino; wherein said aryl selected from
- phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclylalkylene and lower phenoxyalkylene radicals are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halogen, lower alkyl and lower alkoxy; and
- R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, halogen, lower alkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl, lower haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, 5- or 6-membered heterocyclyl, lower alkylheterocyclyl, lower heterocyclylalkyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkynylamino, phenylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower
- heterocyclylalkylamino, lower phenylalkylamino, lower aminoalkyl, lower aminoalkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower cycloalkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkoxycarbonylalkyl, lower cycloalkenyl, lower carboxyalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower
- heterocyclylcarbonyl, lower alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, lower alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, lower alkoxyalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, lower heterocyclylsulfonyl, lower heterocyclyloxy, and lower
- heterocyclylthio; wherein the aryl, heterocylyl, heterocyclylalkyl, cycloalkyl, and cycloalkenyl groups

are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, keto, lower alkyl, lower alkynyl, phenyl, 5- or 6-membered heterocyclyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower heterocyclylalkyl, lower epoxyalkyl, carboxy, lower alkoxy, lower aryloxy, lower phenylalkoxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower alkylamino, lower amino(hydroxyalkyl), lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylsulfonyl, lower phenylalkylsulfonyl, and phenylsulfonyl; or

R<sup>2</sup> has the formula:

wherein:

j is 0, 1 or 2; and

m is 0;

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R<sup>30</sup> and R<sup>31</sup> are independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, aminocarbonylalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, and alkylcarbonyloxyalkyl; and

R<sup>32</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and

 $R^{33}$  is selected from hydrogen, alkyl,  $-C(0)R^{35}$ ,  $-C(0)OR^{35}$ ,  $-SO_2R^{36}$ ,  $-C(0)NR^{37}R^{38}$ , and  $-SO_2NR^{39}R^{40}$ ;

wherein R<sup>35</sup> is selected from alkyl, cycloalkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, arylcycloalkyl, cycloalkenylalkylene,

heterocyclylalkylene, alkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl, arylarylene, arylheterocyclyl, alkoxy, alkenoxy, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyaralkyl, alkoxyarylene,

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aryloxyalkylene, aralkoxyalkylene, cycloalkyloxyalkylene, alkoxycarbonyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl, alkylcarbonyloxyarylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aralkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, alkylcarbonylheterocyclyl, arylcarbonyloxyalkylarylene, and alkylthioalkylene; wherein said aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, alkylarylene, arylheterocyclyl, alkoxyarylene, aryloxyalkylene, cycloalkoxyalkylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and alkylcarbonylheterocyclyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy,

 $R^{35}$  is  $CHR^{48}R^{49}$  wherein  $R^{48}$  is arylsulfonylamino or alkylarylsulfonylamino, and  $R^{49}$  is selected from aralkyl, amino, alkylamino, and aralkylamino; or

keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or

 $\mbox{R}^{35}$  is  $-\mbox{NR}^{50}\mbox{R}^{51}$  wherein  $\mbox{R}^{50}$  is alkyl, and  $\mbox{R}^{51}$  is aryl; and

wherein R<sup>36</sup> is selected from alkyl, haloalkyl, aryl, 20 heterocyclyl, cycloalkylalkylene, alkylarylene, alkenylarylene, arylarylene, aralkyl, aralkenyl, heterocyclylheterocyclyl, carboxyarylene, alkoxyarylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonylaminoarylene, alkylcarbonylaminoheterocyclyl,

arylcarbonylaminoalkylheterocyclyl, alkylaminoarylene, alkylamino, alkylaminoarylene, alkylsulfonylarylene, alkylsulfonylaralkyl, and arylsulfonylheterocyclyl; wherein said aryl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkylalkylene, aralkyl, alkylcarbonylaminoheterocyclyl, and

alkylsulfonylarylene groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, halo, hydroxy, haloalkyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; and

wherein R<sup>37</sup> is selected from hydrogen and alkyl; and wherein R<sup>38</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, alkylarylene,

arylcycloalkyl, arylarylene, cycloalkylalkylene,
heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene,
aralkylheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene,
aryloxyarylene, arylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl,

alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene,
alkylcarbonylcarbonylalkylene, alkylaminoalkylene,
alkylaminoaralkyl, alkylcarbonylaminoalkylene,
alkylthioarylene, alkylsulfonylaralkyl, and
aminosulfonylaralkyl; wherein said aryl, heterocyclyl,
aralkyl, and heterocyclylalkylene groups are optionally
substituted with one or more radicals independently
selected from alkyl, halo, hydroxy, haloalkyl, alkoxy,
haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or

 $R^{38}$  is  $-CR^{52}R^{53}$  wherein  $R^{52}$  is alkoxycarbonyl, and  $R^{53}$  is alkylthioalkylene; or

 ${\rm R}^{37}$  and  ${\rm R}^{38}$  together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocycle; and

 $\mbox{R}^{39}$  and  $\mbox{R}^{40}$  have the same definition as  $\mbox{R}^{26}$  and  $\mbox{R}^{27}$  in claim 1; or

 $R^2$  is  $-CR^{54}R^{55}$  wherein  $R^{54}$  is phenyl and  $R^{55}$  is hydroxy; or

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from the group consisting of

$$R^{58}$$
 $R^{58}$ 
 $R$ 

wherein

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k is an integer from 0 to 3; and  $R^{56}$  is hydrogen or lower alkyl; and  $R^{57}$  is hydrogen or lower alkyl; or  $R^{56}$  and  $R^{57}$  form a lower alkylene bridge; and

 $R^{58}$  is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, aralkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, -C(0) $R^{59}$ , -SO<sub>2</sub> $R^{60}$ , and -C(0)NH $R^{61}$ ;

wherein R<sup>59</sup> is selected from alkyl, haloalkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylarylene, aralkyl, alkylheterocyclyl, alkoxy, alkenoxy, aralkoxy, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkoxyaralkyl; wherein said aryl, heterocyclyl, and aralkyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, halo, hydroxy, haloalkyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; and

wherein R<sup>60</sup> is selected from alkyl, aryl,

heterocyclyl, alkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl, aralkyl,
heterocyclylheterocyclyl, alkoxyarylene, alkylamino,
alkylaminoarylene, alkylsulfonylarylene, and
arylsulfonylheterocyclyl; wherein said aryl,
heterocyclyl, and aralkyl groups are optionally
substituted with one or more radicals independently
selected from alkyl, halo, hydroxy, haloalkyl, alkoxy,
haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; and

wherein R<sup>61</sup> is selected from alkyl, aryl, alkylarylene, and alkoxyarylene; wherein said aryl group is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, halo, hydroxy, haloalkyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; and

 $R^3$  is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl, and

wherein R<sup>43</sup> is selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower aminoalkyl, lower alkoxyalkyl, lower alkenoxyalkyl and lower aryloxyalkyl; and

wherein the R³ pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl and
purinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or
more radicals independently selected from lower
alkylthio, lower alkylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, halo,
lower alkyl, lower aralkyl, lower phenylalkenyl, lower
phenylheterocyclyl, carboxy, lower alkylsulfinyl, cyano,

lower alkoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, lower alkylcarbonylamino, lower haloalkyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, amino, lower cycloalkylamino, lower alkylamino, lower alkenylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower aminoalkyl, arylamino, lower aralkylamino, nitro, halosulfonyl, lower

alkylcarbonyl, lower alkoxycarbonylamino, lower alkoxyphenylalkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower hydroxyalkylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower

phenylalkylheterocyclylamino, lower alkylaminocarbonyl,

lower alkoxyphenylalkylamino, hydrazinyl, lower alkylhydrazinyl, or -NR<sup>62</sup>R<sup>63</sup> wherein R<sup>62</sup> is lower alkylcarbonyl or amino, and R<sup>63</sup> is lower alkyl or lower phenylalkyl; and

25 cycloalkenyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl, and 5- or 6- membered heterocyclyl; wherein the lower cycloalkyl, lower cycloalkenyl, aryl and 5-10 membered heterocyclyl groups of R4 are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently

30 selected from lower alkylthic lower alkylsulforyl lower

selected from lower alkylthio, lower alkylsulfonyl, lower alkylsulfinyl, halo, lower alkyl, lower alkynyl, lower alkoxy, lower aryloxy, lower aralkoxy, lower heterocyclyl, lower haloalkyl, amino, cyano, nitro, lower alkylamino, and hydroxy; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

A class of compounds of particular interest consists of these compounds of Formula I wherein

R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloroethyl, pentafluoroethyl, heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, ethenyl, propenyl, ethynyl, propargyl, 1-propynyl, 2-propynyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, morpholinyl, benzyl, phenylethyl

ethynyl, propargyl, 1-propynyl, 2-propynyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, morpholinyl, benzyl, phenylethyl, morpholinylmethyl, morpholinylethyl, pyrrolidinylmethyl, piperazinylmethyl, piperidinylmethyl, pyridinylmethyl, thienylmethyl, methoxymethyl, ethoxymethyl, amino,

15 methylamino, dimethylamino, phenylamino,
 methylaminomethyl, dimethylaminomethyl, methylaminoethyl,
 dimethylaminoethyl, ethylaminoethyl, diethylaminoethyl,
 cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cyclohexylmethyl,
 hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, mercaptomethyl, and
20 methylthiomethyl; and

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, chloro, fluoro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, phenyl, biphenyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl,

- trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl, heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, pyridinyl, isothiazolyl, isoxazolyl, thienyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl,
- pyrimidinyl, quinolyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl,
  benzimidazolyl, furyl, pyrazinyl, piperidinyl,
  piperazinyl, morpholinyl, N-methylpiperazinyl,
  methoxycarbonylethyl, ethoxycarbonylethyl, N-methylamino,
  N,N-dimethylamino, N-ethylamino, N,N-diethylamino, N-n-
- propylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-methyl-N-phenylamino, N-phenylamino, piperadinylamino, N-benzylamino, N-

propargylamino, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cyclopropenyl, cyclobutenyl, cyclopentenyl, cyclohexenyl, cyclohexadienyl, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminoethylamino, aminopropylamino, N,N-

- dimethylaminoethylamino, N,N-dimethylaminopropylamino, morpholinylethylamino, morpholinylpropylamino, carboxymethylamino, methoxyethylamino, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, propoxycarbonyl, 1,1-dimethylethoxycarbonyl, 1,1-
- dimethylethoxycarbonylaminoethylamino, 1,1dimethylethoxycarbonylaminopropylamino, piperazinylcarbonyl, and 1,1dimethylethoxycarbonylpiperazinylcarbonyl; wherein the aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl groups are
- optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, keto, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, benzyl, carboxy, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl,
- 20 dimethylamino, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, and 1,1dimethylethylcarbonyl; or

 $\mbox{R}^2$  is  $-\mbox{CR}^{54}\mbox{R}^{55}$  wherein  $\mbox{R}^{54}$  is phenyl and  $\mbox{R}^{55}$  is hydroxy; and

- R<sup>3</sup> is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, and
  purinyl; wherein R<sup>3</sup> is optionally substituted with one or
  more radicals independently selected from methylthio,
  methylsulfinyl, methylsulfonyl, fluoro, chloro, bromo,
  aminosulfonyl, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl,
  isobutyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl,
- aminocarbonyl, methylcarbonylamino, trifluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, fluoromethyl, trichloromethyl, dichloromethyl, chloromethyl, hydroxy, fluorophenylmethyl, fluorophenylethyl, chlorophenylmethyl, chlorophenylethyl,
- fluorophenylethenyl, chlorophenylethenyl, fluorophenylpyrazolyl, chlorophenylpyrazolyl, carboxy,

methoxy, ethoxy, propyloxy, n-butoxy, methylamino, ethylamino, dimethylamino, diethylamino, 2methylbutylamino, propargylamino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, N-methyl-N-phenylamino, phenylamino, 5 diphenylamino, benzylamino, phenethylamino, cyclopropylamino, nitro, chlorosulfonyl, amino, methylcarbonyl, methoxycarbonylamino, ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino, N,Ndimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, 10 hydroxyethylamino, imidazolylethylamino, morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino, piperidinylamino, pyridinylmethylamino, phenylmethylpiperidinylamino, phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminocarbonyl, ethylaminocarbonyl, methylcarbonyl, 15 methoxyphenylmethylamino, hydrazinyl, 1-methylhydrazinyl, or  $-NR^{62}R^{63}$  wherein  $R^{62}$  is methylcarbonyl or amino, and R<sup>63</sup> is methyl, ethyl or phenylmethyl; R4 is selected from hydrido, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cyclopropylenyl, cyclobutenyl, 20 cyclopentenyl, cyclohexenyl, cyclohexadienyl, phenyl, biphenyl, morpholinyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl, piperidinyl, pyridinyl, thienyl, isothiazolyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, benzimidazolyl, furyl, 25 pyrazinyl, dihydropyranyl, dihydropyridinyl, dihydrofuryl, tetrahydropyranyl, tetrahydrofuryl, benzofuryl, dihydrobenzofuryl, and benzodioxolyl; wherein the cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl and heterocyclyl groups of  $\mathbb{R}^4$  are optionally substituted with one or more 30 radicals independently selected from methylthio,

radicals independently selected from methylthio,
methylsulfinyl, methylsulfonyl, fluoro, chloro, bromo,
methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, ethynyl,
methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl,

fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, amino, cyano, nitro, dimethylamino, and hydroxy; or

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a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

Another class of compounds of particular interest consists of these compounds of Formula I wherein

R¹ is hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propargyl,
hydroxyethyl, dimethylaminoethyl, diethylaminoethyl or
morpholinylethyl;

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propyl,
10 phenyl, trifluoromethyl, methoxycarbonylethyl, N,Ndimethylamino, N-phenylamino, piperidinyl, piperazinyl,
pyridinyl, N-methylpiperazinyl, and piperazinylamino;
wherein the phenyl, piperidinyl, and pyridinyl groups are
optionally substituted with one or more radicals
15 independently selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo,
methyl, ethyl, and trifluoromethyl;

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl or quinolinyl; wherein R<sup>3</sup> is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, bromo, methyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, benzyl, phenethyl, acetyl, hydroxyl, methoxy, dimethylamino, benzylamino, phenethylamino, aminomethyl, amino, hydroxy, and methylcarbonyl;

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from phenyl, quinolyl, biphenyl,
pyridinyl, thienyl, furyl, dihydropyranyl, benzofuryl,
dihydrobenzofuryl, and benzodioxolyl; wherein the
cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl and heterocyclyl groups of
R<sup>4</sup> are optionally substituted with one or more radicals
independently selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro,
bromo, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy,
benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and
hydroxy; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

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A class of compounds of specific interest consists

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of those compounds of Formula I wherein

R1 is hydrido or methyl;

 $R^2$  is selected from hydrido, methyl or ethyl;

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl or quinolinyl; wherein R<sup>3</sup> is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, bromo, methyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, benzyl, phenethyl, acetyl, hydroxyl, methoxy, dimethylamino, benzylamino, phenethylamino, aminomethyl, amino, hydroxy, and methylcarbonyl;

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from phenyl which is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy,

trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and hydroxy; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

Still another class of compounds of particular 20 interest consists of those compounds of Formula I wherein R1 is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloroethyl, pentafluoroethyl, 25 heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, ethenyl, propenyl, ethynyl, propargyl, 1-propynyl, 2-propynyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, morpholinyl, benzyl, phenylethyl, 30 morpholinylmethyl, morpholinylethyl, pyrrolidinylmethyl, piperazinylmethyl, piperidinylmethyl, pyridinylmethyl, thienylmethyl, methoxymethyl, ethoxymethyl, amino, methylamino, dimethylamino, phenylamino, methylaminomethyl, dimethylaminomethyl, methylaminoethyl, 35 dimethylaminoethyl, ethylaminoethyl, diethylaminoethyl, cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cyclohexylmethyl,

hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, mercaptomethyl, and methylthiomethyl; and

R<sup>2</sup> has the formula:

5 wherein:

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j is 0, 1 or 2; and

m is 0; and

 ${\rm R}^{\rm 30}$  and  ${\rm R}^{\rm 31}$  are independently selected from hydrogen and lower alkyl;

10 R<sup>32</sup> is selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower heterocyclylalkyl, lower alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, lower alkylaminoalkyl, lower phenylaminoalkyl, lower alkylcarbonylalkylene, lower phenylcarbonylalkylene, and lower heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene;

 $R^{33}$  is selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl,  $-C(0)R^{35}$ ,  $-C(0)OR^{35}$ ,  $-SO_2R^{36}$ ,  $-C(0)NR^{37}R^{38}$ , and  $-SO_2NR^{39}R^{40}$ ;

wherein R<sup>35</sup> is selected from lower alkyl, lower cycloalkyl, lower haloalkyl, lower alkenyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower phenylcycloalkyl, lower cycloalkenylalkylene, lower heterocyclylalkylene, lower alkylphenylene, lower alkylheterocyclyl, phenylphenylene, lower phenylheterocyclyl, lower alkoxy, lower alkenoxy,

- lower alkoxyalkylene, lower alkoxyphenylalkyl, lower alkoxyphenylene, lower phenoxyalkylene, lower phenylalkoxyalkylene, lower cycloalkyloxyalkylene, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower heterocyclylcarbonyl, lower alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, lower
- alkylcarbonyloxyphenylene, lower alkoxycarbonylalkylene, lower alkoxycarbonylphenylene, lower phenylalkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, lower

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alkylcarbonylheterocyclyl, lower
phenylcarbonyloxyalkylphenylene, and lower
alkylthioalkylene; wherein said aryl selected from
phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower
phenylalkyl, lower alkylphenylene, lower
phenylheterocyclyl, lower alkoxyphenylene, lower
phenoxyalkylene, lower cycloalkoxyalkylene, lower
alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and lower
alkylcarbonylheterocyclyl groups are optionally
substituted with one or more radicals independently
selected from lower alkyl, halo, lower haloalkyl, lower
alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano;
or

R<sup>35</sup> is CHR<sup>48</sup>R<sup>49</sup> wherein R<sup>48</sup> is phenylsulfonylamino or lower alkylphenylsulfonylamino, and R<sup>49</sup> is selected from lower phenylalkyl, amino, lower alkylamino, and lower phenylalkylamino; or

R<sup>35</sup> is -NR<sup>50</sup>R<sup>51</sup> wherein R<sup>50</sup> is lower alkyl, and R<sup>51</sup> is aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl; and wherein R<sup>36</sup> is selected from lower alkyl, lower haloalkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower cycloalkylalkylene, lower alkylphenylene, lower alkenylphenylene,

- phenylphenylene, lower phenylalkyl, lower phenylalkenyl,
  lower heterocyclylheterocyclyl, carboxyphenylene, lower
  alkoxyphenylene, lower alkoxycarbonylphenylene, lower
  alkylcarbonylaminophenylene, lower
  alkylcarbonylaminoheterocyclyl, lower
  phenylcarbonylaminoalkylheterocyclyl, lower
- alkylaminophenylene, lower alkylamino, lower alkylaminophenylene, lower alkylsulfonylphenylene, lower alkylsulfonylphenylalkyl, and lower phenylsulfonylheterocyclyl; wherein said aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl,
- lower cycloalkylalkylene, lower phenylalkyl, lower alkylcarbonylaminoheterocyclyl, and lower

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alkylsulfonylphenylene groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, halo, hydroxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; and

wherein  $R^{37}$  is selected from hydrogen and lower alkyl; and

wherein R<sup>38</sup> is selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower alkylphenylene, lower phenylcycloalkyl, phenylphenylene, lower cycloalkylalkylene, lower heterocyclylalkylene, lower alkylheterocyclylalkylene, lower phenylalkylene, lower alkoxyphenylene, lower phenylene, phenylcarbonylene, lower phenylene, phenylcarbonylene

- alkoxyphenylene, lower phenoxyphenylene, phenylcarbonyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkoxycarbonylalkylene, lower alkoxycarbonylphenylene, lower alkylcarbonylcarbonylalkylene, lower alkylaminoalkylene, lower alkylaminophenylalkyl, lower
- alkylcarbonylaminoalkylene, lower alkylthiophenylene, lower alkylsulfonylphenylalkyl, and lower aminosulfonylphenylalkyl; wherein said aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower phenylalkyl, and lower heterocyclylalkylene groups are
- optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, halo, hydroxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or

 $R^{38}$  is  $-CR^{52}R^{53}$  wherein  $R_{52}$  is lower alkoxycarbonyl, and  $R_{53}$  is lower alkylthioalkylene; or

R<sup>37</sup> and R<sup>38</sup> together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a 4-8 membered ring heterocycle;

 $\mbox{R}^{39}$  and  $\mbox{R}^{40}$  have the same definition as  $\mbox{R}^{26}$  and  $\mbox{R}^{27}$  in claim 2; or

 $R^2$  is selected from the group consisting of

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$$\begin{array}{c} & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\$$

(VI) (VII) (VIII)

wherein

 $-SO_2R^{60}$ , and  $-C(O)NHR^{61}$ ;

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k is an integer from 0 to 2; and

R<sup>56</sup> is hydrogen or lower alkyl; and

R<sup>57</sup> is hydrogen or lower alkyl; and

R<sup>58</sup> is selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower

phenylalkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and

naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower heterocyclylalkyl,

lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylsulfonyl, lower

phenylalkylsulfonyl, lower phenylsulfonyl, -C(O)R<sup>59</sup>,

wherein R<sup>59</sup> is selected from lower alkyl, lower haloalkyl, lower cycloalkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower alkylphenylene, lower phenylalkyl, lower alkylheterocyclyl, lower alkoxy, lower alkenoxy, loewr phenylalkoxy, lower alkoxyalkylene, lower alkoxyphenylene, lower alkoxyphenylalkyl; wherein said aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, and lower phenylalkyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, halo, hydroxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; and

wherein R<sup>60</sup> is selected from lower alkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower alkylphenylene, lower alkylheterocyclyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower

heterocyclylheterocyclyl, lower alkoxyphenylene, lower alkylamino, lower alkylaminophenylene, lower alkylsulfonylphenylene, and lower phenylsulfonylheterocyclyl; wherein said aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, and lower phenylalkyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, halo, hydroxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; and

wherein R<sup>61</sup> is selected from lower alkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and napthyl, lower alkylphenylene, and lower alkoxyphenylene; wherein said aryl group is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, halo, hydroxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; and

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, and purinyl; wherein R3 is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, 20 methylsulfinyl, methylsulfonyl, fluoro, chloro, bromo, aminosulfonyl, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, methylcarbonylamino, trifluoromethyl, 25 difluoromethyl, fluoromethyl, trichloromethyl, dichloromethyl, chloromethyl, hydroxy, fluorophenylmethyl, fluorophenylethyl, chlorophenylmethyl, chlorophenylethyl, fluorophenylethenyl, chlorophenylethenyl, 30 fluorophenylpyrazolyl, chlorophenylpyrazolyl, carboxy, methoxy, ethoxy, propyloxy, n-butoxy, methylamino, ethylamino, dimethylamino, diethylamino, 2methylbutylamino, propargylamino, aminomethyl,

diphenylamino, benzylamino, phenethylamino, cyclopropylamino, nitro, chlorosulfonyl, amino,

aminoethyl, N-methyl-N-phenylamino, phenylamino,

thereof.

methylcarbonyl, methoxycarbonylamino, ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino, N,Ndimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxyethylamino, imidazolylethylamino, morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino, 5 piperidinylamino, pyridinylmethylamino, phenylmethylpiperidinylamino, phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminocarbonyl, ethylaminocarbonyl, methylcarbonyl, 10 methoxyphenylmethylamino, hydrazinyl, 1-methylhydrazinyl, or  $-NR^{62}R^{63}$  wherein  $R^{62}$  is methylcarbonyl or amino, and R<sup>63</sup> is methyl, ethyl or phenylmethyl; R4 is selected from hydrido, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cyclopropylenyl, cyclobutenyl, 15 cyclopentenyl, cyclohexenyl, cyclohexadienyl, phenyl, biphenyl, morpholinyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl, piperidinyl, pyridinyl, thienyl, isothiazolyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, benzimidazolyl, furyl, 20 pyrazinyl, dihydropyranyl, dihydropyridinyl, dihydrofuryl, tetrahydropyranyl, tetrahydrofuryl, benzofuryl, dihydrobenzofuryl, and benzodioxolyl; wherein the cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl and heterocyclyl groups of R4 are optionally substituted with one or more 25 radicals independently selected from methylthio, methylsulfinyl, methylsulfonyl, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, ethynyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, amino, cyano, nitro, 30 dimethylamino, and hydroxy; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer

Still another class of compounds of particular

interest consists of those compounds of Formula I wherein

R¹ is hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propargyl,

hydroxyethyl, dimethylaminoethyl, diethylaminoethyl or morpholinylethyl;

R<sup>2</sup> has the formula:

$$- \begin{bmatrix} R^{30} \\ C \\ R^{31} \end{bmatrix}_{j} - \begin{bmatrix} H \\ C \\ R^{34} \end{bmatrix}_{m}^{R^{32}}$$
(III)

5 wherein:

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j is 0, 1 or 2; and

m is 0; and

R<sup>30</sup> is hydrogen; and

 $R^{31}$  is selected from hydrogen and lower alkyl; and  $R^{32}$  is selected from hydrogen and lower alkyl; and  $R^{33}$  is selected from lower alkyl,  $-C(O)R^{35}$ ,  $-C(O)OR^{35}$ ,  $-SO_2R^{36}$ ,  $-C(O)NR^{37}R^{38}$ , and  $-SO_2NR^{39}R^{40}$ ;

wherein R<sup>35</sup> is selected from lower alkyl, lower cycloalkyl, phenyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower alkylphenylene, lower alkoxy, lower alkenoxy, lower alkoxyalkylene, lower phenoxyalkylene, and lower phenylalkoxyalkylene; wherein said phenyl and lower phenoxyalkylene groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, halo, and lower haloalkyl; and

wherein R<sup>36</sup> is selected from lower alkyl, phenyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower alkylphenylene, phenylphenylene, lower phenylalkyl, lower alkylheterocyclyl, lower heterocyclylheterocyclyl, lower alkoxyphenylene, and lower alkylamino; wherein said phenyl and lower heterocyclyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, halo, hydroxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; and

wherein  $R^{37}$  is hydrogen; and wherein  $R^{38}$  is selected from lower alkyl, phenyl, and

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lower alkylphenylene;

wherein  $R^{39}$  and  $R^{40}$  have the same definition as  $R^{26}$  and  $R^{27}$  in claim 2; or

 $R^2$  is selected from the group consisting of

$$R^{58}$$
 $R^{58}$ 
 $R$ 

(VI) (VII) (VIII)

wherein

k is an integer from 0 or 1; and

R<sup>56</sup> is hydrogen; and

R<sup>57</sup> is hydrogen; and

 $R^{58}$  is selected from  $-C(O)R^{59}$  and  $-SO_2R^{60}$ ;

wherein R<sup>59</sup> is selected from lower alkyl, lower cycloalkyl, phenyl, lower alkylphenylene, and lower alkoxyalkylene; wherein said phenyl group is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, halo, hydroxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; and

wherein R<sup>60</sup> is selected from lower alkyl; and
R<sup>3</sup> is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl or
quinolinyl; wherein R<sup>3</sup> is optionally substituted with one
or more radicals independently selected from fluoro,
bromo, methyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl,
benzyl, phenethyl, acetyl, hydroxyl, methoxy,
dimethylamino, benzylamino, phenethylamino, aminomethyl,

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from phenyl, quinolyl, biphenyl, pyridinyl, thienyl, furyl, dihydropyranyl, benzofuryl, dihydrobenzofuryl, and benzodioxolyl; wherein the

amino, hydroxy, and methylcarbonyl; and

15

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cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl and heterocyclyl groups of R<sup>4</sup> are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and hydroxy; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

Still another class of compounds of specific interest consists of those compounds of Formula I wherein R<sup>1</sup> is hydrido or methyl; and

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl or quinolinyl; wherein R<sup>3</sup> is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, bromo, methyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, benzyl, phenethyl, acetyl, hydroxyl, methoxy, dimethylamino, benzylamino, phenethylamino, aminomethyl, amino, hydroxy, and methylcarbonyl; and

20 R4 is selected from phenyl which is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and hydroxy; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

In one embodiment of the present invention, the compounds of Formula I and/or 1A satisfy one or more of the following conditions:

 $R^1$  is hydrido or lower alkyl; more preferably,  $R^1$  is hydrido or methyl; and still more preferably,  $R^1$  is hydrido;

R<sup>2</sup> is hydrido or lower alkyl; more preferably, R<sup>2</sup> is hydrido or methyl; and still more preferably, R<sup>2</sup> is hydrido;

yl]pyridine;

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 ${\ensuremath{\mathsf{R}}}^2$  comprises a piperidinyl, piperazinyl or cyclohexyl moiety;

R<sup>3</sup> is substituted or unsubstituted pyridinyl; and preferably, the pyridinyl is a 4-pyridinyl; or

 $R^4$  is substituted or unsubstituted phenyl; and preferably,  $R^4$  is phenyl substituted with halo.

In addition, where  $R^3$  is substituted pyrimidinyl, preferably at least one  $R^3$  substitutent is attached to the carbon atom positioned between two nitrogen atoms of the pyrimidinyl ring.

A family of specific compounds of particular interest within Formula I and/or 1A consists of compounds, tautomers and pharmaceutically-acceptable 15 salts thereof as follows: 4-[5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine; 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine; 4-[5-methyl-3-(2-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; 20 4-[5-methyl-3-(4-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; 4-[5-methyl-3-[4-(methylthio)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine; 4-[3-(4-chlorohpenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; 4-[3-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; 25 4-[5-(2,5-dimethylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4 yl]pyridine; 4-[5-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine; 30 4-[3-methyl-5-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; 4-[5-[(1,1'-biphenyl)-4-yl]-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine; 4-[3-methyl-5-[3-(phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine; 35 4-[3-methyl-5-[3-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-

```
4-[3-methyl-5-[2-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-
    yl]pyridine;
    2-[3-methyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]phenol;
    3-[3-methyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]phenol;
    1-hydroxy-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
 5
    yl]pyridinium;
    5-(4-fluorophenyl)-N, N-dimethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-
    pyrazol-3-amine;
    5-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-phenyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
    amine; 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
10
    yl]pyridine;
    4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
    yl]pyridine;4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-
    pyrazol-5-yl]pyridine;
    4-(5-cyclohexyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
15
    4-[5-(3-fluoro-5-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
    yl]pyridine;
    4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-propyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
    4-[(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)methyl]pyridine;
20
    4-[3,5-bis(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
    4-[4-methyl-2-(2-trifluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
    yl]pyridine;
    4-[3-(2-chlorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
    4-[5-methyl-3-(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
25
    yl]pyridine;
    4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
    yl]pyridine;
    4-[3-(3-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
    yl]pyridine;
30
    4-[3-(3,5-dimethylphenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
    yl]pyridine;
    4-[3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
    yl]pyridine;
    4-[5-methyl-3-(3-nitrophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
35
    N, N-dimethyl-4-[5-methyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3
    yl]benzenamine;
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```
4-[3-(2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-5-yl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(4-bromophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(2-fluorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
 5
     4-[3-methyl-5-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl]pyridine;
     4-(3-ethyl-4-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
     4-[5-(3-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl}pyridine;
10
     4-[3-ethyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[5-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl]pyridine;
     4-[5-(3-ethoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-methyl-5-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-
15
     yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-methyl-5-(3-thienyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[5-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl]pyridine;
     4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
20
    4-[5-(3-chloro-4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
    yl]pyridine:
     ethyl 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-5-
    propanoate;
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
25
     5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidin-
     2-amine:
     5-[3-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidin-
     2-amine;
     5-[3-methyl-5-(2-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidin-
30
     2-amine;
     5-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidin-
     2-amine;
     5-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidin-
    2-amine;
35
     5-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
    yl]pyrimidin-2-amine;
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```
5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-
     amine;
     4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-
     amine;
     4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-
     amine;
     4-[5-(2-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-
     amine;
     4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-
10
    amine;
    4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-
     amine:
     4-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-
     2-amine:
15
    5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
    methoxypyridine;
    2-methoxy-5-[3-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
    yl]pyridine;
    2-methoxy-5-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
20
    yl]pyridine;
    4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
    methoxypyridine;
    2-methoxy-4-[3-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
    yl]pyridine;
25
    2-methoxy-4-[3-methyl-5-(2-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
    yl]pyridine;
    4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
    methoxypyridine;
    4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
30
    methoxypyridine;
    2-methoxy-4-[3-methyl-5-(4-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
    yl]pyridine;
    5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-
    ol;
35
    4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-
    ol;
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```
4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-
     ol:
     4-[5-(2-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-
     ol;
     4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-
 5
     ol;
     4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-
     4-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-
10
     2-ol;
     5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-
     2-methanamine:
     4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-
     2-methanamine;
15
     4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-
     2-methanamine:
     4-[5-(2-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-
     2-methanamine;
     4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-
20
     2-methanamine:
     4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-
     2-methanamine;
     4-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-
     2-methanamine:
25
    5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-
     2-carboxamide:
     4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-
     2-carboxamide;
     4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-
30
     2-carboxamide:
     4-[5-(2-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-
     2-carboxamide;
     4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-
     2-carboxamide:
     4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-
35
     2-carboxamide;
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```
4-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-
     2-carboxamide;
     4-[5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
    yl]pyridine;
 5
    4-[5-(4-fluoro-3-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
    yl]pyridine;
     4-[5-(4-chloro-3-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
    yl]pyridine;
     4-[5-(2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-6-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
10
    yl]pyridine;
    4-[5-(benzofuran-6-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[5-(3-fluoro-5-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
    yl]pyridine;
     4-[5-(3-chloro-5-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
15
    yl]pyridine;
     4-[5-(1-cyclohexyen-1-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
    yl]pyridine;
     4-[5-(1,3-cyclohexadien-1-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
    yl]pyridine;
20
     4-[5-(5,6-dihydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl]pyridine;
     4-(5-cyclohexyl-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
     4-[5-(4-methoxy-3-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
    yl]pyridine;
25
     4-[5-(3-methoxy-4-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl]pyridine;
     4-[5-(3-methoxy-5-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl]pyridine;
     4-[5-(3-furyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
30
     2-methyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
     2-methoxy-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
     methyl 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyri-dine-2-
     carboxylate;
     4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine-2-
35
     carboxamide;
     1-[4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridin-2-
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```
yl]ethanone;
     N, N-dimethyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-2-
     yl)pyridin-2-amine;
     3-methyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
     3-methoxy-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
 5
     methyl 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4yl)pyridine-3-
     carboxylate;
     4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine-3-
     carboxamide;
     1-[4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridin-3-
10
     yl]ethanone;
     3-bromo-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
     N, N-dimethyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-2-
     yl)pyridin-3-amine;
     2-methyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyrimidine;
15
     4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyrimidine;
     2-methoxy-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl)pyrimidine;
     4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyrimidin-2-amine;
20
     N, N-dimethyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl)pyrimidin-2-amine;
     4-(5,6-dihydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-
     pyrazole:
     3-methyl-5-phenyl-4-(3-thienyl)-1H-pyrazole;
     4-(3-furyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole;
25
     3-methyl-5-phenyl-4-(2-thienyl)-1H-pyrazole;
     4-(2-furyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole;
     4-(3-isothiazolyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole
     4-(3-isoxazolyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole;
     4-(5-isothiazolyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole;
30
     4-(5-isoxazolyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole;
     3-methyl-5-phenyl-4-(5-thiazolyl)-1H-pyrazole;
     3-methyl-4-(5-oxazolyl)-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole;
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     2-methyl-4-[3-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
35
     4-(1-methyl-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
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4-(3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
     2-methyl-4-(3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
     4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
 5
     4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-methylpyridine;
     4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
10
     methylpyridine:
     5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-phenyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
     amine;
     5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-methyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
15
     amine;
     5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-
     pyrazol-3-amine dihydrate:
     5-(3-fluorophenyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-
     pyrazol-3-amine;
    N, N-dimethyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-
20
     pyrazol-3-amine;
    N-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
     amine;
    N-ethyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
25
     amine;
    N, N-diethyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-
    pyrazol-3-amine;
     5-(4-chlorophenyl) - N, N-diethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-
    pyrazol-3-amine;
30
     4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
    yl]morpholine;
     5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-propyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
     amine;
     5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-(phenylmethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-
35
    pyrazol-3-amine hydrate (2:1);
     5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-
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pyrazol-3-amine monohydrate;
     1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-
     1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate;
     1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
     yl]piperazine trihydrochloride;
     1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-
     methylpiperazine;
     1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-
     1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate;
     1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
10
     yl]piperazine trihydrochloride;
     1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
     yl]piperazine;
     N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-[2-(phenylmethyl)amino]-4-
15
     pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1,3-propanediamine,
     trihydrochloride;
     1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-
     (phenylmethyl)piperazine;
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(1-piperazinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
20
     yl]pyrimidine, dihydrochloride;
     1,1-dimethylethyl [3-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-
     pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]amino]propyl]carbamate;
     N-[5-[4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-
     1,3-propanediamine, trihydrochloride monohydrate;
25
     1,1-dimethylethyl [2-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-
     pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl]amino]ethyl]carbamate;
     1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(2-
     hydroxyethyl) -4-(4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-
     piperazinecarboxylate;
30
     1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-
    pyrimidinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate;
     1,1-dimethylethyl [3-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-4-
     pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl]amino]propyl]carbamate;
     1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-
35
     ethylpiperazine;
     N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-
```

```
1,2-ethanediamine;
    4-[3-(2,6-difluorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(3-ethylphenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
    4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-5-ethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
 5
     4-[3-ethyl-5-(3-ethylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(1-methylethyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-cyclopropyl-5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
10
    yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
    yl]pyridine;
     4-[5-(cyclopropyl-3-(4-(fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-
    pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
15
     5-cyclopropyl-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-
    pyrazole-1-ethanol;
     3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(2-methoxy-4-pyridinyl)-4-(4-fluorophenyl)
     pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol;
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-
20
     1H-pyrazol-5-yl]-2(1H)-pyridinone;
     1-acetyl-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-
     pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-5-yl] -2(1H) -pyridinone;
     Ethyl 2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-
     pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]cyclopropanecarboxylate;
25
     2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-
     1H-pyrazol-5-yl]cyclopropanecarboxylic acid;
     3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-imidazolyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-
     pyrazole-1-ethanol;
     4-[3-(4-chloro-3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine
30
     5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-
     carboxylic acid;
     5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-
     methanol;
     1-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
35
     yl]carbonyl]piperazine;
     1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-
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```
1H-pyrazol-3-yl]carbonyl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate;
    4-(1,5-dimethyl-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
     4-(1,3-dimethyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
    yl]pyridine;
 5
     4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
    yl]pyridine;
     4-[5-ethyl-1-methyl-3-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
    yl]pyridine;
    4-[3-ethyl-1-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
10
    yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-ethyl-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
    yl]pyridine;
    4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-ethyl-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
15
    yl]pyridine;
    4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
    4-[3-(2-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol;
    3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyrimidinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-
20
    ethanol;
    4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     2-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
    pyridinyl]amino]-1-butanol;
    4-[5-bromo-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
25
    yl]pyridine;
    4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
    pyridinecarbonitrile;
    4-[2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-
    yl]ethyl]morpholine;
    3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-\alpha-phenyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-
30
    pyrazole-5-methanol;
    N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-
    morpholineethanamine;
    4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2(1H)-pyridinone
35
    hydrazone;
    4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(phenylmethyl)-
```

```
2-pyridinamine;
     4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(phenylethyl)-2-
     pyridinamine;
     4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-ethyl-2-
     pyridinamine;
 5
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
     pyridinecarboxamide;
     Methyl 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
    pyridinecarboxylate;
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-methyl-2-
10
     pyridinecarboxamide;
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
     pyridinecarboxylic acid;
     4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
15
     4-[3-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine4-[3-
     (3-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-y)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrid
     ine;
20
     4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-methylp
    yridine; 4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4
     -yl]-2-methylpyridine;
     4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
25
    4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     2-methyl-4-[1-methyl-3-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4
     -yl]pyridine;
     2-methyl-4-[1-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4
     -yl]pyridine;
30
    4-(3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
    4-[3-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine
    4-[1-methyl-3-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl
     ]pyridine;
35
    4-[3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
    4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-fluoropyridine;
```

le-1-ethanamine;

```
4-[3-(4-bromophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridi
     ne;
     4-[3-(4-bromophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     (E) -4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-(2-phenyleth
 5
     enyl)pyridine;
     (S)-4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(2-methylbut
     yl) - 2-pyridinamine;
     4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[(4-methoxy-
10
     phenyl)methyl] - 2-pyridinamine;
     N-[4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]-
     2-pyridinemethanamine;
     N-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]-
     2-pyridinemethanamine;
     2-fluoro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
15
     4-[3-(4-iodophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(4-iodophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[1-methyl-3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl
     ]pyridine;
20
    N-[1-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyra
     zol-4-yl]-2-pyridinamine;
     N-[(3-fluorophenyl)methyl]-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyraz
     ol-4-yl]-2-pyridinamine;
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-(1-
25
     methylhydrazino) pyridine;
     2-fluoro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]p
     yridine;
     4-[3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-fluoro-
     pyridine;
    4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-3-methylpyridine;
30
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-3-methyl-
     pyridine;
     4-[3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-flu
     oropyridine;
     3-(4-fluorophenyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazo
35
```

```
2-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-
     methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[1-
     (phenylmethyl) -4-piperidinyl] -2-pyridinamine;
     N' - [4 - [3 - (4 - fluorophenyl) - 1H - pyrazol - 4 - yl] - 2 - pyridinyl] -
     N, N-dimethyl-1, 2-ethanediamine;
     2,4-bis[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     N-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]-4-
     morpholineethanamine;
     3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-
10
     1-ethanol;
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[2-(1H-imidazol-
     1-yl)ethyl]-2-pyridinamine;
     4-[2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-4-pyridinyl)-1H-
15
     pyrazol-1-yl]ethyl]morpholine;
     (E) -3-(4-fluorophenyl) -4-[2-[2-(4-fluorophenyl) ethenyl] -
     4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol;
     3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-4-pyridinyl)-N, N-dimethyl-
     1H-pyrazole-1-ethanamine;
20
     3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-4-
     pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol:
     4-[1-[2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-
     pyrazol-4-yl]-N, N-dimethyl-2-pyridinamine;
     4-[1-[2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-
    pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-2-pyridinamine;
25
     3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-4-
     pyridinyl] -N, N-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanamine;
     N-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-4-[3(or 5)-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-
     [[2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
30
     pyridinamine;
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-4-piperadinyl-2-
     pyridinamine;
    N, N-diethyl-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-4-pyridinyl)-
     1H-pyrazole-1-ethanamine;
     4-[1-[2-(diethylamino)ethyl]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-
35
    pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-2-pyridinamine;
```

```
2-[[4-[3-(4-(fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
    pyridinyl]amino]ethanol;
     2-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
    pyridinyl]amino]ethanol;
     3-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
 5
     pyridinyl]amino]-1-propanol;
     3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino]-
     4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol;
     5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino]-
10
     4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol;
    N, N-diethyl-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-
     pyrazole-1-ethanamine;
    N-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)]
    morpholinyl)ethyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinamine;
15
    N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-
    morpholinepropanamine;
    N'-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-
    N, N-dimethyl-1, 3-propanediamine;
     5-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-2-propynyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-
20
    pyrazol-3-amine;
    3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino]-
     4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol;
     5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino]-
     4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol;
25
    4-[3-[(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]quinoline;
    N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
    yllglycine methyl ester;
    N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
    yl]glycine;
30
    4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-propynyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
    yl]pyridine;
    4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-propynyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
    yl]pyridine;
    4,4'-(1H-pyrazole-3,4-diyl)bis[pyridine];
35
    4-[3-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
    N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-
```

```
piperidinamine;
     2-Chloro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl]pyrimidine;
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2(1H)-pyrimidinone
     hydrazone;
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N, N-dimethyl-2-
     pyrimidinamine;
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-methyl-2-
     pyrimidinamine;
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(phenylmethyl)-
10
     2-pyrimidinamine;
     N-cyclopropyl-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
     pyrimidinamine;
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[(4-
     methoxyphenyl) methyl] -2-pyrimidinamine;
15
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinamine;
     N-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinyl]-
     N-(phenylmethyl)acetamide;
     Ethyl [4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
20
     pyrimidinyl]carbamate;
     4-[3-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine;
     4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine;
     4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine;
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine;
     1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl)-4-
25
     cyclopropylpiperazine:
     1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-.
     methylpiperazine, dihydrate;
     methyl 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-
    pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl] -1-piperazinecarboxylate,
30
     monohydrate;
     4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-\gamma-
     oxo-1-piperazinebutanoic acid, dihydrate;
     4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-\gamma-
35
     oxo-1-piperazinebutanoic acid, monosodium salt dihydrate;
     1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-
```

```
(methylsulfonyl)piperazine, monohydrate;
     1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1-(2-propynyl)-1H-
     pyrazol-3-yl]piperazine, trihydrochloride monohydrate;
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(1H-imidazol-4-yl)-1-(4-
     methoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
 5
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyazol-4-yl]-N-2-propynyl-2-
     pyrimidinamine;
     N-(2-fluorophenyl)-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl]-2-pyrimidinamine;
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(2-
10
     methoxyphenyl)-2-pyrimidinamine;
     1-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-
     methylpiperazine;
     N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-
15
     piperidinamine, trihydrochloride;
     N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-
     methyl-4-piperidinamine;
     ethyl 4-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-
     3-yl]amino]-1-piperidinecarboxylate, monohydrate;
     1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-
20
     (2-methoxyphenyl)piperazine;
     1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-
     phenylpiperazine;
     N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-
25
     methyl-4-piperidinamine;
     1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-
     (2-propynyl) piperazine;
     1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
     yl]piperazine;
30
     1,1-dimethylethyl [3-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(2-
     [(phenylmethyl)amino]-4-pyridinyl-1H-pyrazol-3-
     yl]amino]propyl]carbamate;
     1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-4-
    pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate;
35
     ethyl 4-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-
     3-yl]amino]-1-piperidinecarboxylate;
```

```
1-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-(1,3-dithietan-2-ylidene)-2-(4-
    pyridinyl)ethanone;
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-[(1-methyl-4-piperidinyl)methyl]-
     1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
 5
    1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-
     1H-pyrazol-3-yl]carbonyl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate;
     1-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
    yl]methyl]-4-methylpiperazine;
     1-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
10
    yl]methyl]-4-piperazine;
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-piperidinylmethyl)-1H-pyrazol-
     4-yl]pyridine;
    N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-3H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-
    piperidineamine, trihydrochloride, monohydrate;
15
    N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-
    N,1-dimethyl-4-piperidinamine, dihydrate
     1-[2-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
     yl]ethyl]piperazine;
     1-[2-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
20
    yl]ethyl]-4-methylpiperazine;
     1-[2-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
     yl]ethyl]piperazine;
     1-[2-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
     yl]ethyl]-4-methylpiperazine;
25
     1-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
     yl]methylpiperazine;
     1-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
     yl]methyl]-4-methylpiperazine;
     4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-
30
    piperazineethanol;
     4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-
     piperazineethanamine;
     4-[5-[4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-
     piperazineethanol;
35
     4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-
```

piperazineethanamine;

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1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-
     3,5-dimethylpiperazine;
     4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-
     1,2,6-trimethylpiperazine;
     1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-
     3,5-dimethylpiperazine;
     4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-
     1,2,6-trimethylpiperazine;
     1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-3-
    methylpiperazine;
10
     4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-
     1,2-dimethylpiperazine;
     1-[5-(4-fluorophneyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-3-
     methylpiperazine;
    4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-
15
     1,2-dimethylpiperazine;
     5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-N-3-pyrrolidinyl-1H-
     pyrazol-3-amine;
     5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-(1-methyl-3-pyrrolidinyl)-4-(4-
20
    pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine;
     5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-N-3-pyrrolidinyl-1H-
    pyrazol-3-amine;
     5-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-(1-methyl-3-pyrrolidinyl)-4-(4-
    pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine;
25
    1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-3-
    pyrrolidinamine;
     1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-
    N, N-dimethyl-3-pyrrolidinamine;
    1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-3-
30
    pyrrolidinamine;
    1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-
    N, N-dimethyl-3-pyrrolidinamine;
     5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-[(1-ethyl-2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl]-4-
     (4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine;
35
     5-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-[(1-ethyl-2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl]-4-
     (4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine;
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```
N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-3-
    piperidinamine;
    N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-
    methyl-3-piperidinamine;
    N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-3-
    piperidinamine;
    N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-
     methyl-3-piperidinamine;
    4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-2-
10
    piperazinemethanol;
    4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-2-
    piperazinemethanamine;
     4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-
    methyl-2-piperazinemethanol;
15
    4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-
    methyl-2-piperazinemethanamine;
    4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-2-
    piperazinemethanol;
    4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-2-
20
    piperazinemethanamine;
    4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-
    methyl-2-piperazinemethanol;
    4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-
    methyl-2-piperazinemethanamine;
25
    4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-1H-
    pyrazol-4-yl]-N-methyl-2-pyrimidinamine;
    4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-1H-
    pyrazol-4-yl]-N-methyl-2-pyrimidinamine;
     1-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
30
    yl]methyl]-4-piperidinol;
    1-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
    yl]methyl-4-piperidinol;
     4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-1H-
    pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine;
    4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-1H-
35
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pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine;

```
4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-2-
    piperazinecarboxylic acid;
     ethyl 4-[5[-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-
     3-yl]-2-piperazinecarboxylate;
     4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-
 5
     methyl-2-piperazinecarboxylic acid;
     ethyl 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
     yl]-1-methyl-2-piperazinecarboxylate;
     4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-
10
     methyl-2-piperazinecarboxamide;
     4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-2-
     piperazinecarboxamide;
     4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-2-
     piperazinecarboxylic acid;
     ethyl 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
15
     yl]-2-piperazinecarboxylate;
     4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-2-
     piperazinecarboxamide;
     4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-
20
    methyl-2-piperazinecarboxylic acid;
     ethyl 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
     yl]-1-methyl-2-piperazinecarboxylate;
     4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-
     methyl-2-piperazinecarboxamide;
25
    N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-
     ethyl-4-piperidinamine:
    N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-
     (phenylmethyl) -4-piperidinamine;
     1-acetyl-N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-
30
   pyrazol-3-yl]-4-piperidinamine;
    N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-
     (2-propynyl) -4-piperidinamine;
    N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-
     cyclopropyl-4-piperidinamine;
    N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-
35
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(methoxyacetyl) -4-piperidinamine;

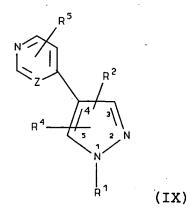
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N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-
           (methylethyl) - 4 - piperidinamine;
           N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-
           propyl-4-piperidinamine;
           ethyl 4-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-
  5
           3-yl]amino]-1-piperidinecarboxylate;
           5-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-methyl-N-2-propynyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-
           1H-pyrazol-3-amine;
           (\beta R) - \beta - [[4 - [3 - (4 - fluorophenyl) - 1H - pyrazol - 4 - yl] - 2 -
10
           pyridinyl]amino]benzene ethanol;
           pyridinyl]amino]benzene propanol;
           (\beta S) - \beta - [[4 - [3 - (4 - fluorophenyl) - 1H - pyrazol - 4 - yl] - 2 -
           pyridinyl]amino]benzene ethanol;
15
           (\beta R) - \beta - [[4 - [3 - (4 - fluorophenyl) - 1H - pyrazol - 4 - yl] - 2 - [4 - [3 - (4 - fluorophenyl) - 1H - pyrazol - 4 - yl] - 2 - [4 - [3 - (4 - fluorophenyl) - 1H - pyrazol - 4 - yl] - 2 - [4 - [3 - (4 - fluorophenyl) - 1H - pyrazol - 4 - yl] - 2 - [4 - [3 - (4 - fluorophenyl) - 1H - pyrazol - 4 - yl] - 2 - [4 - [3 - (4 - fluorophenyl) - 1H - pyrazol - 4 - yl] - 2 - [4 - [3 - (4 - fluorophenyl) - 1H - pyrazol - 4 - yl] - 2 - [4 - [3 - (4 - fluorophenyl) - 1H - pyrazol - 4 - yl] - 2 - [4 - [3 - (4 - fluorophenyl) - 1H - pyrazol - 4 - yl] - 2 - [4 - [3 - (4 - fluorophenyl) - 1H - pyrazol - 4 - yl] - 2 - [4 - [3 - (4 - fluorophenyl) - 1H - pyrazol - 4 - yl] - 2 - [4 - [3 - (4 - fluorophenyl) - 1H - pyrazol - 4 - yl] - 2 - [4 - [3 - (4 - fluorophenyl) - 1H - pyrazol - 4 - yl] - 2 - [4 - [3 - (4 - fluorophenyl) - 1H - pyrazol - 4 - yl] - 2 - [4 - [3 - (4 - fluorophenyl) - 1H - pyrazol - 4 - yl] - 2 - [4 - [3 - (4 - fluorophenyl) - 1H - pyrazol - 4 - yl] - 2 - [4 - [3 - (4 - fluorophenyl) - 1H - pyrazol - 4 - yl] - 2 - [4 - [3 - (4 - fluorophenyl) - 4 - [4 - fluorophenyl] - 4 - [4 - (4 - fluorophenyl) - 4 - [4 - fluorophenyl] - 4 - [4 - [4 - fluorophenyl] - 4 - [4 - fluorophenyl] - 
           pyridinyl]amino]benzene propanol;
          N-[2-(1-ethyl-2-piperidinyl)ethyl]-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-
           1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinamine;
           N2, N2-diethyl-N1-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-
20
           2-pyridinyl]-1-phenyl-1,2-ethanediamine;
           N-(1-ethyl-4-piperidinyl)-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-
           pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinamine;
           4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(4-
           piperidinylmethyl) -2-pyridinamine;
25
           2-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
           pyridinyl]amino]-3-methyl-1-butanol;
           (2S) -2-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
           pyridinyl]amino]-4-methyl-1-pentanol;
          N1, N1-diethyl-N4-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-
30
           2-pyrimidinyl]-1,4-pentanediamine;
           (2R) -1-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
           pyridinyl]amino]-2-propanol;
           N4-[4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]-
           N1, N1-diethyl-1, 4-pentanediamine;
35
           (2S) -1-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
           pyridinyl]amino]-2-propanol;
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1-[5-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
     yl]-4-methylpiperazine;
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[2-(1-
     piperidinyl)ethyl]-2-pyridinamine;
 5 N, N-diethyl-N'-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
     pyridinyl]-1,2-ethanediamine;
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-propenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl]pyridine, monohydrochloride;
     8-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-
10
     1,4-dioxa-8-azaspiro[4.5] decane;
     1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-
     piperidinone;
     1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-
     piperidinol;
15
     1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-
     1,2,3,6-hexahydropyridine;
     1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-
     N, N-dimethyl-4-piperidinamine, trihydrochloride;
     1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-
20
     piperidinamine, trihydrochloride;
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-1-
     piperidinyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine, trihydrochloride;
     ethyl 4-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
     pyridinyl]amino]-1-piperidinecarboxylate;
25
     1-methyl-4-[5-phenyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
     yl]piperazine;
     1-[5-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
     yl]-4-methylpiperazine;
     4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
30
     yl]morpholine;
    N1, N1-diethyl-N4-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-
     2-pyridinyl]-1,4-pentanediamine;
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[3-(2-methyl-1-
     piperidinyl)propyl]-2-pyridinamine;
35
     ethyl 4-[5-phenyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-
     piperazinecarboxylate;
```

N, N-diethyl-N'-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1,3-propanediamine;
N1,N1,-diethyl-N4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1,4-pentanediamine;
N-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]-4-

- N-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]-4-methyl-1-piperazinepropanamine(2E)-2-butenedioate (1:1);
  N-(2-[1,4'-bipiperidin]-1'-ylethyl)-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinamine;
  N-[2-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
- pyridinyl]amino]ethyl]-N,N',N'-trimethyl-1,3propanediamine;
  N,N,N''-triethyl-N'-[2-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1Hpyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]ethyl]-1,3propanediamine;
- 3-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2pyridinyl]amino]-1,2-propanediol;
  trans-4-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2pyridinyl]amino]cyclohexanol;
  4-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
- pyridinyl]amino]cyclohexanone; and
  1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]N,N-diethyl-4-piperidinamine, trihydrochloride.

Within Formula I there is another subclass of compounds of high interest represented by Formula IX:



wherein

Z represents a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom; and R¹ is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkynyl, lower heterocycyl, lower aralkyl, lower aminoalkyl and lower alkylaminoalkyl; and R² is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl, 5- or 6-membered heterocyclyl selected from piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, pyridinyl and morpholinyl, lower haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkylamino, lower aralkyl, lower aralkylamino, lower alkylamino, lower aninoalkyl, lower aminoalkyl, lower aminoalkyl, lower aminoalkyl, lower aminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower

- heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylalkyl, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylheterocyclyl, lower carboxycycloalkyl, lower carboxyalkylamino, lower alkoxyalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, lower heterocyclylcarbonyl, lower
- alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, and lower alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl; wherein the aryl and heteroaryl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, lower alkyl, keto, aralkyl, carboxy, lower
- alkylaminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl and lower alkoxycarbonyl; or
  - $\mbox{R}^2$  is  $-\mbox{CR}^{54}\mbox{R}^{55}$  wherein  $\mbox{R}^{54}$  is phenyl and  $\mbox{R}^{55}$  is hydroxy; and
- R<sup>4</sup> is selected from hydrido, lower cycloalkyl, lower cycloalkenyl, lower cycloalkyldienyl, 5- or 6-membered heterocyclyl, and aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl, naphthyl; wherein R<sup>4</sup> is optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals
- independently selected from halo, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, aryloxy, lower aralkoxy, lower haloalkyl, lower

thereof.

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alkylthio, lower alkylamino, nitro, hydroxy; and R<sup>5</sup> is selected from halo, amino, cyano, aminocarbonyl, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, hydroxy, lower aminoalkyl, lower aralkyl, lower aralkyloxy, lower aralkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino, 5 lower alkylcarbonyl, lower aralkenyl, lower arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, lower cycloalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylamino, lower alkoxyaralkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower aralkylheterocyclylamino, 10 lower alkylaminocarbonyl, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower alkoxyaralkylamino, hydrazinyl, and lower alkylhydrazinyl, or -NR<sup>62</sup>R<sup>63</sup> wherein R<sup>62</sup> is lower alkylcarbonyl or amino, and  $R^{63}$  is lower alkyl or lower 15 phenylalkyl; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer

A preferred class of compounds consists of those compounds of Formula IX

R¹ is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, hydroxyethyl and propargyl; and

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propyl, phenyl, trifluoromethyl, hydroxyethyl,

- methoxycarbonylethyl, ethoxycarbonylethyl, N-methylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-ethylamino, N,N-diethylamino, N-propylamino, N-phenylamino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminoethylamino, aminopropylamino, propargylamino, benzylamino, dimethylaminopropylamino,
- morpholinylpropylamino, morpholinylethylamino, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, morpholinyl, pyridinyl, carboxymethylamino, methoxyethylamino, (1,1-dimethyl)ethylcarbonyl, (1,1
  - dimethyl)ethylcarbonylaminopropylamino, (1,1-

dimethyl) ethylcarbonylaminoethylamino, piperazinylcarbonyl, 1,1-dimethyl-

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ethylpiperazinylcarbonyl; wherein the phenyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, morpholinyl, and pyridinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, keto, methyl, ethyl, trifluoromethyl, benzyl, methoxy, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl and (1,1-dimethyl)ethoxycarbonyl; and

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from cyclohexyl, cyclohexenyl, cyclohexadienyl, phenyl, quinolyl, biphenyl, pyridinyl, thienyl, furyl, dihydropyranyl, benzofuryl, dihydrobenzofuryl, and benzodioxolyl; wherein R<sup>4</sup> is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and hydroxy; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, fluorophenylethyl, fluorophenylethenyl, fluorophenylpyrazolyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, acetyl, hydroxy, carboxy, methoxy, methylamino, dimethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino, ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxyethylamino, imidazolylamino, morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino, piperidinylamino, pyridinylamino,

piperidinylamino, pyridinylmethylamino, phenylmethylpiperidinylamino, aminomethyl, cyclopropylamino, amino, hydroxy, methylcarbonyl, ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino, phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino,

fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminocarbonyl, methylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, and 1-methylhydrazinyl, or -  $NR^{62}R^{63}$  wherein  $R^{62}$  is methylcarbonyl or amino, and  $R^{63}$  is methyl or benzyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer 35 thereof.

Within Formula I there is another subclass of compounds of high interest represented by Formula X:

wherein

Z represents a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom; and R<sup>1</sup> is selected from lower alkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkynyl, lower aminoalkyl and lower alkylaminoalkyl; and

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, aryl 10 selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl, 5- or 6membered heterocyclyl selected from piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, pyridinyl and morpholinyl, lower haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkyl, phenylamino, 15 lower aralkyl, lower aralkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower aminoalkyl, lower aminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylalkyl, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylheterocyclyl, lower 20 carboxycycloalkyl, lower carboxyalkylamino, lower alkoxyalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, lower heterocyclylcarbonyl, lower alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, and lower

alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl; wherein the aryl and heteroaryl groups are optionally substituted with one or

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more radicals independently selected from halo, lower alkyl, keto, aralkyl, carboxy, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl and lower alkoxycarbonyl; or

 $\mbox{R}^2$  is  $-\mbox{CR}^{54}\mbox{R}^{55}$  wherein  $\mbox{R}^{54}$  is phenyl and  $\mbox{R}^{55}$  is hydroxy; and

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from 5- or 6-membered heteroaryl, and aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl; wherein R<sup>4</sup> is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, aryloxy, lower aralkoxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkylthio, lower alkylamino, nitro, hydroxy; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from halo, amino, cyano, aminocarbonyl, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, hydroxy, lower aminoalkyl, lower aralkyl, lower aralkyloxy, lower aralkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower aralkenyl, lower arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, lower cycloalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylamino, lower alkoxyaralkylamino, lower

alkylaminoalkylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower aralkylheterocyclylamino, lower alkylaminocarbonyl, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower alkoxyaralkylamino, hydrazinyl, and lower

25 alkylhydrazinyl, or  $-NR^{62}R^{63}$  wherein  $R^{62}$  is lower alkylcarbonyl or amino, and  $R^{63}$  is lower alkyl or lower phenylalkyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

30

A preferred class of compounds consists of those compounds of Formula  ${\tt X}$ 

R<sup>1</sup> is selected from methyl, ethyl, hydroxyethyl and propargyl; and

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, phenyl, trifluoromethyl, hydroxyethyl, methoxycarbonylethyl,

ethoxycarbonylethyl, N-methylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-ethylamino, N,N-diethylamino, N-propylamino, N-phenylamino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminoethylamino, aminopropylamino, propargylamino, benzylamino,

- piperadinylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, dimethylaminopropylamino, morpholinylpropylamino, morpholinylethylamino, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, morpholinyl, pyridinyl, N-methylpiperazinyl, carboxymethylamino, methoxyethylamino, (1,1-
- dimethyl)ethylcarbonyl, (1,1dimethyl)ethylcarbonylaminopropylamino, (1,1dimethyl)ethylcarbonylaminoethylamino,
  piperazinylcarbonyl, and 1,1-dimethylethylpiperazinylcarbonyl; wherein the phenyl,
- piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, morpholinyl, and pyridinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, keto, methyl, ethyl, trifluoromethyl, benzyl, methoxy, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl and (1,1-dimethyl)ethoxycarbonyl; and

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from phenyl, quinolyl, biphenyl, pyridinyl, thienyl, furyl, dihydropyranyl, benzofuryl, dihydrobenzofuryl, and benzodioxolyl; wherein R<sup>4</sup> is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and hydroxy; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl,
fluorophenylethyl, fluorophenylethenyl,
fluorophenylpyrazolyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl,
aminocarbonyl, acetyl, hydroxy, carboxy, methoxy,
methylamino, dimethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino,
ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxypropylamino,
hydroxyethylamino, propargylamino, imidazolylamino,
morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino,

piperidinylamino, pyridinylmethylamino,
phenylmethylpiperidinylamino, aminomethyl,
cyclopropylamino, amino, hydroxy, methylcarbonyl,
ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino,
phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino,
fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminocarbonyl,
methylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, and 1-methylhydrazinyl, or NR<sup>62</sup>R<sup>63</sup> wherein R<sup>62</sup> is methylcarbonyl or amino, and R<sup>63</sup> is
methyl or benzyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

Within Formula I there is another subclass of compounds of high interest represented by Formula XI:

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wherein

Z represents a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom; and R¹ is selected from lower alkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkynyl, lower aminoalkyl and lower alkylaminoalkyl; and

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl, 5- or 6-membered heterocyclyl selected from piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, pyridinyl and morpholinyl, lower haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl,

lower alkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkyl, phenylamino, lower aralkyl, lower aralkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower aminoalkyl, lower aminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower

- heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylalkyl, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylheterocyclyl, lower carboxycycloalkyl, lower carboxyalkylamino, lower alkoxyalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, lower heterocyclylcarbonyl, lower
- alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, and lower
  alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl; wherein the aryl and
  heteroaryl groups are optionally substituted with one or
  more radicals independently selected from halo, lower
  alkyl, keto, aralkyl, carboxy, lower
- alkylaminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl and lower alkoxycarbonyl; or

 $\rm R^2$  is  $\rm -CR^{54}R^{55}$  wherein  $\rm R^{54}$  is phenyl and  $\rm R^{55}$  is hydroxy; and

- R<sup>4</sup> is selected from 5- or 6-membered heteroaryl, and aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl; wherein R<sup>4</sup> is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, aryloxy, lower aralkoxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkylthio, lower alkylamino, nitro, hydroxy; and
  - R<sup>5</sup> is selected from halo, amino, cyano, aminocarbonyl, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, hydroxy, lower aminoalkyl, lower aralkyl, lower aralkyloxy, lower aralkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino,
- lower alkylcarbonyl, lower aralkenyl, lower arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, lower cycloalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylamino, lower alkoxyaralkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower aralkylheterocyclylamino,
- lower alkylaminocarbonyl, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower alkoxyaralkylamino, hydrazinyl, and lower

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alkylhydrazinyl, or  $-NR^{62}R^{63}$  wherein  $R^{62}$  is lower alkylcarbonyl or amino, and  $R^{63}$  is lower alkyl or lower phenylalkyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

A preferred class of compounds consists of those compounds of Formula XI

R<sup>1</sup> is selected from methyl, ethyl, hydroxyethyl and propargyl; and

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, phenyl, trifluoromethyl, hydroxyethyl, methoxycarbonylethyl, ethoxycarbonylethyl, N-methylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-ethylamino, N,N-diethylamino, N-propylamino, N-

- phenylamino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminoethylamino, aminopropylamino, propargylamino, benzylamino, dimethylaminopropylamino, morpholinylpropylamino, morpholinylethylamino, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, morpholinyl, pyridinyl, carboxymethylamino,
- 20 methoxyethylamino, (1,1-dimethyl)ethylcarbonyl, (1,1dimethyl)ethylcarbonylaminopropylamino, (1,1dimethyl)ethylcarbonylaminoethylamino,
  piperazinylcarbonyl, 1,1-dimethylethylpiperazinylcarbonyl; wherein the phenyl,
- piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, morpholinyl, and pyridinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, keto, methyl, ethyl, trifluoromethyl, benzyl, methoxy, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl and (1,1-dimethyl) ethoxycarbonyl;

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from phenyl, quinolyl, biphenyl, pyridinyl, thienyl, furyl, dihydropyranyl, benzofuryl, dihydrobenzofuryl, and benzodioxolyl; wherein R<sup>4</sup> is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy,

benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and hydroxy; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, fluorophenylethyl, fluorophenylethenyl,

- fluorophenylpyrazolyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, acetyl, hydroxy, carboxy, methoxy, methylamino, dimethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino, ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxyethylamino, imidazolylamino,
- morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino, piperidinylamino, pyridinylmethylamino, phenylmethylpiperidinylamino, aminomethyl, cyclopropylamino, amino, hydroxy, methylcarbonyl, ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino,
- phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminocarbonyl, methylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, and 1-methylhydrazinyl, or NR<sup>62</sup>R<sup>63</sup> wherein R<sup>62</sup> is methylcarbonyl or amino, and R<sup>63</sup> is methyl or benzyl; or
- a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

A preferred class of compounds consists of those compounds of Formula IX wherein

Z represents a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom; and R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkynyl, lower aminoalkyl and lower alkylaminoalkyl; and

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, aryl
selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl, 5- or 6membered heterocyclyl selected from piperidinyl,
piperazinyl, imidazolyl, pyridinyl and morpholinyl, lower
haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl,
lower alkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkyl, phenylamino,

lower aralkyl, lower aralkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower aminoalkyl, lower

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aminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylalkyl, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylheterocyclyl, lower carboxycycloalkyl, lower carboxyalkylamino, lower alkoxyalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, lower heterocyclylcarbonyl, lower

alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, and lower alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl; wherein the aryl and heteroaryl groups are optionally substituted with one or

more radicals independently selected from halo, lower alkyl, keto, aralkyl, carboxy, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl and lower alkoxycarbonyl; or

15  $R^2$  is  $-CR^{54}R^{55}$  wherein  $R^{54}$  is phenyl and  $R^{55}$  is hydroxy; and

R<sup>4</sup> is phenyl that is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, aryloxy, lower aralkoxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkylthio, lower alkylamino, nitro, hydroxy; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from halo, amino, cyano, aminocarbonyl, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, hydroxy, lower aminoalkyl, lower aralkyl, lower aralkyloxy, lower aralkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower aralkenyl, lower arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, lower cycloalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylamino, lower alkoxyaralkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower aralkylheterocyclylamino, lower alkylaminocarbonyl, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower

lower alkylaminocarbonyl, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower alkoxyaralkylamino, hydrazinyl, and lower alkylhydrazinyl, or -NR<sup>62</sup>R<sup>63</sup> wherein R<sup>62</sup> is lower alkylcarbonyl or amino, and R<sup>63</sup> is lower alkyl or lower phenylalkyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer

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thereof.

A class of compounds of specific interest consists of those compounds of Formula IX wherein

5 R¹ is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, hydroxyethyl and propargyl;

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, phenyl, trifluoromethyl, hydroxyethyl, methoxycarbonylethyl, ethoxycarbonylethyl, N-methylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-

- ethylamino, N,N-diethylamino, N-propylamino, Nphenylamino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminoethylamino,
  aminopropylamino, propargylamino, benzylamino,
  dimethylaminopropylamino, morpholinylpropylamino,
  morpholinylethylamino, piperidinyl, piperazinyl,
- imidazolyl, morpholinyl, pyridinyl, carboxymethylamino,
  methoxyethylamino, (1,1-dimethyl)ethylcarbonyl, (1,1dimethyl)ethylcarbonylaminopropylamino, (1,1dimethyl)ethylcarbonylaminoethylamino,
  piperazinylcarbonyl, 1,1-dimethyl-
- ethylpiperazinylcarbonyl; wherein the phenyl,
  piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, morpholinyl, and
  pyridinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or
  more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro,
  bromo, keto, methyl, ethyl, trifluoromethyl, benzyl,
- 25 methoxy, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl and (1,1dimethyl)ethoxycarbonyl;

R<sup>4</sup> is phenyl that is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy,

30 phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and hydroxy; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, fluorophenylethyl, fluorophenylethenyl, fluorophenylpyrazolyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl,

aminocarbonyl, acetyl, hydroxy, carboxy, methoxy, methylamino, dimethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino,

ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxyethylamino, imidazolylamino, morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino, piperidinylamino, pyridinylmethylamino,

- phenylmethylpiperidinylamino, aminomethyl, cyclopropylamino, amino, hydroxy, methylcarbonyl, ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino, phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminocarbonyl,
- 10 methylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, and 1-methylhydrazinyl, or  $NR^{62}R^{63}$  wherein  $R^{62}$  is methylcarbonyl or amino, and  $R^{63}$  is methyl or benzyl; or
  - a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

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Another class of compounds of specific interest consists of those compounds of Formula IX wherein Z represents a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom;

and

R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl and lower alkynyl; and

 ${\ensuremath{\mbox{R}}}^2$  is selected from hydrido and lower alkyl; and

 $\mathbb{R}^4$  is selected from phenyl and benzodioxolyl; wherein phenyl is optionally substituted with one or more halo radicals; and

 ${\tt R}^{\tt S}$  is selected from hydrido, halo and alkylhydrazinyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

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Still another class of compounds of specific interest consists of those compounds of Formula IX wherein;

Z represents a carbon atom; and

R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydrido, methyl, hydroxyethyl, propargyl; and

R<sup>2</sup> is hydrido; and

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from phenyl and benzodioxolyl; wherein phenyl is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from chloro, fluoro and bromo; and

 $\mathbb{R}^5$  is selected from hydrido, fluoro, and 1-methylhydrazinyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

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A preferred class of compounds of specific interest consists of those compounds of Formula IX wherein

Z represents a carbon atom; and

R1 is selected from hydrido and methyl; and

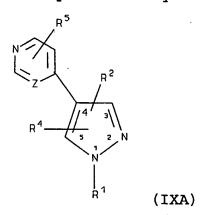
R<sup>2</sup> is hydrido; and

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from phenyl that is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from chloro, fluoro and bromo; and

R<sup>5</sup>is selected from hydrido and fluoro; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

Within Formula IA there is another subclass of compounds of interest represented by Formula IXA:



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wherein

Z represents a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom; and R¹ is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkynyl, lower aralkyl, lower aminoalkyl and lower alkylaminoalkyl; and

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, lower alkylamino, lower alkynylamino, arylamino, lower aralkylamino, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower aminoalkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower hydroxyalkylamino, lower carboxyalkylamino, and lower alkoxyalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, wherein the aryl group is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, keto, lower alkyl, aralkyl, carboxy, lower alkoxy, lower

alkylaminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl and lower alkoxycarbonyl; or

 $\mbox{R}^2$  is  $\mbox{R}^{200}\mbox{-heterocyclyl-R}^{201}$  or  $\mbox{R}^{200}\mbox{-cycloalkyl-R}^{201}$  wherein:

20 R<sup>200</sup> is selected from:
- (CR<sup>202</sup>R<sup>203</sup>)<sub>y</sub>-;
-NR<sup>202</sup>-;
-NR<sup>202</sup>- (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>y</sub>-;
- (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>y</sub>-NR<sup>202</sup>-;
25 -O- (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>y</sub>-;
- (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>y</sub>-o-;
-s-;
-o-;
or R<sup>200</sup> represents a bond;

R<sup>201</sup> represents one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of hydrido, halogen, hydroxy, carboxy, keto, lower alkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower haloalkyl, lower cycloalkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, lower aralkyl, lower heterocyclylalkylene, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower

hydroxyalkylcarbonyl, lower cycloalkylcarbonyl,

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arylcarbonyl, haloarylcarbonyl, lower alkoxy, lower alkoxyalkylene, lower alkoxyarylene, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower carboxyalkylcarbonyl, lower alkoxyalkylcarbonyl, lower heterocyclylalkylcarbonyl, lower alkylsulfonyl, lower alkylsulfonylalkylene, amino, lower aminoalkyl, lower alkylamino, lower aralkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkylene, aminocarbonyl, lower alkylcarbonylamino, lower alkylcarbonylamino, lower alkylcarbonylaminoalkylene,

alkylaminoalkylcarbonylamino, lower aminoalkylcarbonylaminoalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonylamino, lower alkoxyalkylcarbonylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylene, lower alkylimidocarbonyl, amidino, lower alkylamidino, lower aralkylamidino,

guanidino, lower guanidinoalkylene, and lower alkylsulfonylamino; and

lower alkylaminoalkylcarbonyl, lower

 ${\mbox{R}}^{202}$  and  ${\mbox{R}}^{203}$  are independently selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, aryl and lower aralkyl; and

y is 0, 1, 2 or 3; and

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl, naphthyl, wherein said aryl is optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, aryloxy, lower aralkoxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkylthio, lower alkylamino, nitro, and hydroxy; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrido, halo, amino, cyano, aminocarbonyl, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, hydroxy, lower aminoalkyl, lower aralkyl, lower aralkyloxy, lower aralkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino, lower hydroxyalkylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower aralkenyl, lower arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, lower cycloalkylamino, lower hydroxycycloalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylamino, lower alkoxyaralkylamino, lower alkylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower aralkylheterocyclylamino,

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lower alkylaminocarbonyl, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower alkoxyaralkylamino, hydrazinyl, and lower alkylhydrazinyl, or  $-NR^{62}R^{63}$  wherein  $R^{62}$  is lower alkylcarbonyl or amino, and  $R^{63}$  is lower alkyl or lower phenylalkyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

When the substituent at the 4-position of the pyrazole ring is a substituted pyridinyl, at least one of the substituents preferably is attached to a ring carbon atom adjacent the nitrogen heteroatom of the pyridine ring. When the substituent at the 4-position of the pyrazole ring is a substituted pyrimidinyl, at least one of the substituents preferably is attached to the carbon ring atom between the nitrogen heteroatoms of the pyrimidine ring. When R<sup>2</sup> comprises a substituted piperidinyl or piperazinyl moiety, at least one of the substituents preferably is attached to the distal nitrogen heteroatom or to a carbon ring atom adjacent to the distal nitrogen heteroatom of the piperidine or piperazine ring.

A subclass of compounds of specific interest consists of those compounds of Formula IXA wherein:

R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, hydroxyethyl and propargyl; and

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, N-methylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-ethylamino, N,N-diethylamino, N-propylamino, N,N-dipropylamino, N-butylamino, N-propargylamino, N-phenylamino, N-benzylamino, aminoethylamino, aminopropylamino, aminobutylamino, methylaminoethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, ethylaminoethylamino, diethylaminoethylamino, methylaminopropylamino, diethylaminopropylamino, ethylaminopropylamino, diethylaminopropylamino, morpholinylmethylamino, morpholinylethylamino, morpholinylethylamino,

morpholinylpropylamino, piperidinylmethylamino, piperidinylethylamino, piperidinylpropylamino, piperazinylmethylamino, piperazinylethylamino, piperazinylpropylamino, carboxymethylamino, carboxyethylamino, methoxyethylamino, ethoxyethylamino, 5 ethoxymethylamino, (1,1dimethyl) ethylcarbonylaminopropylamino, and (1,1dimethyl)ethylcarbonylaminoethylamino, wherein the phenyl, morpholinyl, piperidinyl, and piperazinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals 10 independently selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, keto, methyl, ethyl, trifluoromethyl, benzyl, methoxy, ethyoxy, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl and (1,1dimethyl) ethoxycarbonyl; and 15  $R^2$  is  $R^{200}$ -piperidinyl- $R^{201}$ ,  $R^{200}$ -piperazinyl- $R^{201}$ , or R<sup>200</sup>-cyclohexyl-R<sup>201</sup> wherein: R<sup>200</sup> is selected from: - (CR<sup>202</sup>R<sup>203</sup>),-;  $-NR^{202}-:$ 20 -S-; -0-; or R<sup>200</sup> represents a bond;  ${\bf R}^{{\bf 201}}$  represents one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of hydrido, chloro, fluoro, bromo, 25 iodo, hydroxy, carboxy, keto, methyl, ethyl, propyl, butyl, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, hydroxybutyl, (1-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl)ethyl, chloromethyl, chloroethyl, chloropropyl, chlorobutyl, fluoromethyl, fluoroethyl, fluoropropyl, fluorobutyl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, 30 ethenyl, propenyl, butenyl, ethynyl, propynyl, propargyl, butynyl, phenyl, benzyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, morpholinyl, piperidinylmethylene, piperazinylmethylene, morpholinylmethylene, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, butoxy, 35 methoxymethylene, methoxyethylene, methoxypropylene, ethoxyethylene, ethoxypropylene, propoxyethylene,

propoxypropylene, methoxyphenylene, ethoxyphenylene, propoxyphenylene, methylcarbonyl, ethylcarbonyl, propylcarbonyl, cyclopropylcarbonyl, cyclobutylcarbonyl, cyclopentylcarbonyl, cyclohexylcarbonyl, benzoyl, chlorobenzoyl, fluorobenzoyl, hydroxymethylcarbonyl, 5 hydroxyethylcarbonyl, hydroxypropylcarbonyl, carboxymethylcarbonyl, carboxyethylcarbonyl, carboxypropylcarbonyl, methoxymethylcarbonyl, methoxyethylcarbonyl, methoxypropylcarbonyl, ethoxymethylcarbonyl, ethoxyethylcarbonyl, 10 ethoxypropylcarbonyl, propoxymethylcarbonyl, propoxyethylcarbonyl, propoxypropylcarbonyl, methoxyphenylcarbonyl, ethoxyphenylcarbonyl, propoxyphenylcarbonyl, piperidinylmethylcarbonyl, piperazinylmethylcarbonyl, morpholinylcarbonyl, 15 methylsulfonyl, ethylsulfonyl, methylsulfonylmethylene, amino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminopropyl, Nmethylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-ethylamino, N,Ndiethylamino, N-propylamino, N,N-dipropylamino, phenylamino, benzylamino, methylaminomethylene, 20 ethylaminomethylene, methylaminoethylene, ethylaminoethylene, aminocarbonyl, methylcarbonylamino, ethylcarbonylamino, methylaminomethylcarbonyl, ethylaminomethylcarbonyl, methylcarbonylaminomethylene, ethylcarbonylaminomethylene, 25 aminomethylcarbonylaminocarbonylmethylene, methoxycarbonylamino, ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxymethylcarbonylamino, methoxyethylcarbonylamino, ethoxymethylcarbonylamino, ethoxyethylcarbonylamino, 30 methoxycarbonylaminomethylene, ethoxycarbonylaminomethylene, methylimidocarbonyl, ethylimidocarbonyl, amidino, methylamidino, methylamidino, benzylamidino, guanidino, guanidinomethylene, guanidinoethylene, and 35 methylsulfonylamino; and  ${\ensuremath{R^{202}}}$  and  ${\ensuremath{R^{203}}}$  are independently selected from hydrido,

methyl, ethyl, propyl, butyl, phenyl and benzyl; and
 y is 0, 1 or 2; and

R<sup>4</sup> is phenyl, wherein said phenyl is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro, bromo, iodo, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and hydroxy; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrido, fluoro, chloro, bromo, iodo, hydroxy, methyl, ethyl, propyl, benzyl,

- fluorophenylethyl, fluorophenylethenyl,
  fluorophenylpyrazolyl, cyano, carboxy, methoxy,
  methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, acetyl, methylamino,
  dimethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino, ethylamino,
  dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxyethylamino,
- hydroxypropylamino, hydroxybutylamino, hydroxycyclopropylamino, hydroxycyclobutylamino, hydroxycyclopentylamino, hydroxycyclohexylamino, imidazolylamino, morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2hydroxy)ethylamino, piperidinylamino,
- pyridinylmethylamino, phenylmethylpiperidinylamino, aminomethyl, cyclopropylamino, amino, hydroxy, ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino, phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminoethylamino,
- dimethylaminoethylamino, methylaminopropylamino, dimethylaminopropylamino, methylaminobutylamino, dimethylaminobutylamino, methylaminopentylamino, dimethylaminopentylamino, ethylaminoethylamino, diethylaminoethylamino, ethylaminopropylamino,
- diethylaminopropylamino, ethylaminobutylamino, diethylaminobutylamino, ethylaminopentylamino, methylaminocarbonyl, methylcarbonyl, ethylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, and 1-methylhydrazinyl, or -NR<sup>62</sup>R<sup>63</sup> wherein R<sup>62</sup> is methylcarbonyl or amino, and R<sup>63</sup> is methyl or benzyl; or
  - a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer

thereof.

Within Formula IXA there is another subclass of compounds of interest represented by Formula XA:

wherein:

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 $\mathbb{R}^1$  is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, hydroxyethyl and propargyl; and

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, N-methylamino, N,Ndimethylamino, N-ethylamino, N,N-diethylamino, N-10 propylamino, N,N-dipropylamino, N-butylamino, Npropargylamino, N-phenylamino, N-benzylamino, aminoethylamino, aminopropylamino, aminobutylamino, methylaminoethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, 15 ethylaminoethylamino, diethylaminoethylamino, methylaminopropylamino, dimethylaminopropylamino, ethylaminopropylamino, diethylaminopropylamino, morpholinylmethylamino, morpholinylethylamino, morpholinylpropylamino, piperidinylmethylamino, 20 piperidinylethylamino, piperidinylpropylamino, piperazinylmethylamino, piperazinylethylamino, and piperazinylpropylamino, wherein the phenyl, morpholinyl, piperidinyl, and piperazinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently 25 selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, keto, methyl, ethyl,

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trifluoromethyl, benzyl, and methoxy; and

R<sup>4</sup> is phenyl, wherein said phenyl is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, methyl, ethyl, methoxy and ethoxy; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrido, fluoro, chloro, bromo, hydroxy, methyl, ethyl, propyl, benzyl, cyano, carboxy, methoxy, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, acetyl, methylamino, dimethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino,

- ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxyethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxybutylamino, hydroxycyclobutylamino, hydroxycyclopentylamino, hydroxycyclohexylamino, imidazolylamino, morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2-
- hydroxy) ethylamino, piperidinylamino,
  pyridinylmethylamino, phenylmethylpiperidinylamino,
  aminomethyl, cyclopropylamino, amino, hydroxy,
  ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino,
  phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino,
- fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminoethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, methylaminopropylamino, dimethylaminopropylamino, methylaminobutylamino, dimethylaminobutylamino, methylaminopentylamino, dimethylaminopentylamino, ethylaminoethylamino,
- diethylaminoethylamino, ethylaminopropylamino, diethylaminopropylamino, ethylaminobutylamino, diethylaminobutylamino, ethylaminopentylamino, methylaminocarbonyl, methylcarbonyl, and ethylcarbonyl; or
- a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

A subclass of compounds of particular interest consists of those compounds of Formula XA wherein:

R¹ is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, hydroxyethyl and propargyl; and

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, methylaminopropylamino,

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dimethylaminopropylamino, ethylaminopropylamino, diethylaminopropylamino, morpholinylmethylamino, morpholinylethylamino, morpholinylpropylamino, wherein the phenyl and morpholinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, and methoxy; and

R<sup>4</sup> is phenyl, wherein said phenyl is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, methyl, ethyl, methoxy and ethoxy; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrido, fluoro, chloro, bromo, hydroxy, methyl, ethyl, cyano, carboxy, methoxy, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, acetyl, methylamino, dimethylamino, ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxyethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxybutylamino, hydroxycyclopropylamino, hydroxycyclobutylamino, hydroxycyclopentylamino, hydroxycyclohexylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino, aminomethyl, cyclopropylamino, amino, ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino, phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino,

methylaminoethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, methylaminopropylamino, dimethylaminopropylamino, methylaminobutylamino, dimethylaminobutylamino, methylaminopentylamino, dimethylaminopentylamino, ethylaminoethylamino, diethylaminoethylamino, ethylaminopropylamino, diethylaminopropylamino, ethylaminobutylamino, diethylaminobutylamino,

ethylaminopentylamino, methylaminocarbonyl, methylcarbonyl, and ethylcarbonyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

A subclass of compounds of specific interest consists of those compounds of Formula XA wherein:

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R<sup>1</sup> is hydrido; and

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, methylaminopropylamino, dimethylaminopropylamino, ethylaminopropylamino, diethylaminopropylamino, morpholinylmethylamino, morpholinylethylamino, and morpholinylpropylamino; and

R<sup>4</sup> is phenyl, wherein said phenyl is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, methyl, and methoxy; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrido, methylamino,
dimethylamino, ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino,
hydroxypropylamino, hydroxyethylamino,
hydroxypropylamino, hydroxybutylamino,
hydroxycyclopropylamino, hydroxycyclobutylamino,
hydroxycyclopentylamino, hydroxycyclohexylamino, (1-

ethyl-2-hydroxy) ethylamino, aminomethyl,
cyclopropylamino, amino, dimethylaminoethylamino,
dimethylaminopropylamino, dimethylaminobutylamino,
dimethylaminopentylamino, diethylaminoethylamino,
diethylaminopropylamino, diethylaminobutylamino, and
diethylaminopentylamino; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

A subclass of compounds of high interest consists of those compounds of Formula XA wherein:

R1 is selected hydrido; and

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, dimethylaminopropylamino, diethylaminopropylamino, morpholinylethylamino, and morpholinylpropylamino; and

R<sup>4</sup> is phenyl, wherein said phenyl is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, methyl, and methoxy; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrido, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxycyclohexylamino, diethylaminoethylamino; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

Within Formula IA there is another subclass of compounds of interest represented by Formula XA:

R1 is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, 5 hydroxyethyl and propargyl; and  $R^2$  is  $R^{200}$ -piperidinyl- $R^{201}$  wherein: R<sup>200</sup> is selected from:  $-(CR^{202}R^{203})_{v}-;$  $-NR^{202}-:$ 10 -S-; -0-; or R<sup>200</sup> represents a bond;  ${\bf R}^{{\bf 201}}$  represents one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of hydrido, chloro, fluoro, bromo, iodo, hydroxy, carboxy, keto, methyl, ethyl, propyl, 15 butyl, hydroxymethyl, hydroxypropyl, hydroxybutyl, (1-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl)ethyl, chloromethyl, chloroethyl, chloropropyl, chlorobutyl, fluoromethyl, fluoroethyl, fluoropropyl, fluorobutyl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, 20 ethenyl, propenyl, butenyl, ethynyl, propynyl, propargyl, butynyl, phenyl, benzyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl,

morpholinyl, piperidinylmethylene, piperazinylmethylene, morpholinylmethylene, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, butoxy,

methoxymethylene, methoxyethylene, methoxypropylene,

ethoxyethylene, ethoxypropylene, propoxyethylene, propoxypropylene, methoxyphenylene, ethoxyphenylene, propoxyphenylene, methylcarbonyl, ethylcarbonyl, propylcarbonyl, cyclopropylcarbonyl, cyclobutylcarbonyl, cyclopentylcarbonyl, cyclohexylcarbonyl, benzoyl, chlorobenzoyl, fluorobenzoyl, hydroxymethylcarbonyl, hydroxyethylcarbonyl, hydroxypropylcarbonyl, carboxymethylcarbonyl, carboxyethylcarbonyl, carboxypropylcarbonyl, methoxymethylcarbonyl, methoxyethylcarbonyl, methoxypropylcarbonyl, 10 ethoxymethylcarbonyl, ethoxyethylcarbonyl, ethoxypropylcarbonyl, propoxymethylcarbonyl, propoxyethylcarbonyl, propoxypropylcarbonyl, methoxyphenylcarbonyl, ethoxyphenylcarbonyl, propoxyphenylcarbonyl, piperidinylmethylcarbonyl, 15 piperazinylmethylcarbonyl, morpholinylcarbonyl, methylsulfonyl, ethylsulfonyl, methylsulfonylmethylene, amino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminopropyl, Nmethylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-ethylamino, N,N-20 diethylamino, N-propylamino, N,N-dipropylamino, phenylamino, benzylamino, methylaminomethylene, ethylaminomethylene, methylaminoethylene, ethylaminoethylene, aminocarbonyl, methylcarbonylamino, ethylcarbonylamino, methylaminomethylcarbonyl, ethylaminomethylcarbonyl, methylcarbonylaminomethylene, 25 ethylcarbonylaminomethylene, aminomethylcarbonylaminocarbonylmethylene, methoxycarbonylamino, ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxymethylcarbonylamino, methoxyethylcarbonylamino, ethoxymethylcarbonylamino, ethoxyethylcarbonylamino, 30 methoxycarbonylaminomethylene, ethoxycarbonylaminomethylene, methylimidocarbonyl, ethylimidocarbonyl, amidino, methylamidino, methylamidino, benzylamidino, guanidino, 35 guanidinomethylene, guanidinoethylene, and methylsulfonylamino; and

 ${\bf R}^{202}$  and  ${\bf R}^{203}$  are independently selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propyl, butyl, phenyl and benzyl; and

y is 0, 1 or 2; and

R<sup>4</sup> is phenyl, wherein said phenyl is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, methyl, ethyl, methoxy and ethoxy; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrido, fluoro, chloro, bromo, hydroxy, methyl, ethyl, propyl, benzyl, cyano, carboxy, methoxy, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, acetyl, methylamino, dimethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino, ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxyethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxybutylamino,

hydroxycyclopropylamino, hydroxycyclobutylamino, hydroxycyclopentylamino, hydroxycyclohexylamino, imidazolylamino, morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2hydroxy)ethylamino, piperidinylamino, pyridinylmethylamino, phenylmethylpiperidinylamino,

aminomethyl, cyclopropylamino, amino, hydroxy, ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino, phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminoethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, methylaminopropylamino,

dimethylaminopropylamino, methylaminobutylamino, dimethylaminobutylamino, methylaminopentylamino, dimethylaminopentylamino, ethylaminoethylamino, diethylaminoethylamino, ethylaminopropylamino, diethylaminopropylamino, ethylaminobutylamino,

diethylaminobutylamino, ethylaminopentylamino, methylaminocarbonyl, methylcarbonyl, and ethylcarbonyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

35

A subclass of compounds of particular interest

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consists of those compounds of Formula XA wherein:
          R1 is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl,
     hydroxyethyl and propargyl; and
          R^2 is R^{200}-piperidinyl-R^{201} wherein:
          R<sup>200</sup> is selected from:
 5
          methylene;
          -NR^{202}-:
          -S-;
          -0-;
10
          or R<sup>200</sup> represents a bond:
          R^{201} represents one or more radicals selected from
     the group consisting of hydrido, chloro, fluoro, hydroxy,
     carboxy, keto, methyl, ethyl, propyl, hydroxymethyl,
     hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, (1-hydroxy-1,1-
     dimethyl) ethyl, chloromethyl, chloroethyl, chloropropyl,
15
     fluoromethyl, fluororoethyl, fluoropropyl, phenyl,
     benzyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, morpholinyl,
     piperidinylmethylene, piperazinylmethylene,
     morpholinylmethylene, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy,
     methoxymethyl, methoxyethyl, methoxypropyl, ethoxyethyl,
20
     ethoxypropyl, propoxyethyl, propoxypropyl, methoxyphenyl,
     ethoxyphenyl, propoxyphenyl, methylcarbonyl,
     ethylcarbonyl, propylcarbonyl, hydroxymethylcarbonyl,
     hydroxyethylcarbonyl, carboxymethylcarbonyl,
25
     carboxyethylcarbonyl, methoxymethylcarbonyl,
     methoxyethylcarbonyl, methoxypropylcarbonyl,
     ethoxymethylcarbonyl, ethoxyethylcarbonyl,
     ethoxypropylcarbonyl, propoxymethylcarbonyl,
     propoxyethylcarbonyl, propoxypropylcarbonyl,
30
     methoxyphenylcarbonyl, ethoxyphenylcarbonyl,
     propoxyphenylcarbonyl, methylsulfonyl, ethylsulfonyl,
     methylsulfonylmethylene, amino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl,
     aminopropyl, N-methylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-
     ethylamino, N, N-diethylamino, N-propylamino, N, N-
35
     dipropylamino, N-benzylamino, methylaminomethylene,
     aminocarbonyl, methoxycarbonylamino, ethoxycarbonylamino,
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or methylsulfonylamino; and

 $R^{202}$  is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, phenyl and benzyl; and

R<sup>4</sup> is phenyl, wherein said phenyl is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, methyl, ethyl, methoxy and ethoxy; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrido, fluoro, chloro, bromo, hydroxy, methyl, ethyl, cyano, carboxy, methoxy, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, acetyl, methylamino, dimethylamino, ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxyethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxybutylamino, hydroxycyclopropylamino, hydroxycyclobutylamino, hydroxycyclopentylamino, hydroxycyclohexylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino, aminomethyl, cyclopropylamino, amino, ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino, phenylmethylamino,

fluorophenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminoethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, methylaminopropylamino, dimethylaminopropylamino, methylaminobutylamino, dimethylaminobutylamino, methylaminopentylamino, dimethylaminopentylamino, ethylaminoethylamino, diethylaminoethylamino,

ethylaminopropylamino, diethylaminopropylamino, ethylaminobutylamino, diethylaminobutylamino, ethylaminopentylamino, methylaminocarbonyl, methylcarbonyl, and ethylcarbonyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

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A subclass of compounds of specific interest consists of those compounds of Formula XA wherein:

R<sup>1</sup> is hydrido; and
R<sup>2</sup> is R<sup>200</sup>-piperidinyl-R<sup>201</sup> wherein:
R<sup>200</sup> is selected from:
methylene;

```
-NR^{202}-:
          -S-;
          -0-;
          or R<sup>200</sup> represents a bond;
          {\bf R}^{{\bf 201}} represents one or more radicals selected from
 5
     the group consisting of hydrido, hydroxy, methyl, ethyl,
     propyl, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl,
     methoxymethyl, methoxyethyl, methoxypropyl, ethoxyethyl,
     ethoxypropyl, propoxyethyl, propoxypropyl, methoxyphenyl,
     ethoxyphenyl, propoxyphenyl, methylcarbonyl,
10
     ethylcarbonyl, propylcarbonyl, hydroxymethylcarbonyl,
     hydroxyethylcarbonyl, carboxymethylcarbonyl,
     carboxyethylcarbonyl, methoxymethylcarbonyl,
     methoxyethylcarbonyl, ethoxymethylcarbonyl,
     ethoxyethylcarbonyl, methoxyphenylcarbonyl,
15
     ethoxyphenylcarbonyl, methylsulfonyl, ethylsulfonyl,
     amino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminopropyl, N-
     methylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-ethylamino, N,N-
     diethylamino, N-propylamino, N,N-dipropylamino, N-
     benzylamino, methylaminomethylene, aminocarbonyl,
20
     methoxycarbonylamino, and ethoxycarbonylamino; and
          R^{202} is selected from hydrido, methyl phenyl and
     benzyl; and
          R4 is phenyl, wherein said phenyl is optionally
     substituted with one or more radicals independently
25
     selected from fluoro, chloro, methyl, and methoxy; and
          R⁵ is selected from hydrido, methylamino,
     dimethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino, ethylamino,
     dimethylamino, hydroxypropylamino,
     hydroxyethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxybutylamino,
30
     hydroxycyclopropylamino, hydroxycyclobutylamino,
     hydroxycyclopentylamino, hydroxycyclohexylamino, (1-
     ethyl-2-hydroxy) ethylamino, aminomethyl,
     cyclopropylamino, amino, dimethylaminoethylamino,
35
     dimethylaminopropylamino, dimethylaminobutylamino,
     dimethylaminopentylamino, diethylaminoethylamino,
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diethylaminopropylamino, diethylaminobutylamino, and diethylaminopentylamino; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

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A subclass of compounds of high interest consists of those compounds of Formula XA wherein:

R<sup>1</sup> is hydrido; and

 $R^2$  is  $R^{200}$ -piperidinyl- $R^{201}$  wherein:

10 R<sup>200</sup> is selected from:

methylene;

 $-NR^{202}-$ ;

-S-;

-0-;

or R<sup>200</sup> represents a bond;

R<sup>201</sup> represents one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of hydrido, methyl, methoxyethyl, methylcarbonyl, hydroxymethylcarbonyl,

methoxymethylcarbonyl, methylsulfonyl, amino, N,N-dimethylamino, and N,N-diethylamino; and

R<sup>202</sup> is selected from hydrido and methyl; and R<sup>4</sup> is phenyl, wherein said phenyl is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, methyl, and methoxy; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrido, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxycyclohexylamino, diethylaminoethylamino; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

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Within Formula IXA there is another subclass of compounds of interest represented by Formula XA:

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^5 \\
R^7 \\
R^2 \\
R^1 \\
R^3 \\
R^4 \\
R^5 \\
R^7 \\
R^8 \\
R^$$

R1 is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, hydroxyethyl and propargyl; and R<sup>2</sup> is R<sup>200</sup>-piperazinyl-R<sup>201</sup> wherein: 5 R<sup>200</sup> is selected from:  $-(CR^{202}R^{203})_{v}-;$  $-NR^{202}-;$ -S-; -0-; 10 or R<sup>200</sup> represents a bond;  ${\bf R}^{{\bf 201}}$  represents one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of hydrido, chloro, fluoro, bromo, iodo, hydroxy, carboxy, keto, methyl, ethyl, propyl, butyl, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, 15 hydroxybutyl, (1-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl)ethyl, chloromethyl, chloroethyl, chloropropyl, chlorobutyl, fluoromethyl, fluoroethyl, fluoropropyl, fluorobutyl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, ethenyl, propenyl, butenyl, ethynyl, propynyl, propargyl, 20 butynyl, phenyl, benzyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, morpholinyl, piperidinylmethylene, piperazinylmethylene, morpholinylmethylene, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, butoxy, methoxymethylene, methoxyethylene, methoxypropylene, ethoxyethylene, ethoxypropylene, propoxyethylene, 25 propoxypropylene, methoxyphenylene, ethoxyphenylene,

propoxyphenylene, methylcarbonyl, ethylcarbonyl, propylcarbonyl, cyclopropylcarbonyl, cyclobutylcarbonyl, cyclopentylcarbonyl, cyclohexylcarbonyl, benzoyl, chlorobenzoyl, fluorobenzoyl, hydroxymethylcarbonyl,

- hydroxyethylcarbonyl, hydroxypropylcarbonyl, carboxymethylcarbonyl, carboxyethylcarbonyl, carboxypropylcarbonyl, methoxymethylcarbonyl, methoxyethylcarbonyl, ethoxymethylcarbonyl, ethoxymethylcarbonyl,
- 10 ethoxypropylcarbonyl, propoxymethylcarbonyl,
   propoxyethylcarbonyl, propoxypropylcarbonyl,
   methoxyphenylcarbonyl, ethoxyphenylcarbonyl,
   propoxyphenylcarbonyl, piperidinylmethylcarbonyl,
   piperazinylmethylcarbonyl, morpholinylcarbonyl,
- methylsulfonyl, ethylsulfonyl, methylsulfonylmethylene, amino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminopropyl, Nmethylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-ethylamino, N,Ndiethylamino, N-propylamino, N,N-dipropylamino, phenylamino, benzylamino, methylaminomethylene,
- ethylaminomethylene, methylaminoethylene, ethylaminoethylene, aminocarbonyl, methylcarbonylamino, ethylcarbonylamino, methylaminomethylcarbonyl, ethylaminomethylcarbonyl, methylcarbonylaminomethylene, ethylcarbonylaminomethylene,
- aminomethylcarbonylaminocarbonylmethylene,
  methoxycarbonylamino, ethoxycarbonylamino,
  methoxymethylcarbonylamino, methoxyethylcarbonylamino,
  ethoxymethylcarbonylamino, ethoxyethylcarbonylamino,
  methoxycarbonylaminomethylene,
- ethoxycarbonylaminomethylene, methylimidocarbonyl, ethylimidocarbonyl, amidino, methylamidino, methylamidino, benzylamidino, guanidino, guanidinomethylene, guanidinoethylene, and methylsulfonylamino; and
- R<sup>202</sup> and R<sup>203</sup> are independently selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propyl, butyl, phenyl and benzyl; and

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## y is 0, 1 or 2; and

R<sup>4</sup> is phenyl, wherein said phenyl is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, methyl, ethyl, methoxy and ethoxy; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrido, fluoro, chloro, bromo, hydroxy, methyl, ethyl, propyl, benzyl, cyano, carboxy, methoxy, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, acetyl, methylamino, dimethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino, ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxyethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxybutylamino, hydroxycyclopropylamino, hydroxycyclobutylamino, hydroxycyclopentylamino, hydroxycyclohexylamino, imidazolylamino, morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino, piperidinylamino, pyridinylmethylamino, phenylmethylpiperidinylamino,

hydroxy) ethylamino, piperidinylamino,
pyridinylmethylamino, phenylmethylpiperidinylamino
aminomethyl, cyclopropylamino, amino, hydroxy,
ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino,
phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino,

fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminoethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, methylaminopropylamino, dimethylaminopropylamino, methylaminobutylamino, dimethylaminobutylamino, methylaminopentylamino, dimethylaminopentylamino, ethylaminoethylamino,

diethylaminoethylamino, ethylaminopropylamino, diethylaminopropylamino, ethylaminobutylamino, diethylaminobutylamino, ethylaminopentylamino, methylaminocarbonyl, methylcarbonyl, and ethylcarbonyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

A subclass of compounds of particular interest consists of those compounds of Formula XA wherein:

R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, hydroxyethyl and propargyl; and

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R^2 is R^{200}-piperazinyl-R^{201} wherein:
          R<sup>200</sup> is selected from:
          -(CR^{202}R^{203})_{v}-;
          -NR^{202}-;
5
          -S-;
          -0-:
          or R<sup>200</sup> represents a bond;
          R<sup>201</sup> represents one or more radicals selected from
     the group consisting of hydrido, chloro, fluoro, bromo,
     hydroxy, carboxy, keto, methyl, ethyl, propyl,
10
     hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, (1-hydroxy-
     1,1-dimethyl)ethyl, chloromethyl, chloroethyl,
     chloropropyl, fluoromethyl, fluoroethyl, fluoropropyl,
     cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl,
     ethenyl, propenyl, butenyl, ethynyl, propynyl, propargyl,
15
     phenyl, benzyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, morpholinyl,
     piperidinylmethylene, piperazinylmethylene,
     morpholinylmethylene, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy,
     methoxymethylene, methoxyethylene, ethoxyethylene,
     methoxyphenylene, ethoxyphenylene, methylcarbonyl,
20
     ethylcarbonyl, propylcarbonyl, cyclopropylcarbonyl,
     cyclobutylcarbonyl, cyclopentylcarbonyl,
     cyclohexylcarbonyl, benzoyl, chlorobenzoyl,
     fluorobenzoyl, hydroxymethylcarbonyl,
     hydroxyethylcarbonyl, hydroxypropylcarbonyl,
25
     carboxymethylcarbonyl, carboxyethylcarbonyl,
     carboxypropylcarbonyl, methoxymethylcarbonyl,
     methoxyethylcarbonyl, methoxypropylcarbonyl,
     ethoxymethylcarbonyl, ethoxyethylcarbonyl,
     ethoxypropylcarbonyl, propoxymethylcarbonyl,
30
     propoxyethylcarbonyl, propoxypropylcarbonyl,
     methoxyphenylcarbonyl, ethoxyphenylcarbonyl,
     propoxyphenylcarbonyl, piperidinylmethylcarbonyl,
     piperazinylmethylcarbonyl, morpholinylcarbonyl,
     methylsulfonyl, ethylsulfonyl, methylsulfonylmethylene,
35
     amino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminopropyl, N-
```

methylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-ethylamino, N,Ndiethylamino, N-propylamino, N,N-dipropylamino, phenylamino, benzylamino, methylaminomethylene, ethylaminomethylene, methylaminoethylene, ethylaminoethylene, aminocarbonyl, methylcarbonylamino,

5 ethylcarbonylamino, methylaminomethylcarbonyl, ethylaminomethylcarbonyl, methylcarbonylaminomethylene, ethylcarbonylaminomethylene,

aminomethylcarbonylaminocarbonylmethylene,

methoxycarbonylamino, ethoxycarbonylamino, 10 methoxymethylcarbonylamino, methoxyethylcarbonylamino, ethoxymethylcarbonylamino, ethoxyethylcarbonylamino, methoxycarbonylaminomethylene,

ethoxycarbonylaminomethylene, and methylsulfonylamino;

15 and

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 ${\ensuremath{R^{202}}}$  and  ${\ensuremath{R^{203}}}$  are independently selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, phenyl and benzyl; and

y is 0, 1 or 2; and

R4 is phenyl, wherein said phenyl is optionally 20 substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, methyl, ethyl, methoxy and ethoxy; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrido, fluoro, chloro, bromo, hydroxy, methyl, ethyl, cyano, carboxy, methoxy, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, acetyl, methylamino, dimethylamino, ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxyethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxybutylamino, hydroxycyclopropylamino, hydroxycyclobutylamino, hydroxycyclopentylamino, hydroxycyclohexylamino, (1ethyl-2-hydroxy) ethylamino, aminomethyl,

cyclopropylamino, amino, ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino, phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminoethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino,

35 methylaminopropylamino, dimethylaminopropylamino, methylaminobutylamino, dimethylaminobutylamino,

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methylaminopentylamino, dimethylaminopentylamino, ethylaminoethylamino, diethylaminoethylamino, ethylaminopropylamino, diethylaminopropylamino, ethylaminobutylamino, diethylaminobutylamino, ethylaminopentylamino, methylaminocarbonyl, methylaminopentylamino, methylaminocarbonyl, or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

A subclass of compounds of specific interest

A subclass of compounds of specific interest consists of those compounds of Formula XA wherein:

R<sup>1</sup> is hydrido; and

R<sup>2</sup> is R<sup>200</sup>-piperazinyl-R<sup>201</sup> wherein:

R<sup>200</sup> is selected from:

15 methylene;

 $-NR^{202}-;$ 

-S-;

-0-;

or R<sup>200</sup> represents a bond;

R<sup>201</sup> represents one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propyl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, ethynyl, propynyl, propargyl, phenyl, benzyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, and morpholinyl; and

 $\mathbb{R}^{202}$  is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, phenyl and benzyl; and

y is 0, 1 or 2; and

R<sup>4</sup> is phenyl, wherein said phenyl is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, methyl, and methoxy; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrido, methylamino, dimethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino, ethylamino, dimethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxyethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxybutylamino, hydroxycyclopropylamino, hydroxycyclobutylamino, hydroxycyclopentylamino, hydroxycyclohexylamino, (1-

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ethyl-2-hydroxy) ethylamino, aminomethyl, cyclopropylamino, amino, dimethylaminoethylamino, dimethylaminopropylamino, dimethylaminobutylamino, dimethylaminopentylamino, diethylaminoethylamino, diethylaminopropylamino, diethylaminobutylamino, and diethylaminopentylamino; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

10 A subclass of compounds of high interest consists of those compounds of Formula XA wherein:

R<sup>1</sup> is hydrido; and

 $R^2$  is  $R^{200}$ -piperazinyl- $R^{201}$  wherein:

R<sup>200</sup> is selected from:

15 methylene;

5

25

 $-NR^{202}-;$ 

-S-;

-0-;

or R<sup>200</sup> represents a bond;

20 R<sup>201</sup> represents one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of hydrido, methyl, cyclopropyl, propargyl, and benzyl; and

R<sup>202</sup> is selected from hydrido and methyl; and
R<sup>4</sup> is phenyl, wherein said phenyl is optionally
substituted with one or more radicals independently
selected from fluoro, chloro, methyl, and methoxy; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrido, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxycyclohexylamino, and diethylaminoethylamino; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer 30 thereof.

Within Formula IA there is another subclass of compounds of interest represented by Formula XA:

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^5 \\
R^4 \\
R^2 \\
R^1 \\
(XA)
\end{array}$$

R1 is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, hydroxyethyl and propargyl; and  $R^2$  is  $R^{200}$ -cyclohexyl- $R^{201}$  wherein: 5 R<sup>200</sup> is selected from:  $-(CR^{202}R^{203})_{v}-;$  $-NR^{202}-;$ -S-; -0-; 10 or R<sup>200</sup> represents a bond:  ${\bf R}^{{\bf 201}}$  represents one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of hydrido, chloro, fluoro, bromo, iodo, hydroxy, carboxy, keto, methyl, ethyl, propyl, butyl, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, 15 hydroxybutyl, (1-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl)ethyl, chloromethyl, chloroethyl, chloropropyl, chlorobutyl, fluoromethyl, fluoroethyl, fluoropropyl, fluorobutyl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, ethenyl, propenyl, butenyl, ethynyl, propynyl, propargyl, 20 butynyl, phenyl, benzyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, morpholinyl, piperidinylmethylene, piperazinylmethylene, morpholinylmethylene, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, butoxy, methoxymethylene, methoxyethylene, methoxypropylene, ethoxyethylene, ethoxypropylene, propoxyethylene, 25 propoxypropylene, methoxyphenylene, ethoxyphenylene,

propoxyphenylene, methylcarbonyl, ethylcarbonyl, propylcarbonyl, cyclopropylcarbonyl, cyclobutylcarbonyl, cyclopentylcarbonyl, cyclohexylcarbonyl, benzoyl, chlorobenzoyl, fluorobenzoyl, hydroxymethylcarbonyl,

- 5 hydroxyethylcarbonyl, hydroxypropylcarbonyl, carboxymethylcarbonyl, carboxyethylcarbonyl, carboxypropylcarbonyl, methoxymethylcarbonyl, methoxyethylcarbonyl, methoxypropylcarbonyl, ethoxymethylcarbonyl, ethoxyethylcarbonyl,
- 10 ethoxypropylcarbonyl, propoxymethylcarbonyl, propoxyethylcarbonyl, propoxypropylcarbonyl, methoxyphenylcarbonyl, ethoxyphenylcarbonyl, propoxyphenylcarbonyl, piperidinylmethylcarbonyl, piperazinylmethylcarbonyl, morpholinylcarbonyl,
- methylsulfonyl, ethylsulfonyl, methylsulfonylmethylene, 15 amino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminopropyl, Nmethylamino, N, N-dimethylamino, N-ethylamino, N, Ndiethylamino, N-propylamino, N,N-dipropylamino, phenylamino, benzylamino, methylaminomethylene,
- 20 ethylaminomethylene, methylaminoethylene, ethylaminoethylene, aminocarbonyl, methylcarbonylamino, ethylcarbonylamino, methylaminomethylcarbonyl, ethylaminomethylcarbonyl, methylcarbonylaminomethylene, ethylcarbonylaminomethylene,
- 25 aminomethylcarbonylaminocarbonylmethylene, methoxycarbonylamino, ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxymethylcarbonylamino, methoxyethylcarbonylamino, ethoxymethylcarbonylamino, ethoxyethylcarbonylamino, methoxycarbonylaminomethylene,
- 30 ethoxycarbonylaminomethylene, methylimidocarbonyl, ethylimidocarbonyl, amidino, methylamidino, methylamidino, benzylamidino, quanidino, guanidinomethylene, guanidinoethylene, and methylsulfonylamino; and
- 35  $R^{202}$  and  $R^{203}$  are independently selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propyl, butyl, phenyl and benzyl; and

y is 0, 1 or 2; and

R<sup>4</sup> is phenyl, wherein said phenyl is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, methyl, ethyl, methoxy and ethoxy; and

5 R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrido, fluoro, chloro, bromo, hydroxy, methyl, ethyl, propyl, benzyl, cyano, carboxy, methoxy, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, acetyl, methylamino, dimethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino, ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxyethylamino, 10 hydroxypropylamino, hydroxybutylamino, hydroxycyclopropylamino, hydroxycyclobutylamino, hydroxycyclopentylamino, hydroxycyclohexylamino, imidazolylamino, morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2-15 hydroxy) ethylamino, piperidinylamino, pyridinylmethylamino, phenylmethylpiperidinylamino, aminomethyl, cyclopropylamino, amino, hydroxy, ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino, phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino, 20 fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminoethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, methylaminopropylamino, dimethylaminopropylamino, methylaminobutylamino, dimethylaminobutylamino, methylaminopentylamino, dimethylaminopentylamino, ethylaminoethylamino, 25 diethylaminoethylamino, ethylaminopropylamino,

diethylaminoethylamino, ethylaminopropylamino, diethylaminopropylamino, ethylaminobutylamino, diethylaminobutylamino, ethylaminopentylamino, methylaminocarbonyl, methylcarbonyl, and ethylcarbonyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

A subclass of compounds of particular interest consists of those compounds of Formula XA wherein:

R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, hydroxyethyl and propargyl; and

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R<sup>2</sup> is R<sup>200</sup>-cvclohexvl-R<sup>201</sup> wherein:
          R<sup>200</sup> is selected from:
          -(CR^{202}R^{203})_{v}-;
          -NR^{202}-;
5
          -S-:
          -0-;
          or R<sup>200</sup> represents a bond;
          R^{201} represents one or more radicals selected from
     the group consisting of hydrido, chloro, fluoro, bromo,
    hydroxy, carboxy, keto, methyl, ethyl, propyl,
10
     hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, (1-hydroxy-
     1,1-dimethyl)ethyl, chloromethyl, chloroethyl,
     chloropropyl, fluoromethyl, fluoroethyl, fluoropropyl,
     cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, phenyl,
    benzyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, morpholinyl,
15
     piperidinylmethylene, piperazinylmethylene,
     morpholinylmethylene, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy,
     methoxymethylene, methoxyethylene, methoxypropylene,
     ethoxyethylene, ethoxypropylene, propoxyethylene,
20
    propoxypropylene, methoxyphenylene, ethoxyphenylene,
     propoxyphenylene, methylcarbonyl, ethylcarbonyl,
     propylcarbonyl, cyclopropylcarbonyl, cyclobutylcarbonyl,
     cyclopentylcarbonyl, cyclohexylcarbonyl, benzoyl,
     chlorobenzoyl, fluorobenzoyl, hydroxymethylcarbonyl,
25
     hydroxyethylcarbonyl, hydroxypropylcarbonyl,
     carboxymethylcarbonyl, carboxyethylcarbonyl,
     carboxypropylcarbonyl, methoxymethylcarbonyl,
     methoxyethylcarbonyl, methoxypropylcarbonyl,
     ethoxymethylcarbonyl, ethoxyethylcarbonyl,
30
     ethoxypropylcarbonyl, propoxymethylcarbonyl,
     propoxyethylcarbonyl, propoxypropylcarbonyl,
     methoxyphenylcarbonyl, ethoxyphenylcarbonyl,
     propoxyphenylcarbonyl, piperidinylmethylcarbonyl,
     piperazinylmethylcarbonyl, morpholinylcarbonyl,
35
     methylsulfonyl, ethylsulfonyl, methylsulfonylmethylene,
     amino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminopropyl, N-
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methylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-ethylamino, N,N-diethylamino, N-propylamino, N,N-dipropylamino, phenylamino, benzylamino, methylaminomethylene, ethylaminomethylene, methylaminoethylene, ethylaminoethylene, aminocarbonyl, methylcarbonylamino,

ethylcarbonylamino, methylaminomethylcarbonyl, ethylcarbonylamino, methylaminomethylcarbonyl, ethylaminomethylcarbonyl, methylcarbonylaminomethylene, ethylcarbonylaminomethylene, aminomethylcarbonylaminocarbonylmethylene, methoxycarbonylamino,

ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxymethylcarbonylamino, methoxyethylcarbonylamino, ethoxymethylcarbonylamino, ethoxyethylcarbonylamino, methoxycarbonylaminomethylene, and ethoxycarbonylaminomethylene; and

 $R^{202}$  and  $R^{203}$  are independently selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, phenyl and benzyl; and

y is 0, 1 or 2; and

R<sup>4</sup> is phenyl, wherein said phenyl is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, methyl, ethyl, methoxy and ethoxy; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrido, fluoro, chloro, bromo, hydroxy, methyl, ethyl, cyano, carboxy, methoxy, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, acetyl, methylamino, dimethylamino, ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxyethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxybutylamino,

hydroxyethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxybutylamino hydroxycyclopropylamino, hydroxycyclobutylamino, hydroxycyclohexylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino, aminomethyl, cyclopropylamino, amino, ethoxycarbonylamino,

methoxyphenylmethylamino, phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminoethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, methylaminopropylamino, dimethylaminopropylamino, methylaminobutylamino, dimethylaminobutylamino,

methylaminopentylamino, dimethylaminopentylamino, ethylaminoethylamino, diethylaminoethylamino,

ethylaminopropylamino, diethylaminopropylamino, ethylaminobutylamino, diethylaminobutylamino, ethylaminopentylamino, methylaminocarbonyl, methylcarbonyl, and ethylcarbonyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

A subclass of compounds of specific interest consists of those compounds of Formula XA wherein:

10 R<sup>1</sup> is hydrido; and

 $R^2$  is  $R^{200}$ -cyclohexyl- $R^{201}$  wherein:

R<sup>200</sup> is selected from:

methylene;

 $-NR^{202}-:$ 

15 -S-;

5

-0-;

or R<sup>200</sup> represents a bond;

R<sup>201</sup> represents one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of hydrido, amino, aminomethyl,

aminoethyl, aminopropyl, N-methylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-ethylamino, N,N-diethylamino, N-propylamino, N,N-dipropylamino, phenylamino, benzylamino, methylaminomethylene, ethylaminomethylene,

methylaminoethylene, ethylaminoethylene, aminocarbonyl,

25 methylcarbonylamino, ethylcarbonylamino,

methylaminomethylcarbonyl, ethylaminomethylcarbonyl, methylcarbonylaminomethylene,

ather and a second seco

ethylcarbonylaminomethylene,

aminomethylcarbonylaminocarbonylmethylene,

methoxycarbonylamino, ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxymethylcarbonylamino, methoxyethylcarbonylamino, ethoxymethylcarbonylamino, ethoxyethylcarbonylamino, methoxycarbonylaminomethylene, and

ethoxycarbonylaminomethylene; and

 $R^{202}$  is selected from hydrido, methyl, phenyl and benzyl; and

R<sup>4</sup> is phenyl, wherein said phenyl is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, methyl, and methoxy; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrido, methylamino,
dimethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino, ethylamino,
dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxypropylamino,
hydroxyethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxybutylamino,
hydroxycyclopropylamino, hydroxycyclobutylamino,
hydroxycyclopentylamino, hydroxycyclohexylamino, (1-

ethyl-2-hydroxy) ethylamino, aminomethyl,
cyclopropylamino, amino, dimethylaminoethylamino,
dimethylaminopropylamino, dimethylaminobutylamino,
dimethylaminopentylamino, diethylaminoethylamino,
diethylaminopropylamino, diethylaminobutylamino, and
diethylaminopentylamino; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

A subclass of compounds of high interest consists of those compounds of Formula XA wherein:

R<sup>1</sup> is hydrido; and
R<sup>2</sup> is R<sup>200</sup>-cyclohexyl-R<sup>201</sup> wherein:
R<sup>200</sup> is selected from:
methylene;

 $-NR^{202}-;$ 

35

-S-;

-0-;

or R<sup>200</sup> represents a bond;

R<sup>201</sup> represents one or more radicals selected from 30 the group consisting of amino, aminomethyl, N,Ndimethylamino, and N-isopropylamino; and

R<sup>202</sup> is selected from hydrido and methyl; and
R<sup>4</sup> is phenyl, wherein said phenyl is optionally
substituted with one or more radicals independently
selected from fluoro, chloro, methyl, and methoxy; and
R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrido, hydroxypropylamino,

hydroxycyclohexylamino, and diethylaminoethylamino; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

Within Formula IA is another subclass of compounds of interest wherein:

R¹ is selected from hydrido, hydroxy, alkyl,
cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl,
heterocyclyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene,

- heterocyclylalkylene, haloalkyl, haloalkenyl, haloalkynyl, hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl, hydroxyalkynyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, aralkynyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, alkynoxyalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, alkoxyaryl,
- heterocyclyloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkoxy, mercaptoalkyl, alkylthioalkylene, alkenylthioalkylene, alkylthioalkenylene, amino, aminoalkyl, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, alkylsulfinyl, alkenylsulfinyl, alkynylsulfinyl,
- arylsulfinyl, heterocyclylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkenylsulfonyl, alkynylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, heterocyclylsulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylene, alkylsulfonylalkylene, acyl, acyloxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylalkylene,
- heterocyclyloxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, heterocyclylcarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylarylene,
- alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, arylcarbonyloxyalkylene, heterocyclylcarbonyloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyarylene, arylcarbonyloxyarylene, and heterocyclylcarbonyloxyarylene; or

R<sup>1</sup> has the formula

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wherein:

10

i is an integer from 0 to 9;

R<sup>25</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and

R<sup>26</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkylalkylene, aralkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and alkylaminoalkyl; and

R<sup>27</sup> is selected from alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, cycloalkylarylene,

- cycloalkylcycloalkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylarylene, alkylaralkyl, aralkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene, aralkylheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkoxyaralkyl, alkoxyheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkoxyarylene,
- aryloxyarylene, aralkoxyarylene,
  alkoxyheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkoxyarylene,
  alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl,
  alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, aminoalkyl,
  alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene,
- alkoxyarylaminocarbonylalkylene, aminocarbonylalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkylaminocarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, alkylaryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, alkylarylcarbonylarylene,
- alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylarylene,
  alkoxycarbonylalkoxylarylene,
  heterocyclylcarbonylalkylarylene, alkylthioalkylene,
  cycloalkylthioalkylene, alkylthioarylene,

10

aralkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene, arylthioalklylarylene, arylsulfonylaminoalkylene, alkylsulfonylarylene, alkylaminosulfonylarylene; wherein said alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl,

heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene, alkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, alkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene, arylthioalklylarylene, and alkylsulfonylarylene groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals

independently selected from alkyl, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or  $\mathbb{R}^{27}$  is -CHR<sup>28</sup>R<sup>29</sup> wherein  $\mathbb{R}^{28}$  is alkoxycarbonyl, and  $\mathbb{R}^{29}$ 

is selected from aralkyl, aralkoxyalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, 15 alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkylthioalkylene, and aralkylthioalkylene; wherein said aralkyl and heterocylcyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl and 20 nitro; or

 ${\bf R^{26}}$  and  ${\bf R^{27}}$  together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocycle, wherein said heterocycle is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, aryl,

- 25 heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkylaryloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aralkoxycarbonyl, alkylamino and alkoxycarbonylamino; wherein said aryl,
- 30 heterocyclylalkylene and aryloxyalkylene radicals are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halogen, alkyl and alkoxy; and

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from mercapto,

35 heterocyclylheterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylheterocyclyl, N-alkyl-N-alkynyl-amino, aminocarbonylalkylene,

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alkylcarbonylaminoalkylene,
aminoalkylcarbonylaminoalkylene,
alkylaminoalkylcarbonylamino, aminoalkylthio,
alkylaminocarbonylalkylthio,
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- alkylaminoalkylaminocarbonylalkylthio, cyanoalkylthio, alkenylthio, alkynylthio, carboxyalkylthio, alkoxycarbonylalkylthio, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylamino, alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylene, alkoxycarbonylaminoalkoxy, aralkythio,
- heterocyclylalkylthio, aminoalkoxy, cyanoalkoxy, carboxyalkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy, alkenyloxy, alkynyloxy, and heterocyclylalkyloxy; wherein the aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals
- independently selected from halo, keto, amino, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, epoxyalkyl, amino(hydroxyalkyl) carboxy, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy, haloalkyl, alkylamino, alkynylamino, alkylaminoalkylamino,
- 20 heterocyclylalkylamino, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, and aralkylsulfonyl; or R<sup>2</sup> is R<sup>200</sup>-heterocyclyl-R<sup>201</sup>, R<sup>200</sup>-aryl-R<sup>201</sup>, or R<sup>200</sup>-cycloalkyl-R<sup>201</sup> wherein:

R<sup>200</sup> is selected from:

25 
$$-(CR^{202}R^{203})_{y}-;$$

$$-C(O)-;$$

$$-C(O)-(CH_{2})_{y}-;$$

$$-C(O)-O-(CH_{2})_{y}-;$$

$$-(CH_{2})_{y}-C(O)-;$$
30 
$$-O-(CH_{2})_{y}-C(O)-;$$

$$-NR^{202}-;$$

$$-NR^{202}-(CH_{2})_{y}-;$$

$$-(CH_{2})_{y}-NR^{202}-;$$

$$-(CH_{2})_{y}-NR^{202}-(CH_{2})_{z}-;$$

$$-(CH_{2})_{y}-NR^{202}-(CH_{2})_{z}-;$$

$$-(CH_{2})_{y}-NR^{202}-(CH_{2})_{z}-;$$

$$-(CH_{2})_{y}-NR^{202}-C(O)-(CH_{2})_{z}-;$$

and R<sup>205</sup> is aryl; or

```
-(CH_2)_v - NR^{202} - C(O) - NR^{203} - (CH_2)_v - ;
           -S(O)_{x}-(CR^{202}R^{203})_{y}-;
            -(CR^{202}R^{203})_{v}-S(0)_{x}-;
           -S(O)_{x}-(CR^{202}R^{203})_{y}-O-;
           -S(O)_{x}-(CR^{202}R^{203})_{y}-C(O)-;
 5
            -O-(CH<sub>2</sub>),-;
            - (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>v</sub>-O-;
            -S-;
            -0-;
10
           or R<sup>200</sup> represents a bond:
           {\bf R}^{{\bf 201}} represents one or more radicals selected from
     the group consisting of hydrido, halogen, hydroxy,
     carboxy, keto, alkyl, hydroxyalkyl, haloalkyl,
     cycloalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl,
15
     aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylcarbonyl,
     hydroxyalkylcarbonyl, cycloalkylcarbonyl, arylcarbonyl,
     haloarylcarbonyl, alkoxy, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene,
      alkoxycarbonyl, carboxyalkylcarbonyl,
      alkoxyalkylcarbonyl, heterocyclylalkylcarbonyl,
     alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene, amino, aminoalkyl,
20
     alkylamino, aralkylamino, alkylaminoalkylene,
      aminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino,
     alkylcarbonylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoalkylcarbonyl,
      alkylaminoalkylcarbonylamino,
25
     aminoalkylcarbonylaminoalkyl, alkoxycarbonylamino,
     alkoxyalkylcarbonylamino, alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylene,
     alkylimidocarbonyl, amidino, alkylamidino,
     aralkylamidino, guanidino, guanidinoalkylene, or
     alkylsulfonylamino; and
           {\ensuremath{R^{202}}} and {\ensuremath{R^{203}}} are independently selected from hydrido,
30
     alkyl, aryl and aralkyl; and
           y and z are independently 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6
     wherein y + z is less than or equal to 6; and
            z is 0, 1 or 2; or
           R^2 is -NHCR^{204}R^{205} wherein R^{204} is alkylaminoalkylene,
35
```

25

 $R^2$  is  $-C(NR^{206})R^{207}$  wherein  $R^{206}$  is selected from hydrogen and hydroxy, and  $R^{207}$  is selected from alkyl, aryl and aralkyl; and

R³ is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl,
quinolinyl, purinyl, maleimidyl, pyridonyl, thiazolyl,
thiazolylalkyl, thiazolylamino,

wherein the R<sup>3</sup> pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl, maleimidyl, pyridonyl, thiazolyl, thiazolylalkyl, thiazolylamino,

groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, keto, alkyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy,

carboxyalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, aralkoxy, heterocyclylalkoxy, amino, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, cycloalkylamino, cycloalkenylamino, arylamino, haloarylamino,

beterocyclylamino, aminocarbonyl, cyano, hydroxy, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkenoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkylamino, alkylaminoalkoxy, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, heterocyclyloxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylamino, alkoxyarylamino, alkoxyaralkylamino,

aminosulfinyl, aminosulfonyl, alkylsulfonylamino,

alkylaminoalkylamino, hydroxyalkylamino, aralkylamino, aryl(hydroxyalkyl)amino, alkylaminoalkylamino, alkylheterocyclylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, alkylheterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylheterocyclylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, 5 alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylamino, nitro, alkylaminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino, halosulfonyl, aminoalkyl, haloalkyl, alkylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, alkylhydrazinyl, arylhydrazinyl, or -NR44R45 wherein R44 is alkylcarbonyl or amino, and  $R^{45}$  is alkyl or aralkyl; and 10 R4 is selected from hydrido, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, and heterocyclyl, wherein R4 is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, alkyl, alkenyl, 15 alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylthioalkylene, arylthioalkylene, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfinylalkylene, arylsulfinylalkylene, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene, arylsulfonylalkylene, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy, 20 aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, arylaminocarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, haloalkyl, amino, cyano, nitro, alkylamino, arylamino, alkylaminoalkylene. arylaminoalkylene, aminoalkylamino, and hydroxy; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer

25 thereof.

Within Formula IA is another subclass of compounds of interest wherein:

R1 is selected from hydrido, hydroxy, alkyl, 30 cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, haloalkyl, haloalkenyl, haloalkynyl, hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl, hydroxyalkynyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, aralkynyl, 35 arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, alkynoxyalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, alkoxyaryl, WO 00/31063 PCT/US99/26007 125

heterocyclyloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkoxy, mercaptoalkyl, alkylthioalkylene, alkenylthioalkylene, alkylthioalkenylene, amino, aminoalkyl, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, alkylsulfinyl, alkenylsulfinyl, alkynylsulfinyl, 5 arylsulfinyl, heterocyclylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkenylsulfonyl, alkynylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, heterocyclylsulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylene, alkylsulfonylalkylene, acyl, acyloxycarbonyl, 10 alkoxycarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylalkylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, heterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, alkylcarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylarylene, 15 alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, arylcarbonyloxyalkylene, heterocyclylcarbonyloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyarylene, arylcarbonyloxyarylene, and heterocyclylcarbonyloxyarylene; or

20 R1 has the formula

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & R^{25} & O & R^{26} \\
 & C & C & C & C & R^{2} \\
 & R^{27} & R^{27}
\end{array}$$

wherein:

30

i is an integer from 0 to 9;

R<sup>25</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, 25 heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and

R<sup>26</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkylalkylene, aralkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and alkylaminoalkyl; and R<sup>27</sup> is selected from alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, cycloalkylalkylene,

cycloalkenylalkylene, cycloalkylarylene, cycloalkylcycloalkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylarylene, alkylaralkyl, aralkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene,

- aralkylheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkoxyaralkyl, alkoxyheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, aralkoxyarylene, alkoxyheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkoxyarylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl,
- alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkoxyarylaminocarbonylalkylene, aminocarbonylalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkylaminocarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene,
- aryloxycarbonylarylene, alkylaryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, alkylarylcarbonylarylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylarylene, alkoxycarbonylalkoxylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylalkylarylene, alkylthioalkylene,
- cycloalkylthioalkylene, alkylthioarylene, aralkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene, arylthioalklylarylene, arylsulfonylaminoalkylene, alkylsulfonylarylene, alkylaminosulfonylarylene; wherein said alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl,
- heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene, alkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, alkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene, arylthioalklylarylene, and alkylsulfonylarylene groups
- are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or

 $R^{27}$  is  $-CHR^{28}R^{29}$  wherein  $R^{28}$  is alkoxycarbonyl, and  $R^{29}$  is selected from aralkyl, aralkoxyalkylene,

heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkylthioalkylene, and

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aralkylthioalkylene; wherein said aralkyl and heterocylcyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl and nitro; or

R<sup>26</sup> and R<sup>27</sup> together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocycle, wherein said heterocycle is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylene,

alkylheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkylaryloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aralkoxycarbonyl, alkylamino and alkoxycarbonylamino; wherein said aryl, heterocyclylalkylene and aryloxyalkylene radicals are optionally substituted with one or more radicals

optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halogen, alkyl and alkoxy; and

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, halogen, mercapto, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, haloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, aralkyl, alkylheterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, heterocyclylheterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylheterocyclyl, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, aryl (hydroxyalkyl) amino, heterocyclylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylamino, N-alkyl-N-alkynyl-amino, aminoalkyl, aminoaryl, aminoalkylamino, aminocarbonylalkylene, arylaminoarylene, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoarylene, alkylaminoalkylamino, alkylcarbonylaminoalkylene,

aminoalkylcarbonylaminoalkylene,
alkylaminoalkylcarbonylamino, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl,
aminoalkylthio, alkylaminocarbonylalkylthio,
alkylaminoalkylaminocarbonylalkylthio, alkoxy,
heterocyclyloxy, alkylthio, cyanoalkylthio, alkenylthio,
alkynylthio, carboxyalkylthio, arylthio

alkynylthio, carboxyalkylthio, arylthio, heterocyclylthio, alkoxycarbonylalkylthio, alkylsulfinyl,

```
alkylsulfonyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl,
     alkoxyalkylthio, carboxycycloalkyl, carboxycycloalkenyl,
     carboxyalkylamino, alkoxycarbonyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl,
     alkoxycarbonylalkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylamino,
 5
     alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl,
     alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl, alkoxyalkylamino,
     alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylene, alkoxycarbonylaminoalkoxy,
     alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, heterocyclylsulfonyl,
     aralkythio, heterocyclylalkylthio, aminoalkoxy,
10
     cyanoalkoxy, carboxyalkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy,
     alkenyloxy, alkynyloxy, and heterocyclylalkyloxy; wherein
     the aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, cycloalkyl and
     cycloalkenyl groups are optionally substituted with one
     or more radicals independently selected from halo, keto,
     amino, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl,
15
     aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, epoxyalkyl,
     amino(hydroxyalkyl) carboxy, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy,
     haloalkyl, alkylamino, alkynylamino,
     alkylaminoalkylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino,
20
     alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl,
     arylsulfonyl, and aralkylsulfonyl; or
           R^2 is R^{200}-heterocyclyl-R^{201}, R^{200}-aryl-R^{201}, or R^{200}-
     cycloalkyl-R201 wherein:
           R<sup>200</sup> is selected from:
25
           -(CR^{202}R^{203}), -;
           -C(0)-;
           -C(0) - (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>v</sub> - ;
           -C(0) - O - (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>v</sub> -;
           -(CH_2)_v-C(O)-;
30
           -O-(CH_2)_v-C(O)-;
           -NR^{202}-;
           -NR^{202} - (CH_2)_{v} - ;
           -(CH_2)_v - NR^{202} - ;
           -(CH_2)_v - NR^{202} - (CH_2)_z - ;
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 $-(CH_2)_y-C(O)-NR^{202}-(CH_2)_z-;$  $-(CH_2)_y-NR^{202}-C(O)-(CH_2)_z-;$ 

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-(CH_2)_v - NR^{202} - C(O) - NR^{203} - (CH_2)_z - ;
-S(O)_{x}-(CR^{202}R^{203})_{y}-;
-(CR^{202}R^{203})_{v}-S(O)_{x}-;
-S(O)_{x}-(CR^{202}R^{203})_{y}-O-;
-S(O)_{x}-(CR^{202}R^{203})_{y}-C(O)-;
-O- (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>v</sub>-;
-(CH_2)_v-O-;
-S-;
-0-;
```

or R<sup>200</sup> represents a bond; 10

> $R^{201}$  represents one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of hydrido, halogen, hydroxy, carboxy, keto, alkyl, hydroxyalkyl, haloalkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl,

- 15 aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylcarbonyl, hydroxyalkylcarbonyl, cycloalkylcarbonyl, arylcarbonyl, haloarylcarbonyl, alkoxy, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkoxycarbonyl, carboxyalkylcarbonyl, alkoxyalkylcarbonyl, heterocyclylalkylcarbonyl,
- 20 alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene, amino, aminoalkyl, alkylamino, aralkylamino, alkylaminoalkylene, aminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino, alkylcarbonylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoalkylcarbonyl, alkylaminoalkylcarbonylamino,
- 25 aminoalkylcarbonylaminoalkyl, alkoxycarbonylamino, alkoxyalkylcarbonylamino, alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylene, alkylimidocarbonyl, amidino, alkylamidino, aralkylamidino, guanidino, guanidinoalkylene, or alkylsulfonylamino; and
- $R^{202}$  and  $R^{203}$  are independently selected from hydrido, 30 alkyl, aryl and aralkyl; and

y and z are independently 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 wherein y + z is less than or equal to 6; and z is 0, 1 or 2; or

 $R^2$  is  $-NHCR^{204}R^{205}$  wherein  $R^{204}$  is alkylaminoalkylene, 35 and R<sup>205</sup> is aryl; or

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 $\mbox{R}^2$  is -C(NR^{206})R^{207} wherein R^{206} is selected from hydrogen and hydroxy, and R^{207} is selected from alkyl, aryl and aralkyl; or

R<sup>2</sup> has the formula:

wherein:

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j is an integer from 0 to 8; and m is 0 or 1; and

R<sup>30</sup> and R<sup>31</sup> are independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, aminocarbonylalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, and alkylcarbonyloxyalkyl; and

R<sup>32</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene;

 $R^{33}$  is selected from hydrogen, alkyl,  $-C(0)R^{35}$ ,  $-C(0)OR^{35}$ ,  $-C(0)OR^{35}$ ,  $-SO_2R^{36}$ ,  $-C(0)NR^{37}R^{38}$ , and  $-SO_2NR^{39}R^{40}$ , wherein  $R^{35}$ ,  $R^{36}$ ,  $R^{37}$ ,  $R^{38}$ ,  $R^{39}$  and  $R^{40}$  are independently selected from hydrocarbon, heterosubstituted hydrocarbon and heterocyclyl; and

R<sup>34</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, and arylaminocarbonyl; or

 $\mbox{R}^2$  is  $-\mbox{CR}^{41}\mbox{R}^{42}$  wherein  $\mbox{R}^{41}$  is aryl, and  $\mbox{R}^{42}$  is hydroxy; and

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl, maleimidyl, pyridonyl, thiazolyl, thiazolylalkyl, thiazolylamino,

wherein the R<sup>3</sup> pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl, maleimidyl, pyridonyl, thiazolyl, thiazolylalkyl, thiazolylamino,

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groups are substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from keto, haloarylamino, alkoxyalkylene, alkenoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkylamino, alkylaminoalkoxy, alkoxyarylamino, alkylsulfonylamino, aryl(hydroxyalkyl)amino, alkylaminoalkylamino, alkylheterocyclylamino, alkylheterocyclylalkylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, and alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylamino; and

15 R<sup>4</sup> is selected from hydrido, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, and heterocyclyl, wherein R<sup>4</sup> is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylthioalkylene, arylthioalkylene, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfinylalkylene, arylsulfinylalkylene, alkylsulfinylalkylene, arylsulfinylalkylene, arylsulfonylalkylene, arylsulfonylalkylene, arylsulfonylalkylene, arylsulfonylalkylene, arylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, arylaminocarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, arylaminocarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, amino, cyano,

nitro, alkylamino, arylamino, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoalkylene, aminoalkylamino, and hydroxy; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer

thereof.

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R1 has the formula

Within Formula IA is another subclass of compounds of interest wherein:

R1 is selected from hydrido, hydroxy, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, 10 heterocyclylalkylene, haloalkyl, haloalkenyl, haloalkynyl, hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl, hydroxyalkynyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, aralkynyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, 15 alkenoxyalkyl, alkynoxyalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, alkoxyaryl, heterocyclyloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkoxy, mercaptoalkyl, alkylthioalkylene, alkenylthioalkylene, alkylthioalkenylene, amino, aminoalkyl, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, 20 alkylsulfinyl, alkenylsulfinyl, alkynylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, heterocyclylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkenylsulfonyl, alkynylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, heterocyclylsulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylene, alkylsulfonylalkylene, acyl, acyloxycarbonyl, 25 alkoxycarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylalkylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, heterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, alkylcarbonylarylene, 30 arylcarbonylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, arylcarbonyloxyalkylene, heterocyclylcarbonyloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyarylene, arylcarbonyloxyarylene, and heterocyclylcarbonyloxyarylene; or

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & R^{25} & O & R^{26} \\
 & C & CH_2 & C & N \\
 & R^{27} & (II)
\end{array}$$

## wherein:

i is an integer from 0 to 9;

R<sup>25</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and

R<sup>26</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl,
10 alkynyl, cycloalkylalkylene, aralkyl,
alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and alkylaminoalkyl; and

R<sup>27</sup> is selected from alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, cycloalkylarylene,

- cycloalkylcycloalkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylarylene, alkylaralkyl, aralkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene, aralkylheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkoxyaralkyl, alkoxyheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkoxyarylene,
- aryloxyarylene, aralkoxyarylene,
  alkoxyheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkoxyarylene,
  alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl,
  alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, aminoalkyl,
  alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene,
- alkoxyarylaminocarbonylalkylene, aminocarbonylalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkylaminocarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, alkylaryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, alkylarylcarbonylarylene,
- alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylarylene,
  alkoxycarbonylalkoxylarylene,
  heterocyclylcarbonylalkylarylene, alkylthioalkylene,
  cycloalkylthioalkylene, alkylthioarylene,

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nitro; or

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aralkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene, arylthioalklylarylene, arylsulfonylaminoalkylene, alkylsulfonylarylene, alkylaminosulfonylarylene; wherein said alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl,

heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene,
alkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene,
aryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene,
alkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene,
arylthioalklylarylene, and alkylsulfonylarylene groups
are optionally substituted with one or more radicals
independently selected from alkyl, halo, haloalkyl,

alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or

R<sup>27</sup> is -CHR<sup>28</sup>R<sup>29</sup> wherein R<sup>28</sup> is alkoxycarbonyl, and R<sup>29</sup> is selected from aralkyl, aralkoxyalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkylthioalkylene, and aralkylthioalkylene; wherein said aralkyl and heterocylcyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl and

R<sup>26</sup> and R<sup>27</sup> together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocycle, wherein said heterocycle is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, aryl,

- heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkylaryloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aralkoxycarbonyl, alkylamino and alkoxycarbonylamino; wherein said aryl,
- heterocyclylalkylene and aryloxyalkylene radicals are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halogen, alkyl and alkoxy; and

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, halogen, mercapto,
35 alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, haloalkyl,
hydroxyalkyl, aralkyl, alkylheterocyclyl,

heterocyclylalkyl, heterocyclylheterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylheterocyclyl, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, aryl(hydroxyalkyl)amino, heterocyclylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylamino,

- N-alkyl-N-alkynyl-amino, aminoalkyl, aminoaryl, 5 aminoalkylamino, aminocarbonylalkylene, arylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoarylene, alkylaminoarylene, alkylaminoalkylamino, alkylcarbonylaminoalkylene,
- aminoalkylcarbonylaminoalkylene, 10 alkylaminoalkylcarbonylamino, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aminoalkylthio, alkylaminocarbonylalkylthio, alkylaminoalkylaminocarbonylalkylthio, alkoxy, heterocyclyloxy, alkylthio, cyanoalkylthio, alkenylthio,
- 15 alkynylthio, carboxyalkylthio, arylthio, heterocyclylthio, alkoxycarbonylalkylthio, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkoxyalkylthio, carboxycycloalkyl, carboxycycloalkenyl, carboxyalkylamino, alkoxycarbonyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl,
- 20 alkoxycarbonylalkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylamino, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl, alkoxyalkylamino, alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylene, alkoxycarbonylaminoalkoxy, alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, heterocyclylsulfonyl,
- 25 aralkythio, heterocyclylalkylthio, aminoalkoxy, cyanoalkoxy, carboxyalkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy, alkenyloxy, alkynyloxy, and heterocyclylalkyloxy; wherein the aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl groups are optionally substituted with one
- or more radicals independently selected from halo, keto, 30 amino, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, epoxyalkyl, amino(hydroxyalkyl) carboxy, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy, haloalkyl, alkylamino, alkynylamino,
- 35 alkylaminoalkylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl,

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arylsulfonyl, and aralkylsulfonyl; or
             R^2 is R^{200}-heterocyclyl-R^{201}, R^{200}-aryl-R^{201}, or R^{200}-
      cycloalkyl-R201 wherein:
             R<sup>200</sup> is selected from:
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             -(CR^{202}R^{203})_{v}-;
             -C(0)-;
             -C(0) - (CH<sub>2</sub>)_v - ;
             -C(0)-O-(CH<sub>2</sub>),-;
             -(CH_2)_v-C(O)-;
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             -O-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>v</sub>-C(O)-;
             -NR^{202}-;
             -NR^{202} - (CH_2)_{v} - ;
             -(CH_2)_v - NR^{202} - ;
             -(CH_2)_v - NR^{202} - (CH_2)_z - ;
             -(CH_2)_v-C(O)-NR^{202}-(CH_2)_v-;
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             -(CH_2)_y-NR^{202}-C(O)-(CH_2)_z-;
             -(CH_2)_v - NR^{202} - C(O) - NR^{203} - (CH_2)_v - ;
             -S(0)_{x}-(CR^{202}R^{203})_{y}-;
             -(CR^{202}R^{203})_{v}-S(0)_{x}-;
20
             -S(0)_{x}-(CR^{202}R^{203})_{y}-O-;
             -S(O)_{x}-(CR^{202}R^{203})_{y}-C(O)-;
             -O- (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>v</sub>-;
             - (CH<sub>2</sub>),-O-;
             -S-;
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             -0-;
             or R<sup>200</sup> represents a bond;
             {\bf R}^{{\bf 201}} represents one or more radicals selected from
      the group consisting of hydrido, halogen, hydroxy,
      carboxy, keto, alkyl, hydroxyalkyl, haloalkyl,
      cycloalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl,
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      aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylcarbonyl,
      hydroxyalkylcarbonyl, cycloalkylcarbonyl, arylcarbonyl,
      haloarylcarbonyl, alkoxy, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene,
      alkoxycarbonyl, carboxyalkylcarbonyl,
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      alkoxyalkylcarbonyl, heterocyclylalkylcarbonyl,
      alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene, amino, aminoalkyl,
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alkylamino, aralkylamino, alkylaminoalkylene, aminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino, alkylcarbonylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoalkylcarbonyl, alkylaminoalkylcarbonylamino,

aminoalkylcarbonylaminoalkyl, alkoxycarbonylamino, alkoxyalkylcarbonylamino, alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylene, alkylimidocarbonyl, amidino, alkylamidino, aralkylamidino, guanidino, guanidinoalkylene, or alkylsulfonylamino; and

10  $R^{202}$  and  $R^{203}$  are independently selected from hydrido, alkyl, aryl and aralkyl; and

y and z are independently 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 wherein y + z is less than or equal to 6; and

z is 0, 1 or 2; or

15  $R^2$  is  $-NHCR^{204}R^{205}$  wherein  $R^{204}$  is alkylaminoalkylene, and  $R^{205}$  is aryl; or

 $\mbox{R}^2$  is  $-\mbox{C(NR}^{206})\,\mbox{R}^{207}$  wherein  $\mbox{R}^{206}$  is selected from hydrogen and hydroxy, and  $\mbox{R}^{207}$  is selected from alkyl, aryl and aralkyl; or

20 R<sup>2</sup> has the formula:

wherein:

j is an integer from 0 to 8; and m is 0 or 1; and

R<sup>30</sup> and R<sup>31</sup> are independently selected from hydrogen, Alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, aminocarbonylalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, and alkylcarbonyloxyalkyl; and

R<sup>32</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, 30 heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and

heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene;

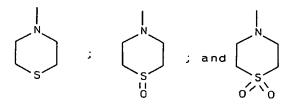
 $R^{33}$  is selected from hydrogen, alkyl,  $-C(0)R^{35}$ ,  $-C(0)OR^{35}$ ,  $-SO_2R^{36}$ ,  $-C(0)NR^{37}R^{38}$ , and  $-SO_2NR^{39}R^{40}$ , wherein  $R^{35}$ ,  $R^{36}$ ,  $R^{37}$ ,  $R^{38}$ ,  $R^{39}$  and  $R^{40}$  are independently selected from hydrocarbon, heterosubstituted hydrocarbon

and heterocyclyl; and R34 is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, and arylaminocarbonyl; or

 $R^2$  is  $-CR^{41}R^{42}$  wherein  $R^{41}$  is aryl, and  $R^{42}$  is hydroxy;

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from maleimidyl, pyridonyl, thiazolyl, thiazolylalkyl, thiazolylamino,

wherein the R<sup>3</sup> maleimidyl, pyridonyl, thiazolyl, thiazolylalkyl, thiazolylamino,



groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, keto, alkyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy,

20 carboxyalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, aralkoxy, heterocyclylalkoxy, amino, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, cycloalkylamino, cycloalkenylamino, arylamino, haloarylamino, heterocyclylamino, aminocarbonyl, cyano, hydroxy,

hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkenoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkylamino, alkylaminoalkoxy, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, heterocyclyloxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylamino, alkoxyarylamino, alkoxyaralkylamino, aminosulfinyl, aminosulfonyl, alkylsulfonylamino, alkylaminoalkylamino, hydroxyalkylamino, aralkylamino, aryl(hydroxyalkyl)amino, alkylaminoalkylaminoalkylamino, alkylheterocyclylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, alkylheterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylheterocyclylalkylamino, beterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylheterocyclylamino,

heterocyclylaterocyclylalkylamino, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylamino, nitro, alkylaminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino, halosulfonyl, aminoalkyl, haloalkyl, alkylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, alkylhydrazinyl, arylhydrazinyl, or -NR<sup>44</sup>R<sup>45</sup> wherein R<sup>44</sup> is alkylcarbonyl or amino, and R<sup>45</sup> is alkyl or aralkyl; and

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from hydrido, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, and heterocyclyl, wherein R<sup>4</sup> is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylthio, arylthio,

alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylthioalkylene, arylthioalkylene, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfinylalkylene, arylsulfinylalkylene, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene, arylsulfonylalkylene, arylsulfonylalkylene, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy,

aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, arylaminocarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, haloalkyl, amino, cyano, nitro, alkylamino, arylamino, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoalkylene, aminoalkylamino, and hydroxy;

provided that R<sup>3</sup> is other than maleimidyl or pyridonyl having the structures:

$$(IV)$$
  $(V)$ 

respectively, wherein R<sup>43</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aminoalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, and aryloxyalkyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

Another group of compounds of interest consists of compounds of Formula IB:

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## wherein:

R<sup>1</sup> has the same definition as previously set forth in the description of compounds of Formula IA. In anther embodiment, R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydrido, alkyl, hydroxyalkyl and alkynyl. In still another embodiment, R<sup>1</sup> is hydrido;

 $\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc R}^2}$  is selected from at least one of the following four categories:

(1) piperidinyl substituted with one or more substituents selected from hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl, hydroxyalkynyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyalkenylene, alkoxyalkynylene, and hydroxyacyl, wherein said hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl, hydroxyalkynyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyalkenylene, alkoxyalkynylene, and hydroxyacyl substitutents may be optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from cycloalkyl, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, haloalkyl, and heteroarylalkyl, wherein

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said cycloalkyl, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, haloalkyl, and heteroarylalkyl substituents may be optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from alkylene, alkynylene, hydroxy, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, cyano, alkylsulfonyl, 5 alkylsulfinyl, alkylthio, alkoxyalkyl, aryloxy, heterocyclyl, and heteroaralkoxy; or one or more substituents selected from hydroxycycloalkyl, alkoxycycloalkyl, and hydroxycycloalkylcarbonyl, wherein said hydroxycycloalkyl, alkoxycycloalkyl, 10 and hydroxycycloalkylcarbonyl substitutents may be optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from cycloalkyl, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, haloalkyl, and heteroarylalkyl, wherein said 15 cycloalkyl, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, haloalkyl, and heteroarylalkyl substituents may be optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from alkylene, alkynylene, hydroxy, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, cyano, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfinyl, alkylthio, alkoxyalkyl, aryloxy, 20 heterocyclyl, and heteroaralkoxy. In another embodiment,  $R^2$  is piperidinyl substituted with one or more substituents selected from optionally substituted hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl, hydroxyalkynyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyalkenylene, alkoxyalkynylene, hydroxyalkylcarbonyl, hydroxyalkenylcarbonyl, and hydroxyalkynylcarbonyl; or one or more substituents selected from optionally substituted hydroxycycloalkyl and hydroxycycloalkylcarbonyl. In still another embodiment,  $R^2$  is piperidinyl substituted with one or more substituents selected from optionally substituted hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyalkenylene, hydroxyalkylcarbonyl, and hydroxyalkenylcarbonyl, and hydroxycycloalkylcarbonyl. In still another

embodiment,  $R^2$  is piperidinyl substituted with at least one substituent selected from optionally substituted lower hydroxyalkyl, lower hydroxyalkylcarbonyl and hydroxycycloalkylcarbonyl. In still another embodiment,  $R^2$  is piperidinyl 5 substituted with 2-hydroxyacetyl, 2-hydroxyproprionyl, 2-hydroxy-2-methylpropionyl, 2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetyl, 3-hydroxyproprionyl, 2-hydroxy-3methylbutyryl, 2-hydroxyisocapropyl, 2-hydroxy-3phenylproprionyl, 2-hydroxy-3-imidazolylproprionyl, 10 1-hydroxy-1-cyclohexylacetyl, 2-hydroxy-1cyclohexylacetyl, 3-hydroxy-1-cyclohexylacetyl, 4hydroxy-1-cyclohexylacetyl, 1-hydroxy-1cyclopentylacetyl, 2-hydroxy-1-cyclopentylacetyl, 3-15 hydroxy-1-cyclopentylacetyl, 2-hydroxy-2cyclohexylacetyl, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, hydroxyisopropyl, methoxymethylene, methoxyethylene, methoxypropylene, methoxyisopropylene, ethoxymethylene, ethoxyethylene, ethoxypropylene, and 20 ethoxyisopropylene. In each of the above embodiments, when  $R^2$  is piperidinyl, the piperidinyl ring may be substituted with at least one substituent attached to the distal nitrogen heteroatom or to a carbon ring atom adjacent to the 25 distal nitrogen heteroatom of the piperidine ring. In each of the above embodiments, the piperidinyl ring may be monosubstituted at the distal nitrogen; and

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(2) cyclohexyl substituted with one or more substituents selected from optionally substituted hydroxyalkyl, alkylaminoalkylene and cycloalkylamino. In another embodiment, R<sup>2</sup> is cyclohexyl substituted with one or more substituents selected from optionally substituted lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkylaminoalkylene and

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cycloalkylamino. In still another embodiment,  $R^2$  is cyclohexyl substituted with one or more substituents selected from optionally substituted lower hydroxyalkyl, lower dialkylaminoalkylene and cycloalkylamino. In still another embodiment,  $R^2$  is cyclohexyl substituted with one or more substituents selected from hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, hydroxybutyl, methylaminomethylene, methylaminoethylene, methylaminopropylene, ethylaminomethylene, ethylaminoethylene, ethylaminopropylene, propylaminomethylene, propylaminoethylene, propylaminopropylene, dimethylaminomethylene, dimethylaminoethylene, dimethylaminopropylene, diethylaminomethylene, diethylaminoethylene, diethylaminopropylene, dipropylaminomethylene, dipropylaminoethylene, dipropylaminopropylene, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl and cyclohexyl. In each of the above embodiments, when  $R^2$  is cyclohexyl, the cyclohexyl ring may be substituted with at least one substituent attached to the 4-position carbon atom of the cyclohexyl ring heteroatom of the piperidine In each of the above embodiments, the cyclohexyl ring may be monosubstituted at the 4position carbon atom; and

(3) cyclohexyl substituted with one or more optionally substituted alkylamino. In another embodiment, R<sup>2</sup> is cyclohexyl substituted with optionally substituted lower alkylamino. In still another embodiment, R<sup>2</sup> is cyclohexyl substituted with one or more substituents selected from optionally substituted methylamino, ethylamino, n-propylamino, isopropylamino, n-butylamino, sec-butylamino, t-butylamino, isobutylamino, dimethylamino, diethylamino, di-n-propylamino, di-isopropylamino, di-n-butylamino, di-sec-butylamino, di-t-butylamino,

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and di-isobutylamino. In each of the above embodiments, when R<sup>2</sup> is cyclohexyl, the cyclohexyl ring may be substituted with at least one substituent attached to the 4-position carbon atom of the cyclohexyl ring heteroatom of the piperidine ring. In each of the above embodiments, the cyclohexyl ring may be monosubstituted at the 4-position carbon atom; and

(4) piperidinylamino substituted with one or more alkynyl substituents. In another embodiment,  $R^2$ is piperidinylamino substituted with optionally substituted lower alkynyl. In still another embodiment,  $R^2$  is piperidinylamino substituted with optionally substituted ethynyl, propynyl and butynyl. In still another embodiment,  $R^2$  is piperidinylamino substituted with optionally substituted propargyl. In still another embodiment, R<sup>2</sup> is 4-propargylpiperidinylamino. In each of the above embodiments, when  $R^2$  is piperidinylamino, the piperidinyl ring may be substituted with at least one substituent attached to the distal nitrogen heteroatom or to a carbon ring atom adjacent to the distal nitrogen heteroatom of the piperidine ring. In each of the above embodiments, the piperidinyl ring may be monosubstituted at the distal nitrogen; and

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl, maleimidyl, pyridonyl, thiazolyl, thiazolylalkyl, thiazolylamino,

wherein the R<sup>3</sup> pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl, maleimidyl, pyridonyl, thiazolyl,

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thiazolylalkyl, thiazolylamino,

groups may be optionally substituted with one or more substituents independently selected from hydrogen, aryl, alkylamino, alkylthio, alkyloxy, aryloxy, arylamino, arylthio, aralkoxy, wherein said aryl, alkylamino, alkylthio, alkyloxy, aryloxy, arylamino, arylthio, aralkoxy substituents may be optionally substituted with one or more alkylene, alkenylene, hydroxy, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, cyano, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfinyl, alkylthio, alkoxyalkyl, aryloxy, heterocyclyl, and heteroaralkoxy. In another embodiment, R³ is optionally substituted pyridinyl or pyrimidinyl. In still another embodiment, R³ is unsubstituted pyridinyl or pyrimidinyl; and

R4 is selected from hydrido, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, and heterocyclyl, wherein R4 is optionally substituted with one or more substituents independently selected from halo, haloalkyl, haloalkoxy, alkoxy, cyano, hydroxy, alkyl, alkenyl, and alkynyl, wherein said haloalkyl, haloalkoxy, alkoxy, cyano, hydroxy, alkyl, alkenyl, and alkynyl substituents may be optionally substituted with one or more alkylene, alkenylene, alkynylene, hydroxy, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, cyano, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfinyl, alkylthio, alkoxyalkyl, aryloxy, heterocyclyl, and heteroaralkoxy. In another embodiment, R4 is selected from optionally substitutend cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, and heterocyclyl. In still another embodiment, R4 is

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optionally substituted phenyl. In still another embodiment, R<sup>4</sup> is phenyl optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals independently selected from chloro, fluoro, bromo and iodo. In still another embodiment, R<sup>4</sup> is phenyl optionally substituted at the meta or para position with one or more chloro radicals; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof. Within each of the above embodiments,  $R^2$  may be located at the 3-position of the pyrazole ring with  $R^4$  located at the 5-position of the pyrazole ring. Alternatively,  $R^2$  may be located at the 5-position of the pyrazole ring with  $R^4$  located at the 3-position of the pyrazole ring.

Still another group of compounds of interest consists of the compounds, their tautomers and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, of the group consisting of:



The term "hydrido" denotes a single hydrogen atom (H). This hydrido radical may be attached, for example, to an oxygen atom to form a hydroxyl radical or two hydrido radicals may be attached to a carbon atom to form a methylene (- $CH_2$ -) radical. Where used, either alone or within other terms such as "haloalkyl", "alkylsulfonyl", "alkoxyalkyl" and "hydroxyalkyl", "cyanoalkyl" and "mercaptoalkyl", the term "alkyl" embraces linear or branched radicals having one to about twenty carbon atoms or, preferably, one to about twelve carbon atoms. preferred alkyl radicals are "lower alkyl" radicals having one to about ten carbon atoms. Most preferred are lower alkyl radicals having one to about six carbon atoms. Examples of such radicals include methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, isopropyl, n-butyl, isobutyl, sec-butyl, tertbutyl, pentyl, iso-amyl, hexyl and the like.

"alkenyl" embraces linear or branched radicals having at least one carbon-carbon double bond of two to about twenty carbon atoms or, preferably, two to about twelve carbon atoms. More preferred alkenyl radicals are "lower alkenyl" radicals having two to about six carbon atoms. Examples of alkenyl radicals include ethenyl, allyl, propenyl, butenyl and 4-methylbutenyl. The terms "alkenyl" and "lower alkenyl", embrace radicals having "cis" and "trans" orientations, or alternatively, "E" and "Z" orientations. The term "alkynyl" embraces linear or branched radicals having at least one carbon-carbon triple bond of two to about twenty carbon atoms or, preferably, two to about twelve carbon atoms. More preferred alkynyl radicals are "lower alkynyl" radicals having two to about six carbon atoms. Examples of alkynyl radicals include propargyl, 1-propynyl, 2propynyl, 1-butyne, 2-butynyl and 1-pentynyl. The term "cycloalkyl" embraces saturated carbocyclic radicals having three to about twelve carbon atoms. The term "cycloalkyl" embraces saturated carbocyclic radicals having three to about twelve carbon atoms. preferred cycloalkyl radicals are "lower cycloalkyl" radicals having three to about eight carbon atoms. Examples of such radicals include cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl and cyclohexyl. The term "cycloalkylalkylene" embraces alkyl radicals substituted with a cycloalkyl radical. More preferred cycloalkylalkylene radicals are "lower cycloalkylalkylene" which embrace lower alkyl radicals substituted with a lower cycloalkyl radical as defined above. Examples of such radicals include cyclopropylmethyl, cyclobutylmethyl, cyclopentylmethyl and cyclohexylmethyl. The term "cycloalkenyl" embraces partially unsaturated carbocyclic radicals having three to twelve carbon atoms. Cycloalkenyl radicals that are partially unsaturated carbocyclic radicals that contain

two double bonds (that may or may not be conjugated) can be called "cycloalkyldienyl". More preferred cycloalkenyl radicals are "lower cycloalkenyl" radicals having four to about eight carbon atoms. Examples of such radicals include cyclobutenyl, cyclopentenyl and cyclohexenyl. The term "halo" means halogens such as fluorine, chlorine, bromine or iodine. The term "haloalkyl" embraces radicals wherein any one or more of the alkyl carbon atoms is substituted with halo as defined above. Specifically embraced are monohaloalkyl, dihaloalkyl and polyhaloalkyl radicals. A monohaloalkyl radical, for one example, may have either an iodo, bromo, chloro or fluoro atom within the radical. Dihalo and polyhaloalkyl radicals may have two or more of the same halo atoms or a combination of different halo radicals. "Lower haloalkyl" embraces radicals having one to six carbon atoms. Examples of haloalkyl radicals include fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl, heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl and dichloropropyl. The term "hydroxyalkyl" embraces linear or branched alkyl radicals having one to about ten carbon atoms any one of which may be substituted with one or more hydroxyl radicals. More preferred hydroxyalkyl radicals are "lower hydroxyalkyl" radicals having one to six carbon atoms and one or more hydroxyl radicals. Examples of such radicals include hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, hydroxybutyl and hydroxyhexyl. The terms "alkoxy" and "alkyloxy" embrace linear or branched oxy-containing radicals each having alkyl portions of one to about ten carbon atoms. preferred alkoxy radicals are "lower alkoxy" radicals having one to six carbon atoms. Examples of such radicals include methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, butoxy and tert-butoxy.

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The term "alkoxyalkyl" embraces alkyl radicals having one or more alkoxy radicals attached to the alkyl radical, that is, to form monoalkoxyalkyl and dialkoxyalkyl radicals. The "alkoxy" radicals may be further substituted with one or more halo atoms, such as fluoro, chloro or bromo, to provide haloalkoxy radicals. The term "aryl", alone or in combination, means a carbocyclic aromatic system containing one, two or three rings wherein such rings may be attached together in a pendent manner or may be fused. The term "aryl" embraces aromatic radicals such as phenyl, naphthyl, tetrahydronaphthyl, indane and biphenyl. Aryl moieties may also be substituted at a substitutable position with one or more substituents selected independently from halo, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylthioalkylene, arylthioalkylene, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfinylalkylene, arylsulfinylalkylene, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene, arylsulfonylalkylene, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, arylaminocarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, haloalkyl, amino, cyano, nitro, alkylamino, arylamino, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoalkylene, aminoalkylamino, hydroxy, alkoxyalkyl, carboxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, aminocarbonylalkylene, acyl, carboxy, and aralkoxycarbonyl. The term "heterocyclyl" embraces saturated, partially unsaturated and unsaturated heteroatom-containing ring-shaped radicals, which can also be called "heterocyclyl", "heterocycloalkenyl" and "heteroaryl" correspondingly, where the heteroatoms may be selected from nitrogen, sulfur and oxygen. of saturated heterocyclyl radicals include saturated 3 to 6-membered heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 4 nitrogen atoms (e.g. pyrrolidinyl, imidazolidinyl, piperidino, piperazinyl, etc.); saturated 3 to 6-membered heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 2 oxygen atoms and

1 to 3 nitrogen atoms (e.g. morpholinyl, etc.); saturated 3 to 6-membered heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 2 sulfur atoms and 1 to 3 nitrogen atoms (e.g., thiazolidinyl, etc.). Examples of partially unsaturated heterocyclyl radicals include dihydrothiophene, dihydropyran, dihydrofuran and dihydrothiazole. Heterocyclyl radicals may include a pentavalent nitrogen, such as in tetrazolium and pyridinium radicals. The term "heteroaryl" embraces unsaturated heterocyclyl radicals. Examples of heteroaryl radicals include unsaturated 3 to 6 membered heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 4nitrogen atoms, for example, pyrrolyl, pyrrolinyl, imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, pyridyl, pyrimidyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl, triazolyl (e.g., 4H-1,2,4-triazolyl, 1H-1,2,3-triazolyl, 2H-1,2,3-triazolyl, etc.) tetrazolyl (e.g. 1H-tetrazolyl, 2H-tetrazolyl, etc.), etc.; unsaturated condensed heterocyclyl group containing 1 to 5 nitrogen atoms, for example, indolyl, isoindolyl, indolizinyl, benzimidazolyl, quinolyl, isoquinolyl, indazolyl, benzotriazolyl, tetrazolopyridazinyl (e.g., tetrazolo[1,5-b]pyridazinyl, etc.), etc.; unsaturated 3 to 6-membered heteromonocyclic group containing an oxygen atom, for example, pyranyl, furyl, etc.; unsaturated 3 to 6-membered heteromonocyclic group containing a sulfur atom, for example, thienyl, etc.; unsaturated 3- to 6membered heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 2 oxygen atoms and 1 to 3 nitrogen atoms, for example, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, oxadiazolyl (e.g., 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,3,4oxadiazolyl, 1,2,5-oxadiazolyl, etc.) etc.; unsaturated condensed heterocyclyl group containing 1 to 2 oxygen atoms and 1 to 3 nitrogen atoms (e.g. benzoxazoly), benzoxadiazolyl, etc.); unsaturated 3 to 6-membered heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 2 sulfur atoms and 1 to 3 nitrogen atoms, for example, thiazolyl, thiadiazolyl (e.g., 1,2,4- thiadiazolyl, 1,3,4thiadiazolyl, 1,2,5-thiadiazolyl, etc.) etc.; unsaturated

condensed heterocyclyl group containing 1 to 2 sulfur atoms and 1 to 3 nitrogen atoms (e.g., benzothiazolyl, benzothiadiazolyl, etc.) and the like. The term "heterocycle" also embraces radicals where heterocyclyl radicals are fused with aryl or cycloalkyl radicals. Examples of such fused bicyclic radicals include benzofuran, benzothiophene, and the like. "heterocyclyl group" may have 1 to 3 substituents such as alkyl, hydroxyl, halo, alkoxy, oxo, amino, alkylthio and alkylamino. The term "heterocyclylalkylene" embraces heterocyclyl-substituted alkyl radicals. More preferred heterocyclylalkylene radicals are "lower heterocyclylalkylene" radicals having one to six carbon atoms and a heterocyclyl radicals. The term "alkylthio" embraces radicals containing a linear or branched alkyl radical, of one to about ten carbon atoms attached to a divalent sulfur atom. More preferred alkylthio radicals are "lower alkylthio" radicals having alkyl radicals of one to six carbon atoms. Examples of such lower alkylthio radicals are methylthio, ethylthio, propylthio, butylthio and hexylthio. The term "alkylthioalkylene" embraces radicals containing an alkylthio radical attached through the divalent sulfur atom to an alkyl radical of one to about ten carbon atoms. More preferred alkylthioalkylene radicals are "lower alkylthioalkylene" radicals having alkyl radicals of one to six carbon atoms. Examples of such lower alkylthioalkylene radicals include methylthiomethyl. The term "alkylsulfinyl" embraces radicals containing a linear or branched alkyl radical, of one to about ten carbon atoms, attached to a divalent -S(=0) - radical. More preferred alkylsulfinyl radicals are "lower alkylsulfinyl" radicals having alkyl radicals of one to six carbon atoms. Examples of such lower alkylsulfinyl radicals include methylsulfinyl, ethylsulfinyl, butylsulfinyl and hexylsulfinyl. The term "sulfonyl", whether used alone or linked to other terms

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such as "alkylsulfonyl", "halosulfonyl" denotes a divalent radical, -SO<sub>2</sub>-. "Alkylsulfonyl" embraces alkyl radicals attached to a sulfonyl radical, where alkyl is defined as above. More preferred alkylsulfonyl radicals are "lower alkylsulfonyl" radicals having one to six carbon atoms. Examples of such lower alkylsulfonyl radicals include methylsulfonyl, ethylsulfonyl and propylsulfonyl. The "alkylsulfonyl" radicals may be further substituted with one or more halo atoms, such as fluoro, chloro or bromo, to provide haloalkylsulfonyl radicals. The term "halosulfonyl" embraces halo radicals attached to a sulfonyl radical. Examples of such halosulfonyl radicals include chlorosulfonyl, and bromosulfonyl. The terms "sulfamyl", "aminosulfonyl" and "sulfonamidyl" denote  $NH_2O_2S$ -. The term "acyl" denotes a radical provided by the residue after removal of hydroxyl from an organic acid. Examples of such acyl radicals include alkanoyl and aroyl radicals. Examples of such alkanoyl radicals include formyl, acetyl, propionyl, butyryl, isobutyryl, valeryl, isovaleryl, pivaloyl, hexanoyl, and radicals formed from succinic, glycolic, gluconic, lactic, malic, tartaric, citric, ascorbic, glucuronic, maleic, fumaric, pyruvic, mandelic, pantothenic,  $\beta$ -hydroxybutyric, galactaric and galacturonic acids. The term "carbonyl", whether used alone or with other terms, such as "alkoxycarbonyl", denotes - (C=O) -. The terms "carboxy" or "carboxyl", whether used alone or with other terms, such as "carboxyalkyl", denotes -CO<sub>2</sub>H. The term "carboxyalkyl" embraces alkyl radicals substituted with a carboxy radical. More preferred are "lower carboxyalkyl" which embrace lower alkyl radicals as defined above, and may be additionally substituted on the alkyl radical with halo. Examples of such lower carboxyalkyl radicals include carboxymethyl, carboxyethyl and carboxypropyl. The term "alkoxycarbonyl" means a radical containing an alkoxy

radical, as defined above, attached via an oxygen atom to a carbonyl radical. More preferred are "lower alkoxycarbonyl" radicals with alkyl portions having one to six carbons. Examples of such lower alkoxycarbonyl (ester) radicals include substituted or unsubstituted methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, propoxycarbonyl, butoxycarbonyl and hexyloxycarbonyl. The term "alkoxycarbonylalkyl" embraces alkyl radicals substituted with a alkoxycarbonyl radical as defined above. More preferred are "lower alkoxycarbonylalkyl" radicals with alkyl portions having one to six carbons. Examples of such lower alkoxycarbonylalkyl radicals include substituted or unsubstituted methoxycarbonylmethyl, ethoxycarbonylmethyl, methoxycarbonyl-ethyl and ethoxycarbonylethyl. The term "alkylcarbonyl", includes radicals having alkyl, hydroxylalkyl, radicals, as defined herein, attached to a carbonyl radical. of such radicals include substituted or unsubstituted methylcarbonyl, ethylcarbonyl, propylcarbonyl, butylcarbonyl, pentylcarbonyl, hydroxymethylcarbonyl, hydroxyethylcarbonyl. The term "aralkyl" embraces arylsubstituted alkyl radicals such as benzyl, diphenylmethyl, triphenylmethyl, phenylethyl, and diphenylethyl. The aryl in said aralkyl may be additionally substituted with one or more substituents selected independently from halo, alkyl, alkoxy, halkoalkyl, haloalkoxy, amino and nitro. The terms benzyl and phenylmethyl are interchangeable. The term "heterocyclylalkylene" embraces saturated and partially unsaturated heterocyclyl-substituted alkyl radicals (also can be called heterocycloalkylalkylene and heterocycloalkenylalkylene correspondingly), such as pyrrolidinylmethyl, and heteroaryl-substituted alkyl radicals (also can be called heteroarylalkylene), such as pyridylmethyl, quinolylmethyl, thienylmethyl, furylethyl, and quinolylethyl. The heteroaryl in said heteroaralkyl

may be additionally substituted with halo, alkyl, alkoxy, halkoalkyl and haloalkoxy. The term "aryloxy" embraces aryl radicals attached through an oxygen atom to other radicals. The term "aralkoxy" embraces aralkyl radicals attached through an oxygen atom to other radicals. The term "aminoalkyl" embraces alkyl radicals substituted with amino radicals. More preferred are "lower aminoalkyl" radicals. Examples of such radicals include aminomethyl, aminoethyl, and the like. The term "alkylamino" denotes amino groups which are substituted with one or two alkyl radicals. Preferred are "lower alkylamino" radicals having alkyl portions having one to six carbon atoms. Suitable lower alkylamino may be monosubstituted N-alkylamino or disubstituted N,Nalkylamino, such as N-methylamino, N-ethylamino, N,Ndimethylamino, N,N-diethylamino or the like. "arylamino" denotes amino groups which are substituted with one or two aryl radicals, such as N-phenylamino. The "arylamino" radicals may be further substituted on the aryl ring portion of the radical. The term "aminocarbonyl" denotes an amide group of the formula -The term "alkylaminocarbonyl" denotes an  $C (=0) NH_2$ . aminocarbonyl group which has been substituted with one or two alkyl radicals on the amino nitrogen atom. Preferred are "N-alkylaminocarbonyl" and "N, Ndialkylaminocarbonyl" radicals. More preferred are "lower N-alkylaminocarbonyl" and "lower N, Ndialkylaminocarbonyl" radicals with lower alkyl portions as defined above. The term "alkylcarbonylamino" embraces amino groups which are substituted with one alkylcarbonyl radicals. More preferred alkylcarbonylamino radicals are "lower alkylcarbonylamino" having lower alkylcarbonyl radicals as defined above attached to amino radicals. The term "alkylaminoalkylene" embraces radicals having one or more alkyl radicals attached to an aminoalkyl radical.

The "hydrocarbon" moieties described herein are organic compounds or radicals consisting exclusively of the elements carbon and hydrogen. These moieties include alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, and aryl moieties. These moieties also include alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, and aryl moieties substituted with other aliphatic or cyclic hydrocarbon groups, such as alkaryl, alkenaryl and alkynaryl. Preferably, these moieties comprise 1 to 20 carbon atoms.

The heterosubstituted hydrocarbon moieties described herein are hydrocarbon moieties which are substituted with at least one atom other than carbon, including moieties in which a carbon chain atom is substituted with a hetero atom such as nitrogen, oxygen, sulfur, or a halogen atom. These substituents include lower alkoxy such as methoxy, ethoxy, butoxy; halogen such as chloro or fluoro; ethers; acetals; ketals; esters; heterocyclyl such as furyl or thienyl; alkanoxy; hydroxy; protected hydroxy; acyl; acyloxy; nitro; cyano; amino; and amido.

The additional terms used to describe the substituents of the pyrazole ring and not specifically defined herein are defined in a similar manner to that illustrated in the above definitions. As above, more preferred substituents are those containing "lower" radicals. Unless otherwise defined to contrary, the term "lower" as used in this application means that each alkyl radical of a pyrazole ring substituent comprising one or more alkyl radicals has one to about six carbon atoms; each alkenyl radical of a pyrazole ring substituent comprising one or more alkenyl radicals has two to about six carbon atoms; each alkynyl radical of a pyrazole ring substituent comprising one or more alkynyl radicals has two to about six carbon atoms; each cycloalkyl or cycloalkenyl radical of a pyrazole ring substituent comprising one or more cycloalkyl and/or cycloalkenyl radicals is a 3 to 8 membered ring cycloalkyl or

cycloalkenyl radical, respectively; each aryl radical of a pyrazole ring substituent comprising one or more aryl radicals is a monocyclic aryl radical; and each heterocyclyl radical of a pyrazole ring substituent comprising one or more heterocyclyl radicals is a 4-8 membered ring heterocyclyl.

The present invention comprises the tautomeric forms of compounds of Formulae I and IX (as well as the compounds of Formulae (IA and IXA). As illustrated below, the pyrazoles of Formula I and I' are magnetically and structurally equivalent because of the prototropic tautomeric nature of the hydrogen:

The present invention also comprises compounds of Formula I, IA, IX, IXA, X, XA and XI having one or more asymmetric carbons. It is known to those skilled in the art that those pyrazoles of the present invention having asymmetric carbon atoms may exist in diastereomeric, racemic, or optically active forms. All of these forms are contemplated within the scope of this invention. More specifically, the present invention includes enantiomers, diastereomers, racemic mixtures, and other mixtures thereof.

The present invention comprises a pharmaceutical composition for the treatment of a TNF mediated disorder, a p38 kinase mediated disorder, inflammation, and/or arthritis, comprising a therapeutically-effective amount

of a compound of Formula I and/or IA, or a therapeutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof, in association with at least one pharmaceutically-acceptable carrier, adjuvant or diluent.

The present invention further encompasses substituted pyrazoles that specifically bind to the ATP binding site of p38 kinase. Without being held to a particular theory, applicants hypothesize that these substituted pyrazoles interact with p38 kinase as set forth below. As the substituent at the 3-position of the pyrazole ring approaches the ATP binding site of p38 kinase, a hydrophobic cavity in the p38 kinase forms around the 3-position substitutent at the binding site. This hydrophobic cavity is believed to form as the 3position substituent binds to a specific peptide sequence of the enzyme. In particular, it is believed to bind to the sidechains of  $Lys_{52}$ ,  $Glu_{69}$ ,  $Leu_{73}$ ,  $Ile_{82}$ ,  $Leu_{84}$ ,  $Leu_{101}$ and the methyl group of the  $Thr_{103}$  sidechain of p38 kinase at the ATP binding site (wherein the numbering scheme corresponds to the numbering scheme conventionally used for ERK-2). Where the 3-position substituent is aryl or heteroaryl, such aryl or heteroaryl may be further substituted. It is hypothesized that such ring substituents may be beneficial in preventing hydroxylation or further metabolism of the ring.

The substituent at the 4-position of the pyrazole ring is one that is a partial mimic of the adenine ring of ATP, although it may be further elaborated. Preferably, it is a planar substituent terminated by a suitable hydrogen bond acceptor functionality. It is hypothesized that this acceptor hydrogen bonds to the backbone N-H of the Met<sub>106</sub> residue while one edge of this substituent is in contact with bulk solvent.

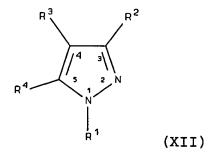
Substitution at the 5-position of the pyrazole ring is well tolerated and can provide increased potency and selectivity. It is hypothesized that such substituents

extend out in the direction of the bulk solvent and that suitable polar functionality placed at its terminus can interact with the sidechain of Asp<sup>109</sup>, leading to increased potency and selectivity.

Similarly, substitution on the nitrogen atom at the 1- or 2-position of the pyrazole ring is well tolerated and can provide increased potency. It is hypothesized that a hydrogen substituent attached to one of the ring nitrogen atoms is hydrogen bonded to Asp<sub>165</sub>. Preferably, the nitrogen atom at the 2-position is double bonded to the carbon atom at the 3-position of the pyrazole while the nitrogen atom at the 1-position of the pyrazole is available for substitution with hydrogen or other substituents.

The 5-position substitutent and the 1- or 2-position substituent of the pyrazole can be selected so as to improve the physical characteristics, especially aqueous solubility and drug delivery performance, of the substituted pyrazole. Preferably, however, these substituents each have a molecular weight less than about 360 atomic mass units. More preferably, these substituents each have a molecular weight less than about less than about 250 atomic mass units. Still more preferably, these substituents have a combined molecular weight less than about 360 atomic mass units.

A class of substituted pyrazoles of particular interest consists of those compounds having the formula:



wherein

 ${\sf R}^1$  is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical having a molecular weight less than about 360 atomic mass units; and

 ${\ensuremath{R^2}}$  is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical that binds with p38 kinase at said ATP binding site of p38 kinase; and

R<sup>3</sup> is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical having a hydrogen bond acceptor functionality; and

 ${\tt R}^4$  is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical having a molecular weight less than about 360 atomic mass units;

provided  $R^3$  is not 2-pyridinyl when  $R^4$  is a phenyl ring containing a 2-hydroxy substituent and when  $R^1$  is hydrido; further provided  $R^2$  is selected from aryl, heterocyclyl, unsubstituted cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl when  $R^4$  is hydrido; and further provided  $R^4$  is not methylsulfonylphenyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

In this embodiment of the invention, one or more of  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$  and  $R^4$  preferably are selected from the corresponding groups of the compounds of Formula I and/or IA. More preferably,  $R^3$  is an optionally substituted pyridinyl or pyrimidinyl,  $R^4$  is a halo substituted phenyl, and  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  have the definitions set forth immediately above.

A class of substituted pyrazoles of particular interest consists of those compounds of Formula XI wherein

 ${\tt R}^{\tt l}$  is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical having a molecular weight less than about 360 atomic mass units; and

 ${\ensuremath{\mbox{R}}}^2$  is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or

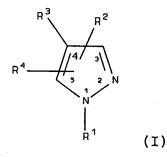
heterocyclyl radical wherein said radical binds with  $Lys_{52}$ ,  $Glu_{69}$ ,  $Leu_{73}$ ,  $Ile_{82}$ ,  $Leu_{84}$ ,  $Leu_{101}$ , and  $Thr_{103}$  sidechains at said ATP binding site of p38 kinase, said radical being substantially disposed within a hydrophobic cavity formed during said binding by p38 kinase at the ATP binding site; and

 ${
m R}^3$  is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical having a hydrogen bond acceptor functionality that hydrogen bonds with the N-H backbone of Met<sub>106</sub> of p38 kinase; and

 $\mathbb{R}^4$  is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical having a molecular weight less than about 360 atomic mass units.

The present invention also comprises a therapeutic method of treating a TNF mediated disorder, a p38 kinase mediated disorder, inflammation and/or arthritis in a subject, the method comprising treating a subject having or susceptible to such disorder or condition with a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound of Formula I and/or IA.

For example, in one embodiment the present invention comprises a therapeutic method of treating a TNF mediated disorder, a p38 kinase mediated disorder, inflammation and/or arthritis in a subject, the method comprising treating a subject having or susceptible to such disorder or condition with a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound of Formula I



wherein

R1 is selected from hydrido, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, haloalkyl, haloalkenyl, haloalkynyl, hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl, hydroxyalkynyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, aralkynyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, alkynoxyalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, heterocyclyloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkoxy, mercaptoalkyl, alkylthioalkylene, alkenylthioalkylene, alkylthioalkenylene, amino, aminoalkyl, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, alkylsulfinyl, alkenylsulfinyl, alkynylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, heterocyclylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkenylsulfonyl, alkynylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, heterocyclylsulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylene, alkylsulfonylalkylene, acyl, acyloxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylalkylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, heterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, alkylcarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, arylcarbonyloxyalkylene, heterocyclylcarbonyloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyarylene, arylcarbonyloxyarylene, and heterocyclylcarbonyloxyarylene; or

R¹ has the formula

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & R^{25} & O & R^{26} \\
 & C & CH_2 & C & N \\
 & R^{27} & (II)
\end{array}$$

wherein:

i is an integer from 0 to 9;  $R^{25}$  is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl,

heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and

R<sup>26</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkylalkylene, aralkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and alkylaminoalkyl; and

R<sup>27</sup> is selected from alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, cycloalkylarylene, cycloalkylcycloalkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylarylene, alkylaralkyl, aralkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene, aralkylheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkoxyaralkyl, alkoxyheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, aralkoxyarylene, alkoxyheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkoxyarylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkoxyarylaminocarbonylalkylene, aminocarbonylalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkylaminocarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, alkylaryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, alkylarylcarbonylarylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylarylene, alkoxycarbonylalkoxylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylalkylarylene, alkylthioalkylene, cycloalkylthioalkylene, alkylthioarylene, aralkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene, arylthioalklylarylene, arylsulfonylaminoalkylene, alkylsulfonylarylene, alkylaminosulfonylarylene; wherein said alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene, alkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene,

alkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene, arylthioalklylarylene, and alkylsulfonylarylene groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or

R<sup>27</sup> is -CHR<sup>28</sup>R<sup>29</sup> wherein R<sup>28</sup> is alkoxycarbonyl, and R<sup>29</sup> is selected from aralkyl, aralkoxyalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkylthioalkylene, and aralkylthioalkylene; wherein said aralkyl and heterocylcyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl and nitro; or

R<sup>26</sup> and R<sup>27</sup> together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocycle, wherein said heterocycle is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxyarylene, alkylaryloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aralkoxycarbonyl, alkylamino and alkoxycarbonylamino; wherein said aryl, heterocyclylalkylene and aryloxyalkylene radicals are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halogen, alkyl and alkoxy; and

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, halogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, haloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, aralkyl, alkylheterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylamino, aminoalkyl, aminoaryl, aminoalkylamino, arylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoarylene, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoarylene, alkylaminoalkylamino, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, alkoxy, heterocyclyloxy, alkylthio, arylthio, heterocyclylthio, carboxy, carboxyalkyl,

carboxycycloalkyl, carboxycycloalkenyl,
carboxyalkylamino, alkoxycarbonyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl,
alkoxycarbonylalkyl, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl,
alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl, alkoxyalkylamino,
alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, and heterocyclylsulfonyl;
wherein the aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl,
cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl groups are optionally
substituted with one or more radicals independently
selected from halo, keto, amino, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl,
aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl,
epoxyalkyl, amino(hydroxyalkyl) carboxy, alkoxy, aryloxy,
aralkoxy, haloalkyl, alkylamino, alkynylamino,
alkylaminoalkylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino,
alkylaminoalkylamino, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl,
arylsulfonyl, and aralkylsulfonyl; or

R<sup>2</sup> has the formula:

wherein:

j is an integer from 0 to 8; and
m is 0 or 1; and

R<sup>30</sup> and R<sup>31</sup> are independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, aminocarbonylalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, and alkylcarbonyloxyalkyl; and

R<sup>32</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene;

 $R^{33}$  is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, -C(0)  $R^{35},$  -C(0)  $OR^{35},$  -SO $_2R^{36},$  -C(0)  $NR^{37}R^{38},$  and -SO $_2NR^{39}R^{40},$  wherein  $R^{35},$   $R^{36},$   $R^{37},$   $R^{38},$   $R^{39}$  and  $R^{40}$  are independently

selected from hydrocarbon, heterosubstituted hydrocarbon and heterocyclyl; and

 ${\tt R^{34}}$  is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, and arylaminocarbonyl; or

 $\mbox{R}^2$  is  $-\mbox{CR}^{41}\mbox{R}^{42}$  wherein  $\mbox{R}^{41}$  is aryl, and  $\mbox{R}^{42}$  is hydroxy; and

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl,

(IV) (V)

wherein  $R^{43}$  is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aminoalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, and aryloxyalkyl; and

wherein the R³ pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl and purinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, alkyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, aralkoxy, heterocyclylalkoxy, amino, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, cycloalkylamino, cycloalkenylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, aminocarbonyl, cyano, hydroxy, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, heterocyclyloxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylamino, alkoxyaralkylamino, aminosulfinyl, aminosulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylamino, hydroxyalkylamino, aralkylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylheterocyclylamino, nitro, alkylaminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino, halosulfonyl, aminoalkyl, haloalkyl, alkylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, alkylhydrazinyl,

arylhydrazinyl, or  $-NR^{44}R^{45}$  wherein  $R^{44}$  is alkylcarbonyl or amino, and  $R^{45}$  is alkyl or aralkyl; and

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from hydrido, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, and heterocyclyl, wherein R<sup>4</sup> is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylthioalkylene, arylthioalkylene, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfinylalkylene, arylsulfinylalkylene, alkylsulfinylalkylene, alkylsulfonylalkylene, arylsulfonylalkylene, arylsulfonylalkylene, arylsulfonylalkylene, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, arylaminocarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, haloalkyl, amino, cyano, nitro, alkylamino, arylamino, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoalkylene, arylaminoalkylene, aminoalkylamino, and hydroxy;

provided  $R^3$  is not 2-pyridinyl when  $R^4$  is a phenyl ring containing a 2-hydroxy substituent and when  $R^1$  is hydrido; further provided  $R^2$  is selected from aryl, heterocyclyl, unsubstituted cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl when  $R^4$  is hydrido; and further provided  $R^4$  is not methylsulfonylphenyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

The present invention also is directed to the use of the compounds of Formula I and/or IA in the preparation of medicaments useful in the treatment and/or prophylaxis of p38 kinase mediated conditions and disorders.

Also included in the family of compounds of Formulae I and/or IA are the pharmaceutically-acceptable salts and prodrugs thereof. The term "pharmaceutically-acceptable salts" embraces salts commonly used to form alkali metal salts and to form addition salts of free acids or free bases. The nature of the salt is not critical, provided that it is pharmaceutically-

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acceptable. Suitable pharmaceutically-acceptable acid addition salts of compounds of Formulae I and/or IA may be prepared from an inorganic acid or from an organic Examples of such inorganic acids are hydrochloric, hydrobromic, hydroiodic, nitric, carbonic, sulfuric and phosphoric acid. Appropriate organic acids may be selected from aliphatic, cycloaliphatic, aromatic, araliphatic, heterocyclyl, carboxylic and sulfonic classes of organic acids, example of which are formic, acetic, propionic, succinic, glycolic, gluconic, lactic, malic, tartaric, citric, ascorbic, glucuronic, maleic, fumaric, pyruvic, aspartic, glutamic, benzoic, anthranilic, mesylic, stearic, salicylic, phydroxybenzoic, phenylacetic, mandelic, embonic (pamoic), methanesulfonic, ethanesulfonic, benzenesulfonic, pantothenic, toluenesulfonic, 2-hydroxyethanesulfonic, sulfanilic, cyclohexylaminosulfonic, algenic,  $\beta$ hydroxybutyric, galactaric and galacturonic acid. Suitable pharmaceutically-acceptable base addition salts of compounds of Formula I and/or IA include metallic salts and organic salts. More preferred metallic salts include, but are not limited to appropriate alkali metal (group Ia) salts, alkaline earth metal (group IIa) salts and other physiological acceptable metals. Such salts can be made from aluminum, calcium, lithium, magnesium, potassium, sodium and zinc. Preferred organic salts can be made from tertiary amines and quaternary ammonium salts, including in part, tromethamine, diethylamine, N,N'-dibenzylethylenediamine, chloroprocaine, choline, diethanolamine, ethylenediamine, meglumine (Nmethylglucamine) and procaine. All of these salts may be prepared by conventional means from the corresponding compound of Formulae I and/or IA by reacting, for example, the appropriate acid or base with the compound of Formulae I and/or IA.

The present invention additionally comprises a class

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of compounds defined by Formula XX:

(XX)

wherein R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as defined for the compounds of Formulae I and/or IA. Also included in the family of compounds of Formula XX are the pharmaceutically-acceptable salts and prodrugs thereof.

The compounds of Formula XX are useful as intermediates in the preparation of the compounds of Formulae I and/or IA. In addition, the compounds of Formula XX themselves have been found to show usefulness as p38 kinase inhibitors. These compounds are useful for the prophylaxis and treatment of the same p38 kinase mediated disorders and conditions as the compounds of formulae I and/or IA. Accordingly, the present invention provides a method of treating a cytokine-mediated disease which comprises administering an effective cytokine-interfering amount of a compound of Formula XX or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof.

The present invention further comprises a pharmaceutical composition for the treatment of a TNF mediated disorder, a p38 kinase mediated disorder, inflammation, and/or arthritis, comprising a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound of Formula XX, or a therapeutically-acceptable salt or prodrug thereof, in association with at least one pharmaceutically-acceptable carrier, adjuvant or diluent.

The compounds of the invention can be prepared according to the following procedures of Schemes I-XXIX wherein  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$ ,  $R^4$ ,  $R^5$  and  $Ar^1$  are as previously defined for the compounds of Formula I, IX, X and XI except where expressly noted.

Scheme I shows the synthesis of pyrazole 5 by two routes. Condensation of the pyridylmethyl ketone 1 with aldehyde 2 in the presence of a base, such as piperidine, in a solvent, such as toluene or benzene, either in the absence or the presence of acetic acid at reflux, provides the  $\alpha,\beta$ -unsaturated ketone 3. In route 1, ketone 3 is first converted to epoxide 4, such as by treatment with hydrogen peroxide solution at room temperature, in the presence of base such as sodium hydroxide. Treatment of epoxide 4 with hydrazine in ethanol or other suitable solvent at a temperature ranging up to reflux, yields pyrazole 5. In route 2, ketone 3 is condensed directly with tosyl hydrazide in the presence of an acid such as acetic acid, at reflux,

to provide pyrazole 5. Alternatively, the intermediate tosyl hydrazone 6 may be isolated, conversion of it to pyrazole 5 is effected by treatment with a base, such as potassium hydroxide, in a suitable solvent, such as ethylene glycol, at a temperature ranging from 25 °C up to 150 °C.

Scheme II shows the synthesis of pyrazole 12 of the present invention. The treatment of pyridine derivative 7 with ester 8 in the presence of a base, such as sodium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide, in a suitable solvent, such as tetrahydrofuran, gives ketone 9. Treatment of ketone 9 or a hydrohalide salt of ketone 9 with a halogenating agent, such as bromine, N-bromosuccinimide or N-chlorosuccinimide, in suitable solvents, such as acetic acid, methylene chloride, methanol, or combinations thereof, forms the  $\alpha$ -halogenated ketone 10 (wherein X is halo). Examples of suitable hydrohalide salts include

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the hydrochloride and hydrobromide salts. Reaction of haloketone 10 with thiosemicarbazide 11 (where R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> can be hydrido, lower alkyl, phenyl, heterocyclyl and the like or where R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> form a heterocyclyl ring optionally containing an additional heteroatom) provides pyrazole 12. Examples of suitable solvents for this reaction are ethanol and dimethylformamide. The reaction may be carried out in the presence or absence of base or acid at temperatures ranging from room temperature to 100 °C.

Thiosemicarbazides which are not commercially available may be conveniently prepared by one skilled in the art by first reacting an appropriate amine with carbon disulfide in the presence of a base, followed by treatment with an alkylating agent such as methyl iodide. Treatment of the resultant alkyl dithiocarbamate with hydrazine results in the desired thiosemicarbazide. This chemistry is further described in E. Lieber and R.C. Orlowski, J. Org. Chem., Vol. 22, p. 88 (1957). An alternative approach is to add hydrazine to appropriately substituted thiocyanates as described by Y. Nomoto et al., Chem. Pharm. Bull., Vol. 39, p.86 (1991). The Lieber and Nomoto publications are incorporated herein by reference.

Where Compound 12 contains a second derivatizable nitrogen atom, a wide range of substituents may be placed on that atom by methods known to those skilled in the art. For example, in cases where R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached comprise a piperazine ring, the distal nitrogen of that ring may be, for example, (i) methylated by reaction with formic acid and formaldehyde; (ii) propargylated by reaction with propargyl bromide in a suitable solvent such as dimethylformamide in the presence of a suitable base such as potassium carbonate; (iii) acylated or sulfonylated by reaction with a suitable acyl or sulfonyl derivative in

pyridine; or (iv) cyclopropanated by reaction with [1(1-ethoxycyclopropyl)oxy]trimethylsilane using sodium cyanoborohydride in the presence of acetic acid.

Additionally, one of the nitrogen atoms of the pyrazole ring optionally may be alkylated by reaction with an alkyl halide, such as propargyl bromide, in the presence of a strong base such as sodium hydride.

Scheme III shows the synthesis of pyrazole 19 in more general form by three routes. In Route 1, ketone 13 is condensed with hydrazine 14 to give the substituted hydrazide 16, which is then reacted with acyl halide or anhydride 17 at low temperature to provide acyl hydrazone 18. Upon heating at a temperature up to 200°C, acyl hydrazone 18 is converted to pyrazole 19. In Route 2, acyl hydrazone 18 is formed directly by reaction of ketone 13 with acyl hydrazide 15, formed by reaction of hydrazine with a carboxylic acid ester, at room

temperature. Heating acyl hydrazone 18 as above then provides pyrazole 19. In Route 3, ketone 13 is treated with acyl hydrazide 15 at a suitable temperature, ranging from room temperature to about 200 °C, to give pyrazole 19 directly. Alternatively, this condensation may be carried out in an acidic solvent, such as acetic acid, or in a solvent containing acetic acid.

Synthetic Scheme IV describes the preparation of pyrazole 19.

Scheme V shows the two step synthesis of the 3substituted 4-pyridyl-5-arylpyrazoles 33 of the present invention by cyclization of hydrazone dianions with carboxylates. In step 1, the reaction of substituted pyridylmethyl ketones 31 (prepared, for example, as later described in Scheme IX) with hydrazines in the presence of solvents such as ethanol gives ketohydrazones 32. Examples of suitable hydrazines include, but are not limited to, phenylhydrazine and p-methoxyphenylhydrazine. In step 2, the hydrazones 32 are treated with two equivalents of a base such as sodium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide in a suitable solvent such as tetrahydrofuran to generate dianions. This reaction may be carried out at temperatures of about 0 °C or lower. In the same step, the dianions then are condensed with esters such as methyl isonicotinate, methyl cyclopropanecarboxylate, to give the desired pyrazoles

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33. It may be necessary to treat the product from this step with a dehydrating agent, such as a mineral acid, to produce the target pyrazole in some instances.

Scheme VI shows an alternative method for synthesizing pyrazoles which are unsubstituted at the 5 position of the ring. In accordance with this method, a heteroarylmethyl ketone 34 is synthesized by first treating a heteroarylmethane with a strong base such as lithium hexamethyldisilazide or lithium diisopropylamide. Examples of suitable heteroarylmethanes are 4methylpyridine, 4-methylpyrimidine, 2,4-dimethylpyridine, 2-chloro-4-methylpyrimidine, 2-chloro-4-methylpyridine and 2-fluoro-4-methylpyridine. The resulting heteroarylmethyl lithium species is then reacted with a substituted benzoate ester to produce ketone 34. Examples of suitable benzoate esters are methyl and ethyl p-fluorobenzoate and ethyl and methyl p-chlorobenzoate. Ketone 34 is converted to the aminomethylene derivative 35 by reaction with an aminomethylenating agent such as dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal or tertbutoxybis(dimethylamino)methane. Ketone 35 is converted

A modification of this synthetic route serves to regioselectively synthesize pyrazole 38 which contains a substituted nitrogen at position 1 of the ring. Ketone 34 is first converted to hydrazone 37 by reaction with the appropriate substituted hydrazine. Examples of suitable hydrazines are N-methylhydrazine and N-(2-hydroxyethyl)hydrazine. Reaction of hydrazone 37 with an aminomethylenating agent produces pyrazole 38. Examples of suitable aminomethylenating agents include dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal and tert-butoxybis(dimethylamino)methane.

to pyrazole 36 by treatment with hydrazine.

In cases where the R<sup>3</sup> substituent of pyrazoles 36 and 38 bears a leaving group such as a displaceable halogen, subsequent treatment with an amine produces an aminosubstituted heteroaromatic derivative. Examples of such amines include benzylamine, cyclopropylamine and ammonia.

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The leaving group may also be replaced with other nucleophiles such as mercaptides and alkoxides. Examples of substitutable R³ groups include, but are not limited to, 2-chloropyridinyl and 2-bromopyridinyl groups.

$$S(R^2 = CH_3)$$

$$S(R^2 = CH_3$$

Scheme VII describes the preparation of derivatives from pyrazole 5 (prepared in accordance with Scheme I) when  $R^2 = CH_3$ . Oxidation of pyrazole 5 gives carboxylic acid 39, which is then reduced to hydroxymethyl compound 40, or coupled with amine  $NR^{10}R^{11}$  (wherein  $R^{10}$  and  $R^{11}$  are independently selected, for example, from hydrogen, alkyl and aryl, or together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a 4-8 membered ring that may contain one or more additional heteroatoms selected from oxygen, nitrogen or sulfur) to form amide 41 followed by reduction to generate amine derivative 42.

### SCHEME VIII

Scheme VIII illustrates the synthesis of pyrazoles 44 and 45 from pyrazole 43. The alkylation of the ring nitrogen atoms of pyrazole 43 can be accomplished using conventional techniques. Treatment of pyrazole 43 with an appropriate base (for example, sodium hydride) followed by treatment with an alkyl halide (for example, CH<sub>3</sub>I) yields a mixture of isomers 44 and 45.

### SCHEME IX

"desoxybenzoin"

dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal (4 fold excess) tetrahydrofuran (1 volume) RT

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Scheme IX illustrates the synthesis of 3-aryl-4pyridyl-pyrazoles of the present invention. 46 is reacted with pyridine 47 in the presence of a strong base, such as an alkali metal hexamethyldisilazide (preferably sodium hexamethyldisilazide or lithium hexamethyldisilazide), in a suitable solvent, such as tetrahydrofuran, to give desoxybenzoin 48. Desoxybenzoin 48 is then converted to ketone 49 by treatment with an excess of dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal. Ketone 49 is then reacted with hydrazine hydrate in a suitable solvent such as ethanol to yield pyrazole 50. In Scheme IX,  $R^{12}$ represents one or more radicals independently selected from the optional substituents previously defined for Preferably,  $R^{12}$  is hydrogen, alkyl, halo, trifluoromethyl, methoxy or cyano, or represents methylenedioxy.

The 3-aryl-4-pyrimidinyl-pyrazoles of the present invention can be synthesized in the manner of Scheme IX by replacing pyridine 47 with the corresponding pyrimidine. In a similar manner, Schemes X through XVII can be employed to synthesize 3-aryl-4-pyrimidinyl-pyrimidines corresponding to the 3-aryl-4-pyrimidinyl-pyrazoles shown in those schemes.

#### SCHEME X

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Scheme X illustrates one variation of Scheme IX that can be used to synthesize 3-aryl-4-pyridyl-pyrazoles that are further substituted on the nitrogen atom at position 1 of the pyrazole ring. If desoxybenzoin 48 (prepared in accordance with Scheme IX) instead is first converted to hydrazone 51 by treatment with hydrazine and hydrazone 51 is then treated with dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal, then the resulting product is pyrazole 52.

Schemes XI through XVIII illustrate further modifications that can be made to Scheme IX to synthesize other 3-aryl-4-pyridyl-pyrazoles having alternative substituents.

## SCHEME XI

## SCHEME XII

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In Scheme XII, X is chloro, fluoro or bromo;  $R^{13}$  is, for example, hydrogen, alkyl, phenyl, aralkyl, heteroarylalkyl, amino or alkylamino; and  $R_{20}$  is, for example, hydrogen or alkyl.

# SCHEME XIII

# SCHEME XIV

## SCHEME XV

In Scheme XV, n is 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5; and R<sup>14</sup> and R<sup>15</sup> are independently selected from, for example, hydrogen, alkyl or aryl, or together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a 4-7 membered ring that may contain one or more additional heteroatoms selected from oxygen, nitrogen or sulfur.

# SCHEME XVI

In Scheme XVI,  $R^{16}$  is selected, for example, from hydrogen, alkyl and phenyl.

# SCHEME XVII

In Scheme XVII,  $R^{17}$  is selected, for example, from alkyl, phenylalkyl and heterocyclylalkyl.

#### SCHEME XVIII

Compounds wherein the 2-position of the pyridine ring is substituted by a carboxyl group or a carboxyl derivative may be synthesized according to the procedures outline in Scheme XVIII. The starting pyridyl pyrazole 67 is converted to the 2-cyano derivative 68 by first conversion to its pyridine N-oxide by reaction with an oxidizing agent such as m-chloroperoxybenzoic acid.

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Treatment of the pyridine N-oxide with trimethylsilyl cyanide followed by dimethylcarbamoyl chloride produces the 2-cyano compound 68. Compound 68 is converted to its carboxamide 69 by reaction with hydrogen peroxide in the presence of a suitable base. Examples of suitable bases include potassium carbonate and potassium bicarbonate. Carboxamide 69 is converted to its methyl ester 70 by reaction with dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal in methanol. The ester 70 is converted to its carboxylic acid 71 by saponification. Typical saponification conditions include reaction with a base such as sodium hydroxide or potassium hydroxide in a suitable solvent such as ethanol or ethanol and water or methanol and water or the like. Ester 70 is also convertible to substituted amide 72 by treatment with a desired amine, such as methylamine at a suitable temperature. Temperatures may range from room temperature to 180°C. In Scheme XVIII, R18 and R19 are independently selected, for example, from hydrogen, alkyl and aryl, or together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a 4-8 membered ring that may contain one or more additional heteroatoms selected from oxygen, nitrogen or sulfur.

The synthesis of compound 77, wherein the amino group is extended two methylene units from the pyrazole

ring is illustrated in Scheme XIX above. Reaction of pyrazole 73 with a protecting reagent such as 2- (trimethylsilyl)ethoxymethyl chloride (SEM-Cl) in the presence of a base such as sodium hydride yields protected pyrazole 74. This reaction results in a mixture of regioisomers wherein the 2-(trimethylsilyl)-ethoxymethyl (SEM) group may be attached to either of the nitrogen atoms of the pyrazole ring. Alternatively, protecting reagents such as 2-methoxyethoxymethyl chloride (MEMCl) also may be used.

Reaction of compound 74 with a suitable derivative of dimethyl formamide, followed by exposure to water, leads to aldehyde 75. Examples of suitable derivatives of dimethylformamide include tert.butoxybis(dimethylamino)methane and dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal. One skilled in the art will understand that this leads to the formation of a reactive vinyl amine as an intermediate. The reaction may be carried out in the reagent itself or in the presence of dimethylformamide as solvent. Suitable reaction temperatures range from about 50 °C to about 153 °C. contacting of the intermediate vinyl amine with water may be carried out in solution in a suitable solvent such as methanol, ethanol, acetone, or dioxane. Alternatively, a solution of the vinyl amine in a suitable solvent may be contacted with hydrated silica gel.

Aldehyde 75 may be reductively aminated to amine 76 by reaction with the desired amine in the presence of a reducing agent. Typical reducing agents include sodium cyanoborohydride, sodium borohydride or hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst, such as a palldium/carbon catalyst or a Raney nickel catalyst, either at atmospheric pressure or in a pressurized system. An acid catalyst such as acetic acid or dilute hydrochloric acid may also be employed. The reaction may be run at ambient temperature or may be heated.

Pyrazole 77 is obtained by removal of the pyrazole nitrogen protecting group. The deprotection reaction employed will depend upon the specific protecting group removed. A 2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxymethyl group can be removed, for example, by reaction of amine 76 with tetrabutylammonium fluoride while a 2-methoxyethoxymethyl group can be removed, for example, by acid hydrolysis.

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Scheme XX shows the syntheses of pyrazole 82 and its derivatives 83 and 85. A substituted 4-picoline 78 is condensed with ethyl ester derivative 79 in the presence of a base such as lithium diisopropylamide to give ketone derivative 80. An example of a suitable picoline is 4-Suitable ethyl ester derivatives include ethyl picoline. 4-piperidinylacetate (Compound 79, n = 1). Ester 79 may be synthesized, for example, by hydrogenation of ethyl 4pyridylacetate and protection of the resulting piperidine nitrogen as the tert.-butoxycarbonyl (Boc) derivative by reaction with tert.-butoxycarbonyl chloride. hydrogenation may be carried out, for example, at pressures from atmospheric to 100 psi. Suitable catalysts include 5% platinum on carbon. The presence of an acid such as hydrochloric acid may also improve reaction performance.

Treatment of 80 with a substituted benzaldehyde provides unsaturated ketone 81. Pyrazole 82 may be synthesized by treatment of 81 with p-toluenesulfonylhydrazide in the presence of acetic acid. During this reaction, the protecting tert.-butoxycarbonyl group is removed. Derivatization of pyrazole 82 by appropriate methods as described in Scheme II for analogous piperazine derivatives gives various pyrazole derivatives 83.

Alternatively, unsaturated ketone **81** can be converted to pyrazole **84** by first reaction with hydrogen peroxide in the presence of sodium or postassium hydroxide, followed by reaction with hydrazine. Using trifluoroacetic acid, the tert.-butoxycarbonyl group may be removed from pyrazole **84** to give pyrazole **82**.

Alternatively, the tert.-butoxycarbonyl group of **84** may be reduced with a reagent such as lithium aluminum hydride to provide the methyl derivative **85**.

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## SCHEME XXI

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Scheme XXI shows the synthesis of pyrazoles 92.

Treatment of compound 86 with ester 87 in the presence of a base, such as sodium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide, in a suitable solvent such as tetrahydrofuran, gives ketone 88. Substituent R³ is typically heteroaryl, preferably pyridinyl or pyrimidinyl, and more preferably 4-pyridinyl. Substituent R⁴ is typically aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, alkyl or aralkyl, and is preferably a substituted phenyl. R¹o³ can be, for example, lower alkyl.

Treatment of ketone 88 with carbon disulfide, dibromomethane, and a base such as potassium carbonate in a suitable solvent such as acetone gives dithietane 89. Other suitable bases include, but are not limited to, carbonates such as sodium carbonate, tertiary amines such as triethylamine or diazabicycloundecane (DBU), and alkoxides such as potassium tert-butoxide. Other suitable solvents include, but are not limited to, low molecular weight ketones, methyl ethyl ketone, tetrahydrofuran, glyme, acetonitrile, dimethylformamide, dimethylsulfoxide, dichloromethane, benzene, substituted benzenes and toluene.

Dithietane 89 may be reacted with an appropriate amine, with or without heating, in an acceptable solvent such as toluene or acetonitrile to make thioamide 90. Thioamide 90 is treated with hydrazine or a substituted hydrazine in an appropriate solvent such as tetrahydrofuran or an alcohol, with or without heating, to produce pyrazole 92 and/or its tautomer.

Alternatively, thioamide 90 can be reacted with an alkyl halide or a sulphonic acid ester to yield substituted thioamide 91. Substituted thioamide 91 is treated with hydrazine or a substituted hydrazine in an appropriate solvent such as tetrahydrofuran or an alcohol, with or without heating, to produce pyrazole 92 or its tautomer.

 ${\rm R}^{104}$  and  ${\rm R}^{105}$  can be independent radicals or can form a heterocyclyl ring that is optionally substituted and/or contains an additional heteroatom.

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Scheme XXII shows the synthesis of substituted 5-

amino pyrazoles 98 and 99. Desoxybenzoin 93 (prepared, for example, as illustrated in Scheme IX, supra, or Example C-1, infra) is reacted with an aminomethylenating agent, such as N,N-dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal, to form aminomethylene ketone 94. Aminomethylene ketone 94 is converted to isoxazole 95 by treatment with a hydroxylamine in a suitable solvent such as ethanol. Isoxazole 95 is treated with a base, such as dilute aqueous sodium hydroxide, to form cyanoketone 96. Cyanoketone 96 is then reacted with a chlorinating agent, such as phosphorous trichloride, to form a vinyl chloride which is then treated with hydrazine hydrate (or a substituted hydrazine hydrate) to form amino pyrazole 97. Amino pyrazole 97 can be reacted further with a variety of alkyl halides, such as methyl bromoacetate, bromoacetonitrile, and chloroethylamine, to form the appropriate mono- or disubstituted, cyclic or acyclic amino pyrazole 98. Typical  $R^{106}$  and  $R^{107}$  substituents include, for example, hydrogen and alkyl. In addition, amino pyrazole 97 can be reacted further with a variety of acylating agents, such as benzyliminodiacetic acid and N,N-dimethylglycine, to give the corresponding mono- or disubstituted, cyclic or acyclic amide or imide 99. Typical  $R^{108}$  and  $R^{109}$  substituents include, for example, hydrogen, alkyl and acyl.

#### SCHEME XXIII

Scheme XXIII shows the synthesis of sulfoxide/sulfone 103. Ketone 100, wherein X is preferably halo such as fluoro or chloro, in a solvent, such as tetrahydrofuran, is treated with a suitable base, such as sodium hydride or potassium tbutoxide, to yield an enolate intermediate. The enolate intermediate is reacted with carbon disulfide and then alkylated with an appropriate alkylating agent, such as methyl iodide, benzyl bromide, or trimethylsilylchloride, to form dithioketene acetal 101. Dithioketene acetal 101 can be cyclized to pyrazole 102 using hydrazine, or its hydrate (or a substituted hydrazine or its hydrate), in a suitable solvent, such as tetrahydrofuran or ethanol. Pyrazole 102 is then treated with an oxidizing agent, such as potassium peroxymonosulfate, ammonium persulfate, or 3chloroperoxybenzoic acid, to generate sulfoxide 103 (n=1) and/or sulfone 103 (n=2).

## SCHEME XXIV

106

Scheme XXIV shows the synthesis of pyrazole 106. Dithioketene acetal 104 in a suitable solvent, such as toluene, is combined with a secondary amine, wherein Z is preferably S or -NCH3, and heated to about 80-110 °C. After the solution has been heated for several hours, any insoluble bis substituted material may be removed by filtration. Mono substituted product 105 is then reacted with hydrazine, or its hydrate (or a substituted hydrazine or its hydrate), in a solvent, such as tetrahydrofuran or ethanol, at ambient up to reflux temperatures, to form pyrazole 106.

## SCHEME XXV

109

Scheme XXV shows the synthesis of pyrazole 109. Dithietane 107 is added to a solution of a sodium or potassium alkoxide in tetrahydrofuran. The alkoxide may be generated by treating an alcohol, in tetrahydrofuran, with a suitable base, such as sodium hydride, sodium hexamethyldisilazide, or potassium hexamethyldisilazide. The reaction mixture is stirred from 4 to 72 hours at room temperature. The resulting thionoester 108 is reacted with hydrazine, or its hydrate (or a substituted hydrazine or its hydrate), in ethanol, methanol, or tetrahydrofuran at room temperature for about 2-18 hours to generate pyrazole 109.

## SCHEME XXVI

Scheme XXVI shows the synthesis of pyrazole 112. To dithietane 107 in a suitable solvent, such as toluene, is added an amine, such as thiomorpholine and heated to about 80-110 °C, to form thioamide 110. Thioamide 110 may be isolated or used directly in the next reaction step. To thioamide 110 in tetrahydrofuran is added a suitable base, such as potassium t-butoxide, and the resulting thiol anion alkylated with iodomethane to form alkylated thioamide 111. Alkylated thioamide 111 can be cyclized with hydrazine (or substituted hydrazine), in a solvent, such as tetrahydrofuran or ethanol, to generate pyrazole 112.

## SCHEME XXVII

Scheme XXVII shows the synthesis of pyrazole 114. Dithietane 107 in a suitable solvent, such as tetrahydrofuran or ethanol, is reacted with hydrazine, or its hydrate (or a substituted hydrazine or its hydrate), at room temperature up to the reflux temperature of the solvent to generate thiopyrazole 113. The thiol group of thiopyrazole 113 may be alkylated with a variety of alkylating agents, such as alkyl halides or Michael acceptors, including, but not limited to, methyl chloroacetate, ethyl acrylate, and benzyl bromide, in the presence of a suitable base such as potassium carbonate, sodium ethoxide or triethylamine, in a solvent such as dimethylformamide or ethanol to generate pyrazole 114.

#### SCHEME XXVIII

Scheme XXVIII shows the synthesis of pyrazole 117. Pyrazoles containing acid labile amine protecting groups, such as pyrazole 115, may be treated with a suitable acid catalyst, such as trifluoroacetic acid in dichloromethane or HCl in ethanol or dioxane to yield amine 116. Amine 116 can then be acylated or alkylated by methods known to one of ordinary skill in the art, such as reacting amine 116 with a reagent such as acetyl chloride or methyl iodide in the presence of a suitable base, such as potassium carbonate or triethylamine. In addition, N-methylation can be performed directly, using formaldehyde and formic acid in ethanol/water at reflux to give pyrazole 117 wherein R<sup>114</sup> is methyl.

#### SCHEME XXIX

Scheme XXIX shows the synthesis of pyrazole 120. Pyrazoles containing base labile esters, such as pyrazole 118, may be treated with a suitable base, such as, sodium hydroxide to generate free acid 119. Acid 119 can then be aminated by methods known to one of ordinary skill in the art, such as treating acid 119 with a suitable coupling reagent, such as 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)3ethylcarbodiiminde hydrochloride or O-benzotriazol-1-yl-N, N, N', N'-tetramethyluronium tetrafluoroborate, with or without catalysts, such as 1-hydroxybenzotriazole or Nhydroxysuccinimide, and an appropriate amine. addition, amidation can be performed directly, by treating the methyl ester with an appropriate amine, for example N-methylpiperazine, in a suitable solvent such as dimethylformamide or methanol, at a temperature from room temperature up to reflux to generate pyrazole 120.

The following examples contain detailed descriptions of the methods of preparation of compounds of Formulas I, IA, XI, X, XI, and XX. These detailed descriptions fall within the scope, and serve to exemplify, the above described General Synthetic Procedures which form part of the invention. These detailed descriptions are presented for illustrative purposes only and are not intended as a restriction on the scope of the invention. All parts are by weight and temperatures are in Degrees centigrade unless otherwise indicated. All compounds showed NMR spectra consistent with their assigned structures. In some cases, the assigned structures were confirmed by nuclear Overhauser effect (NOE) experiments.

The following abbreviations are used:

HCl - hydrochloric acid

MgSO<sub>4</sub> - magnesium sulfate

Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> - sodium sulfate

NaIO4 - sodium periodate

NaHSO3 - sodium bisulfite

NaOH - sodium hydroxide

KOH - potassium hydroxide

P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> - phosphorus pentoxide

Me - methyl

Et - ethyl

MeOH - methanol

EtOH - ethanol

HOAc (or AcOH) - acetic acid

EtOAc - ethyl acetate

H<sub>2</sub>O - water

H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> - hydrogen peroxide

CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> - methylene chloride

 $K_2CO_3$  - potassium carbonate

KMnO<sub>4</sub> - potassium permanganate

NaHMDS - sodium hexamethyldisilazide

DMF - dimethylformamide

EDC - 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)3-ethylcarbodiiminde

hydrochloride

HOBT - 1-hydroxybenzotriazole

mCPBA - 3-chloroperoxybenzoic acid

Ts - tosyl -

TMSCN - trimethylsilyl cyanide

Me₂NCOCl - N,N-dimethylcarbamoyl chloride

SEM-Cl - 2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxymethyl chloride

h - hour

hr - hour

min - minutes

THF - tetrahydrofuran

TLC - thin layer chromatography

DSC - differential scanning calorimetry

b.p. - boiling point

m.p. - melting point

eq - equivalent

RT - room temperature

DMF DMA - dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal

TBAF - tetrabutylammonium fluoride

Boc - tert.-butoxycarbonyl

DBU - diazabicycloundecane

DMF(OMe)<sub>2</sub> - N, N-dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal

Et<sub>3</sub>N - triethylamine

TMSCl - trimethylsilylchloride

TFA - trifluoroacetic acid

TBTU - O-benzotriazol-1-yl-N,N,N',N'-tetramethyluronium tetrafluoroborate

psi - pounds per square inch

ESHRMS - electron spray high resolution mass spectroscopy

4-[5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

## Step 1: Preparation of 4-(3-fluoro-4-methoxylphenyl)-3pyridyl-3-butene-2-one

A solution of 4-pyridylacetone (1.0 g, 7.4 mmol), 3-fluoro-p-anisaldehyde (1.25 g, 8.1 mmol), and piperidine (0.13 g, 1.5 mmol) in toluene (50 ml) was heated to reflux. After 18 hours, the reaction was cooled to room temperature and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The crude product (3.0 g) was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, 65:35 ethyl acetate/hexane) to give 4-(3-fluoro-4-methoxylphenyl)-3-pyridyl-3-butene-2-one as a pale yellow solid (1.60 g, 80%).

## Step 2: Preparation of 4-[5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

To a solution of 3-pyridyl-4-(3-fluoro-4-methoxylphenyl)-3-butene-2-one (step 1) (0.99 g, 3.65 mmol) in acetic acid (25 ml), p-toluenesulfonyl hydrazide (0.68 g, 3.65 mol) was added. The reaction solution was heated to reflux for 6 hours. Acetic acid was removed by distillation from the reaction solution. The resulting residue was diluted with CH2Cl2 (150 ml), washed with H2O (2x100 ml), dried (Na2SO4), filtered, and concentrated. The crude product (1.5 g) was purified by chromatography (silica gel, ethyl acetate) to give 4-[5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine as a pale yellow solid (213 mg, 20.7%): Anal. Calc'd for C16H14N3OF.0.1 H2O: C, 67.41; H, 5.02; N, 14.74. Found:

C, 67.37; H, 4.88; N, 14.35.

### Example A-2

4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-y1)
pyridine

## Step 1: Preparation of 4-pyridylacetone

4-Pyridylacetone was prepared according to the method of Ippolito et al, U.S. Patent 4,681,944.

## Step 2: Preparation of 4-phenyl-3-(4-pyridyl)-3-butene-2-one

Using the procedure of Example A-1, step 1, 4-pyridylacetone (step 1) (1 g, 7.4 mmol) was condensed with benzaldehyde (790 mg, 7.4 mmol) in benzene (15 mL) containing piperidine (50 mg) at reflux. The desired 4-phenyl-3-(4-pyridyl)-3-butene-2-one (1.3 g, 78 %) was obtained as a crystalline solid: m. p. 101-103 °C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{15}H_{13}NO$  (223.28): C, 80.69; H, 5.87; N, 6.27. Found: C, 80.59; H, 5.79; N, 6.18.

## Step 3: Preparation of 4-phenyl-3-(4-pyridyl)-3,4-epoxy-2-butanone

Using the procedure of Example A-1, step 2, a solution of 4-phenyl-3-(4-pyridyl)- 3-butene-2-one (step 2) (1.25 g, 5.6 mmol) in methanol (20 ml) was treated with 30% aqueous hydrogen peroxide (1 ml) in the presence of sodium hydroxide (230 mg, 5.7 mmol). The crude product was purified by chromatography (silica gel, 1:1 ethyl acetate/hexane) to give 4-phenyl-3-(4-pyridyl)-3,4-epoxy-2-butanone (270 mg, 20%).

# Step 4: Preparation of 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine

Using the procedure of Example A-1, step 3, a solution of 4-phenyl-3-(4-pyridyl)-3,4-epoxy-2-butanone (step 3) (250 mg, 1 mmol) in ethanol (15 ml) was treated with anhydrous hydrazine (50 mg, 1.5 mmol) and heated to reflux for 4 hours. The crude product was purified by chromatography (silica gel, 1:1 acetone/hexane). The product was recrystallized from ethyl acetate and hexane to give 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl) pyridine (81 mg, 35%) as a crystalline solid: m. p. 212-214 °C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{15}H_{13}N_3$  (235.29): C, 76.57; H, 5.57; N, 17.86. Found: C, 76.49; H, 5.42; N, 17.39.

## Example A-3

4-[5-methyl-3-(2-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]pyridine

## Step 1: Preparation of 4-(2-methylphenyl)-3-(4-pyridyl)3-butene-2-one

A solution of 4-pyrridylacetone (Example A-5, step 1) (0.75 g, 5.56 mmol), o-tolualdehyde (0.73 g, 5.56 mmol) and piperidine (100 mg) in toluene (50 ml) was heated to reflux. Water generated during the reaction was removed by a Dean-Stark trap. After heating at reflux for 5 hours, the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 15 hours. The mixture was concentrated to an orange color oily residue. The crude ketone was purified by chromatography to give 4-(2-methylphenyl)-3-(4-pyridyl)-3-butene-2-one: Anal. Calc'd for C16H15NO (237.30): C, 80.98; H, 6.37; N, 5.90. Found: C, 80.78; H, 6.61; N, 5.85.

## Step 2: Preparation of 4-(2-methylphenyl)-3-(4-pyridyl)3,4-epoxy-2-butanone

To a solution of 4-(2-methylphenyl)-3-(4-pyridyl)-3-butene-2-one (step 1) (1.0g, 4.2 mmol) in methyl alcohol (18 ml), a solution of H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (30% by wt.) (0.95 g, 8.4 mmol) and sodium hydroxide (0.18 g 4.6 mmol) in water (4 ml) was added. The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 70 hours. After methyl alcohol was removed, water (25 ml) and ethyl acetate (100 ml) were added and the two phase mixture was stirred for 30 minutes. The layers were separated, and the aqueous layer was washed with ethyl acetate (100 ml). The combined organic layer was dried with Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated to give an oil. 4-(2-Methylphenyl)-3-(4-pyridyl)-3,4-epoxy-2-butanone was isolated from the oil residue by chromatography.

## Step 3: Preparation of 4-[5-methyl-3-(2-methylphenyl)1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

A solution of 4-(2-methylphenyl)-3-(4-pyridyl)-3,4-epoxy-2-butanone (step 2) (0.11 g, 0.434 mmol) and hydrazine hydrate (0.043 g, 0.868 mmol) in ethyl alcohol (50 ml) was heated at reflux for 20 hours. The solvent was removed and the resulting residue was purified by chromatography to give 4-[5-methyl-3-(2-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine: Anal. Calc'd for C16H15N3 (249.32): C, 77.08; H, 6.06; N, 16.85. Found: C, 76.66; H, 5.91; N, 16.84.

4-[5-methyl-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

By following the method of Example A-3 and substituting p-fluorobenzaldehyde for o-tolualdehyde, the titled compound was prepared: Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>12</sub>N<sub>3</sub>F + 0.1 H<sub>2</sub>O: (249.32): C, 70.63; H, 4.82; N, 16.47. Found: C, 70.63; H, 4.78; N, 16.40.

## Example A-5

4-[5-methyl-3-(4-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]pyridine

By following the method of Example A-3 (with one minor modification: in Step 2, the preparation of the intermediate epoxide was accomplished at 0-10 °C for 1 hour, and the reaction was quenched by being partitioned between water, containing 2 eq. sodium bisulfite, and ethyl acetate) and substituting p-tolualdehyde for o-tolualdehyde, the titled product was isolated: Anal. Calc'd for C16H15N3 (249.32): C, 77.08; H, 6.06; N, 16.85. Found: C, 76.97; H, 6.09; N, 16.90.

4-[5-methyl-3-[4-(methylthio)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]pyridine

By following the method of Example A-5 and substituting 4-(methylthio)benzaldehyde for p-tolualdehyde, the titled product was prepared: Anal. Calc'd for C16H15N3S (281.38): C, 68.30; H, 5.37; N, 14.93. Found: C, 68.34; H, 5.09; N, 14.78.

## Example A-7

4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]pyridine

By following the method of Example A-5 and substituting p-chlorobenzaldehyde for p-tolualdehyde, the titled product was obtained. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{15}H_{12}N_3Cl$  (269.77): C, 66.79; H, 4.48; N, 15.58. Found: C, 66.43; H, 4.44; N, 15.78.

4-[3-methyi-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]pyridine

By following the method of Example A-5 and substituting m-tolualdehyde for p-tolualdehyde, the titled product was obtained: Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{16}H_{15}N_3$  + 0.2 $H_2O$ : C, 75.98; H, 6.14; N, 16.61. Found: C, 76.06; H, 6.05; N, 16.38.

## Example A-9

4-[5-(2,5-dimethylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]pyridine

By following the method of Example A-5 and substituting 2,5-dimethylbenzaldehyde for p-tolualdehyde, the titled product was obtained: Anal. Calc'd for C17H17N3 + 0.1H2O: C, 77.01; H, 6.54; N, 15.85. Found: C, 76.96; H, 6.81; N, 15.51.

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### Example A-10

4-[5-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-y1)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]pyridine

4-Pyridylacetone (1.5 g, 12 mmol), piperonal (1.6 g, 10.6 mmol), acetic acid (110 mg, 1.8 mmol), and piperidine (110 mg, 1.3 mmol) were dissolved in toluene (30 mL) and heated for 2 hours at reflux in a flask equipped with a Dean-Stark trap. The solution was cooled to room temperature, and ethyl acetate was added to precipitate a solid, which was collected on a filter plate (1.25 g). A sample (500 mg) of this solid was heated with p-toluensulfonyl hydrazide (348 mg, 1.81 mmol) in acetic acid (5 mL) at 80 °C for 1 hour. reaction was heated to reflux for 1 hour. The reaction was cooled to room temperature and the solvent was evaporated. The residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate, washed with 5% aqueous potassium carbonate, and water. The organic layer was dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), filtered and evaporated to obtain a yellow solid. This solid was triturated with methylene chloride, yielding 4-[5-(1,3benzodioxol-5-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine which was collected on a filter plate (220 mg, 42% yield). Anal. Calc'd for C16H13N3O2: C, 68.81; H, 4.69; N, 15.04. Found: C, 68.02; H, 4.54; N, 14.76. MS (M+H): 280 (base peak).

4-[3-methyl-5-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]pyridine

4-Pyridylacetone (1.5 g, 12 mmol), 4phenoxybenzoldehyde 92.1 g, 10.6 mmol), acetic acid (110 mg, 1.8 mmol), and piperidine (110 mg, 1.3 mmol) were dissolved in toluene (30 mL) and heated for 2 hours at reflux in a flask equipped with a Dean-Stark trap. solution was cooled to room temperature and ethyl acetate was added to precipitate a solid, which was collected on a filter plate. A sample (223 mg) of this solid was heated with p-toluensulfonyl hydrazide (348 mg, 1.81 mmol) in ethylene glycol with potassium hydroxide (77 mg) at 110 °C for 0.5 hour. The work up procedure was the same as that in Example A-10. 4-[3-Methyl-5-(4phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine was obtained (100 mg, 66% yield): Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{21}H_{17}N_{30} + 0.1 H_{20}$ : C, 76.62; H, 5.27; N, 12.76. Found: C, 76.37; H, 5.19; N, 12.64. MS  $(M^{+}H)$ : 328 (base peak).

## Example A-12

4-[5-[[1,1-biphenyl]-4-y1]-3-methyl 1H-pyrazol-4-y1]pyridine

The same procedure as for the preparation of Example A-10 was used, substituting 4-formylbiphenyl in place of piperonal, to give 4-[5-[(1,1'-biphenyl)-4-yl]-3-methyl-

1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine as a white solid: MS (M+H): 312 (base peak).

### Example A-13

4-[3-methyl-5-[3-(phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]pyridine

The same procedure for the preparation of Example A-10 was used, substituting 3-phenoxybenzaldehyde in place of piperonal, to give 4-[3-methyl-5-[3-(phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine as a white solid.

## Example A-14

4-[3-methyl-5-[3-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]pyridine

The same procedure for the preparation of Example A-10 was used, substituting 3-benzyloxybenzaldehyde in place of piperonal, to give 4-[3-methyl-5-[3-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine as a white solid: MS (M+H): 342 (base peak).

4-[3-methyl-5-[2-(phenylmethoxy)-phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]pyridine

The same procedure for the preparation of Example A-10 was used, substituting 2-benzyloxybenzaldehyde in place of piperonal, to give 4-[3-methyl-5-[2-(phenylmethyloxy)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine. MS (M+H): 342 (base peak).

## Example A-16

2-[3-methyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]phenol

The same procedure for the preparation of Example A-10 was used, substituting 2-hydroxybenzaldehyde in place of piperonal, to give 2-[3-methyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]phenol: MS (M+H): 252 (base peak).

### Example A-17

3-[3-methyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1Hpyrazol-4-y1]phenol The same procedure for the preparation of Example A-10 was used, substituting 3-hydroxybenzaldehyde in place of piperonal, to give 3-[3-methyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]phenol: MS (M+H): 252 (base peak).

Example A-18

1-hydroxy-4-[3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]pyridinium

To a solution of 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine (Example A-2) (2.06 g, 8.76 mmol) in a mixture of CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 mL) and MeOH (20 mL), was added 3-chloroperoxybenzoic acid (57~86%) (2.65 g, 8.76 mmol). The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 2h, quenched with K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> solution (25%, 15 mL), and concentrated. The resulting residue was partitioned between EtOAc (2.0 L) and H<sub>2</sub>O (500 mL). The organic layer was separated, washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (500 mL), dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated to give 1-hydroxy-4-[3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridinium (1.12 g, 54.5%): MS (M+H): 252 (base peak).

#### Example A-19

5-(4-fluorophenyl)-N,N-dlmethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine

## Step 1: Preparation of 1-fluoro-4-(4'pyridylacetyl) benzene

To a solution of sodium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide (200 mL, 1.0 M in THF) at 0 °C was added a solution of 4picoline (18.6 g, 0.20 mol) in dry THF (200 mL) over 30 The reaction mixture was stirred at 0-10 °C for minutes. another 30 minutes, then was added to a solution of ethyl 4-fluorobenzoate (16.8 g, 0.10 mol) in dry THF (200 mL) at such a rate that the internal temperature didn't exceed 15 °C. After the addition, the resulting yellow suspension was stirred at room temperature for 3 hours. Water (600 mL) was added and the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 X 200 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated in vacuo to give 1-fluoro-4-(4'pyridylacetyl)benzene (19.9 g, 92 %) as an oil which solidified upon standing: m.p.: 90-91 °C; Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>10</sub>FNO: C, 72.55; H, 4.68; N, 6.51. Found: C, 72.07; H, 4.66; N, 6.62.

## Step 2: Preparation of 1-fluoro-4-(4'-pyridylbromoacetyl) benzene

To a solution of 1-fluoro-4-(4'-pyridylacetyl) benzene (step 1) (10.0 g, 0.046 mol) in acetic acid (200 mL) was added a solution of bromine (8.2 g, 0.052 mol) in acetic acid (20 mL) dropwise. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. After the solvent was removed, the residue was triturated with ethyl acetate. A yellow solid formed, which was filtered and air-dried to give 1-fluoro-4-(4'-pyridylbromoacetyl) benzene (14.5 g). The compound was used in next step without further purification.

# Step 3: Preparation of 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-N, N-dimethyl4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine

A mixture of 1-fluoro-4-(4'-pyridylbromoacetyl)-benzene (step 2) (3.8 g, 0.01 mol) and 4,4-dimethylamino-3-thiosemicarbazide (1.2 g, 0.01 mol) in ethanol (10 mL) was heated at reflux for 30 minutes. The dark green solution was cooled and poured into water (100 mL). The aqueous phase was extracted with methylene chloride (100 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated. The resulting residue was purified by chromatography (silica gel, ethyl acetate) to give 0.3 g 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-N, N-dimethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine (0.3 g, 11 %) as a light yellow solid: m.p.: 245-247 °C. Anal. Calc'd for C16H15FN4: C, 68.07; H, 5.36; N, 19.84. Found: C, 68.00; H, 5.37; N, 19.61.

### Example A-20

5-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-phenyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine

5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-N-phenyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine was prepared by the same procedure as described for Example A-19: m.p. 218-219 °C. Anal. Calc'd for C20H15FN4 + 0.1 H2O: C, 72.33; H, 4.61; N, 16.87. Found: C, 72.16; H, 4.56; N, 16.77.

## Step 1: Preparation of 1-fluoro-4-(4Õ- pyridylacetyl) benzene N-benzoylhydrazone

To a solution of benzoic hydrazide (1.36 g, 0.01 mol) in THF (20 mL) was added 1-fluoro-4-(4'-pyridylacetyl)benzene (2.15 g, 0.011 mol) in one portion followed by a drop of conc. HCl. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. There was white precipitate formed, which was filtered, washed with ether and air-dried to give 1-fluoro-4-(4'-pyridylacetyl)benzene N-benzoylhydrazone (2.90 g, 79 %) as a mixture of cis and trans (ratio, 1:9) isomers.

## Step 2: Preparation of 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

1-Fluoro-4-(4'-pyridylacetyl)benzene N-benzoylhydrazone (step 1) (0.50 g, 1.5 mmol) was heated at 180 °C under N<sub>2</sub> for 15 minutes, then cooled. The resulting solid was purified by chromatography (silica gel, 1:1 ethyl acetate/hexane) to give 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine (0.25 g, 53 %) as a pale yellow solid: m.p.: 265-267 °C. Anal. Calc'd for C20H14FN3 + 0.25 H2O: C, 75.10; H, 4.57; N, 13.14. Found: C, 74.98; H, 4.49; N, 12.87.

4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]pyridine

## Step 1: Preparation of 3-(4'-pyridylacetyl) toluene

3-(4'-Pyridylacetyl) toluene was prepared by the same method as described for Example A-19, step 1 in 70% yield.

## Step 2: Preparation of trifluoroacetyl hydrazide

A mixture of ethyl trifluoroacetate (14.2 g, 0.10 mol) and hydrazine hydrate (5.54 g, 0.11 mol) in ethanol (25 mL) was heated at reflux for 6 hours. Solvent was removed and the resulting residue was dried in vacuum to give trifluoroacetyl hydrazide (12.3 g, 96 %) as a clear oil which solidified upon standing.

## Step 3: Preparation of 4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

A mixture of 3-(4'-pyridylacetyl)toluene (2.11 g, 0.01 mol) and trifluoroacetyl hydrazide (step 2) (1.0 g, 0.01 mol) was heated at 200 °C under N<sub>2</sub> for 15 minutes. The crude residue was purified by chromatography (silica gel, 35:65 ethyl acetate/hexane) to give 4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine (0.56 g) as a white solid: m.p. 237-239 °C. Anal. Calc'd for C16H12F3N3: C, 63.36; H, 3.99; N, 13.85. Found: C, 63.6; H, 4.00; N, 13.70.

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-y1]pyridine

A mixture of 1-fluoro-4-(4'-pyridylacetyl)benzene (1.0 g, 4.6 mmol) and isonicotinic hydrazide (0.63 g, 4.6 mmol) in THF (25 mL) was heated to dissolution and then evaporated to dryness. The resulting solid was heated first to 140 °C, which caused a phase change, and subsequently melted on further heating until 180 °C whereupon a solid crystallized out. The reaction was immediately cooled, diluted with 10 % HCl (50 mL) and washed with chloroform. The aqueous layer was neutralized with bicarbonate and a tan colored solid was precipitated out. The solid was purified by treatment with activated carbon (Darco°) in boiling MeOH (100 mL), followed by filtration and concentration, to give 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]pyridine (1.05 g, 69 %) as a shiny tan solid: m.p. 304 °C (DSC). Mass (MH<sup>+</sup>) 137 (100%). Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>13</sub>N<sub>4</sub>F.1/4H<sub>2</sub>O: C, 71.13; H, 4.24; N, 17.46. Found: C, 70.88; H, 3.87; N, 17.38.

### Example A-24

4-(5-cyclohexyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-y1)pyridine

## <u>Step 1: Preparation of 4-cyclohexyl-3-pyridyl-3-butene-2-one</u>

4-Cyclohexyl-3-pyridyl-3-butene-2-one was prepared by the method of Example A-1, step 1 by replacing of 3-fluoro-p-anisaldehyde with cyclohexanecarboxaldehyde.

## Step 2: Preparation of 4-(5-cyclohexyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine

4-(5-Cyclohexyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine was prepared by the method for Example A-1, step 2, by replacing 4-(3-fluoro-4-methoxylphenyl)-3-pyridyl-3-butene-2-one with 4-cyclohexyl-3-pyridyl-3-butene-2-one (step 1): Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>19</sub>N<sub>3</sub>: C, 73.56; H, 7.98; N, 17.16. Found: C, 73.72; H, 7.91; N, 19.98.

## Example A-25

4-{5-(3-Fluoro-5-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl}pyridine was prepared by the method of Example A-1, steps 1 and 2 by replacing 3-fluoro-p-anisaldehyde with 3-fluoro-m-anisaldehyde: Anal. Calc'd for C16H14N3OF: C, 67.83; H, 4.98; N, 14.83. Found: C, 67.68, H, 4.92; N, 14.92.

The following examples (No 26-55) listed in Table 1 were prepared by the procedures described above:

TABLE 1

				TAI	BLE 1				
No	$\mathbb{R}^1$	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>3</sup>	R <sup>4</sup>	m.p. or	Anal.Calc'd	Anal.	Calc'd (calc	d/found)
A-					DSC(°C	Formula	С	H	N
26	Н	H <sub>2</sub> た。CH <sub>3</sub>	YEN	4C2	185-186	C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>19</sub> N <sub>3</sub>	77.95/ 77.51	6.90/ 6.93	15.15/ 14.73
27	Н	-{ CH₃	Y CN	-₹<_>	142-144	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>15</sub> N <sub>3</sub>	75.71/ 75.69	6.16/ 6.11	16.55/ 16.49
28	Н	-₹©	Y CN	-{(	240-242	C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>19</sub> N <sub>3</sub> .0.25H <sub>2</sub> O	80.09/ 79.74	5.96/ 5.90	12.74/ 13.01
29	Н	F <sub>1</sub> C	*Cn	•{ CH₃	228.8	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>12</sub> N <sub>3</sub> F <sub>3</sub>	63.36/ 63.28	3.99/ 3.73	13.85/ 13.69
30	Н	•{ CH₃	Y CN	-{ <b>\_</b>	189.6	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>12</sub> N <sub>3</sub> C .0.15H <sub>2</sub> O	66.13/ 65.98	4.55/ 4.31	15.42/ 15.74
31	Н	•{ CH <sub>3</sub>	YEN	·{ <b>\_</b> }	171.6	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>17</sub> N <sub>3</sub> .0.2H <sub>2</sub> O	76.49/ 76.69	6.57/ 6.53	15.74/ 15.61
32	·{-CH <sub>3</sub>	-{ CH₃	TEN .	) (C) C1	88.6	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>14</sub> N <sub>3</sub> Cl	67.72/ 67.35	4.97/ 5.29	14.81/ 15.02
33	Н	•{ CH₃	TEN .	-{\( \sum_{F} \)	188.8	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>14</sub> N <sub>3</sub> F	71.89/ 71.72	5.28/ 5.45	15.72/ 15.77
34	Н	-{ CH <sub>3</sub>	Y CN	*	215.7	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>17</sub> N <sub>3</sub>	77.54/ 77.24	6.51/ 6.80	15.96/ 15.71
35	Н	· CH <sub>3</sub>	TEN .	₹ <b>©</b> °.	201.4	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>17</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub> .0.25H <sub>2</sub> O	68.10/ 67.92	5.88/ 5.65	14.01/ 13.65
36	Н	H <sub>2</sub> CC CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	TON.			C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>12</sub> N <sub>4</sub> O <sub>2</sub> .0.25H <sub>2</sub> O	63.26/ 63.59	4.42/ 4.39	19.67/ 19.31
37	н	•{ CH <sub>3</sub>	Y CN	Y Q N	252.5	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>18</sub> N <sub>4</sub>	73.35/ 72.61	6.52/ 6.79	20.13/ 19.59
38	Н		FON	-{ CH₃	196.3	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>15</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O	73.63/ 73.43	5.45/ 5.46	15.15/ 15.19
39	Н	Par	Y CN	•{ CH₃	252.8	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>12</sub> N <sub>3</sub> Br	57.34/ 57.09	3.85/ 3.79	13.37/ 13.06
40	Н	,IQ	Y CN	•{ CH <sub>3</sub>	198.5	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>12</sub> N <sub>3</sub> F	71.13/ 71.23	4.78/ 5.01	16.59/ 16.76
41	Н	•{ CH₃	Y CN	-{<>}	225.6	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>12</sub> N <sub>3</sub> F <sub>3</sub>	71.13/ 70.74	4.78/ 4.66	16.59/ 16.44
42	Н	•{ CH₃	A CU	-{<\(\)_CF_3	219.5	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>12</sub> F <sub>3</sub> N <sub>3</sub>	63.36/ 63.19	3.99/ 4.07	13.85/ 13.38
43	н	-}-CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	Ž(€N	4€	227.7	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>15</sub> N <sub>3</sub> .0.1H <sub>2</sub> O	76.53/ 76.53	6.10/ 6.20	16.73/ 16.49

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No A-	R <sup>1</sup>	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>3</sup>	R <sup>4</sup>	m.p. or DSC(°C	Anal.Calc'd Formula	Anal.	Calc'd (calc	
44	Н	·{·CH <sub>3</sub>	TEN N	, O	175.6	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>15</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O .0.15H <sub>2</sub> O	71.70/ 71.92	5.75/ 5.76	N 15.68/ 15.29
45	Н	·}-CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	Y (N	-\$@\		C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>19</sub> N <sub>3</sub>	77.54/ 77.13	6.51/ 6.28	15.96/ 15.69
46	Н	·ł·CH3	YEN	<b>\$</b>	412.1	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>11</sub> N <sub>3</sub> F <sub>2</sub>	66.42/ 66.12	4.09/ 3.86	15.49/ 15.25
47	н	·\$·CH <sub>3</sub>		<b>Ö</b> .~	168.5	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>17</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O .0.15H <sub>2</sub> O	72.40/ 72.39	6.18/ 5.87	14.90/ 14.50
48	Н	-{-CH₃	) ( N	ČCF,	211.2	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>12</sub> N <sub>3</sub> F <sub>3</sub> .0.2H <sub>2</sub> O	62.62/ 62.64	4.07/ 4.06	13.69/ 13.35
49	Н	·l·cH <sub>3</sub>	TEN .	Z.		C <sub>13</sub> H <sub>11</sub> N <sub>3</sub> S	64.71/ 64.44	4.59/ 4.58	17.41/ 17.27
50	Н	-{-CH₃	Y (N	CI	189.2	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>11</sub> N <sub>3</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>	59.23/ 59.22	3.65/ 3.24	13.81/ 13.81
51	Н	-⅓-CH₃	Y CN	'ÉO'CI	211.7	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>12</sub> N <sub>3</sub> Cl .0.15H <sub>2</sub> O	66.13/ 66.33	4.55/ 4.62	15.42/ 15.05
52	Н	-\-\CH3	Y CN	TO CI	219.8	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>14</sub> N <sub>3</sub> Cl	64.11/ 63.85	4.71/ 4.69	14.02/ 13.93
53	Н	150 ON	Y CN	, CI	163.4	C <sub>19</sub> H <sub>17</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Cl	64.32/ 63.98	4.83/ 5.08	11.84/ 11.80
54	·\·CH <sub>3</sub>	Ö <sub>F</sub>	T N	н		C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>12</sub> N <sub>3</sub> F .0.2H <sub>2</sub> O	70.15/ 70.18	4.86/ 4.60	16.35/ 16.47
55	Н	¥©, F	Ÿ(N)	н		C <sub>14</sub> H <sub>10</sub> N <sub>3</sub> F	70.28/ 69.97	4.21/ 3.84	17.56/ 17.53

The following pyrazoles could be prepared by the procedures described above:

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Example A-56 5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
4-yl]pyrimidin-2-amine;
Example A-57 5-[3-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-
4-yl]pyrimidin-2-amine;
Example A-58 5-[3-methyl-5-(2-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-
4-yl]pyrimidin-2-amine;
Example A-59 5-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
4-yl]pyrimidin-2-amine;
Example A-60 5-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
4-yl]pyrimidin-2-amine;
Example A-61 5-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
4-yl]pyrimidin-2-amine;
Example A-62 5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
4-yl]pyridin-2-amine;
Example A-63 4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
4-yl]pyridin-2-amine;
Example A-64 4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
4-yl]pyridin-2-amine;
Example A-65 4-[5-(2-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
4-yl]pyridin-2-amine;
Example A-66 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
4-yl]pyridin-2-amine;
Example A-67 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl]pyridin-2-amine;
Example A-68 4-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
4-yl]pyridin-2-amine;
Example A-69 5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
4-yl]-2-methoxypyridine;
Example A-70 2-methoxy-5-[3-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-
1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
Example A-71 2-methoxy-5-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-
1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
Example A-72 4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
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4-yl]-2-methoxypyridine;
Example A-73 2-methoxy-4-[3-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-
1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
Example A-74 2-methoxy-4-[3-methyl-5-(2-methylphenyl)-
1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
Example A-75 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
4-yl]-2-methoxypyridine;
Example A-76 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
4-yl]-2-methoxypyridine;
Example A-77 2-methoxy-4-[3-methyl-5-(4-methylphenyl)-
1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
Example A-78 5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
4-yl]pyridin-2-ol;
Example A-79 4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
4-yl]pyridin-2-ol;
Example A-80 4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
4-yl]pyridin-2-ol;
Example A-81 4-[5-(2-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
4-yl]pyridin-2-ol;
Example A-82 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
4-yl]pyridin-2-ol;
Example A-83 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
4-yl]pyridin-2-ol;
Example A-84 4-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
4-yl]pyridin-2-ol;
Example A-85 5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
4-yl]pyridine-2-methanamine;
Example A-86 4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
4-yl]pyridine-2-methanamine;
Example A-87 4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
4-yl]pyridine-2-methanamine;
Example A-88 4-[5-(2-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
4-yl]pyridine-2-methanamine;
Example A-89 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
4-yl]pyridine-2-methanamine;
Example A-90 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
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4-yl]pyridine-2-methanamine;
Example A-91 4-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
4-yl]pyridine-2-methanamine;
Example A-92 5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
4-yl]pyridine-2-carboxamide;
Example A-93 4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
4-yl]pyridine-2-carboxamide;
Example A-94 4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
4-yl]pyridine-2-carboxamide;
Example A-95 4-[5-(2-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
4-yl]pyridine-2-carboxamide;
Example A-96 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
4-yl]pyridine-2-carboxamide;
Example A-97 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
4-yl]pyridine-2-carboxamide;
Example A-98 4-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
4-yl]pyridine-2-carboxamide;
Example A-99 4-[5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-
1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
Example A-100 4-[5-(4-fluoro-3-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-
1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
Example A-101 4-[5-(4-chloro-3-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-
1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
Example A-102 4-[5-(2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-6-yl)-3-
methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
Example A-103 4-[5-(benzofuran-6-yl)-3-methyl-1H-
pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
Example A-104 4-[5-(3-fluoro-5-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-
1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
Example A-105 4-[5-(3-chloro-5-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-
1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
Example A-106 4-[5-(1-cyclohexyen-1-yl)-3-methyl-1H-
     pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
Example A-107 4-[5-(1,3-cyclohexadien-1-yl)-3-methyl-1H-
pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
Example A-108 4-[5-(5,6-dihydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)-3-methyl-
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1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
Example A-109 4-(5-cyclohexyl-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
          yl)pyridine;
Example A-110 4-[5-(4-methoxy-3-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-
1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
Example A-111 4-[5-(3-methoxy-4-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-
1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
Example A-112 4-[5-(3-methoxy-5-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-
1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
Example A-113 4-[5-(3-furanyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
yl]pyridine;
Example A-114 2-methyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-
4-yl)pyridine;
Example A-115 2-methoxy-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-
4-yl)pyridine;
Example A-116 methyl 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
yl)pyridine-2-carboxylate;
Example A-117 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl)pyridine-2-carboxamide;
Example A-118 1-[4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
yl)pyridin-2-yl]ethanone;
Example A-119 N, N-dimethyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-
     pyrazol-2-yl)pyridin-2-amine;
Example A-120 3-methyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-
4-yl)pyridine;
Example A-121 3-methoxy-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-
4-yl)pyridine;
Example A-122 methyl 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
yl)pyridine-3-carboxylate;
Example A-123 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
    yl)pyridine-3-carboxamide;
Example A-124 1-[4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
yl)pyridin-3-yl]ethanone;
Example A-125 3-bromo-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
yl)pyridine;
Example A-126 N, N-dimethyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-
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pyrazol-2-yl)pyridin-3-amine;
Example A-127 2-methyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-
4-yl) pyrimidine;
Example A-128 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
          yl)pyrimidine;
Example A-129 2-methoxy-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-
4-yl) pyrimidine;
Example A-130 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl)pyrimidin-2-amine;
Example A-131 N, N-dimethyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-
     pyrazol-4-yl)pyrimidin-2-amine;
Example A-132 4-(5,6-dihydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)-3-methyl-5-
phenyl-1H-pyrazole;
Example A-133 3-methyl-5-phenyl-4-(3-thienyl)-1H-
pyrazole;
Example A-134 4-(3-furanyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-
pyrazole;
Example A-135
               3-methyl-5-phenyl-4-(2-thienyl)-1H-
pyrazole;
Example A-136 4-(2-furanyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-
pyrazole;
Example A-137
               4-(3-isothiazolyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-
pyrazole;
Example A-138 4-(3-isoxazolyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-
     pyrazole;
Example A-139 4-(5-isothiazolyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-
pyrazole;
Example A-140 4-(5-isoxazolyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-
     pyrazole;
Example A-141 3-methyl-5-phenyl-4-(5-thiazolyl)-1H-
     pyrazole;
Example A-142
               3-methyl-4-(5-oxazolyl)-5-phenyl-1H-
     pyrazole;
Example A-143 2-methyl-4-[3-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-
4-yl]pyridine;
Example A-144 4-(1-methyl-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
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yl)pyridine;

Example A-145 4-(3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;

Example A-146 2-methyl-4-(3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

yl)pyridine;

Example A-147 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-pyrazol-4-

yl]pyridine;

Example A-148 4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-pyrazol-4-

yl]pyridine;

Example A-149 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-

yl]pyridine;

Example A-150 4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-

yl]pyridine;

Example A-151 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-

methylpyridine;

Example A-152 4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-

4-yl]pyridine;

Example A-153 4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-

yl]pyridine; and

Example A-154 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-pyrazol-4-

yl]-2-methylpyridine.

The compounds of Examples A-155 through A-172 were synthesized in accordance with the chemistry described above (particularly Scheme II) and illustrated by many of the previously disclosed Examples by selection of the corresponding starting reagents:

## Example A-155

5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-phenyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine: DSC 261 °C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{20}H_{15}ClN_4$ + 0.25  $H_2O$  (MW 351.32): C, 68.38, H, 4.30, N, 15.95. Found: C, 68.25, H, 4.41, N, 15.74.

## Example A-156

5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-methyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine: DSC 260 °C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{15}H_{13}ClN_4$ + 0.125  $H_2O$  (MW 287.00): C, 62.77, H, 4.57, N, 19.52. Found: C, 62.78, H, 4.33, N, 19.22.

#### Example A-157

5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine dihydrate: DSC 230 °C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{16}H_{15}ClN_4$  + 2  $H_2O$  (MW 334.81): C, 57.40, H, 4.52, N, 16.73. Found: C, 57.72, H, 4.85, N, 16.54.

## Example A-158

5-(3-fluorophenyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine: DSC 227 °C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{16}H_{15}FN_4$  + 0.125  $H_2O$  (MW 284.57): C, 67.53, H, 5.31, N, 19.69. Found: C, 67.60, H, 5.20, N, 19.84.

## Example A-159

N,N-dimethyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine: DSC 222 °C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{17}H_{18}N_4$  + 0.25  $H_2O$  (MW 282.86): C, 72.19, H, 6.41, N, 19.81. Found: C, 71.99, H, 6.46, N, 19.90.

## Example A-160

N-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine: DSC 226 °C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{16}H_{16}N_4$  + 0.125  $H_2O$  (MW 266.58): C, 72.09, H, 6.05, N, 21.02. Found: C, 72.12, H, 6.12, N, 20.83.

## Example A-161

N-ethyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine: DSC 227 °C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{17}H_{18}N_4$  + 0.125  $H_2O$  (MW 280.61): C, 72.77, H, 6.47, N, 19.97. Found: C, 72.63, H, 6.40, N, 19.73.

## Example A-162

N,N-diethyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine: DSC 234 °C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{19}H_{22}N_4$  (MW 306.41): C, 74.48, H, 7.24, N, 18.29. Found: C, 74.12, H, 7.18, N, 18.13.

## Example A-163

5-(4-chlorophenyl) - N,N-diethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine: m.p. 260-261°C. Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>19</sub>ClN<sub>4</sub> (MW 326.83): C, 66.15, H, 5.86, N, 17.14. Found: C, 66.03, H, 5.72, N, 17.23.^[

4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]morpholine: DSC 279 °C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{18}H_{17}ClN_4O$  + 0.25  $H_2O$  (MW 345.32): C, 62.61, H, 4.96, N, 16.23. Found: C, 62.52, H, 4.77, N, 16.52.

## Example A-165

5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-propyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine: DSC 244 °C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{17}H_{17}ClN_4$ + 0.125  $H_2O$  (MW 315.06): C, 64.81, H, 5.44, N, 17.78. Found: C, 64.94, H, 5.43, N, 17.78.

### Example A-166

Isolated as 5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-(phenylmethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine hydrate (2:1): DSC 237 °C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{21}H_{17}ClN_4$  + 0. 5  $H_2O$  (MW 369.86): C, 68.20, H, 4.63, N, 15.15. Found: C, 68.09, H, 4.55, N,

15.15.

## Example A-167

Isolated as 5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine monohydrate: DSC 223 °C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{17}H_{17}ClN_4O$  +  $H_2O$  (MW 346.82): C, 58.87, H, 4.94, N, 16.15. Found: C, 58.59, H, 4.79, N, 16.02.

### Example A-168

1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate: DSC 251 °C. Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>26</sub>ClN<sub>5</sub>O (MW 439.95): C, 62.79, H, 5.96, N, 15.92. Found: C, 62.40, H, 5.82, N, 15.82.

Isolated as 1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]piperazine trihydrochloride: DSC 99 °C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{18}H_{18}ClN_4$  + 3 HCl (MW 449.21): C, 48.13, H, 4.71, N, 15.59. Found: C, 47.76, H, 5.07, N, 15.51.

## Example A-170

 $1-[5-(4-\text{chlorophenyl})-4-(4-\text{pyridinyl})-1\text{H-pyrazol-3-yl}]-4-\text{methylpiperazine:}\quad \text{m.p. } 247-249\ ^{\circ}\text{C.}\quad \text{Anal. Calc'd}\\ \text{for } C_{19}\text{H}_{20}\text{ClN}_5\ +\ 0.75\ \text{H}_2\text{O}\ (\text{MW } 367.33): C,\ 62.12,\ \text{H,}\ 5.49,\ \text{N,}\\ 19.06.\quad \text{Found:}\quad \text{C,}\ 62.45,\ \text{H,}\ 5.86,\ \text{N,}\ 19.32.}$ 

1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate: m.p. 243-244 °C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{23}H_{26}FN_5O_2 + 0.5$   $CH_3CH_2CO_2CH_2CH_3$  (MW 467.55): C, 64.22, H, 6.47, N, 14.98. Found: C, 63.90, H, Example, A41728.

1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl] piperazine trihydrochloride: m.p. 204-206 °C. Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>18</sub>Fn<sub>5</sub> + 3 HCl + 0.5 H<sub>2</sub>O (MW 441.77): C, 48.94, H, 4.79, N, 15.85. Found: C, 48.66, H, 4.88, N, 15.50.

1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]piperazine: m.p. 264-265 °C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{18}H_{18}ClN_5$  + 0.125  $H_2O$  (MW 342.08): C, 63.20, H, 5.30, N, 20.47. Found: C, 63.04, H, 5.36, N, 20.33.

Additional compounds that were synthesized in accordance with the chemistry described in Scheme II by selection of the corresponding starting reagents further

include the compounds disclosed in Table 2.

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Procedure Sch. II Sch. II Sch. II Sch. II Sch. II Sch. II	Formula  C24H25CIN6•3HCI•1.5H2O  C25H24CIN5•0.125H2O  C17H17FN6•1.25H2O	C calc	Mi	Microanalysis	/sis			DSC
Sch. II	Formula 24H25CIN6•3HCI•1.5H2O C25H24CIN5•0.125H2O C17H17FN6•1.25H2O	C calc						
Sch. II	24H25CIN6•3HCI•1.5H2O C25H24CIN5•0.125H2O C17H17FN6•1.25H2O	\$0.63	C found	H calc	H found	N calc	punoj N	deg C
Sch. II Sch. II Sch. II Sch. II	C25H24CIN5•0.125H2O C17H17FN6•1.25H2O	20.5	50.58	4.96	5.03	14.76	14.68	182
Sch. II Sch. II Sch. II	C17H17FN6•1.25H2O	69.47	69.33	5.60	5.56	16.20	16.11	259
Sch. II Sch. II		48.64	48.45	4.56	4.86	20.02	20.24	8
Sch. II	C22H26CIN5O2	61.75	61.57	6.12	6.04	16.37	16.34	217
Sch. II	C17H18CIN5•3HCI•H2O	44.85	44.96	4.65	4.87	15.38	15.17	220
	C21H24CIN5O2•0.125H2O	19.09	60.51	5.81	5.81	16.83	16.64	223
A-179 Sch. II	C25H30 CIN5O3	62.04	61.76	6.25	\$6.3	14.47	16.01	757
A-180 Sch. II C2	C22H25 FN6O2•0.5H2O	96.09	98.09	5.81	6.21	10 30	10.47	777
A-181 Sch. II	C22H25 CIFN502	59.26	58.98	5.65	5.55	15.71		
A-182 Sch. II C.	C20H22CIN5•0.75H2O	62.98	62.97	5.81	5.64	18 36	17.83	27.1
A-183 Sch. II C	C16H19Cl4N5•3HCl	45.41	45.37	4.53	4.74		3	120

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# Example A-173

N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-[2-(phenylmethyl)amino]-4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1,3-propanediamine, trihydrochloride

# Example A-174

1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3yl]-4-(phenylmethyl)piperazine

Isolated as 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(1-piperazinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine, dihydrochloride

# Example A-176

1,1-dimethylethyl [3-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]amino]propyl]carbamate

# Example A-177

Isolated as N-[5-[4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1,3-propanediamine, trihydrochloride monohydrate

1,1-dimethylethyl [2-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]amino]ethyl]carbamate

# Example A-179

1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate

# Example A-180

1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyrimidinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate

# Example A-181

1,1-dimethylethyl [3-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(2fluoro-4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3yl]amino]propyl]carbamate

# Example A-182

1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-ethylpiperazine

N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1,2-ethanediamine

The compounds of Examples A-184 through A-189 were synthesized in accordance with the chemistry described above (particularly in Schemes I and IV) and illustrated by the previously disclosed Examples by selection of the corresponding starting reagents:

# Example A-184

4-[3-(2,6-difluorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl] pyridine: Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{15}H_{11}F_2N_3$ : C, 66.42; H, 4.09; N, 15.49. Found: C, 66.20; H, 3.94; N, 15.16; m.p. 236.67 °C.

4-[3-(3-ethylphenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine: Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>17</sub>N<sub>3</sub>: C, 77.54; H, 6.51; N, 15.96. Found; C, 77.16; H, 6.27; N, 15.69. m.p. (DSC): 189.25 °C.

# Example A-186

4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-5-ethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine: Anal Calc'd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>14</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub>•0.1 mole H<sub>2</sub>O: C, 67.15; H, 4.91; N, 14.33. Found: C, 66.95; H, 5.00; N, 14.36. DSC: 176.18 °C.

# Example A-187

4-[3-ethyl-5-(3-ethylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine: Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{18}H_{19}N_3 \bullet 0.1$  mole  $H_2O$ : C,

77.44; H, 6.93; N, 15.05. Found: C, 77.39; H, 6.94; N, 14.93. m.p. (DSC): 192.66 °C.

# Example A-188

4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(1-methylethyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine: Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{17}H_{16}ClN_2 \cdot 0.4M$  EtOAc: C, 67.08; H, 5.81; N, 12.62. Found: C, 67.40; H, 6.15; N, 12.34.

# Example A-189

4-[3-cyclopropyl-5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine: Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>14</sub>FN<sub>3</sub>: C, 73.1; H, 5.05; N, 15.04. Found: C, 73.23; H, 4.89; N, 14.63; m.p.: 239-240 °C.

The compound of Example A-190 was synthesized in accordance with the chemistry described above (particularly in Scheme III) and illustrated by the previously disclosed Examples by selection of the corresponding starting reagents:

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

This compound was prepared by the same procedure as described for Example A-22 by replacing 3-(4'-pyridylacetyl) toluene with 1-fluoro-4-(4'-pyridylacetyl) benzene (prepared as set forth in Example A-19).

Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{15}H_9F_4N_3$ : C, 58.64; H, 2.95; N, 13.68. Found: C, 58.57; H, 3.07; N, 13.31. m.p. (DSC): 281.94 °C.

The compounds of Examples A-191 through A-198 were synthesized in accordance with the chemistry described above (particularly in Scheme V) by selection of the corresponding starting reagents:

Example A-191

4-[5-(cyclopropyl-3-(4-(fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

# Step 1: Preparation of 1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-pyridinyl)ethanone methylhydrazone

1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-pyridinyl)ethanone methylhydrazone

To a solution of 4-fluorobenzoyl-4'-pyridinyl methane (8.60 g, 0.04 mol) and methyl hydrazine (2.14 g, 0.044 mol) in 50 mL of ethanol was added two drops of concentrated sulfuric acid. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. After the removal of solvent, the residue was partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The organic layer was washed with saturated sodium carbonate solution, washed with brine, and dried over magnesium sulfate. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude product was recrystallized from diethyl ether and hexane to afford 7.5 g of a yellow solid product (77% yield), 1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-pyridinyl)ethanone methylhydrazone.

# Step 2: Preparation of 4-[5-(cyclopropyl-3-(4-(fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

To a solution of sodium hexamethyldisilazide (5.5 mL, 1.0 M in THF) at 0 °C was added a solution of the compound prepared in step 1 (0.67 g, 0.0028 mol) in 10 mL of dry THF dropwise. The dark brown solution was stirred at this temperature for 30 minutes. Then a solution of methyl cyclopropanecarboxylate (0.34 g, 0.0034 mol) in 5 mL of dry THF was added. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm up to room temperature and stirred for 3 hours. Water was added and the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and

filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane/acetone, 10:9:1) to give 0.45 g of product,  $4-[5-(\text{cyclopropyl-3-(4-(fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine, as a light yellow solid (55% yield), mp: <math>129-130$  °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCL<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  8.53 (m, 2H), 7.32 (m, 2H), 7.14 (m, 2H), 6.97 (m, 2H), 4.00 (s, 3H), 1.83 (m, 1H), 0.95 (m, 2H), 0.36 (m, 2H); Anal. Calc'd For  $C_{18}H_{16}FN_3$ : C, 73.70; H, 5.50; N, 14.32. Found: C, 73.63; H, 5.57; N, 14.08.

# Example A-192

5-cyclopropyl-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

# Step 1: Preparation of 1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-pyridinyl)ethanone (2-hydroxyethyl)hydrazone

1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-pyridinyl)ethanone (2-hydroxyethyl)hydrazone

To a flask containing hydroxyethyl hydrazine (3.4 g, 0.04 mol) at 80 °C was added 4-fluorobenzoyl-4'-pyridinyl methane (8.6 g, 0.04 mol) portionwise. The yellow oil was stirred at this temperature overnight. The cooled

reaction mixture was dissolved with hot ethyl acetate and then triturated with hexane to give 8.9 g of product, 1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-pyridinyl)ethanone (2-hydroxyethyl)hydrazone, as a yellow crystal (81%), mp: 122-123 °C.

Step 2: Preparation of 1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-pyridinyl)ethanone [2-[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]ethyl]hydrazone

1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-pyridinyl)ethanone
[2-[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsllyl]oxy]ethyl]hydrazone

To a solution of the 1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-pyridinyl) ethanone (2-hydroxyethyl) hydrazone prepared in step 1 (2.73 g, 0.01 mol) and (1,1-dimethylethyl) dimethylsilyl chloride (1.5 g, 0.01 mol) in 25 mL of DMF was added imidazole portionwise. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. Water was added and extracted with ethyl acetate, the organic layer was washed with water, washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated to give 3.8 g of crude product, 1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-pyridinyl) ethanone [2-[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]ethyl]hydrazone, as a yellow oil that was used in the next step without further purification.

Step 3: 5-cyclopropyl-1-[2-[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)
dimethylsilyl]oxy]ethyl]-3,4-diphenyl-1H-pyrazole

5-cyclopropyl-1-[2-[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)
dimethylsilyl]oxy]ethyl]-3,4-diphenyl-1H-pyrazole

To a solution of sodium hexamethyldisilazide (4.2 mL, 1.0 M in THF) at 0 °C was added a solution of the compound prepared in step 2 (0.78 g, 0.002 mol) in 10 mL  $\,$ of dry THF dropwise. The dark brown solution was stirred at this temperature for 30 minutes. Then a solution of methyl cyclopropanecarboxylate (0.27 g, 0.0026 mol) in 5 mL of dry THF was added. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm up to room temperature and stirred for 3 hours. Water was added and the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane, 3:7) to give 0.30 g of product, 5-cyclopropyl-1-[2-[[(1,1dimethylethyl) dimethylsilyl]oxy]ethyl]-3,4-diphenyl-1Hpyrazole, as a light yellow oil (35% yield), 1H NMR  $(CDCL_3): \delta 8.53$  (m, 2H), 7.32 (m, 2H), 7.14 (d, J = 5.6Hz, 2H), 6.97 (m, 2H), 4.47 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 4.14 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 1.93 (m, 1H), 0.95 (m, 2H), 0.87 (s,9H), 0.41(m, 2H); Anal. Calc'd For  $C_{25}H_{32}FN_3OSi: C$ , 68.61; H, 7.37; N, 9.60. Found: C, 68.39; H, 7.81; N, 9.23.

# Step 4: Preparation of 5-cyclopropyl-3-(4-fluorophenyl)4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

To a solution of the compound prepared in step 3 (0.27 g, 0.00062 mol) in 5 mL of THF was added tetrabutylammonium fluoride (1.9 mL of 1.0 M THF solution) at room temperature. After 1 hour, water was added and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane, 9:1) to give 0.16 g of product, 5-cyclopropyl-3-(4fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol, as a pale yellow solid, mp: 155-157 °C;  $^{1}H$  NMR (CDCL $_{3}$ ):  $\delta$  8.53 (br s, 2H), 7.32 (m, 2H), 7.14 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 6.97(m, 2H), 4.42 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 4.14 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 1.83 (m, 1H), 0.93 (m, 2H), 0.35(m, 2H); Anal. Calc'd For  $C_{19}H_{18}FN_3O$ : C, 70.57; H, 5.61; N, 12.99. Found: C, 70.46; H, 5.87; N, 12.84.

#### Example A-193

3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(2-methoxy-4-pyridinyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

To a solution of sodium hexamethyldisilazide (7.4 mL, 1.0 M in THF) at 0 °C was added a solution of the compound prepared in step 2 of Example A-192 (1.25 g, 0.0034 mol) in 15 mL of dry THF dropwise. The dark brown solution was stirred at this temperature for 30 minutes. Then a solution of methyl 4-(2-

methoxy)pyridinecarboxylate (0.0.59 g, 0.0035 mol) in 5 mL of dry THF was added. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm up to room temperature and stirred for 3 Water was added and the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and The filtrate was concentrated and purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane, 1:1) to give 0.28 g of product, 3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(2methoxy-4-pyridinyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1ethanol, as a yellow solid, mp: 168-169 °C; 'H NMR  $(CDCL_3): \delta 8.42 (m, 2H), 8.20 (dd, J = 0.7, 5.2 Hz, 1H),$ 7.37 (m, 2H), 7.02 (m, 2H), 6.95 (m, 2H), 6.71 (dd, J =1.4, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 6.66 (t, J = 0.7 Hz, 1H), 4.20 (m, 2H), 4.14 (m, 2H), 3.95 (s, 3H); Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{22}H_{19}FN_4O_2$ : C, 67.86; H, 4.91; N, 14.35. Found: C, 67.46; H, 5.08; N, 14.03.

4-[1-[2-[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]-oxy]ethyl]-3-(4-fluorophenyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]-2-methoxypyridine

A second compound,  $4-[1-[2-[[(1,1-dimethylethyl) dimethylsilyl]oxy]ethyl]-3-(4-fluorophenyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]-2-methoxypyridine also was isolated from the above reaction as a yellow oil by chromatography. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCL<sub>3</sub>): <math>\delta$  8.45 (m, 2H), 8.20 (m, 1H), 7.40 (m, 2H), 7.04 (m, 2H), 6.93 (m, 2H), 6.81 (m, 2H), 4.24 (m, 2H), 4.14 (m, 2H), 3.98 (s, 3H), 0.83 (s, 9H), 0.02 (s, 6H).

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]-2(1H)-pyridinone

To a solution of 3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(2-methoxy-4pyridinyl) -4-(4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol (0.28 g, 0.0006 mol) in 5 mL of acetic acid was added 3 mL of 48% hydrobromic acid. The reaction mixture was heated at reflux for 3 hour. The cooled mixture was then treated with water, basified with ammonium hydroxide and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and purified by chromatography on silica gel (MeOH/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/NH4OH, 5:94:1) to give 0.07 g of product, 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2hydroxyethyl) -4-(4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-5-yl] -2(1H) pyridinone, as a yellow solid (32% yield), mp: 250-251 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>):  $\delta$  11.74 (s, 1H), 8.45 (d, J = 5.0 Hz, 2H), 7.35 (m, 3H), 7.16 (m, 2H), 7.03 (d, J = 5.0Hz, 2H), 6.37 (s, 1H), 6.05 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 5.0 (m, 1H), 4.13 (m, 2H), 3.81 (m, 2H); Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{21}H_{17}FN_4O_2 \bullet 0.2 H_2O$ : C, 66.06; H, 4.65; N, 14.67. Found: C, 66.31; H, 4.49; N, 14.27.

1-acetyl-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]-2(1H)-pyridinone

l-acetyl-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]-2(1H)-pyridinone was obtained as a byproduct of the reaction of Example A-194 in the form of a yellow solid (38% yield), mp: 220-221 °C; ¹H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  8.50 (m, 2H), 7.39 (m, 3H), 7.02 (m, 4H), 6.59 (m, 1H) 6.08 (dd, J = 1.4, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 4.52 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.43 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.04 (s,3H); Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{23}H_{19}FN_4O_3 \bullet 0.3 H_2O$ : C, 65.46; H, 4.63; N, 13.28. Found: C, 65.09; H, 4.64; N, 12.99.

# Example A-196

Ethyl 2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]cyclopropanecarboxylate

To a solution of sodium hexamethyldisilazide (17.0 mL, 1.0 M in THF) at 0  $^{\circ}$ C was added a solution of the

compound prepared in step 1 of Example A-192 (1.37 g, 0.005 mol) in 20 mL of dry THF dropwise. The dark brown solution was stirred at this temperature for 30 minutes. Then a solution of diethyl 1,2-cyclopropanedicarboxylate (1.12 g, 0.006 mol) in 10 mL of dry THF was added. reaction mixture was allowed to warm up to room temperature and stirred for 2 hours. Water was added and the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate. organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane, 8:2) to give 0.18 g of product, ethyl 2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]cyclopropanecarboxylate, as a light yellow oil (35% yield),  $^{1}H$  NMR (CDCL $_{3}$ ):  $\delta$  8.55 (m, 2H), 7.32 (m, 2H), 7.11 (m, 2H), 6.97 (m, 2H), 4.38 (m, 2H), 4.16 (m, 4H), 2.47 (m, 1H), 1.53 (m, 2H), 1.26 (t, J=7.0Hz, 3H), (m, 2H), 0.90 (m, 2H); Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{22}H_{22}FN_3O_3 \cdot 0.25 H_2O$ : C, 66.07; H, 5.67; N, 10.51 Found: C, 65.89; H, 5.80; N, 9.95.

# Example A-197

2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]cyclopropanecarboxylic acid

To a solution of ethyl 2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl] cyclopropanecarboxylate prepared in accordance with Example A-196 (0.21 g, 0.00045 mol) in 10 mL of methanol

was added a solution of sodium hydroxide (0.09 g, 0.0022 mol) in 2 mL of water. The reaction mixture was stirred at reflux for 6 hours. After the solvent was removed, the residue was dissolved with 10 mL of 1N HCl and stirred for 30 minutes. The pH was then adjusted to 5-6 by addition of 1N sodium hydroxide solution and then extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude was purified by recrystallization from ethanol and ether to give 0.1 g of product, 2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, as a white solid (60% yield), mp: 253-255 °C; ¹H NMR (CD<sub>3</sub>OD):  $\delta$  8.46 (m, 2H), 7.32 (m, 2H), 7.25 (m, 2H), 7.04 (m, 2H), 4.39 (t, J = 5.0 Hz, 2H), 4.03 (m, 2H), 2.60 (m,1H), 1.51 (m, 2H), 0.97 (m, 2H); Anal. Calc'd For  $C_{20}H_{18}FN_3O_3$ : C, 65.39; H, 4.94; N, 11.44. Found: C, 64.92; H, 4.77; N, 11.20.

# Example A-198

3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-imidazolyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

# Step 1: Preparation of methyl 1-[[2-(trimethylsilyl) ethoxy]methyl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate

methyl 1-[[2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxy]methyl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate

To a suspension of sodium hydride (1.0 g, 0.025 mol) in 50 mL of DMF was added methyl 4-imidazolecarboxylate (2.95 g, 0.023 mol) portionwise at room temperature. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 0.5 hours. Then SEM-Cl (4.17 g, 0.025 mol) was added dropwise over 5 minutes. The reaction mixture was stirred for 4 hours and quenched by adding water. The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate and the organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude was purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane, 8:2) to give 4.0 g of the major regioisomer as a clear oil.

Step 2: Preparation of 4-[1-[2-[[(1,1-dimethylethyl) dimethylsilyl]oxy]ethyl]-3-(4-fluorophenyl-5-[1-[[(2-trimethysilyl)ethoxy]methyl-1H-imidizol-4-yl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

4-[1-[2[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]-oxy]ethyl]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-[1-[[2-trimethylsilyl)ethoxy]methyl]-1H-imidazol-4-yl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

To a solution of sodium hexamethyldisilazide (4.5 mL, 1.0 M in THF) at 0 °C under Ar was added a solution of the compound prepared in step 2 of Example A-192 (0. 8

g, 0.002 mol) in 10 mL of dry THF dropwise. The dark brown solution was stirred at this temperature for 30 Then a solution of the compound prepared in step 1 of the present Example (0.54 g, 0.0021 mol) in 5 mL of dry THF was added. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm up to room temperature and stirred for 1 hour. Water was added and the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane, 8:2) to give 0.98 g of product as a light yellow oil which solidified upon standing (91% yield), mp: 79-80 °C; ¹H NMR  $(CDCL_3)$ :  $\delta$  8.48 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 7.68 (d, J = 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 7.10 (m, 2H), 7.00 (m, 2H), 6.93 (d, J = 1.3 Hz, 1H), 5.25 (s, 2H), 4.53 (t, J= 6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.12 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 3.84 (t, J = 8.0 Hz , 2H), 0.92 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 0.84 (s, 9H), 0.021(s, 18H); Anal. Calc'd For  $C_{31}H_{44}FN_5O_2Si_2$ : C, 62.70; H, 7.47; N, 11.79. Found: C, 62.98; H, 7.74; N, 11.88.

# Step 3: Preparation of 3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4imidazolyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

To a solution of the compound prepared in step 2 of the present Example (0.54 g, 0.001 mol) in 10 mL of THF was added a solution of tetrabutylammonium fluoride (1.0 M in THF). After the mixture was heated at reflux for 3 hours, the solvent was removed and the residue was partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude product was purified on silica gel (methylene chloride/methanol, 95:5) to give 0.22 g of the product,  $3-(4-\text{fluorophenyl})-5-(4-\text{imidazolyl})-4-(4-\text{pyridinyl})-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol, as a white solid (63% yield), mp: 227-228 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>): <math>\delta$  8.45 (m, 2H), 7.83 (s,

1H), 7.35 (m, 2H), 7.15 (m, 4H), 7.09 (s, 1H), 5.20 (br s, 1H), 4.32 (s, 2H), 3.81 (m, 2H); Anal. Calc'd For  $C_{19}H_{16}FN_5O$ : C, 65.32; H, 4.62; N, 20.05. Found: C, 64.98; H, 4.55; N, 19.79.

The compound of Example A-199 was synthesized in accordance with the chemistry described above (particularly in Scheme VI) by selection of the corresponding starting reagents:

# Example A-199

4-[3-(4-chloro-3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{15}H_{12}N_3Cl$  (269.74): C, 66.79; H, 4.48; N, 15.58. Found: C, 66.57; H, 4.15; N, 15.54. m.p. (DSC): 198.17 °C.

The compounds of Examples A-200 through A-202 were synthesized in accordance with the chemistry described above (particularly in Scheme VII) by selection of the corresponding starting reagents:

Example A-200

5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid

A mixture of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-methyl-1Hpyrazol-4-yl]pyridine prepared as set forth in Example A-4 (5.83 g, 24.0909 mmol) and potassium permanganate (7.6916 g, 48.1818 mmol) in water (7.5 ml) and tertbutanol (10 ml) was heated at reflux for 6 hours (or until all the potassium permanganate was consumed). The mixture was then stirred at room temperature overnight and then diluted with water (150 ml). Manganese dioxide was removed from the mixture by filtration. The filtrate was extracted with ethyl acetate to remove unreacted starting material. The aqueous layer was acidified with 1N HCl to increase the pH to about 6. A white precipitate formed, was collected by filtration, washed with water, and dried in a vacuum oven to give 5-(4fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid (isolated as the monohydrate salt) (2.9777 g, 43.7 %). Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{15}H_{10}N_3FO_2.H_2O$  (283 + 18): C, 59.80; H, 4.01; N, 13.95; Found: C, 59.48; H, 3.26; N, 13.65. MS (MH<sup>+</sup>): 284 (base peak).

#### Example A-201

5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-methanol

To a suspension of 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid, monohydrate prepared in accordance with Example A-200 (0.526 g, 2.0 mmol) in dry THF (15 ml) at reflux under nitrogen, a

solution of 1N lithium aluminum hydride in THF (4.0 ml, 4.0 mmol) was added dropwise over 15 minutes. precipitate formed. The mixture was boiled for an additional hour. Excess lithium aluminum hydride was then decomposed by cautiously adding a solution of 4N potassium hydroxide in water (0.5 ml). Upon hydrolysis, a white salt precipitated. After the addition was complete, the mixture was heated at reflux for 15 minutes. The hot solution was filtered by suction through a Buchner funnel, and remaining product was extracted from the precipitate by refluxing with THF (15 ml) for 1 hour, followed again by suction filtration. The combined filtrates were concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was taken into ethyl acetate, washed with water and brine, dried over MgSO, to give a crude product (0.45 g). Recrystallization of the crude product from methanol gave 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-methanol (0.2808 g, 56.5%). DSC: 260.26 °C; Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>12</sub>N<sub>3</sub>FO (269): C, 66.91; H, 4.49; N, 15.60; Found: C, 66.07; H, 4.63; N, 15.20. MS (MH<sup>+</sup>): 270 (base peak).

1-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]carbonyl]piperazine

Step 1: Preparation of 1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]carbonyl]1-piperazinecarboxylate

To a solution of 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid, monohydrate prepared in accordance with Example A-200 (0.9905 g, 3.5 mmol) and 1hydroxybenzotriazole (0.4824 g, 3.57 mmol) in DMF (20 ml) at 0 °C under nitrogen, 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)3ethylcarbodiiminde hydrochloride (0.6984 g, 3.57 mmol, Aldrich Chemical Co.) was added. The solution was stirred at 0 °C under nitrogen for 1 hour then 1butoxycarbonylpiperazine (0.6585 g, 3.5 mmol) was added followed by N-methylmorpholine (0.40 ml, 3.6 mmol). reaction was stirred from 0 °C to room temperature overnight. After 19 hours, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure, and resulting residue was diluted with ethyl acetate, washed with saturated NaHCO, solution, water and brine, and dried over MgSO4. After filtration, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to give a crude product (1.7595 g). 1,1-Dimethylethyl 4-[[5-(4fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]carbonyl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate (1.2372 g, 78.4%) was obtained by chromatography. Anal. Calc'd for C24H26N5O3F. (451): C, 63.85; H, 5.80; N, 15.51; Found: C, 63.75; H, 5.71; N, 15.16. MS (MH<sup>+</sup>): 452 (base peak).

# Step 2: Preparation of 1-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]carbonyl]piperazine bis(trifluoroacetate), monohydrate

A solution of the compound prepared in step 1 (0.1804 g, 0.4 mmol) in methylene chloride (1.0 ml) and TFA (0.3 ml) was stirred at room temperature under nitrogen for 2 hours. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and TFA was chased by methylene chloride and methanol. The resulting colorless oily residue was dried in a vacuum oven overnight to give 1-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]carbonyl]piperazine (isolated as the bis(trifluoroacetate), monohydrate salt) (0.2400g, 100%) as a white solid. Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>18</sub>N<sub>5</sub>OF.2CF<sub>3</sub>COOH.H<sub>2</sub>O(351 + 228 + 18): C, 46.24; H, 3.71; N, 11.72; Found: C, 45.87; H, 3.43; N, 11.45. MS (MH\*): 352 (base peak).

The compounds of Examples A-203 through A-206 were synthesized in accordance with the chemistry described above (particularly in Scheme VIII) by selection of the corresponding starting reagents:

Example A-203

4-(1,5-dimethyl-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine

# 4-(1,3-dimethyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine

A 60% dispersion of sodium hydride (41 mg, 0.00172 moles) (prewashed with hexane) in mineral oil (69 mg) was added with 5 ml of dioxane to a stirred solution of 4-(3methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine (200 mg, 0.00086 moles) (prepared as set forth in Example A-2) in 50 ml of dioxane. After 3 hours a solution of CH3I (122 mg, 0.00086 mole) in 10 ml dioxane was added and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 20 hours. mixture was concentrated to a solid. The products were partitioned between water (15 ml) and ethyl acetate (50 ml). The organic layer was dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated to a solid. The products were purified and separated by radial chromatography. NMR (NOE experiments) showed that the first component off the column (the minor component) was 4-(1,3-dimethyl-5phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine, and the second material off the column was 4-(1,5-dimethyl-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4yl)pyridine.

Major isomer (4-(1,5-dimethyl-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine): m.p.: 94-99 °C. Anal. calc'd for  $C_{16}H_{15}N_3 \bullet 0.1MH_2O$ : C, 77.08; H, 6.06; N, 16.85. Found: C, 76.59; H, 5.70; N, 16.62

#### Example A-204

4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine (the compound of Example A-32)

4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine and 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine were prepared by the same procedure as described for Example A-203 by replacing 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine with 4-(3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine (prepared as set forth in Example A-7).

Major Isomer (4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl] pyridine): Anal. calc'd for  $C_{16}H_{14}N_3Cl$  (283.76): C, 67.72; H, 4.97; N, 14.81; Found: C, 67.45; H, 4.71; N, 14.63. m.p. (DSC): 190.67 °C.

Minor Isomer (4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl] pyridine): m.p.: 82-88 °C. Anal. calc'd for  $C_{16}H_{14}N_3Cl$ : C, 67.72; H, 4.97; N, 14.81; Found: C, 67.56; H, 4.96; N, 14.73.

Example A-205

4-[5-ethyl-1-methyl-3-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

4-[3-ethyl-1-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

4-[5-ethyl-1-methyl-3-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine and 4-[3-ethyl-1-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine were prepared by the same procedure as described for Example A-203 by replacing 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine with 4-(3-(4-methylphenyl)-5-ethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine (prepared as set forth in Example A-45).

Major Isomer (4-[5-ethyl-1-methyl-3-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine): Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{18}H_{19}NO_3 \cdot 0.45$  MH<sub>2</sub>O: C, 75.73; H, 7.03; N, 14.77. Found: C, 76.03; H, 6.87 N, 14.28.

Minor Isomer (4-[3-ethyl-1-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine): Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{18}H_{19}NO_3 \bullet 0.30MH_2O$ : C, 76.46; H, 6.99; N, 14.86. Found: C, 76.58; H, 6.98; N, 14.63.

4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-ethyl-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine: Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>16</sub>N<sub>3</sub>Cl (297.79): C, 68.57; H, 5.42; N, 14.11. Found: C, 68.33; H, 5.27; N, 14.08; m.p. (DSC) 164.36 °C.

### Example A-207

4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-ethyl-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine: Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>16</sub>N<sub>3</sub>Cl (297.79): C, 68.57; H, 5.42; N, 14.11. Found: C, 68.25; H, 5.36; N, 13.74; m.p. (DSC) 153.46 °C.

The compounds of Examples A-208 and A-209 were prepared in accordance with the chemistry described above (particularly in Scheme IX):

### Example A-208

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

# Step 1: Preparation of 4-fluorobenzoyl-4'-pyridyl methane

To a mixture of 4-picoline (32.6 g, 0.35 moles) and ethyl-4-fluorobenzoate (50.45g, 0.3 moles), maintained at 20 °C, was added lithium bis(trimethylsilylamide) (600 mL (1M)) in a steady but rapid stream so as to maintain ambient temperature. The initial yellow solution turned into a suspension which was then stirred for an additional 2 hours. Toluene (250 mL) was added and the mixture cooled to 0 °C. The reaction mixture was quenched with concentrated HCl at 0 °C to lower the pH to The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer re-extracted with of toluene (100 mL). The organic layer was dried (sodium sulfate) and concentrated, to furnish a yellow solid which on trituration with hexanes (200 mL) provided the pure desoxybenzoin, 4fluorobenzoyl-4'-pyridyl methane, in 90% yield (58g). H NMR was consistent with the proposed structure. Step 2:

To a suspension of the desoxybenzoin prepared in step 1 (30g, 0.14 moles) in tetrahydrofuran (50 mL) was added dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal (50 mL) and the mixture stirred at ambient temperature for two days. The solution was then concentrated to dryness and the solid paste obtained was triturated with hexanes (150 mL) to furnish a yellow solid which was of sufficient purity (as determined by NMR) and was used for the next step without

additional purification. Yield: 33.9 g (90%). 1H NMR was

consistent with the proposed structure.

# Step 3:

The vinyl amine prepared in step 2 (33.9g, 0.1255 moles) was dissolved in 125 mL of ethanol and cooled to 0 °C. Hydrazine hydrate (8.0g of anhydrous or 16.0g. of hydrate, 0.25 moles) was then added in one portion. The mixture was stirred well and allowed to warm up to

ambient temperature for a total reaction time of 3 hours. The mixture was concentrated and taken up in 200 mL of chloroform. After washing with water (100 mL), the organic layer was extracted with 150 mL of 10% HCl. The water layer was then treated with 0.5 g of activated charcoal at 70 °C for 10 minutes, filtered through celite and neutralized cautiously to pH 7 - 8 with vigorous stirring and cooling (20% sodium hydroxide was used). The fine off-white precipitate was filtered and dried to give 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl] pyridine. Yield: 27.3g. (91%). Mass spectrum: m/z=240.  $^1H$  NMR was consistent with the proposed structure. Anal. calc'd for  $C_{14}H_{10}FN_3$ : C, 70.28; H, 4.21; N, 17.56. Found: C, 70.11; H, 4.33; N, 17.61.

# Example A-209

4-[3-(2-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

This compound was prepared by the same procedure described for Example A-208 using the corresponding starting reagents.

Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{14}H_{10}ClN_3$ : C, 65.76; H, 3.94; N, 16.43. Found: C, 65.22; H, 3.91; N, 16.50. m.p. (DSC): 208.46 °C.

The compounds of Examples A-210 and A-211 illustrate were prepared in accordance with the chemistry described above (particularly in Scheme X):

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3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

The desoxybenzoin prepared in step 1 of Example A-208, 4-fluorobenzoyl-4'-pyridyl methane, (12.7g, 0.059 moles) was mixed with 90% hydroxyethyl hydrazine (5.3g, 0.062 moles) in 30 mL of ethanol containing 0.5 mL of acetic acid in a 500 mL Erlenmeyer flask. After gentle boiling (1 hour), a small sample was evacuated at high vacuum and examined by 1H NMR to confirm completion of hydrazone formation. On cooling to ambient temperature, the reaction mass solidified to a yellow cake. dimethylacetal (36 mL, 0.27 moles) was then added and the mixture heated to 80C for 10min, at which point all the solids dissolved and a clear yellow viscous solution was obtained. The reaction mixture was immediately allowed to cool slowly to 25 °C, and water (20 mL) was added dropwise with stirring, at which point a cloudy yellow oily suspension was obtained. The solution was now warmed to approximately 50-60 °C, whereupon the solution turned clear yellow. Slow cooling to ambient temperature with stirring (a crystal seed if available speeds up the process) results in a copious formation of crystals. Suction filtration followed by washing with 10% ethanolwater (50 mL), followed by drying, furnishes 3-(4fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol as a light yellow crystalline solid. Re-heating the filtrate to clarity as before, followed by cooling, yields additional product. The third and fourth recovery from

the mother liquor on standing overnight furnishes the remaining 3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol. Total yield:  $\{12.3+3.3+0.4+0.4\}=16.4g.$  (97.6%). Mass spectrum, m/z = 284. <sup>1</sup>H NMR was consistent with the proposed structure. Anal. calc'd for  $C_{16}H_{14}FN_3O+H_2O$ : C, 63.78; H, 5.35; N, 13.95. Found: C, 63.55; H, 5.07; N, 13.69.

#### Example A-211

3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyrimidinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

This compound was prepared by the same procedure as described for Example A-210 except that the 4-picoline used to synthesize the desoxybenzoin was replaced with 4-methyl-pyrimidine.

The compound of Example A-212 was prepared in accordance with the chemistry of Scheme XI:

#### Example A-212

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

The vinyl amine prepared in Step 2 of Example A-208 (5.0g, 0.0185 moles) was taken up in ethanol (75mL) and

cooled to 0 °C. Methyl hydrazine (1.7g, 0.037 moles) in ethanol (75mL) was added in one portion while maintaining the temperature at 0 to 10 °C. After 3 hours at ambient temperature the solvent was removed and the residue taken up in methylene chloride (150 mL) and water (100 mL). The organic layer was separated, dried and concentrated to provide the crude regio-isomeric mixture as a light tan colored solid (80:20 by NMR in favor of the title compound). The crude isomeric mixture was taken up in 10% HCl (100 mL) and washed with methylene chloride (100  $\,$ mL) and the water layer treated with activated charcoal (0.5g). After filtration through Celite, the solution was neutralized with sodium hydroxide (20%) to pH 8 with good stirring and cooling. The cream colored precipitate was filtered, washed with water and dried. The solid (5 g) was dissolved in hot 10% heptane/toluene (70 mL) and allowed to cool slowly, first to ambient temperature and then to 15 °C. Scratching the sides of the flask starts the crystallization process. After 2 hours of standing, the solids formed were filtered, washed with cold 50% toluene/heptane (25 mL) followed by hexane (25 mL) and dried to yield the pure title compound. <sup>1</sup>H NMR confirmed the structure (including regiochemistry using NOE experiments). Yield: 2.1g. (45%). Mass spectrum, m/z =254 (base peak). Anal. calc'd for  $C_{15}H_{12}FN_3 + 0.2 H_20$ : C, 70.15; H, 4.86; N, 16.4. Found: C, 70.18; H, 4.6; N, 16.47.

The compound of Example A-213 was prepared in accordance with the chemistry of Scheme XII:

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### Example A-213

2-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]-1-butanol

An intimate mixture of 2-fluoro-pyridinyl pyrazole (0.2g, (prepared by the same procedure as described for Example A-210 except that the 4-picoline used to synthesize the desoxybenzoin was replaced with 2-fluoro-4-methylpyridine) and (R,S)-2-amino-1-butanol (4 fold molar excess) was heated to 210-220 °C in a sealed vial for 1.5 hours. After cooling to 100 °C the vial was cautiously opened and 5 mL of toluene and 5 mL of water were added and stirred well for 1 hour. The solid obtained, 2-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]-1-butanol, was suction-filtered and washed with an additional 5 mL of water followed by toluene and dried. Yield: 190mg. (71%). Mass spectrum, m/z = 343. ¹H NMR was consistent with the proposed structure.

The compound of Example A-214 was prepared in accordance with the chemistry of Scheme XIII:

4-[5-bromo-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

To a solution of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine (2.7 g, 10.67 mmol) (prepared in accordance with Example A-212) in acetic acid (30 mL) and DMF (13 mL) was added bromine (19.5 g, 122.0 mmol). The solution was heated at 80 °C overnight. TLC indicated that the reaction was complete. The mixture was quenched slowly with  $K_2CO_3$  (25g). When pH was about 5, a precipitate was formed. The precipitate was washed with water (50mL x 5) to give 4-[5-bromo-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine (1.24g, 35%): mp 174.38°C; Mass spectrum m/z = 332, 334; <sup>1</sup>H NMR was consistent with the proposed structure. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{15}H_{11}N_3FBr \bullet 0.2$   $H_2O$ : C, 53.66; H, 3.42; N, 12.51. Found: C, 53.58; H, 3.12; N, 12.43.

The compound of Example A-215 was prepared in accordance with the chemistry of Scheme XIV:

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinecarbonitrile

#### Step 1:

To a solution of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine (4.3g, 17.97 mmol) (prepared in accordance with Example A-208) in methanol (100 mL) was added 3-chloroperoxybenzoic acid (5.44 g in 57 % purity, 17.97 mmol). The solution was stirred at 25 °C for overnight. The mixture was concentrated.  $K_2CO_3$  (10%, 100 mL) was added to the residue. A precipitate was formed, filtered and washed with water (30 mL x 3) to give the corresponding N-oxide (3.764g, 81.66%).

## Step 2:

To a suspension of the N-oxide prepared in step 1 (0.40 g, 1.567 mmol) in DMF (5 mL) was added trimethysilyl cyanide (0.3 mL, 2.25 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 15 minutes at 25 °C. Dimethylcarbamyl chloride (0.8 mL, 8.69 mmol) was added. The mixture was stirred at 25 °C for 2 hours. TLC indicated that the starting materials were gone. The mixture was partitioned into ethyl acetate:water (100 mL:20 mL). The organic layer was washed with  $K_2CO_3$  (10%, 20 mL), water (50 mL), brine (50 mL), dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated to give 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinecarbonitrile (0.23 g, 56 % yield): mp 209.22 °C; Mass spectrum (chemical ionization): m/z =

265; <sup>1</sup>H NMR was consistent with the proposed structure. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{15}H_9N_4F$ •0.2  $H_2O$ : C, 67.26; H, 3.54; N, 20.92. Found: C, 67.44; H, 3.40; N, 20.69.

The compound of Example A-216 was prepared in accordance with the chemistry of Scheme XV:

#### Example A-216

4-[2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]ethyl]morpholine

#### Step 1:

3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol (prepared in accordance with Example A-210) (10.0 g, 0.0353 moles) was suspended in pyridine (100 mL) and cooled to 0 °C. Methane sulfonyl chloride (4.4 g, 0.0388 moles) was added slowly while maintaining the temperature at 0 °C. After stirring overnight at 10 °C, chilled water (100 mL) and methylene chloride (150 mL) was added and the two layers separated. The water layer was reextracted with 100 mL of methylene chloride and the organic layer dried and concentrated to a paste. After drying at high vacuum, a light tan colored cake was obtained which was triturated with ether (75 mL), filtered and dried to furnish a cream colored solid in 79% yield (10.1g). ¹H NMR was consistent with the proposed structure. The compound was used as such for step 2.

#### Step 2:

The mesylate prepared in step 1 (5.0 g, 0.0138

moles) was dissolved in an eight fold excess of morpholine (9.6 g, 0.11 moles) in methanol (50 mL) and heated at reflux for 3 to 4 hours. After an NMR sample confirmed completion, the mixture was concentrated and taken up in methylene chloride (150 mL) and washed with water (100 mL) and then with 75 mL of 5% HCl. layer was neutralized to pH 8 and extracted with methylene chloride (100  $\mbox{mL}$ ). On drying and concentration a light yellow pasty solid was obtained which was triturated with 25 mL of ether to furnish a solid. crystallization from toluene/hexane provided 4-[2-[3-(4fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-1yl]ethyl]morpholine as a solid. Yield: 4.5g (86%). spectrum, m/z = 353. <sup>1</sup>H NMR was consistent with the proposed structure. Anal. calc'd for C20H21FN4O: C, 68.16; H, 6.01; N, 15.90. Found: C, 68.20; H, 6.21; N, 15.80.

The compound of Example A-217 was prepared in accordance with the chemistry of Scheme XVI:

Example A-217

3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl- $\alpha$ -phenyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-5-methanol

To solid magnesium (60 mg, 5 mmol) under nitrogen was added a solution of 4-[5-bromo-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine (450 mg, 1.35 mmol) (prepared in accordance with Example A-214) in tetrahydrofuran (7 mL). The mixture was heated at 40 °C

for 2 hours. Benzaldehyde (1 mL) was added. The mixture was heated to 45 °C for 2 hours. It was quenched with HCl (10 mL, 1N) and washed with ethyl acetate. The aqueous acid layer was basified and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with water, brine, dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated to give a residue. The residue was purified with a silica gel column to give the title compound (59 mg, 12% yield). MS: m/z = 360 (M+1); <sup>1</sup>H NMR was consistent with the proposed structure. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{22}H_{18}N_2OF • 0.6EtOAC$ : C, 71.1; H, 5.6; N, 10.2; Found: C, 70.9; H, 5.47; N, 10.2.

The compound of Example A-218 was prepared in accordance with the chemistry described above (particularly Scheme XVII):

Example A-218

N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-morpholineethanamine

The starting desoxybenzoin prepared in step 1 of Example A-208, 4-fluorobenzoyl-4'-pyridyl methane, (1.0 g, 0.0046 moles) was dissolved in 10 mL of DMF and cooled to -10 °C (dry ice-aqueous isopropanol). N-chlorosuccinimide (0.62 g, 0.0046 moles) was added in one portion while maintaining the temperature at -10 °C. After 5 minutes the thiosemicarbazide (0.0046 moles) was added in one portion at 0 °C and allowed to warm to ambient temperature slowly over 1 hour. After stirring overnight, the solvent was removed at high vacuum and

water and toluene (25 mL each) added and stirred well. The toluene layer was separated and the water layer (starting pH of 5.5) treated with bicarbonate to pH 8. The fine precipitate formed was filtered and washed with water, toluene and ether. A final trituration with ether (25 mL) furnished an off white solid, N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-morpholineethanamine, which was re-filtered and dried. Yield: 0.95g. (56%). Mass Spec. m/z: 368 (base peak). Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>22</sub>FN<sub>5</sub>O. C, 65.38; H, 6.04; N, 19.06. Found: C, 64.90; H, 5.92; N, 18.67.

4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2(1H)pyridinone hydrazone

Step 1: Preparation of (E)-2-(2-bromo-4-pyridinyl)-N,N-dimethylethenamine

4-Methyl-2-bromopyridine (1.0 g, 5.8 mmol) and t-butoxybis(dimethylamino)methane (5 ml) were heated to 150 °C for 16 hours. 4-Methyl-2-bromopyridine was prepared as set forth in B. Adger et al., <u>J. Chem. Soc.</u>, Perkin Trans. 1, pp. 2791-2796 (1988), which is incorporated herein by reference. The contents were evaporated and the residue dissolved in ethyl acetate and washed with

water. The organic layer was dried over magnesium sulfate and solvent removed in vacuo to give 1.0 g of (E)-2-(2-bromo-4-pyridinyl)-N,N-dimethylethenamine as an oil suitable for use in step 2.

# Step 2: Preparation of (Z)-2-(2-bromo-4-pyridinyl)-1-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-(dimethylamino)-2-propen-1-one

The product from step 1 (1.0 g, 4.4 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (15 ml). Triethylamine (900 mg, 8.8 mmol) was added at 0 °C, followed by the addition of 3-chlorobenzoyl chloride (350 mg, 4.5 mmol). The mixture was stirred under nitrogen for 16 hours. Solvent was evaporated in vacuo and the residue was dissolved in ether (25 ml), stirred with magnesium sulfate (500 mg) and silica gel (500mg), and filtered. Ether was evaporated and the residue was chromatographed on silica gel using mixtures of acetone and methylene chloride as eluents to give 670 mg of the product, (Z)-2-(2-bromo-4-pyridinyl)-1-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-(dimethylamino)-2-propen-1-one, as a glass which was used in step 3 without further purification.

# Step 3: Preparation of 2-bromo-4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

A solution of the product from step 2 (650 mg, 1.8 mmol) and hydrazine monohydrate (100 mg) in ethanol (10 ml) was refluxed for 24 hours. Solvent was evaporated and the residue was chromatographed on silica gel using mixtures of ethyl acetate and toluene as eluents to give 2-bromo-4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine (190 mg, 31%) as an oil: Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>9</sub>BrClN<sub>3</sub>: C, 50.25; H, 2.71; N, 12.56. Found: C, 50.10; H, 2.60; N, 12.40.

Continued elution with mixtures of ethyl acetate and methanol gave  $4-[3-(3-\text{chlorophenyl})-1\text{H-pyrazol-}4-\text{yl}]-2(1\text{H})-pyridinone hydrazone (190 mg, 36%) as a crystalline solid: m.p. 163-164 °C.; MS (M+H) = 286. Anal. Calc'd for <math>C_{14}H_{12}N_5Cl$ : C, 58.85; H, 4.23; N, 24.51. Found: C, 58.53; H, 4.28; N, 24.87.

4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(phenylmethyl)-2-pyridinamine

A solution of the bromopyridine compound prepared in step 3 of Example A-219 (150 mg, 0.5 mmol) in benzylamine (5 ml) was heated at 175 °C for six hours. After cooling, excess benzylamine was removed by high vacuum distillation and ethyl acetate added to the residue. After washing the organic phase with water and drying over magnesium sulfate, the solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue chromatographed on silica gel using mixtures of ethyl acetate and toluene to give 4-[3-(3-

chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(phenylmethyl)-2-pyridinamine (110 mg, 61%) as a solid, m.p. 179-180 °C.

Anal. Calc'd For  $C_{21}H_{17}ClN_4$ : C, 69.90; H, 4.75; N, 15.53. Found: C, 69.69; H, 4.81; N, 15.11.

## Example A-221

4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(phenylethyl)-2-pyridinamine

A solution of the bromopyridine compound prepared in step 3 of Example A-219 (250 mg, 0.75 mmol) in phenethylamine (5 ml) was heated at 175 °C for six hours under a nitrogen atmosphere. The excess amine was distilled off under high vacuum and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate and washed with water. After drying over magnesium sulfate and removal of solvent, the residue was chromatographed on silica gel with mixtures of ethyl acetate and toluene to give 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(phenylethyl)-2-pyridinamine (230 mg, 81%) as a solid, m.p. 185-186 °C.

Anal. Calc'd For  $C_{22}H_{19}ClN_4$ : C, 70.49; H, 5.11; N, 14.95. Found: C, 70.29; H, 5.15; N, 14.66.

4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-ethyl-2-pyridinamine

A solution of the bromopyridine compound prepared in step 3 of Example A-219 (300 mg, 0.9 mmol) in ethylamine (3.5 ml) and ethanol (5 ml) as heated at 150 °C in a sealed tube for 9 hours. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue chromatographed on silica gel with 70 ethyl acetate/30 toluene to give 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-ethyl-2-pyridinamine (125 mg, 46%) as a solid, m.p. 186-187 °C.

Anal. Calc'd For  $C_{16}H_{15}ClN_4$ : C, 64.32; H, 7.06; N, 18.75. Found: C, 64.42; H, 7.01; N, 18.45.

The compounds of Examples A-223 through A-226 were synthesized in accordance with the chemistry described above (particularly in Scheme XVIII) by selection of the corresponding starting reagents:

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinecarboxamide

#### Step 1:

To a suspension of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine (prepared as set forth in Example A-208) (8.8 g, 0.037 mol) in methylene chloride was added m-chloroperoxybenzoic acid (mCPBA) in one portion at room temperature. After stirring for 16 hours, solvent was removed and the residue was treated with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution. The precipitate was filtered, airdried to give 8.2 g of a product as a white solid (87%), mp: 207-209°C.

# <u>Step 2: Preparation of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinecarbonitrile</u>

To a solution of the product of step 1 (5.1 g, 0.02 mol) in 20 mL of DMF was added trimethylsilyl cyanide (2.5 g, 0.025 mol), followed by a solution of N, N-dimethylcarbamoyl chloride (2.7 g, 0.025 mol) in 5 mL of DMF at room temperature. After stirring overnight, the reaction mixture was basified by 200 mL of 10% potassium carbonate water solution. The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude

was triturated with hexane and filtered to give 4.3 g of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinecarbonitrile (90%) as a pale yellow solid, mp: 238-239°C.

# Step 3: Preparation of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol4-yl]-2-pyridinecarboxamide:

To a solution of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinecarbonitrile from step 2 (0.45 g, 0.0017 mol) in 10 mL of DMSO was added hydrogen peroxide (0.24 mL of 30% aqueous solution, 1.7 mmol) and potassium carbonate (0.04 g, 0.4 mmol) at 0°C. The mixture was stirred for 1 hour while allowing it to warm to room temperature. Water was added and the precipitate was collected by filtration and air-dried to give 0.32 g of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinecarboxamide as a white solid (67% yield), mp: 230-231 °C. Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>11</sub>FN<sub>4</sub>O: C, 63.83; H, 3.93; N, 19.85. Found C, 63.42; H, 3.66; N, 19.58.

#### Example A-224

Methyl 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinecarboxylate

To a suspension of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinecarboxamide prepared as set forth in Example A-223 (2.9 g, 0.01 mol) in 50 mL of methanol was added N,N-dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal (3.67 g, 0.03

mol) dropwise. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight and heated at reflux for 4hours. After cooling, the precipitate was collected by filtration and air-dried to give 2.0 g of methyl 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinecarboxylate as a white solid (69% yield), mp: 239-241°C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{16}H_{12}FN_3O_2$ : C, 64.64; H, 4.07; N, 14.13. Found: C, 64.36; H, 4.10; N, 14.27.

#### Example A-225

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-methyl-2-pyridinecarboxamide

A mixture of methyl 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinecarboxylate prepared as set forth in Example A-224 (0.45 g, 1.5 mmol) and 20 mL of methylamine (40% aqueous solution) was heated at 120°C in a sealed tube for 16 hours. After cooling, water was added and the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated to afford 0.4 g of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-methyl-2-pyridinecarboxamide as a white solid, mp: 88-89°C. Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>13</sub>FN<sub>4</sub>O + 0.4 H<sub>2</sub>O: C, 63.32; H, 4.58; N, 18.46. Found C, 63.10; H, 4.62; N, 18.35.

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinecarboxylic acid

To a solution of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4yl]-2-pyridinecarboxylate prepared as set forth in Example A-224 (0.90 g, 0.003 mol) in 10 mL of ethanol was added a solution of sodium hydroxide (0.24 g, 0.006 mol) in 5 mL of water. The reaction mixture was heated at reflux for 10 hours. After the removal of solvent, the residue was dissolved in water and acidified with citric acid solution to pH 5. Then the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate and the organic phase was dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated. The crude was purified by treating with ether to give 0.62 g of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinecarboxylic acid as a white solid (73% yield), mp: 245°C(dec). Anal Calc'd for  $C_{15}H_{10}FN_3O + 0.2 H_2O$ : C, 62.80; H, 3.65; N, 14.65. Found: C, 62.77; H, 3.42; N, 14,58.

Additional compounds of the present invention which were prepared according to one or more of above reaction schemes (particularly Schemes IX through XVIII) are disclosed in Table 3. The specific synthesis scheme or schemes as well as the mass spectroscopy and elemental analysis results for each compound also are disclosed in Table 3.

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					TABLE 3					
Example	General	MS			Mic	Microanalysis	is			
	Procedure	M+1	c calc	C found	H calc	H found	N calc	N found	water	7+03g
								i i	2000	2000
A-227	IX	240	69	69	4 3	4 6	120	I,	₹ I	added
A-228	XI	266	65.69	65.69	۰ ۱ ۷	٠١,	7.7.7	10.8	0.25	
A-229	XI	254	70.6	70 6	۔ اِ ۔	٠١.	' I	14.98	- 1	
A-230	X	256	26 76	200		<b>4</b>	16.5	16.3	0.1	
A-231	->	000	0/:	03.48	٠,	3.78	16.43	16.52		
1000	10	780	• •	63.95	4.39	4.31	13.86	13.90		
A-232	XI	271	66.79	66.79	4.48	4.24	15.58	15.32		
A-233	XI	284	6.99	66.8	5	5	٠	;   <	- 1	
A-234	XI	270	62.9	65.6	4.6	4 6	•	• [	•	
A-235	XI	264	77	76.7	2	• 1	יין בו	•	٠.	
A-236	ΙΧΙ	221	75.38	75 44	200	٠.	~ I	15.7	0.1	
A-237				# (° '	• [	٦Ι	18.84	19	0.1	
230			•	61.67	3.58	3.51	14.35	14.32		
A-238		304	63.36	63.28	3.99	3.91	13.85	13.83		
A-239	IX	258	65.37	65.39	3.53	3.52	ار	) u		
A-240	IX	274	61.44	61.14	3.31		• 1	٠   ر		
A-241	IX	300	56.02	55.99	1 .	3 26		;;   <sub>=</sub>		
A-242	XI	272	66.42	66.41	1	2 6	ע ן א	• [		
A-243	XI	314	57.34	5	٠ ا		• 1	• [		
A-244		342	76 20	77.70	•	80.	13.37	13.27		
A - 24 E	1	7 :	70.33	40.10	4.81	4.51	12.31	12.05	0.25	
C#7-W		41	64.89	64.65	6.36	6.17	15.93	15.82	7	
A-246	XII	391	80.99	66.18	5.04	5.56	1	)   c		
A-247	XII	362	64.46	64.16	4.65	34	rΙα	•	• ]	
A-249	XII 2	58	64.91	64.84	3.58	63	, ,	٠.	9 ,	
						_	10.66	10.78		

			-		-			-				95													<u> </u>
	0.5				0.5																				
9.0	0.5		τ		9.0	6.0	0.2	€.0	0.25	0.25			2.25	3.75	0.1		1.4		0.4	1.8		1.3			
12.05	13.6	16.61	14.8		13.7	17.21	17.48	17.38	13.2	16.2	,	13.6	16.65	17.27	19.09	13.5	12.4	14.5	16.97	16.37	15	13.7	25.4	14.5	
12.64	13.3	18.75	15	,	13.6	17.86	17.73	17.73	13.6	16.3	l ,	14.7	16.6	17.21	19.05	13.8	13	14.5	16.8	16.25	15.2	14	25.2	14.5	
6.3	6.1	6.39	9	,	6.2	5.11	5.63	5.43	5.2	6.9	į	6.2	6.56	7.1	4.6	4.5	4.9	4.2	4.53	4.02	4.2	4.3	4.7	2.9	
6.18	6.1	6.48	6.5	,	6.7	5.37	5.55	5.55	2	6.9	l.	5.7	6.81	7.31	4.52	2	5.3	4.2	4.77	4.85	4.4	4.9	4.5	3.1	
70.74	66.2	63.02	63.8	, ,,	67.1	61.47	64.94	64.81	67	70.3		68.5	59.69	56.26	69.4	67.5	64.5	74.9	61.46	55.98	73.2	67.7	70.4	57.7	
70.44	62.9	61.11	64.2		67.4	61.27	64.63	64.63	67.2	70	0	68.2	59.77	56.07	69.42	89	64	74.7	61.22	55.75	73.6	6.79	70.3	57.9	
433	476	338	357		462	299	313	313	407	339	, ,	476	382	340	293	407	407	290	326	313	278	278			
XI, XV	XI, XII, XV	IIX	AX 'IX	XI, XII,	ΧV	IIX	IIX	IIX	IIX 'IX	AX 'IX	'IIX''IX	ΛX	XVII	XVII	IIAX	IIX 'IX	IIX 'IX	IX	XVII	XVII	XI	IX	IX	IX	
A-275	A-276	A-277	A-278	1	A-279	A-280	A-281	A-282	A-283	A-284		A-285	A-286	A-287	A-288	A-289	A-290	A-291	A-292	A-293	A-294	A-295	A-296	A-297	

# Example A-227

4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

# Example A-228

4-[3-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

# Example A-229

4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

# Example A-230

4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

# Example A-231

4-[3-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-y)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

# Example A-232

4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

## Example A-233

4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-methylp yridine and 4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-methylpyridine

## Example A-234

4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine and 4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

## Example A-235

2-methyl-4-[1-methyl-3 (or 5)-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4 -yl]pyridine

# Example A-236

4-(3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine

# Example A-237

4-[3-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

# Example A-238

4-[1-methyl-3-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

# Example A-239

4-[3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

## Example A-240

4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-fluoropyridine

## Example A-241

4-[3-(4-bromophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine

# Example A-242

4-[3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

## Example A-243

4-[3-(4-bromophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

# Example A-244

(E)-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-(2-phenyleth enyl)pyridine

# Example A-245

S

(S)-4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(2-methylbut yl)- 2-pyridinamine

## Example A-246

4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[(4-methoxy-phenyl)methyl]- 2-pyridinamine

## Example A-247

N-[4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]-2-pyridinemethanamine

#### Example A-248

N-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]-2-pyridinemethanamine

Anal Calc'd: C, 41.12; H, 3.58; N, 9.22. Found: C, 41.74; H, 5.05; N, 11.11.

2-fluoro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

# Example A-250

4-[3-(4-iodophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

## Example A-251

4-[3-(4-iodophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

4-[1-methyl-3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

## Example A-253

N-[1-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyra zol-4-yl]- 2-pyridinamine

## Example A-254

N-[(3-fluorophenyl)methyl]-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyraz ol-4-yl]- 2-pyridinamine

## Example A-255

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-(1-methylhydrazino)pyridine

## Example A-256

2-fluoro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]p yridine

# Example A-257

4-[3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-fluoropyridine

## Example A-258

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-3-methylpyridine

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-3-methylp yridine

## Example A-260

4-[3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-flu oropyridine

## Example A-261

3-(4-fluorophenyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanamine

2-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

# Example A-263

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[1-(phenylmethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-2-pyridinamine

N'-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]-N,N-dimethyl-1,2-ethanediamine

## Example A-265

2,4-bis[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

# Example A-266

N-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]-4-morpholineethanamine

3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

# Example A-268

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[2-(1H-imidazol-1-yl)ethyl]-2-pyridinamine

## Example A-269

4-[2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]ethyl]morpholine

(E)-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethenyl]-4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

## Example A-271

3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-4-pyridinyl)-N,N-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanamine

## Example A-272

3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

#### Example A-273

4-[1-[2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N,N-dimethyl-2-pyridinamine

4-[1-[2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-2-pyridinamine

## Example A-275

3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-4-pyridinyl]-N,N-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanamine

N-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-4-[3(or 5)-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-[[2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinamine

## Example A-277

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-4-piperadinyl-2-pyridinamine

## Example A-278

N,N-diethyl-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanamine

4-[1-[2-(diethylamino)ethyl]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-2-pyridinamine

# Example A-280

2-[[4-[3-(4-(fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]ethanol

## Example A-281

2-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]ethanol

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## Example A-282

3-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2pyridinyl]amino]-1-propanol

## Example A-283

3 (or 5)-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino]-4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1ethanol

## Example A-284

N, N-diethyl-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1Hpyrazole-1-ethanamine

# Example A-285

N-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-[2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinamine

# Example A-286

N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-morpholinepropanamine

# Example A-287

N'-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-N,N-dimethyl-1,3-propanediamine

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# Example A-288

5-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-2-propynyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine

# Example A-289

3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino]-4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

# Example A-290

5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino]-4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

# Example A-291

4-[3-[(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]quinoline

# Example A-292

N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]glycine methyl ester

# Example A-293

N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]glycine

# Example A-294

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-propynyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

# Example A-295

4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-propynyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

# Example A-296

4,4'-(1H-pyrazole-3,4-diyl)bis[pyridine]

# Example A-297

4-[3-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

# Example A-298

N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl] -4-piperidinamine The pyrimidine-substituted compounds of Examples A-299 through A-312 were synthesized in accordance with the chemistry described in Schemes I-XVIII by selection of the corresponding starting reagents:

#### Example A-299

2-Chloro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine
Step 1:

A mixture of 2,6-dichloro-4-methylpyrimidine (5.0 g, 0.031 mol), triethylamine (6.23 g, 0.062 mol) and catalytic amount of 5% Pd/C in 100 mL of THF was hydrogenated on a Parr apparatus under 40 psi at room temperature. After 0.5 hour, the catalyst was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated. The crude was purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane, 3:7) to give 2.36 g of product as a pale yellow crystal (50% yield); mp: 47-49 °C.

Step 2: Preparation of 2-(2-chloro-4-pyrimidinyl)-1-(4-fluorophenyl)ethanone

2-(2-chloro-4-pyrlmidinyl)-1-(4-fluorophenyl)ethanone

To a solution of lithium diisopropylamide (generated from BuLi (0.045 mol) and diisopropylamine (0.048 mol) in THF) at -78 °C was added a solution of the compound prepared in step 1 (5.5 g, 0.037 mol) in THF slowly over 30 minutes. After 1 hour, a solution of ethyl 4-fluorobenzoate (7.62 g, 0,045 mol) in THF was added and the reaction mixture was stirred overnight and allowed to warm up to room temperature. Water was added and the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate. Organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude product purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane, 3:7) to give 4.78 g of a yellow solid (51% yield), mp: 112-113 °C.

Step 3: Preparation of (E)-2-(2-chloro-4-pyrimidinyl)-3-(dimethylamino)-1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-propen-1-one

(E)-2-(2-chloro-4-pyrimidinyl)-3-(dimethylamino)-1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-propen-1-one

A mixture of the compound prepared in step 2 (4.7 g, 0.017 mol) in 100 mL of dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal was stirred at room temperature overnight. Excess dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal was removed under vacuum to give 4.5 g of crude product as a thick brown oil, which was used without further purification.

# Step 4: Preparation of 2-chloro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine

A solution of the compound prepared in step 3 (4.4 g) and hydrazine hydrate (0.82 g, 0.014 mol) was stirred at room temperature for 6 hours. The yellow precipitate was collected by filtration and air-dried to give 1.85 g of 2-chloro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine as a yellow solid, mp: 204-205 °C; Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>8</sub>ClFN<sub>4</sub>: C, 56.84; H, 2.94; N, 20.40; Cl, 12.91. Found: C, 56.43; H, 2.76; N, 20.02; Cl, 12.97.

#### Example A-300

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2(1H)-pyrimidinone hydrazone

A solution of the compound prepared in step 3 of Example A-299 (1.5 g) and hydrazine hydrate (5mL) in ethanol was heated at reflux overnight. After the reaction mixture was cooled, the solvent was removed. The residue was partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The organic phase was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude product was purified by recrystallization from ethyl acetate and hexane to give 0.5 g of product, 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2(1H)-pyrimidinone hydrazone, as a pale yellow solid (38% yield), mp: 149-150 °C; Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>11</sub>FN<sub>6</sub>: C, 57.77; H, 4.10; N, 31.10. Found: C, 57.70; H, 4.31; N, 30.73.

#### Example A-301

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N,N-dimethyl-2-pyrimidinamine

#### Step 1: Preparation of

A solution of the compound prepared in step 2 of Example A-299 (3.0 g, 0.02 mol) and tert-butylbis(dimethylamino)methane (10.45 g, 0.06 mol) in 40 mL of DMF was stirred at 110 °C overnight. After the solvent was removed under vacuum, water was added and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and purified by recrystallization from ethyl acetate and hexane to give 1.23 g of a yellow solid product (32% yield), mp: 76-77 °C; Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{10}H_{16}N_4$ : C, 62.47; H, 8.39; N, 29.14. Found: C, 62.19; H, 8.58; N, 29.02.

# Step 2: Preparation of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N, N-dimethyl-2-pyrimidinamine

To a solution of the compound prepared in step 1 of the present Example (1.2 g, 0.0064 mol) and triethylamine (0.65 g, 0.0064 mol) in 10 mL of toluene was added 4fluorobenzoyl chloride dropwise. The mixture was heated at reflux for 10 hours and the solvent was removed. residue was partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude (1.6 g) was then dissolved in 50 mL of ethanol. The solution was treated with hydrazine hydrate (0.36 g, 0.006 mol) and the mixture was heated at reflux for 2 hours. After ethanol was removed, the residue was partitioned between water and ethyl The organic phase was washed with brine, dried acetate. over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was

concentrated and the crude was purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane, 1:1) to give 0.6 g of product, 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N,N-dimethyl-2-pyrimidinamine, as a yellow solid (33% yield), mp: 155-156 °C; Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{15}H_{14}FN_5$ : C, 63.59; H, 4.98; N, 24.72. Found: C, 63.32; H, 4.92; N, 24.31.

#### Example A-302

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-methyl-2-pyrimidinamine

A suspension of 2-chloro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine prepared in accordance with Example A-299 (0.3 g, 0.0011 mol) in 10 mL of methylamine (40% water solution) was heated in a sealed tube at 100 °C overnight. The mixture was then cooled to room temperature and the precipitate was filtered, air-dried to give 0.2 g of product, 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-methyl-2-pyrimidinamine, as a white solid (68% yield), mp: 217-218 °C; Anal Calc'd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>12</sub>FN<sub>5</sub>: C, 62.45; H, 4.49; N, 26.01. Found: C, 62.58; H, 4.36; N, 25.90.

# Example A-303

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(phenylmethyl)-2-pyrimidinamine

This compound was synthesize by refluxing 2-chloro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine prepared in accordance with Example A-299 in benzylamine overnight. The product,  $4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(phenylmethyl)-2-pyrimidinamine, was obtained as a white solid in 95% yield; mp: 216-217 °C; Anal. Calc'd for <math>C_{20}H_{16}FN_5$ : C, 69.55; H, 4.67; N, 20.28. Found: C, 69.73; H, 4.69; N, 19.90.

#### Example A-304

N-cyclopropyl-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinamine

This compound was synthesized by stirring 2-chloro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine prepared in accordance with Example A-299 with excess cyclopropylamine in methanol at 50 °C for 12 hours. The

product, N-cyclopropyl-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinamine, was obtained as a white solid in 26% yield, mp: 203-204 °C; Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{16}H_{14}FN_5$ : C, 65.07; H, 4.78; N, 23.71. Found: C, 64.42; H, 4.82; N, 23.58.

#### Example A-305

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-2-pyrimidinamine

This compound was synthesized by refluxing 2-chloro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine prepared in accordance with Example A-299 in 4-methoxybenzylamine overnight. The product, 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-2-pyrimidinamine, was obtained as a off-white solid in 80% yield, mp: 183-185 °C; Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>18</sub>FN<sub>5</sub>O: C, 67.19; H, 4.83, N, 18.66. Found: C, 67.01; H, 5.11; N, 18.93.

#### Example A-306

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinamine

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A solution of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-2-pyrimidinamine prepared in accordance with Example A-305 (0.35 g, 0.00093 mol) in 15 mL of trifluoroacetic acid was heated at reflux for 16 hours. Solvent was removed and the residue was partitioned between ethyl acetate and 1 N ammonia hydroxide. Organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate) to give 0.14 g of product, 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinamine, as a pale yellow solid (59% yield), mp: 273-274 °C; Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>10</sub>FN<sub>5</sub> 0.25 H<sub>2</sub>O: C, 60.11; H, 4.07; N, 26.96. Found: C, 60.15; H, 3.82; N, 26.38.

#### Example A-307

N-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinyl]-N-(phenylmethyl)acetamide

To a mixture of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(phenylmethyl)-2-pyrimidinamine prepared in accordance with Example A-303 (0.15 g, 0.00043 mol), DMAP (0.027 g, 0.00022 mol) and acetic anhydride (0.066 g, 0.00066 mol) in 10 mL of THF was added triethylamine

(0.053 g, 0.00052 mol). The solution was stirred at room temperature overnight. After the removal of solvent, the residue was partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The organic layer was washed with saturated NaHCO3, washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude product was triturated with ether to give 0.1 g of product, N-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinyl]-N-(phenylmethyl)acetamide, as a white solid (60% yield), mp: 176-178 °C; Anal. Calc'd for C22H18FN5: C, 68.21; H, 4.68; N, 18.08. Found: C, 67.67; H, 4.85; N, 17.79.

#### Example A-308

Ethyl [4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinyl]carbamate

To a suspension of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinamine prepared in accordance with Example A-306 (0.26 g, 0.001 mol) in 5 mL of pyridine was added ethyl chloroformate dropwise. After the addition, the clear solution was stirred at room temperature for 6 hours. Water was added and the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude was trituated with ether to give 0.15 g of product, ethyl [4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-

pyrimidinyl]carbamate, as a white solid (46% yield), mp: 163-165 °C; Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{16}H_{14}FN_5O_2$ : C, 58.71; H, 4.31; N, 21.04. Found: C, 59.22; H, 4.51; N, 21.66.

# Example A-309

4-[3-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine

This compound was prepared by the same procedure as described for Example A-208 except that 1-methyl-3-(4'-pyrimidinylacetyl) benzene (prepared as set forth in Step 1 of Example A-19 from 4-methyl-pyrimidine and methyl 3-methylbenzoate) was used in place of 4-fluorobenzoyl-4-pyridinyl methane.

Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{14}H_{12}N_4$  (236.27): C, 71.17; H, 5.12; N, 23.71. Found C, 70.67; H, 5.26; N, 23.53. m.p. (DSC): 151.67 °C.

# Example A-310

4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine

This compound was prepared according to the chemistry described in Schemes VI and IX by selection of the corresponding pyrimidine starting material in place

of the pyridine starting material.

Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{13}H_9N_4Cl \bullet O.25MH_2O$ : C, 59.78; H, 3.67; N, 21.45. Found: C, 59.89; H, 3.32; N, 21.56. m.p. (DSC): 218.17 °C.

# Example A-311

4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine

This compound was prepared according to the chemistry described in Schemes VI and IX by selection of the corresponding pyrimidine starting material in place of the pyridine starting material.

Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{13}H_9N_4F$  (240.24): C, 64.99; H, 3.78; N, 23.22. Found: C, 64.78; H, 3.75; N, 23.31. m.p. (DSC): 168.58 °C.

#### Example A-312

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine

This compound was prepared according to the chemistry described in Schemes VI and IX by selection of

the corresponding pyrimidine starting material in place of the pyridine starting material.

Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{13}H_9N_4F$  (240.24): C, 64.99; H, 3.78; N, 23.32. Found: C, 64.94; H, 3.56; N, 23.44. m.p. (DSC): 191.47 °C.

# Example A-313

The compound 1-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]methyl]-4-methylpiperazine was prepared in accordance with general synthetic Scheme VII:

Step 1: Preparation of 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid, monohydrate

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A mixture of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4yl)pyridine (5.8 g, 24.0909 mmol; prepared as set forth in Example A-4) and potassium permanganate (7.6916 g, 48.1818 mmol) in water (7.5 mL) and tert-butanol (10 mL) was heated to reflux at 95 to 100 °C for 6 hours (or until all the potassium permanganate was consumed) and stirred at room temperature overnight. The mixture was diluted with water (150 mL) and filtered to remove manganese dioxide. The aqueous filtrate (pH >10) was extracted with ethyl acetate to remove unreacted starting material. The aqueous layer was acidified with 1N HCl to a pH of about 6.5. A white precipitate was formed. precipitate was collected by filtration, dried in air, and then dried in a vacuum oven overnight at 50 °C to give 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3carboxylic acid, monohydrate (2.7677 g, 40.6 %). The remaining product (0.21 g, 3.1%) was isolated from the

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mother liquid by reverse phase chromotograhpy. The total isolated yield of 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid, monohydrate was 43.7 %. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{15}H_{10}N_3FO_2\cdot H_2O$ : C, 59.80; H, 4.01; N, 13.95; Found: C, 59.48; H, 3.26; N, 13.65. MS (MH<sup>+</sup>): 284 (base peak).

Step 2: Preparation of 1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]carbonyl]1-piperazinecarboxylate

In a solution of 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid, monohydrate (0.9905 g, 3.5 mmol) from step 1 and 1-hydroxybenzotriazole hydrate 15 (0.4824 g, 3.57 mmol) in dimethylformamide (20 mL) at 0 °C under  $N_2$ , 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (0.6983 g, 3.57 mmol) was added. The solution was stirred at 0 °C under  $\mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{2}}$  for 1 hour, then was added 1-tert.-butoxycarbonylpiperazine (0.6585 g, 3.5 20 mmol) followed by N-methyl morpholine (0.40 mL, 3.6 mmol). The reaction was stirred from 0 °C to room temperature overnight. The reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and saturated NaHCO3 solution, 25 extracted. The organic layer was washed with water and brine, and dried over MgSO4. After filtration, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure, and crude product was obtained (1.7595 g). The desired product 1,1dimethylethyl 4-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-30 pyrazol-3-yl]carbonyl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate (1.2375 g, 78.4 %) was isolated by chromatography (silica gel, 10:90

isopropyl alcohol/toluene). Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{24}H_{26}N_5FO_3$ : C, 63.85; H, 5.80; N, 15.51; Found: C, 63.75; H, 5.71; N, 15.16. MS (MH $^+$ ): 452(base peak).

5 Step 3: Preparation of 1-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]methyl]-4-methylpiperazine

To a suspension of 1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[[5-(4fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]carbonyl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate (0.451 g, 1.0 mL) in dry 10 tetrahydrofuran (8 mL), 1.0N  $LiAlH_4$  in tetrahydrofuran (2.5 mL, 2.5 mmol) was added dropwise at such a rate as to maintain reflux over 15 minutes. Upon the addition, the suspension became a clear light yellow solution, which was kept boiling for an additional 1.5 hours. 15 Excess  $LiAlH_4$  was decomposed by cautious addition of a solution of KOH (0.5611 g, 10.0mmol) in water (3.5 mL). Upon hydrolysis, a white salt precipitated. After the addition was completed, the mixture was heated to reflux 20 The hot solution was filtered by suction for 1 hour. through a buchner funnel. Any remaining product was extracted from the precipitate by refluxing with tetrahydrofuran (10mL) for 1 hour, followed again by suction filtration. The combined filtrates were 25 concentrated under reduced pressure to give a crude residue, which was then diluted with ethyl acetate and washed with water and brine. The organic layer was dried over MgSO4. After filtration, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure, and a crude product was obtained. 30 The desired product 1-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl]methyl] -4-methylpiperazine (0.1509 g, 50.1 %) was obtained by chromatography (silica gel, 70:30:1 methanol/ethyl acetate/NH4OH). Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{20}H_{22}N_5F \cdot 0.6H_2O$ : C, 66.32; H, 6.46; N, 19.33; Found: C, 66.31; H, 5.96; N, 18.83. MS (MH+): 352 (base peak). 35

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# Example A-314

The compound 1-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]methyl]-4-piperazine was prepared in accordance with general synthetic Scheme VII:

Step 1: Preparation of 1-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]carbonyl]piperazine, monhydrate

A solution of 1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[[5-(4fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]carbonyl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate (0.6349 g; 1.4077 mmol; prepared 15 as set forth in step 2 of Example A-313) in methylene chloride (3.5 mL) and TFA (1.1 mL, 14.077 mmol) was stirred at room temperature under  $N_2$  for 2 hours. The solvents were removed under reduced pressure, and TFA was chased by methylene chloride and methanol. The resulting 20 colorless oily residue was triturated with methanol. The resulting solid was collected by filtration and dried in a vacuum oven overnight to give the desired product 1-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-25 yl]carbonyl]piperazine, monohydrate (0.7860 g, 96.4%). Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{19}H_{18}N_5OF \cdot 2TFA \cdot H_2O$ : C, 46.24; H, 3.71; N,

11.72; Found: C, 45.87; H, 3.43; N, 11.45. MS (MH<sup>+</sup>): 352

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(base peak).

# Step 2: Preparation of 1-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]methyl]-4-piperazine

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By following the method of Example A-313, step 3 and substituting of 1-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]carbonyl]piperazine, monohydrate (prepared in step 1 of this Example) for 1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]carbonyl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate, the title

dimethylethyl 4-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]carbonyl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate, the title product 1-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]methyl]-4-piperazine was obtained. Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>20</sub>N<sub>5</sub>F.0.75H<sub>2</sub>O: C, 65.03, H, 6.18, N,19.96.

15 Found: C, 65.47, H, 5.83, N,19.35. MS (MH\*): 338 (base peak).

# Example A-315

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The compound 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-piperidinylmethyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine was prepared in accordance with general synthetic Scheme XX:

Step 1: Preparation of ethyl 1-[(1,1-

25 <u>dimethylethoxy</u>) <u>carbonyll-4-piperidineacetate</u>

Ethyl 4-pyridyl acetate was converted to 2-(4piperidinyl) ethyl acetate hydrochloride by hydrogenation (60 psi  $H_2$ ) catalyzed by 5% Pt/C at 40 °C in ethanol and HCl solution. To a solution of 2-(4-piperidinyl)ethyl acetate hydrochloride (21.79g, 0.105mol) in 5 tetrahydrofuran (500 mL) at 0 °C, triethylamine (32.06 mL, 0.230 mL) was added followed by di-tertbutyldicarbonate (23.21g, 0.105mol). The reaction mixture was stirred under  $N_{\rm 2}$  from 0 °C to room temperature overnight. After removing tetrahydrofuran, the reaction 10 mixture was diluted with ethanol, washed with saturated  $NaHCO_3$ , 10 % citric acid, water and brine, and dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>. After filtration, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The resulting oily product was dried 15 under vacuum to give ethyl 1-[(1,1dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-4-piperidineacetate (27.37 g, 95.9 %). The structure of this product was confirmed by NMR.

20 <u>Step 2: Preparation of 1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[2-oxo-3-(4-pyridinyl)propyl]-1-piperidinecarboxylate</u>

To a solution of diisopropylamide (6.15 mL, 43.91 mmol) in dry tetrahydrofuran (40 mL) at 0 °C was added 2.5 M butyl lithium solution in hexane (16.22 mL, 40.53 mmol) dropwise over 10 minutes. After the addition, the lithium diisopropylamide solution was stirred at 0 °C for 20 minutes, then cooled to -78 °C. 4-Picoline (3.98 mL, 40.53 mmol) was added to the above lithium diisopropylamide solution under N<sub>2</sub> dropwise over 10 minutes. The resulting solution was stirred at -78 °C under N<sub>2</sub> for 1.5 hours, then transfered into a suspension

of anhydrous cerium chloride (10.0 g, 40.53 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (40 mL) at -78 °C under  $N_2$ . The mixture was stirred at -78 °C under  $\rm N_2$  for 2 hours, then a solution of ethyl 1-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-4piperidineacetate (from step 1 of this Example) (10.98 g, 40.53 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (40 mL) was added slowly for 1 hour. The mixture was stirred under  $N_2$  from -78 °C to room temperature overnight. The reaction was quenched with water, diluted with ethyl acetate, and washed with a pH 7 buffer. The organic layer was washed with water and After filtration, the solvent was removed under brine. reduced pressure to give a crude product mixture. The desired product 1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[2-oxo-3-(4pyridinyl)propyl]-1-piperidinecarboxylate (3.19 g, 25%) was isolated by chromatography (silica gel, 50:50 -75:25- 100:0 ethyl acetate/hexane).

Step 3: Preparation of 1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-oxo-3-(4-pyridinyl)-3-butenyl]-1-piperidinecarboxylate

1,1-Dimethylethyl 4-[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-oxo-3-(4-pyridinyl)-3-butenyl]-1-piperidinecarboxylate was

25 prepared by the same method as described for step 1 of
Example A-1 by replacing 4-pyridylacetone and 3-fluoro-panisaldehyde with the ketone of step 2 of the present
Example and 4-fluorobenzaldehyde, respectively.

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Step 4: Preparation of 1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-pyridinyl)oxiranyl]-2-oxoethyl]-1-piperidinecarboxylate

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1,1-Dimethylethyl 4-[2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-pyridinyl)oxiranyl]-2-oxoethyl]-1-piperidinecarboxylate was prepared by the same method as described for step 3 of Example A-2 by replacing 4-phenyl-3-(4-pyridyl)-3-butene-2-one with the  $\alpha,\beta$  unsaturated ketone of step 3 of the present Example.

Step 5: Preparation of 1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]methyl]-1-piperidinecarboxylate

To a solution of 1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-pyridinyl)oxiranyl]-2-oxoethyl]-1
20 piperidinecarboxylate prepared in step 4 of this Example (3.45 g, 7.8409 mmol) in ethanol (15 mL), anhydrous hydrazine (0.50 mL, 15.6818 mmol) was added. The reaction was heated to reflux overnight. The reaction solution was cooled to room temperature and ethanol was removed under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was taken into ethyl acetate, washed with water and brine, and dried over MgSO4. After filtration the solvent

was removed under reduced pressure. The crude residue was purified by chromatography (silica gel, 2:1 - 1:1 -1:2 hexane/ethyl acetate) to give 1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4,5-dihydro-4-hydroxy-4-(4pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]methyl]-1-5 piperidinecarboxylate (1.9187 g, 53.9%). This intermediate (1.8611 g, 4.0993 mmol) was dissolved in dry methylene chloride (40 mL) and treated with Martin sulfurane dehydrating reagent (4.13 g, 6.1490 mmol). reaction solution was stirred at room temperature under  $N_2$ 10 overnight, then diluted with ethyl acetate, washed with 1N sodium hydroxide solution, water and brine, dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>. After filtration the solvents were removed. The resulting crude pruduct mixture was purified by flash 15 chromatoghaphy (silica gel, 2:1 - 1:1 - 1:2 Hexane/ethyl acetate) to give 1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[[5-(4fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]methyl]-1piperidinecarboxylate (0.6964 g, 39 %).

# 20 <u>Step 6: Preparation of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-piperidinylmethyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine</u>

4-[3-(4-Fluorophenyl)-5-(4-piperidinylmethyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine was prepared using the same method as described for Example A-314, step 1 by replacing 1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]carbonyl]piperazine, monohydrate with the pyrazole of step 5 of the present Example. Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>21</sub>N<sub>4</sub>F·2TFA·1.25H<sub>2</sub>O: C, 49.11; H, 4.38; N, 9.54; Found: C, 48.74; H, 4.02; N, 9.57. MS (MH<sup>+</sup>): 337 (base peak).

#### Example A-316

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-[(1-methyl-4-piperidinyl)methyl]1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine was prepared by the same method as described for step 3 of Example A-313 by replacing
1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)1H-pyrazol-3-yl]carbonyl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate with the pyrazole of step 5 of the present Example. Anal.

10 Calc'd for  $C_{21}H_{23}N_4F\cdot 0.2\ H_2O$ : C, 71.24; H, 6.66; N, 15.82; Found: C, 71.04; H, 6.54; N, 15.56. MS (MH<sup>+</sup>): 351 (base peak).

#### Example A-317

The compound 1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine, dihydrate was prepared in accordance with general synthetic Scheme II:

2-(4-Pyridyl)-1-(4-fluorophenyl)ethanone
hydrochloride (5.9g, 0.023 moles) was dissolved in a
methylene chloride/methanol solution (70/15) at room
temperature and N-chlorosuccinimide (3.25g, 0.024 moles)
was added as a solid. The mixture was stirred at room
temperature for 2.5 hours.
N-methylpiperazinylthiosemicarbazide (4.1g, 0.023 moles)
was added as a solid and the mixture was stirred for 3

days at room temperature. The mixture was diluted with 100  $\mbox{mL}$  of methylene chloride and washed with saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate solution. The organic phase was dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>) and solvent removed using a rotary The residue was treated with ethyl acetate evaporator. with stirring while cooling in an ice bath. The solid formed was filtered and recrystallized from ethyl acetate with a small amount of methanol to give 1.7g (22%) of 1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4methylpiperazine, dihydrate. Anal. Calc'd. for  $C_{19}H_{20}FN_5 \cdot 2H_20$ : C, 61.11; H, 6.48; N, 18.75. Found: C, 60.59; H, 6.41; N, 18.44. M.p. (DSC) 262-264 °C; MH+ = 338.

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# Example A-318

The compound 1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1-(2-propynyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]piperazine, trihydrochloride monohydrate was prepared in accordance with general synthetic Scheme VII:

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To a mixture of sodium hydride (30 mg, 1.5 mmol) in dimethylformamide (25 mL) stirred under a nitrogen atmosphere at room temperature was added 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-5-(4-N-tert.-butoxycarbonylpiperazinyl)pyrazole (500 mg, 1.1 mmol; prepared as set forth in Example A-169). After stirring for 1 hour, propargyl bromide (225 mg, 1.5 mmol, 80% solution in toluene) was added. After stirring for an

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additional 2 hour at room temperature, the reaction mixture was poured into water and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was chromatographed on silica gel using 70% ethyl acetate/hexane as the eluent to give 110 mg of 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-5-(4-N-tert.-butoxycarbonyl-piperazinyl)pyrazole (24%), m. p. 204-205 °C. Anal. Calc'd. for C<sub>26</sub>H<sub>28</sub>ClN<sub>5</sub>O<sub>2</sub>: C, 65.33; H, 5.90; N, 14.65.

10 Found: C, 65.12; H, 5.81; N, 14.70.

A solution of HCl in methanol (5 mL) was generated by addition of acetyl chloride (200 mg) to methanol while cooling (5 °C). 3-(4-Chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-5-(4-N-tert.-butoxycarbonylpiperazinyl)pyrazole (100 mg, 0.2 mmol) prepared above was added and the reaction stirred in the cold for one hour. The reaction mixture was concentrated in vacuo and the residue azeotroped with toluene to give 100 mg of 1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1-(2-propynyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]piperazine, trihydrochloride monohydrate (90%), m.p.=231-233 °C (dec.). Anal. Calc'd. for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>20</sub>N<sub>5</sub>Cl·3HCl·H<sub>2</sub>O: C, 49.92; H, 4.99; N, 13.86. Found: C, 49.71; H, 4.89; N, 13.61.

# Example A-319

The compound methyl 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate, monohydrate was prepared in accordance with general synthetic Scheme II:

Methyl chloroformate (55 mg) was added to a solution of 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-5-(4-piperazinyl) pyrazole (200 mg, 0.54 mmol; prepared as set forth in 5 Example A-169) and 4-dimethylaminopyridine (5 mg) in pyridine (10 mL). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 hours. Additional methyl chloroformate (30 mg) was added and stirring was continued for 24 10 The solvent was removed in vacuo. The residue hours. was treated with water and extracted with ethyl acetate. After drying the organic layer (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), the solvent was blown down to a volume of 10 mL and refrigerated. resultant crystalline solid was filtered and air dried to 15 give 103 mg (48%) of methyl 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate, monohydrate, mp 264-265 °C. Anal. Calc'd. for  $C_{20}H_{20}ClN_5O_2 \cdot H_2O$ : C, 57.76; H, 5.33; N, 16.84. Found: C, 57.98; H, 4.89; N, 16.44.

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# Example A-320

The compound 1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-(methylsulfonyl)piperazine, monohydrate was prepared in accordance with general synthetic Scheme II:

A solution of 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-5-(4piperazinyl)pyrazole (200 mg; 0.54 mmol; prepared as set forth in Example A-169), methanesulfonyl chloride (75 mg) 5 and 4-dimethylaminopyridine (5 mg) in pyridine was stirred at room temperature for 3 hours. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was treated with water. The resultant crystalline solid was filtered, air dried 10 and recrystallized from methanol and water to give 118 mg (37%) of 1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1Hpyrazol-3-yl]-4-(methylsulfonyl)piperazine, monohydrate, m.p. 245-248 °C. Anal. Calc'd. for  $C_{19}H_{20}ClN_5SO_2\cdot H_2O$ : C, 52.35; H, 5.09; N, 16.07. Found: C, 52.18; H, 5.31; N, 15 16.00.

# Example A-321

The compounds 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-γ-oxo-1-piperazinebutanoic acid,
20 dihydrate, and 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1Hpyrazol-3-yl]-γ-oxo-1-piperazinebutanoic acid, monosodium
salt dihydrate, were prepared in accordance with general
synthetic Scheme II:

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and

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A solution of 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-5-(4-piperzinyl)pyrazole (200 mg; 0.54 mmol; prepared as set forth in Example A-169), succinic anhydride (60 mg, 0.55 mmol) and 4-dimethylaminopyridine (5 mg) was stirred at room temperature for 24 hours. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue treated with methanol and water (1:1). The resultant crystalline solid was filtered and air dried to give 170 mg (58%) of 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]- $\gamma$ -oxo-1-

piperazinebutanoic acid, dihydrate, m. p. 281-283 °C
 (dec.). Anal. Calc'd. for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>22</sub>ClN<sub>5</sub>O<sub>3</sub>·2H<sub>2</sub>O: C, 55.52; H,
5.51; N, 14.72. Found: C, 55.11; H, 5.20; N, 14.44.

A slurry of 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-γ-oxo-1-piperazinebutanoic acid, dihydrate (150 mg, 0.31 mmol) from above in methanol (10 mL) was treated with a solution of sodium hydroxide (12 WO 00/31063 PCT/US99/26007

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mg, 0.31 mmol) in methanol (2 mL). The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 15 minutes until dissolution was completed. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The residue was treated with tetrahydrofuran and filtered and air dried to give 150 mg (97%) of  $4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-\gamma-oxo-1-piperazinebutanoic acid, monosodium salt dihydrate as a solid. Anal. Calc'd. for <math>C_{22}H_{21}ClN_5O_3Na\cdot 2H_2O$ : C, 53.07; H, 5.06; N, 14.07. Found: C, 52.81; H, 5.11; N, 13.90.

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# Example A-322

The compound 1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl)-4-cyclopropylpiperazine was prepared in accordance with general synthetic Scheme II:

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To a solution of 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-5-(4-piperazinyl)pyrazole (1.95g; 5.8 mmoles; prepared as set forth in Example A-169) and acetic acid (3.6 g, 60 mmol) containing 5A molecular sieves (6 g) was added [(1-ethoxycyclopropyl)oxy]trimethylsilane (6 g, 35 mmol). After stirring for 5 minutes, sodium cyanoborohydride (1.7 g, 26 mmol) was added and the mixture was refluxed under a nitrogen atmosphere for 6 hours. The reaction mixture was filtered hot and the filtrate concentrated in vacuo. Water (50 mL) was added and the solution made basic with 2N sodium hydroxide. The resultant gel was extracted with dichloroethane and the combined organic extracts dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>). Evaporation again yielded a gel which was treated with hot methanol. Upon cooling, the product crystallized to give 1.4 g (63%) of 1-[5-(4-

chlorophenyl) -4-(4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl) -4cyclopropylpiperazine, m. p. 264-265 °C. Anal. Calc'd. for  $C_{21}H_{22}ClN_5 \cdot 1.5 H_2O$ : C, 61.99; H, 6.19; N, 17.21. Found: C, 62.05; H, 5.81; N, 16.81.

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# Example A-323

The compound 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(1H-imidazol-4yl)-1-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine was prepared in accordance with general synthetic Scheme V:

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To a suspension of sodium hydride (1.0 g, 0.025 mol) in 50 mL of dimethylformamide was added methyl 4imidazolecarboxylate (2.95 g, 0.023 mol) portionwise at room temperature. The mixture was stirred at room 15 temperature for 0.5 hour. Then 2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxymethyl chloride (4.17 g, 0.025 mol) was added dropwise over 5 minutes. The reaction mixture was stirred for 4 hours and quenched by cautiously adding The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl water. 20 acetate and the organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude was purified by chromatography on silica gel using ethyl acetate/hexane (8:2) as the eluent to give 4.0 g of the major 25 regioisomer as a clear oil.

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To a solution of 4-fluorobenzoyl-4'-pyridyl methane (8.6 g, 0.04 mol, prepared as set forth in Step 1 of Example A-208) in 150 mL of ethanol was added pmethoxyphenylhydrazine hydrochloride (7.34 g, 0.042 mol), followed by triethylamine (4.05 g, 0.04 mol). reaction mixture was refluxed for 16 hours. After the

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removal of solvent, the residue was partitioned between water and ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over MgSO, and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude residue was purified by 5 recrystallization from ethyl acetate and hexane to give 8.45 g of the product hydrazone as a yellow solid. solution of sodium hexamethyldisilazide (9 mL of 1.0 M tetrahydrofuran solution, 0.009 mol) was added a solution of this hydrazone (1.35 g, 0.004 mol) in 10 mL of dry tetrahydrofuran at 0 °C. After stirring for 30 minutes 10 at this temperature, a solution of the regioisomer prepared above (1.1 g, 0.0042 mol) in 5 mL of dry tetrahydrofuran was added dropwise. The reaction mixture was stirred for 3 hours at room temperature. Water was 15 added and the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude product was purified by chromatography on silica gel using ethyl acetate as the 20 eluent to give 0.74 g of the desired product as an orange solid (34%). Deprotection of the above solid by using tetrabutylammonium fluoride afforded 0.37 q of 4-[3-(4fluorophenyl) -5- (1H-imidazol-4-yl) -1- (4-methoxyphenyl) -1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine as a yellow solid (75%), mp: 25 124-126 °C. Anal. Calc'd. for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>18</sub>FN<sub>5</sub>O·0.5 H<sub>2</sub>O: C, 68.56; H, 4.55; N, 16.66. Found: C, 68.44; H, 4.39; N, 16.00.

#### Example A-324

The compound 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyazol-4-yl]-N-2-propynyl-2-pyrimidinamine was prepared in accordance with general synthetic Scheme XII:

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A mixture of 2-chloro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine (0.28 g; 0.001 mol; prepared as set forth in Example A-299) and 10 mL propargylamine was heated at reflux for 16 hour. Excess amine was removed in vacuo and the residue was partitioned between water and ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the residue purified by chromatography on silica gel using ethyl acetate/hexane (1:1) as the eluent to give 0.21 g of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyazol-4-yl]-N-2-propynyl-2-pyrimidinamine as a pale yellow solid (68% yield), mp: 186-187 °C. Anal. Calc'd. for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>12</sub>FN<sub>5</sub>: C, 65.52; H, 4.12; N, 23.88. Found: C, 64.99; H, 4.15; N, 23.91.

#### Example A-325

The compound N-(2-fluorophenyl)-4-[3-(4-20 fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinamine was prepared in accordance with general synthetic Scheme XII:

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A mixture of 2-chloro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine (0.37 g; 0.0013 mol; prepared as set forth in Example A-299), 7 mL of 2-fluoroaniline and 2 drops of methanol was heated at 180 °C in a sealed tube for 16 hours. Excess amine was removed by vacuum distillation and the residue was treated with ethyl acetate to give 0.35 g of N-(2-fluorophenyl)-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinamine as a yellow solid (77%), mp: 239-240 °C. Anal. Calc'd. for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>13</sub>F<sub>2</sub>N<sub>5</sub>: C, 65.33; H, 3.75; N, 20.05. Found: C, 64.95; H, 3.80; N, 19.77.

#### Example A-326

The compound 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]N-(2-methoxyphenyl)-2-pyrimidinamine was prepared in accordance with general synthetic Scheme XII:

4-[3-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(220 methoxyphenyl)-2-pyrimidinamine was synthesized in 41% yield using the same method described for the preparation of N-(2-fluorophenyl)-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinamine in Example A-325 using 2-methoxyaniline in place of 2-fluoroaniline; mp: 265 °C (dec.). Anal. Calc'd. for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>16</sub>FN<sub>5</sub>O: C, 66.47; H, 4.46; N, 19.38. Found: C, 66.70; H, 4.53; N, 19.20.

#### Example A-327

The compound 1-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine was prepared in accordance with general synthetic Scheme II:

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1-[5-(3-Chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine was synthesized in 12% yield as a pale yellow solid using the same method described for the preparation of 1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine in Example A-170 using 2-(4-pyridyl)-1-(3-chlorophenyl)ethanone in place of 2-(4-pyridyl)-1-(4-chlorophenyl)ethanone; mp: 229-231 °C. Anal. Calc'd. for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>20</sub>ClN<sub>5</sub>·0.4 H<sub>2</sub>O: C, 63.21; H, 5.81; N, 19.40. Found: C, 62.85; H, 5.57; N, 19.77.

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Additional aminopyrazole compounds that were synthesized in accordance with the chemistry described in Scheme II by selection of the corresponding starting reagents include the compounds disclosed in Table 3-1 below.

TABLE 3-1

				Th	Theoretical	cal		Found		
	EXAMPLE	FORMULA	MIW	ບ	H	Z	ט	н	Z	DSC (mp)
വ	A-328	C18H18C1N5.1/8H2O	342.08	63.20	5.30	20.47	63.04	5.36	20.33	J086T
	A-329	C23H33ClN6O2	533.08	65.34	6.24	15.77	64.98	6.11	15.58	(168-
	A-330	C23H25ClN5O2	457.94	60.33	5.50	15.29	59.97	5.52	15.17	(253-
	A-331	C22H24ClN5O2	425.92	62.04	5.68	16.44	61.64	5.94	16.29	(273- (273- 275.00)
	A-332	C19H23C14N5·H2O	481.26	47.42	4.82	14.35	47.66	5.11	13.74	(217-
10	A-333	C21H20C1N5·2.5H2O	422.92	59.64	4.77	16.56	59.67	4.88	15.96	219°C) (247°C) (d)
	A-334	C20H22ClN5·1/4H2O	372.39	64.51	5.96	18.81	64.79	5.97	18.95	242°C
	A-335	C24H22ClN5·3/4H2O	429.44	67.13	5.16	16.31	67.04	5.31	16.32	230°C
	A-336	C25H24ClN50·1/4H20	450.46	99.99	5.37	15.55	66.64	5.11	15.69	(270- 271°C)
	A-337	C22H24FN5O2·H2O	427.48	61.81	5.66	16.38	61.88	5.96	16.41	249°C
15	A-338	C20H22FN5·1/2H2O	360.44	66.65	6.15	19.43	66.74	6.59	19.37	241°C
	A-339	C19H20FN5·3HCl·1/2H2O	455.79	50.07	5.09	15.30	49.87	5.47	15.30	(237-

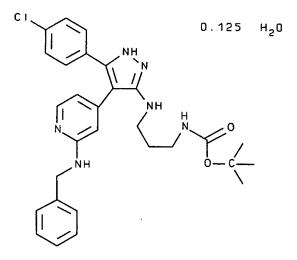
## Example A-328

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1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]piperazine

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## Example A-329



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1,1-dimethylethyl [3-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(2-[(phenylmethyl)amino]-4-pyridinyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]amino]propyl]carbamate

## Example A-330

5 1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate

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#### Example A-331

ethyl 4-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-15 pyrazol-3-yl]amino]-1-piperidinecarboxylate

## Example A-332

N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-3H-pyrazol-3yl]-4-piperidineamine, trihydrochloride, monohydrate

#### Example A-333

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The compound 1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-(2-propynyl)piperazine was prepared in 10 accordance with general synthetic Scheme II. suspension of of 1-[5-(4-Chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]piperazine (92 mg, 0.27 mmole) in 2 mL of dimethylformamide was added 75 mg (0.54 mmole) of anhydrous potassium carbonate and then 60 microliters of 15 80% propargyl bromide solution in toluene (containing 64 mg, 0.54 mmole). The resulting mixture was stirred for 30 minutes and then partitioned betwen ethyl acetate and water. The aqueous layer was further extracted with ethyl acetate, and the combined organic extracts filtered 20 through silica gel using 10% methanol-ethyl acetate as eluent to give, after evaporation of the appropriate fractions, 34 mg of 1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-(2-propynyl)piperazine as a pale yellowish solid, m.p. 247 °C (decomp.). Anal. 25 Calc'd. for  $C_{21}H_{20}ClN_5 \cdot 2.5H_2O$  (MW 422.92): C, 59.64, H, 4.77, N, 16.56. Found: C, 59.67, H, 4.88, N, 15.96.

## Example A-334

N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-methyl-4-piperidinamine

#### Example A-335

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1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-phenylpiperazine

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#### Example A-336

1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-20 yl]-4-(2-methoxyphenyl)piperazine

#### Example A-337

5 Ethyl 4-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]amino]-1-piperidinecarboxylate, monohydrate

## Example A-338

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N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-methyl-4-piperidinamine

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#### Example A-339

N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-20 yl]-4-piperidinamine, trihydrochloride

#### Example A-340

The compound of Example A-170 was also synthesized in the following manner. 1-[5-(4-Chlorophenyl)-4-(4pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]piperazine (12.2g, 36 mmol, prepared as set forth in Example A-169), 88% formic acid (20 mL), and formaldehyde (37% formalin solution; 44q, 540 mmol) were combined and stirred at 60 °C for 16 hours under a nitrogen atmosphere. Excess solvent was removed on the rotary evaporator and the residue was dissolved in water (150 mL). The pH was adjusted to 8-9 by addition 10 of solid sodium bicarbonate. The resulting precipitate was filtered and air dried. It was then treated with hot methanol (400 mL), filtered and blown down to a volume of 75 mL, cooled and filtered. After drying in a vacuum 15 oven at 80 °C overnight, there was obtained 8.75g (68%) of 1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3yl]-4-methylpiperazine, m. p. 262-264 °C. Anal. Calc'd. for  $C_{19}H_{20}N_5Cl$ : C, 64.49; H, 5.70; N, 19.79. Found: C, 64.04; H, 5.68; N, 19.63.

The compounds of Examples A-341 through A-345 were synthesized, for example, in accordance with the chemistry described in Scheme XXI by selection of the corresponding starting reagents.

25 Example A-341

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The compound of Example A-170 was also synthesized in the following manner:

Step 1: Preparation of 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-(1,3-30 <u>dithietan-2-ylidene)-2-(4-pyridinyl)ethanone</u>

To a solution of 2-(4-pyridyl)-1-(4-chlorophenyl)ethanone (70.0 g, 0.3 mol) prepared in a similar manner as the compound of Step 1 of Example A-19, dibromomethane (200 mL) and carbon disulfide (25.9 g, 0.34 mol) in acetone (800 mL) was added potassium

carbonate (83.0 g, 0.6 mol). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 24 hours. An additional two equivalents of potassium carbonate and one equivalent of carbon disulfide was added and the stirring was continued for another 24 hours. Solvent was removed and the residue was partitioned between dichloromethane and The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude was stirred with 1000 mL of a mixture of ethyl acetate and ether (1:9) to give 78.4 g of pure product, 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-(1,3-dithietan-2ylidene)-2-(4-pyridinyl)ethanone, as a yellow solid (82%), mp: 177-179 °C. Anal. Calc'd. for  $C_{15}H_{10}ClNOS_2$ : C, 56.33; H, 3.15; N, 4.38. Found: C, 55.80; H, 2.84; N, 4.59.

# Step 2: Preparation of 1-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-oxo-2-(4pyridinyl)-1-thiopropyl]-4-methylpiperazine

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A mixture of 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-(1,3-dithietan-2-ylidene)-2-(4-pyridinyl)ethanone (78.3 g, 0.24 mol) and 1-methylpiperazine (75.0 g, 0.73 mol) in 800 mL of toluene was heated at reflux for 2 hours. Solvent and excess 1-methylpiperazine was removed under vacuum and the residue was triturated with a mixture was ethyl acetate and ether (1:3) to give 53.0 g of product, 1-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-oxo-2-(4-pyridinyl)-1-thiopropyl]-4-methylpiperazine, as yellow crystals (60%), mp: 149-151 °C. Anal. Calc'd. for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>20</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub>OS: C, 61.03; H, 5.39; N, 11.24. Found: C, 60.74; H, 5.35; N, 11.14.

# Step 3: Preparation of 1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine

To a suspension of 1-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-oxo-2-(4-pyridinyl)-1-thiopropyl]-4-methylpiperazine (52.0 g, 0.14 mol) in 500 mL of dry tetrahydrofuran was added anhydrous hydrazine (8.9 g, 0.28 mol) dropwise. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 16 hours. The pale yellow precipitate was filtered and recrystallized from hot methanol to give 30.2 g of 1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine as a white powder (60%), mp: 267-268 °C. Anal. Calc'd. for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>20</sub>ClN<sub>5</sub>: C, 64.49; H, 5.70; N, 19.79. Found: C, 64.89; H, 5.55; N, 19.99.

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#### Example A-342

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1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-3,5-dimethylpiperazine

A mixture of 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-(1,3-dithietan-2-ylidene)-2-(4-pyridinyl)ethanone (3.2 g, 0.01 mol; prepared as set forth in Step 1 of Example A-341) and 2,6-dimethylpiperazine (3.43 g, 0.03 mol) in 35 mL of toluene was heated at reflux for 12 hours. Toluene and excess 2,6-dimethylpiperazine were then removed under vacuum and the crude thiamide produced was used without purification. A solution of the crude thiamide and

anhydrous hydrazine (0.65 g, 0.02 mol) in 40 mL of dry tetrahydrofuran was stirred at room temperature overnight. After the removal of tetrahydrofuran, the residue was stirred with a mixture of ethyl acetate and ammonium hydroxide for one hour. The precipitate was filtered and air dried to give 1.6 g of 1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-3,5-dimethylpiperazine as a white solid (43% overall yield), mp: 236-238°C. Anal. Calc'd. for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>22</sub>ClN<sub>5</sub>·0.25H<sub>2</sub>O: C, 64.51; H, 6.09; N, 18.81; Cl, 9.52. Found: C, 64.28; H, 5.85; N, 18.70; Cl, 9.67.

#### Example A-343

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1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-3-methylpiperazine

1-[5-(4-Chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3yl]-3-methylpiperazine was prepared according to the same
procedure set forth above in Example A-342 except that 2methylpiperazine was used in place of 2,6dimethylpiperazine (4% overall yield), mp: 235-237°C.
Anal. Calc'd. for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>20</sub>ClN<sub>5</sub>·0.75H<sub>2</sub>O: C, 62.12; H, 5.90; N,
19.06. Found: C, 62.23; H, 5.53; N, 18.80.

#### Example A-344

The compound of Example A-317 was also synthesized in the following manner:

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# Step 1: Preparation of 1-(4-pyridyl)-1(methylenedithioketene)-2-(4-fluorophenyl)-ethanone

To a solution of 4-fluorobenzoyl-4'-pyridyl methane 5 (70.0 g, 0.3 mol, prepared as set forth in Step 1 of Example A-208) and dibromomethane (125 mL) was added solid anhydrous potassium carbonate (55.0 g, 0.4 mol) portionwise over five minutes. Carbon disulfide (17 g, 0.22 mol) was added dropwise over 15 minutes at room 10 temperature. After stirring for 16 hours under a nitrogen atmosphere, the reaction was incomplete. Additional carbon disulfide (15 g) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for an additional 24 hours. The reaction mixture was filtered and the potassium 15 carbonate was washed on the filter with methylene chloride. The filtered solid was dissolved in water and extracted with methylene chloride. The extract was combined with the filtrate and dried over magnesium sulfate. The drying agent was filtered and the filtrate 20 concentrated in vacuo. The residue was treated with ethyl acetate/ether (1:1), filtered and air dried to give 1-(4-pyridyl)-1-(methylenedithioketene)-2-(4fluorophenyl)-ethanone (26 g, 86%) as a solid, m.p. 182-183 °C; Anal. Calc'd. for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>10</sub>FNOS<sub>2</sub>: C, 59.39; H, 3.32; 25 N, 4.62. Found: C, 59.18; H, 3.41; N, 4.49.

# Step 2: Preparation of 1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine, dihydrate

A mixture of the 1-(4-pyridyl)-1
(methylenedithioketene)-2-(4-fluorophenyl)-ethanone (3 g,
0.01 mol) prepared in Step 1 and 1-methylpiperazine (3 g,
0.03 mol) in 30 mL of toluene was refluxed under a
nitrogen atmosphere for three hours. The mixture was

cooled and solvent was removed under vacuum. The residue
was dissolved in dry tetrahydrofuran (30 mL) and

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anyhydrous hydrazine (640 mg, 0.02 mol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 16 hours and the resulting precipitate was filtered. The precipitate was warmed in methanol and a few drops of concentrated ammonium hydroxide were added. The mixture was filtered hot and the filtrate blown down to half the volume. As the filtrate cooled, a product crystallized and was filtered to give 1.5 g (42%) of 1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine, dihydrate, mp: 238-240 °C; Anal. Calc'd. for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>20</sub>FN<sub>5</sub>·2H<sub>2</sub>O: C, 61.11; H, 65.48; N, 18.75. Found: C, 60.79; H, 6.21; N, 18.98.

#### Example A-345

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N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-N,1-dimethyl-4-piperidinamine, dihydrate

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#### Step 1: Preparation of 1-methyl-4-methylaminopiperidine

A mixture of 1-methyl-4-piperidone (20 g, 0.18 mol) in methanol:tetrahydrofuran (100 mL, 1:1) and methyl amine (2 M in tetrahydrofuran, 3 mole excess) was placed in a Parr shaker with 5% Pd/C and hydrogenated for two hours at 60 psi and 70°C. The catalyst was filtered and the filtrate concentrated on the rotary evaporator. The crude material was distilled at 44-45°C at 0.3 mm Hg to give 20 g (87%) of 1-methyl-4-methylaminopiperidine. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_7H_{16}N_2$ : C, 65.57; H, 12.58; N, 21.85. Found: C, 65.49; H, 12.44; N: 21,49.

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Step 2: Preparation of N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-N,1-dimethyl-4-piperidinamine, dihydrate

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A solution of 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-(1,3-dithietan-2ylidene) -2-(4-pyridinyl) ethanone (3.2 g, 0.01 mol; prepared as set forth in Step 1 of Example A-341) and 1methyl-4-methylaminopiperidine (3.8 q, 0.03 mol) in 30 mL of toluene refluxed for six hours under nitrogen. mixture was cooled and solvent was removed under vacuum. The residue was dissolved in dry tetrahydrofuran (30 mL) and anyhydrous hydrazine (650 mg, 0.02 mol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature under nitrogen for 16 hours. The resulting precipitate was filtered and warmed in methanol and a few drops of concentrated ammonium hydroxide. The mixture was filtered hot and the filtrate blown down to half the volume. As the filtrate cooled, a product separated and was filtered to give 395 of pure N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-N,1-dimethyl-4piperidinamine, dihydrate, m.p. 260-261°C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{21}H_{24}ClN_5 \cdot 2H_2O$ : C, 60.35; H, 6.75; N, 16.76. C, 59.89; H, 6.56; N: 16.40.

Additional compounds of the present invention that were prepared according to one or more of above reaction schemes (particularly Schemes IX through XVIII) are disclosed in Table 3-2. The specific synthesis scheme or schemes as well as the mass spectroscopy and elemental analysis results for each compound also are disclosed in Table 3-2.

TABLE 3-2

	Т	_	7	<del></del>	<del>-</del>		<del></del>		<del>,</del>	_ 3	70											
	HCI Added															8					3	1
	Tolue ne Added									0.5												
	CHC1, Added																·					
Microanalysis	EtOAc		0.2		0.7						0.1											
	Water Added		8.0		1.3	1.25						0.4	0.4		0.2	1.2				0.1	1.2	2
	N Found		15.41	16.17	17.39	17.00	17.17	18.22	14.87	13.91	15.78	16.63	14.68	16.58	17.61	14.00	12.90	13.90	13.09	18.93	14.79	17.89
	N Calc		15.55	19.16	17.45	17.84	19.93	19.16	.18.36	13.99	16.04	16.81	13.78	17.80	17.55	14.11	14.42	14.96	14.42	18.97	14.95	17.92
	H Found		5.47	8.48	7.52	7.68	7.31	6:59	6.91	7.15	6.77	90.9	6.32	7.68	8.01	5.80	5.64	5.39	5.58	7.49	5.45	7.03
	H Calc		5.65	8.04	7.79	7.60	6.31	6.62	7.40	6.80	6.29	6.00	5.91	7.17	7.68	5.97	5.45	5.12	5.45	7.15	5.47	7.31
	C Found		59.59	66.59	61.99	66.75	57.51	66.27	71.50	70.12	60.79	63.61	53.93	68.50	69.33	50.74	68.67	68.54	68.86	68.39	48.57	56.21
	Found		59.33	68.46	61.85	66.29	68.36	69.02	69.26	70.48	66.73	63.42	54.37	70.20	69.21	50.81	71.12	70.57	71.12	68.31	48.72	56.34
MS	#		329	439	397	449	352	366	430	355	341	410	392	394	396	366	389	375	389	368	338	397
	General	XII	XII	XII	XII	XII	XII	XII	XII	XII	XII	XVII	XVII	XII	XVII	XVII	XII	хіі	XII	XVII	XVII	XII
	Example	A-346	A-347	A-348	A-349	A-350	A-351	A-352	A-353	A-354	A-355	A-356	A-357	A-358	A-359	A-360	A-361	A-362	A-363	A-364	A-365	A-366

	_	r==	<del></del>	_	_	<del></del>	<del></del>	<del></del>	1	<del>,</del>	3	71	<del></del>	<del></del>	<del>,                                     </del>	<del>,</del>	<del></del>	<del>.,</del>		<del></del>	<del>,</del>
													1					-			m
										0.35											
	0.25		0.25																0.1	0.2	
0.25		0.1		1	0.5	0.25		0.25			4.0	1.4	п						н	0.7	
17.82	16.93	16.74	16.82	17.24	17.14	17.48	19.38	18.56	13.13	16.02	16.27	15.17	13.84	17.68				11.12	15.03	14.47	14.01
17.25	16.76	16.93	16.76	17.71	17.40	17.83	19.81	18.93	14.96	16.02	16.31	15.41	14.06	18.29			21.60	10.83	14.85	14.64	13.93
5.62	5.62	7.61	5.59	6.09	7.53	4.88	6.81	6.80	90.9	6.78	4.91	5.43	5.82	5.00			17.03	5.17	5.34	6.14	6.79
5.43	5.73	7.36	5.73	6.37	7.26	5.00	6.84	6.67	5.12	66.9	5.22	6.04	5.19	4.94			5.00	5.98	5.82	6.32	6.21
69.83	64.28	66.60	64.36	63.63	68.80	57.99	67.23	68.06	68.19	64.44	66.44	62.80	63.40	69.69			5.64	52.51	64.77	65.62	55.34
70.25	64.66	66.76	64.66	63.78	68.63	58.10	67.97	68.18	70.57	64.14	66.42	62.76	63.31	70.57			53.44	52.65	64.96	62.29	54.93
321	313	412	313			389	354	366	375	396	337	339	381	307			55.4 8	280	351	353	394
XVII	XII	XII	XII	XVII	XII	XVII	XII	XII	XII	XII	XVII	XVII	XVII	XVII	XVII	XVII	320	XI	XII	XII	
A-367	A-368	A-369	A-370	A-371	A-372	A-373	A-374	A-375	A-376	A-377	A-378	A-379	A-380	A-381	A-382	A-383	A-384	A-385	A-386	A-387	A-388

## Example A-346

N-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]-4-methyl-1-piperazinepropanamine(2E)-2-butenedioate (1:1)

Example A-347

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3-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2pyridinyl]amino]-1,2-propanediol;

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## Example A-348

N,N,N''-triethyl-N'-[2-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]ethyl]-1,3-propanediamine;

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#### Example A-349

N-[2-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]ethyl]-N,N',N'-trimethyl-1,3-propanediamine;

#### Example A-350

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N-(2-[1,4'-bipiperidin]-1'-ylethyl)-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinamine;

## Example A-351

5 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(4-piperidinylmethyl)-2-pyridinamine;

## Example A-352

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N-(1-ethyl-4-piperidinyl)-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinamine;

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## Example A-353

N2,N2-diethyl-N1-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]-1-phenyl-1,2-ethanediamine;

## Example A-354

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(2S)-2-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]-4-methyl-1-pentanol;

## Example A-355

5 2-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]-3-methyl-1-butanol;

## Example A-356

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ethyl 4-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]-1-piperidinecarboxylate;

## Example A-357

5 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-1-piperidinyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine, trihydrochloride;

## Example A-358

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N-[2-(1-ethyl-2-piperidinyl)ethyl]-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinamine;

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## Example A-359

N1,N1,-diethyl-N4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1,4-pentanediamine;

## Example A-360

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1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-N,N-dimethyl-4-piperidinamine, trihydrochloride;

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## Example A-361

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 $(\beta R) - \beta - [[4 - [3 - (4 - fluorophenyl) - 1H - pyrazol - 4 - yl] - 2 - pyridinyl] amino] benzene propanol;$ 

## Example A-362

5  $(\beta S) - \beta - [[4 - [3 - (4 - fluorophenyl) - 1H - pyrazol - 4 - yl] - 2 - pyridinyl] amino] benzene ethanol;$ 

## Example A-363

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 $(\beta S) - \beta - [[4 - [3 - (4 - fluorophenyl) - 1H - pyrazol - 4 - yl] - 2 - pyridinyl] amino] benzene propanol;$ 

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## Example A-364

N,N-diethyl-N'-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1,3-propanediamine;

## Example A-365

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1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-piperidinamine, trihydrochloride;

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## Example A-366

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N1,N1-diethyl-N4-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinyl]-1,4-pentanediamine;

#### Example A-367

5 l-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1,2,3,6-hexahydropyridine;

## Example A-368

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(2R)-1-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]-2-propanol;

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## Example A-369

N4-[4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]-N1,N1-diethyl-1,4-pentanediamine;

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#### Example A-370

(2S)-1-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]-2-propanol;

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## Example A-371

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ethyl 4-[5-phenyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]1-piperazinecarboxylate;

## Example A-372

5 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[3-(2-methyl-1-piperidinyl)propyl]-2-pyridinamine;

## Example A-373

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1-[5-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1Hpyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine;

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## Example A-374

N, N-diethyl-N'-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]-1, 2-ethanediamine;

## Example A-375

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4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[2-(1-piperidinyl)ethyl]-2-pyridinamine;

## Example A-376

5  $(\beta R) - \beta - [[4 - [3 - (4 - fluorophenyl) - 1H - pyrazol - 4 - yl] - 2 - pyridinyl] amino] benzene ethanol;$ 

## Example A-377

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N1,N1-diethyl-N4-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]-1,4-pentanediamine;

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## Example A-378

5 1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-piperidinone;

# Example A-379

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1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-piperidinol;

## Example A-380

8-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1,4-dioxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decane;

#### Example A-381

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5-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-methyl-N-2-propynyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine;

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## Example A-382

4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-20 yl]morpholine;

#### Example A-383

5 1-[5-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine;

### Example A-384

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1-methyl-4-[5-phenyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3yl]piperazine;

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#### Example A-385

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-propenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-20 yl]pyridine, monohydrochloride;

## Example A-386

5 trans-4-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2pyridinyl]amino]cyclohexanol;

## Example A-387

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4-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]cyclohexanone;

#### Example A-388

5 1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-N,N-diethyl-4-piperidinamine, trihydrochloride;

## Example A-389

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1-[5-(3-tolyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl-4-methylpiperazine:

## 15 Step 1. Preparation of 1-tolyl-2-(4-pyridyl)ethanone

Methyl 3-methylbenzoate (6.0 g, 40 mmol),

tetrahydrofuran (50 mL), and 4-picoline (4.1 g, 44 mmol)

were stirred at -78 °C under an atmosphere of nitrogen.

Sodium (bis)trimethylsilylamide 1.0 M in tetrahydrofuran (88 mL, 88 mmol) was added dropwise. The mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature, stirred for 16 hours and then was poured into saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate solution. The mixture was then extracted with ethyl acetate (3 X 50 mL). The combined organics were washed with brine (2 X 50 mL), dried over magnesium sulfate, and concentrated. The product was recrystallized from ethyl acetate/hexane to yield a light yellow solid (5.7 g, 67%), mp 118.0-119.0 °C; ¹H NMR (acetone-d6/300 MHz) 8.50 (m, 2H), 7.90 (m, 2H), 7.44 (m, 2H), 7.29 (m, 2H), 4.45 (s, 2H), 2.41 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 212.1067 (M+H, C14H13NO requires 212.1075); Anal. Calc'd for C14H13NO: C, 79.59; H, 6.20; N, 6.63. Found: C, 79.54; H, 6.30; N, 6.56.

## Step 2. Preparation of 1-(3-tolyl)-2-(1,3-dithietan-2ylidene)-2-(4-pyridyl)ethanone

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1-tolyl-2-(4-pyridyl)ethanone (4.22 g, 20 mmol), acetone (100 mL), potassium carbonate (8.3 g, 60 mmol), carbon disulfide 4.56 g, 60 mmol), and dibromomethane (10.43 g, 60 mmol) were stirred at room temperature for 16 hours. Water (100 mL) was added and the mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 X 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine (2 X 50 mL), dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated. This crude material was purified by either flash column chromatography eluting with ethyl acetate:hexane or crystallization from ethyl acetate/hexane to yield a

yellow solid (4.8 g, 80%), mp 178.6-179.2 °C;  $^1$ H NMR (acetone-d6/300 MHz) 8.47 (m, 2H), 7.08 (m, 6H), 4.37 (s, 2H), 2.21 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 300.0521 (M+H,  $C_{16}H_{13}NOS_2$  requires 300.0517); Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{16}H_{13}NOS_2$ : C, 64.18; H, 4.38; N, 4.68. Found: C, 64.08; H, 4.25; N, 4.62.

## Step 3. Preparation of 1-[3-(3-tolyl)-3-oxo-2-(4-pyridinyl)-1-thiopropyl]-4-methylpiperazine

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The dithietane compound from step 2 above (3.0 g, 10 mmol), N-methylpiperazine (5.0 g, 50 mmol), and toluene (50 mL) were refluxed using a Dean-Stark apparatus for one to three hours. The reaction was allowed to cool to room temperature and was concentrated to dryness under high vacuum. This thick, oily material was crystallized from ethyl acetate / hexane (2.9 g, 82%), mp 124.8-125.8 °C; ¹H NMR (acetone-d6/300 MHz) 8.57 (m, 2H), 7.75 (m, 2H), 7.54 (m, 2H), 7.37 (m, 2H) 6.54 (s, 1H), 4.27 (m, 2H), 4.19 (m, 1H), 3.83 (m, 1H), 2.47-2.28 (m, 6H), 2.22 (s, 3H), 2.17 (m, 1H); ESHRMS m/z 354.1669 (M+H, C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>23</sub>N<sub>3</sub>OS requires 354.1640); Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>23</sub>N<sub>3</sub>OS: C, 67.96; H, 6.56; N, 11.89. Found: C, 67.79; H, 6.66; N, 11.88.

# Step 4. Preparation of 1-[5-(3-tolyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl-4-methylpiperazine.

The thioamide compound from step 3 above (1.06 g, 3 mmol), tetrahydrofuran (50 mL), and hydrazine (15 mL, 15 mmol, 1.0 M) in tetrahydrofuran were stirred at room temperature for 16 hours. A white solid was collected by filtration. Purification when necessary was by trituration or recrystallization (0.98 g, 97%), mp 261.9-262.0 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-d6/300 MHz) 12.6 (brs, 1H), 8.42 (m, 2H), 7.2 (m, 4H), 7.12 (s, 1H), 7.0 (m, 1H), 2.86 (m, 4H), 2.34 (m, 4H) 2.25 (s, 3H), 2.16 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 334.2049 (M+H, C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>23</sub>N<sub>5</sub> requires 334.2032); Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>23</sub>N<sub>5</sub>: C, 72.04; H, 6.95; N, 21.00. Found: C, 71.83; H, 7.06; N, 20.83.

Additional dithietanes and pyrazoles that were synthesized by selection of the corresponding starting reagents in accordance with the chemistry described in Scheme XXI and further illustrated in Example 389 above include compounds A-390 through A-426 disclosed below.

## Example A-390

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mp 185.3-185.4 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (acetone-d6/300 MHz) 8.49 (m, 2H), 7.31 (m, 4H), 7.09 (m, 2H), 4.39 (s, 2H); ESHRMS m/z 319.9981 (M+H,  $C_{15}H_{10}ClNOS_2$  requires 319.9971); Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{15}H_{10}ClNOS_2$ : C, 56.33; H, 3.15; N, 4.38. Found: C, 56.47; H, 3.13; N, 4.44.

## Example A-391

5 1-(4-chloro-3-methylphenyl)-2-1,3-dithietan-2-ylidene-2-pyridin-4-yl-ethanone

mp 164.0-165.0 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (acetone-d6/300 MHz) 8.49 (m, 2H), 7.25 (m, 2H), 7.0 (m, 3H), 4.38 (s, 2H), 2.24 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 334.0130 (M+H,  $C_{16}H_{12}ClNOS_2$  requires 334.0127); Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{16}H_{12}ClNOS_2$ : C, 57.56; H, 3.62; N, 4.20. Found: C, 57.68; H, 3.67; N, 4.17.

#### Example A-392

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mp 126.5-126.6 °C;  $^{1}$ H NMR (acetone-d6/300 MHz) 8.40 (m, 2H), 7.17 (m, 2H), 7.0 (m, 4H), 4.39 (s, 2H), 2.85 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 300.0483 (M+H,  $C_{16}H_{13}NOS_{2}$  requires 300.0517); Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{16}H_{13}NOS_{2}$ : C, 64.18; H, 4.38; N, 4.68. Found: C, 64.05; H, 4.27; N, 4.59.

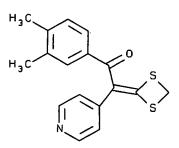
#### Example A-393

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mp 159.6-159.7 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (acetone-d6/300 MHz) 8.52 (m, 2H), 7.6 (m, 1H), 7.50 (s, 1H), 7.21 (m, 2H), 7.13 (m, 2H), 4.40 (s, 2H); ESHRMS m/z 363.9503 (M+H,  $C_{15}H_{10}BrNOS_2$  requires 363.9465); Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{15}H_{10}BrNOS_2$ : C, 49.46; H, 2.77; N, 3.84. Found: C, 49.51; H, 2.68; N, 3.74.

#### Example A-394



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mp 198.8-198.9 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (acetone-d6/300 MHz) 8.45 (m, 2H), 7.05 (m, 3H), 6.95 (m, 1H), 6.82 (m, 1H), 4.29 (s, 2H), 2.14 (s, 3H), 2.08 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 314.0691 (M+H,  $C_{17}H_{15}NOS_2$  requires 314.0673).

#### Example A-395

5 mp 182.6-183.0 °C. ¹H NMR (acetone-d6/300 MHz) 8.50 (m, 2H), 7.42 (d, 2H, J=8.5 Hz), 7.23 (d, 2H, J=8.5 Hz), 7.10 (m, 2H), 4.40 (s, 2H). ESHRMS m/z 370.0173 (M+H,  $C_{16}H_{10}F_3NO_2S_2$  requires 370.0183).

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#### Example A-396

mp 193.3-193.4 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (acetone-d6/300 MHz) 8.49 (m, 2H), 7.69 (d, 2H, J = 8.2 Hz), 7.46 (d, 2H, J = 8.2 Hz), 7.01 (m, 2H), 4.43 (s, 2H). ESHRMS m/z 311.0327 (M+H,  $C_{16}H_{10}N_{20}S_2$  requires 311.0313).

#### Example A-397

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mp 191.5-192.5 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>/ 300 MHz) 8.55 (dd, 2H, J = 4.6, 1.6 Hz), 7.4 (m, 1H), 7.09-7.03 (m, 3H), 6.67 (d, 1H, J = 8.7 Hz), 4.17 (s, 2H), 3.86 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 350.0090 (M+H,  $C_{16}H_{12}ClNO_2S_2$  requires 350.0076); Anal. Calc'd. for  $C_{16}H_{12}ClNO_2S_2$ : C, 54.93; H, 3.60; N, 4.00; Cl, 10.13; S, 18.33. Found: C, 54.74; H, 3.60; N, 3.89; Cl, 10.45; S, 18.32.

#### Example A-398

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mp 172.1-173.1 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub> / 300 MHz) 8.51 (dd, 2H, J = 4.4, 1.6 Hz), 7.23-7.21 (m, 4H), 7.04 (dd, 2H, J = 4.6, 1.6 Hz), 4.17 (s, 2H), 1.25 (s, 9H); ESHRMS m/z 342.1004 (M+H,  $C_{19}H_{19}NOS_2$  requires 342.0986); Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{19}H_{19}NOS_2$ : C, 66.83; H, 5.61; N, 4.10; S, 18.78. Found: C, 66.97; H, 5.89; N, 4.02; S, 18.64.

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#### Example A-399

mp 203.0-204.1 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub> / 300 MHz) 8.52 (dd, 2H, J = 4.4, 1.6 Hz), 7.29 (d, 1H, J = 6.8 Hz), 7.28 (d, 1H, J = 7.0 Hz), 7.05 (dd, 2H, J = 4.4, 1.6 Hz), 6.70 (d, 1H, J = 6.8 Hz), 6.69 (d, 1H, J = 6.8 Hz), 4.17 (s, 2H), 3.79 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 316.0475 (M+H,  $C_{16}H_{13}NO_2S_2$ 

requires 316.0466); Anal. Calc'd. for  $C_{16}H_{13}NO_2S_2$ : C, 60.93; H, 4.15; N, 4.44; S, 20.33. Found: C, 60.46; H, 4.17; N, 4.37; S, 19.84.

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#### Example A-400

mp 209.1-215.1 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub> / 300 MHz) 8.50 (dd, 2H, J = 4.4, 1.6 Hz), 7.20 (d, 2H, J = 8.0 Hz), 7.03-6.99 (m, 4H), 4.18 (s, 2H), 2.30 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 300.0517 (M+H,  $C_{16}H_{13}NOS_2$  requires 300.0517); Anal. Calc'd. for  $C_{16}H_{13}NOS_2$ : C64.18; H, 4.38; N, 4.69; S, 21.42. Found: C, 64.02; H, 4.62; N, 4.54; S, 21.24.

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#### Example A-401

20 mp 257.6-257.7 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub> / 300 MHz) 8.51 (dd, 2H, J = 4.4, 1.6 Hz), 7.57 (d, 2H, J = 8.5 Hz), 7.27-6.99 (m, 4H), 4.18 (s, 2H); ESHRMS m/z 411.9348 (M+H,  $C_{15}H_{10}NIOS_2$  requires 411.9327); Anal. Calc'd. for  $C_{15}H_{10}NIOS_2$ : C, 43.81; H, 2.45; N, 3.41. Found: C, 43.71; H, 2.27; N, 3.41.

#### Example A-402

5 mp 197.3-202.2 °C; ¹H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub> / 300 MHz) 8.53 (dd, 2H, J = 4.4, 1.6 Hz), 7.26 (d, 2H, J = 9.3 Hz), 7.09 (dd, 2H, J = 4.4, 1.6 Hz), 6.43 (d, 2H, J = 9.3 Hz), 4.14 (s, 2H), 2.97 (s, 6H); ESHRMS m/z 329.0789 (M+H, C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>16</sub>N<sub>2</sub>OS<sub>2</sub> requires 329.0782); Anal. Calc'd. for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>16</sub>N<sub>2</sub>OS<sub>2</sub>: C, 62.17; H, 4.91; N, 8.53; S, 19.53. Found: C, 61.93; H, 5.12; N, 8.46; S,19.26.

#### Example A-403

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mp 176.6-176.7 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub> / 300 MHz) 8.51 (dd, 2H, J = 4.4, 1.6 Hz), 7.29-7.22 (m, 4H), 7.03 (dd, 2H, J = 4.4, 1.6 Hz), 6.64 (dd, 1H, J = 17.5, 10.9 Hz), 5.76 (d, 1H, J = 17.7 Hz), 5.31 (d, 1H, J = 10.9 Hz), 4.19 (s, 2H); ESHRMS 312.0513 (M+H,  $C_{17}H_{13}NOS_2$  requires 312.0517); Anal. Calc'd. for  $C_{17}H_{13}NOS_2$ : C, 65.56; H, 4.21; N, 4.50. Found: C, 65.75; H, 4.11; N, 4.46.

#### Example A-404

5 mp 174.8-175.0 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub> / 300 MHz) 8.50 (dd, 2H, J = 4.4, 1.6 Hz), 7.23-7.20 (m, 4H), 7.03 (dd, 2H, J = 4.6, 1.6 Hz), 4.17 (s, 2H), 2.59 (q, 2H, J = 7.6 Hz), 1.17 (t, 3H, J = 7.7 Hz); ESHRMS m/z 314.0677 (M+H,  $C_{17}H_{15}NOS_2$  requires 314.0673); Anal. Calc'd. for  $C_{17}H_{15}NOS_2$ : C, 65.14; H, 4.82; N, 4.47. Found: C, 64.90; H, 4.62; N, 4.45.

#### Example A-405

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mp 167.1-167.5 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub> / 300 MHz) 8.52 (dd, 1H, J = 4.4, 1.6 Hz), 7.33 (d, 1H, J = 8.3 Hz), 7.02-7.00 (m, 3H), 6.87-6.83 (m, 1H), 4.19 (s, 2H), 2.28 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 379.9577 (M+H,  $C_{16}H_{12}BrNOS_2$  requires 379.9622); Anal. Calc'd. for  $C_{16}H_{12}BrNOS_2$ : C, 50.80; H, 3.20; N, 3.70. Found: C, 50.69; H, 3.19; N, 3.71.

#### Example A-406

5 mp 168.6-168.7 °C;  $^{1}$ H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>/300 MHz) 8.54 (dd, 2H, J = 4.6, 1.8 Hz), 7.68-7.62 (m 2H), 7.43-7.39 (m, 1H), 7.33-7.28 (m, 1H), 6.99 (dd, 2H, J = 4.4, 1.6 Hz), 4.22 (s, 2H); ESHRMS m/z 311.0330 (M+H,  $C_{16}H_{10}N_{2}OS_{2}$  requires 311.0313); Anai. Calc'd. for  $C_{16}H_{10}N_{2}OS_{2}$ : C, 61.91; H, 3.25; N, 9.02. Found: C, 61.45; H, 3.18; N, 8.91.

#### Example A-407

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1-[5-(3-methyl-4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine.

mp 236.7-239.3 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d6/300 MHz) 12.6 20 (brs, 1H), 8.45 (m, 2H), 7.41 (m, 1H), 7.26 (m, 3H), 7.0 (m, 1H), 2.86 (m, 4H), 2.35 (m, 4H), 2.27 (s, 3H), 2.16 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 368.4653 (M+H,  $C_{20}H_{22}ClN_5$  requires 368.1642).

#### Example A-408

5 1-[5-(2-tolyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine.

mp 244.0-244.2 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (acetone-d6/300 MHz) 11.6 (brs, 1H), 8.35 (m, 2H), 7.35 (m, 2H), 7.25 (m, 4H), 3.05 (m, 4H), 2.47 (m, 4H), 2.25 (s, 3H), 2.00 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 334.2018 (M+H,  $C_{20}H_{23}N_5$  requires 334.2032); Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{20}H_{23}N_5$ : C, 72.04; H, 6.95; N, 21.00. Found: C, 72.03; H, 7.00; N, 20.85.

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#### Example A-409

1-[5-(3-bromophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-20 yl]-4-methylpiperazine.

mp 222.5-223.4 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (acetone-d6/300 MHz) 11.8 (brs, 1H), 8.51 (m, 2H), 7.55 (m, 2H), 7.34 (m, 4H), 3.0 (m, 4H), 2.41 (m, 4H), 2.22 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 398.0982 (M+H,  $C_{19}H_{20}BrN_5$  requires 398.0980).

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#### Example A-410

5 1-[5-(3,4-dimethylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine.

mp 270.9-272.7 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d6/300 MHz) 12.5 (brs, 1H), 8.41 (m, 2H), 7.24 (m, 2H), 7.26 (m, 3H), 7.10 (m, 2H), 6.92 (m, 1H), 2.86 (m, 4H), 2.38 (m, 4H), 2.21 (s, 3H), 2.19 (s, 3H), 2.16 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 348.2183 (M+H,  $C_{21}H_{25}N_5$  requires 348.2188).

#### Example A-411

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1-[5-(4-trifluoromethoxyphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine.

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mp 221.0-221.2 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d6/300 MHz) 12.7 (brs, 1H), 8.45 (m, 2H), 7.38 (s, 4H), 7.24 (m, 2H), 2.86 (m, 4H), 2.34 (m, 4H), 2.16 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 404.1698 (M+H,  $C_{20}H_{20}F_3N_5O$  requires 404.1698).

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#### Example A-412

5 1-[5-(4-cyanophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine.

mp > 300 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d6/300 MHz) 12.8 (brs, 1H), 8.47 (m, 2H), 7.83 (m, 2H), 7.42 (m, 2H), 2.88 (m, 4H), 2.39 (m, 4H), 2.20 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 345.1848 (M+H,  $C_{20}H_{20}N_6$  requires 345.1828).

#### Example A-413

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1-[5-(3-chloro-4-methoxyphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine.

20 mp 272.7-276.4 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d6/300 MHz) 8.44 (dd, 2H, J = 4.6, 1.6 Hz), 7.32-7.13 (m, 5H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 2.90-2.85 (m, 4H), 2.38-2.35 (m, 4H), 2.16 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 384.1580 (M+H  $C_{20}H_{22}ClN_5O$  requires 384.1591).

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#### Example A-414

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1-[5-(4-tert-butylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine.

mp 243.6-244.3 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d6/300 MHz) 8.44 10 (dd, 2H, J = 4.6, 1.6, Hz), 7.40 (d, 2H, J = 8.3 Hz), 7.28-7.18 (m, 4H), 2.90-2.85 (m, 4=H), 2.38-2.34 (m, 4H), 2.16 (s,3H), 1.26 (s, 9H); ESHRMS m/z 376.2491 (M+H,  $C_{23}H_{29}N_5$  requires 376.2501).

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#### Example A-415

1-[4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-20 yl]-4-methylpiperazine.

mp 259.0-260.2 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d6/300 MHz) 8.53 (dd, 2H, J = 4.4, 1.6 Hz), 7.24 (dd, 2H, J = 4.4, 1.6 Hz), 7.18 (d, 2H, J = 8.9 Hz), 6.94 (d, 2H, J = 8.9 Hz),

3.75 (s, 3H), 2.90-2.85 (m, 4H), 2.39-2.35 (m, 4H), 2.16 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 350.1991 (M+H,  $C_{20}H_{23}N_5O$  requires 350.1981); Anal. Calc'd. for  $C_{20}H_{23}N_5O$  + 3.93%H2O: C, 66.04; H, 6.81; N, 19.25. Found: C, 66.01; H, 6.62; N, 19.32.

#### Example A-416

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1-[5-(4-methylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine.

mp 243.0-246.8 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d6/300 MHz) 8.41 (dd, 2H, J = 4.6, 1.6 Hz), 7.24 (m, 6H), 2.91-2.86 (m, 4H), 2.40-2.35 (m, 4H), 2.29 (s, 3H), 2.16 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 334.2041 (M+H,  $C_{20}H_{23}N_5$  requires 334.2032); Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{20}H_{23}N_5$  + 4.09%H2O: C, 69.10; H, 7.13; N, 20.14. Found: C, 69.10; H, 7.08; N, 20.13.

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#### Example A-417

407

1-[5-(4-iodophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine.

mp 265.2-265.8 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CD<sub>3</sub>OD/300 MHz) 8.41 (dd, 5 2H, J = 4.6, 1.6 Hz), 7.76-7.74 (m, 2H), 7.41-7.39 (m, 2H), 7.08-7.05 (m, 2H), 3.08-3.04 (m, 4H), 2.61-2.58 (m, 4H), 2.35 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 446.0847 (M+H, C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>20</sub>IN<sub>5</sub> requires 446.0842); Anal. Calc'd. for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>20</sub>IN<sub>5</sub> + 12.09%H<sub>2</sub>O: C, 44.60; H, 5.39; N, 13.69. Found: C, 44.50; H, 4.56; N, 13.66.

#### Example A-418

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1-[5-(4-ethenylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine.

mp >300 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CD<sub>3</sub>OD/300 MHz) 8.49 (dd, 2H, J 20 = 4.6, 1.6 Hz), 7.47-7.44 (m, 4H), 7.26 (d, 2H, J = 8.4 Hz), 6.75 (dd, J = 17.7, 11.1 Hz), 5.83 (d, 1H, J = 17.5 Hz), 5.28 (d, 1H, J = 11.1 Hz), 3.07-3.03 (m, 4H), 2.58-2.53 (m, 4H), 2.31 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 346.2034 (M+H, C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>23</sub>N<sub>5</sub> requires 346.2032); Anal. Calc'd. for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>23</sub>N<sub>5</sub> + 2.83%H<sub>2</sub>O: C, 70.95; H, 6.84; N, 19.70. Found: C, 70.97; H, 6.49; N, 19.54.

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#### Example A-419

5 1-[5-(4-ethylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine.

mp 221.6-222.6 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CD<sub>3</sub>OD/300 MHz) 8.38 (dd, 2H, J = 4.6, 1.6 Hz), 7.44-7.40 (m, 2H), 7.26-7.19 (m, 4H), 3.06-3.02 (m, 4H), 2.66 (q, 2H, J = 7.5 Hz), 2.59-2.54 (m, 4H), 2.32 (s, 3H), 1.23 (t, 3H, J = 7.5 Hz); ESHRMS m/z 348.2188 (M+H,  $C_{21}H_{25}N_5$  requires 348.2188); Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{21}H_{25}N_5 + 2.59\%H_2O$ : C, 70.71; H, 7.35; N, 19.63. Found: C, 70.76; H, 7.40; N, 19.46.

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### Example A-420

20 1-[5-(4-bromo-3-methylphenyl)-4-(4-pyrdinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine.

mp 294.7 °C decomp.; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CD<sub>3</sub>OD/300 MHz) 8.41 (dd, 2H, J = 4.6, 1.6 Hz), 7.55 (d, 1H, J = 8.2 Hz), 7.45-7.42 (m, 2H), 7.27-7.25 (m, 1H), 7.00-6.97 (m 2H),

3.08-3.03 (m, 4H), 2.59-2.54 (m, 4H), 2.35 (s, 3H), 2.31 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 412.1124 (M+H,  $C_{20}H_{22}BrN_5$  requires 412.1137).

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#### Example A-421

1-[5-(4-dimethylaminophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-10 pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine.

mp >300 °C (decomposed); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CD<sub>3</sub>OD / 300 MHz) 8.37 (d, 2H, J = 4.6 Hz), 7.44 (d, 2H, J = 4.8 Hz), 7.12, (d, 2H, J = 8.9 Hz), 6.73 (d, 2H, J = 8.7 Hz), 3.04-3.02 (m, 4H), 2.96 (s, 6H), 2.54-2.49 (m, 4H), 2.31 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 363.2266 (M+H,  $C_{21}H_{26}N_6$  requires 363.22972).

#### Example A-422

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1-[5-(3-cyanophenyl)-4-(4-pyrdinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]4-methylpiperazine.

mp 223.4-224.3 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CD<sub>3</sub>OD / 300 MHz) 8.44 (dd, 2H, J= 4.6, 1.4 Hz), 7.75-7.69 (m, 2H), 7.56-7.54 (m, 2H), 7.40-7.38 (m, 2H), 3.05-3.03 (m, 4H), 2.54-2.49 (m, 4H), 2.53 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 345.1840 (M+H, C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>20</sub>N<sub>6</sub> requires 345.1828).

## Example A-423

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1-[5-(4-thiomethoxyphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine.

mp 275.6-281.9 °C;  $^{1}$ H NMR (CD<sub>3</sub>OD / 300 MHz) 8.44-15 8.40 (m, 2H), 7.46-7.41 (m, 2H), 7.28-7.23 (m, 4H), 3.04-3.00 (m, 4H), 2.59-2.53 (M, 4H), 2.48 (s, 3H), 2.31 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 366.1777 (M+H,  $C_{20}H_{23}N_{5}S$  requires 366.1752).

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### Example A-424

1-[5-(3-trifluoromethylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine.

mp 212.6-213.7 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CD<sub>3</sub>OD / 300 MHz) 8.43 (d, 5 2H, J = 4.8 Hz), 7.69-7.56 (m, 4H), 7.41 (s, 2H), 3.07-3.04 (m, 4H), 2.56-2.53 (m, 4H), 2.32 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 388.1764 (M+H,  $C_{20}H_{20}F_{3}N_{5}$  requires 388.1749).

#### Example A-425

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1-[5-(4-trifluoromethylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine.

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mp 240.5 °C (decomposed); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CD<sub>3</sub>OD / 300 MHz) 8.43 (dd, 2H, J = 4.6, 1.6 Hz), 7.70-7.67 (m, 2H), 7.51-7.48 (m, 2H), 7.42-7.38 (m 2H), 3.09-3.04 (m, 4H), 2.59-2.53 (m, 4H), 2.31 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 388.1768 (M+H,  $C_{20}H_{20}F_3N_5$  requires 388.1749).

#### Example A-426

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1-[5-(2-thienyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine.

mp 199.7 °C (decomposed);  $^{1}$ H NMR (CD<sub>3</sub>OD / 300 MHz) 8.44 (d, 2H, J = 5.8 Hz), 7.47 (d, 2H, J = 5.6 Hz), 7.13 - 7.07 (m, 3H), 3.04-3.00 (m, 4H), 2.53-2.49 (m, 4H), 2.30 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 326.1454 (M+H,  $C_{17}H_{19}N_{5}S$  requires 326.1439).

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#### Example A-427

## Step 1: Preparation of 3-dimethylamino-1-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-(pyridin-4-yl)-2-propene-1-one

A solution of 4-chlorophenyl-2-(pyridin-4-yl)ethan-1-one (20.0 g, 86.4 mmol) and N,N-dimethylformamide dimethylacetal (57.6 mL, 0.43 mole) was heated at 100 °C for 3 ½ hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated in vacuo, and the residue crystallized from methyl butyl ether to give 3-dimethylamino-1-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-(pyridin-4-yl)-2-propen-1-one (22.80 g, 93%).  $^{1}$ H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>/300 MHz)  $\delta$  8.52 (d, 2H), 7.38 (d, 2H), 7.29 (d, 2H), 7.08 (d, 2H), 2.83 (s, 6H).

## Step 2: Preparation of 5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(pyridin-4yl)isoxazole

A solution of 3-dimethylamino-1-(4-chlorophenyl)-2(pyridin-4-yl)-2-propen-1-one (22.80 g, 79.7 mmol),
hydroxylamine hydrochloride (18.01 g, 0.26 mole), and 150

mL ethanol was heated to reflux for 30 minutes. The reaction mixture was then cooled to room temperature and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was dissolved in 1N hydrochloric acid and then treated with an aqueous saturated solution of sodium bicarbonate. The precipitates were collected by filtration, washed with water and ethanol, and dried to yield 5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(pyridin-4-yl)isoxazole (20.50 g, 93%). m.p. 120.8-120.9 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>/CD<sub>3</sub>OD/300 MHz) δ 8.53 (d, 2H), 8.46(s, 1H), 7.51(d, 2H), 7.41-7.34 (m, 4H). ESLRMS m/z 257 (M+H). ESHRMS m/z 257.0457 (M+H, C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>9</sub>N<sub>2</sub>OCl requires 257.0482).

## Step 3: Preparation of 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-oxo-2(pyridin-4-yl)propanenitrile:

A solution of 5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(pyridin-4-yl)isoxazole (20.5 g, 79.9 mmol) and 150 mL of a 1N sodium hydroxide solution was stirred at 60 °C for 1 hour. The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and adjusted to pH 6 with concentrated hydrochloric acid. The precipitates were filtered, washed with water and ethanol, and dried to give 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-oxo-2-(pyridin-4-yl)propanenitrile (20.0 g, quantitative yield). m.p. 225.4-234.9 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>/CD<sub>3</sub>OD/300 MHz) δ 8.12 (brs, 2H), 7.73-7.59 (m, 5H), 7.30 (d, 3H). ESLRMS m/z 257.0482).

## 30 <u>Step 4: 5-amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(pyridin-4-yl)-pyrazole</u>

A solution of 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-oxo-2-(pyridin-4-yl)propanenitrile (3.50 g, 13.6 mmol) in 40 mL acetonitrile and phosphorous trichloride (14.2 ml, 163 mmol) was stirred at 100 °C for 5 hours. The reaction

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mixture was concentrated in vacuo, and the residue taken up in toluene and concentrated again. The residue was then taken up in ethanol (150 mL) and treated with anhydrous hydrazine (1.71 mL, 54.4 mmol). The reaction mixture was heated to reflux for 3 hours, cooled, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was triturated with a mixture of ethanol and dichloromethane (1:4), and filtered. The solid was washed with the ethanol/dichloromethane mixture, and dried to give 5-amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(pyridin-4-yl)-pyrazole (2.0 g, 54%): m.p. >300 °C.  $^{1}{\rm H}$  NMR (DMSO/300 MHz)  $\delta$  8.40 (d, 2H), 7.40 (d, 2H), 7.29 (d, 2H), 7.11 (d, 2H), 5.05 (s, 2H). ESLRMS m/z 271 (M+H). ESHRMS m/z 271.0752 (M+H,  $C_{14}H_{11}N_4Cl$  requires 271.0750).

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#### Example A-428

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A solution of 1,1'-carbonyldiimidazole (1.19 g, 7.38 mmol) and N-benzyliminodiacetic acid (0.824 g, 3.69 mmol) in dimethylformamide was heated at 75 °C for 30 minutes. To this mixture the 5-amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(pyridin-4-yl)-pyrazole (1.0 g, 3.69 mmol) was added, and heating was continued at 75 °C overnight. The white solid was filtered, was washed with diethyl ether, methylene chloride, 5% methanol/methylene chloride, and ethanol, and was dried to give the desired imide as an

off-white solid (0.9 g, 53%): m.p. >300 °C. ¹H NMR (DMSO/300 MHz)  $\delta$  8.53 (m, 2H), 7.5(d, 2H), 7.44- 7.16 (m, 7H), 6.98(m, 2H), 3.64 (m, 4H), 3.48 (m, 2H). ESLRMS m/z 458 (M+H). ESHRMS m/z 458.1380 (M+H,  $C_{25}H_{20}N_5O_2Cl$  requires 458.1384).

### Example A-429

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Methyl 2-{[3-94-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]amino}acetate

A solution of 5-amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-15 (pyridin-4-yl)-pyrazole (1.0 g, 3.7 mmol) in dimethylformamide (30 mL) was heated to 95 °C and methyl bromo acetate (0.34 mL, 3.7 mmol) was added dropwise. The resulting solution was stirred at 95 °C for 4 hours, cooled, and concentrated in vacuo to an orange viscous 20 oil (1.79 g). A portion of this product mixture (1.20 g) was crystallized from ethanol and diethyl ether to give methyl 2-{[3-4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]amino}acetate as a bright yellow solid (805 mg): m.p. 195.4-196.8 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CD<sub>3</sub>OD/300 MHz)  $\delta$  8.49 (d,2H), 25 7.68 (d, 2H), 7.44 (m, 4H), 5.37 (s, 2H), 3.84 (s, 3H). ESLRMS m/z 343 (M+H). ESHRMS m/z 343.0975 (M+H,  $C_{17}H_{16}N_4O_2Cl$  requires 343.0962).

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#### Example A-430

Lithium 2-{[3-4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]amino}acetate

To a solution of methyl 2-{[3-4-chlorophenyl]-4-(4pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]amino}acetate (500 mg, 1.5 10 mmol) in 15 mL of methanol and 5 mL of water was added lithium hydroxide (189 mg, 4.5 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 5 hours. The solvent was removed in vacuo, and the residue taken up in ethanol. The precipitate was filtered and washed with 15 methanol, and the filtrate was concentrated to give lithium 2-{[3-4-chlorophenyl]-4-(4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]amino}acetate as a yellow/orange solid (479 mg, 95%). mp >300 °C.  $^{1}$ H NMR (CD<sub>3</sub>OD/300 MHz)  $\delta$  8.06 (d, 2H), 7.43 (d, 2H), 7.37 (m, 4H), 3.34 (s, 2H). ESLRMS m/z 329 20 (M+H), 335 (M+Li), 351 (M+Na). ESHRMS m/z 329.0772 (M+H),  $C_{16}H_{14}N_4O_2Cl$  requires 329.0805).

#### Example A-431

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The above 4-chlorophenylketone was prepared according to the procedure used in Step 1 of Example C-1, infra, substituting methyl 4-chlorobenzoate for ethyl 4-fluorobenzoate. Yield; (74 %), yellow solid, mp = 95.5-97.3 °C; 1H-NMR (DMSO-d6/300 MHz) 8.57 (br d, 2H), 7.92 (d, 2H), 7.46 (d, 2H), 7.20 (d, 2H), 4.28 (s, 2H); ESLRMS m/z 232 (M+H).

#### Example A-432

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To the ketone (1.0gm, 4.7 mmol) from Step 1 of Example C-1, infra, in anhydrous tetrahydrofuran (10 mL) 15 was added 1M potassium t-butoxide in tetrahydrofuran (10 mL, 10 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred for 15 minutes at room temperature, then carbon disulfide (0.31 mL, 5.1 mmol) was added. After several minutes, methyl iodide (0.64 mL, 10.3 mmol) was added and the reaction 20 allowed to stir for 4 hours. The reaction mixture was diluted with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (25 mL) and extracted twice with ethyl acetate (35 mL). combined ethyl acetate layers were washed with water (25 mL) and brine (25mL). The organic solution was dried 25 (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), filtered and concentrated to an orange oil. oil solidified on standing. Yield 1.4 gm (94%), mp 80.2-82.1 °C;  $^{1}H-NMR$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>/300 MHz) 8.59 (d, 2H), 7.96 (m, 2H), 7.38 (m, 2H), 7.14 (m, 2H), 2.33 (s, 3H), 2.23 (s, 3H); Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{16}H_{14}FNOS_2$ : C, 60.16; H, 4.42; N, 30 4.39; S, 20.08. Found: C, 59.89; H, 4.09; N, 4.31; S, 20.14.

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#### Example A-433

The above compound was prepared in a manner analogous to Example A-432 starting with the product of Example A-431. Crude yield: 100 %; mp 87.6-88.2 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>/300 MHz) 8.60 (d, 2H), 7.87 (d, 2H), 7.44 (d, 2H), 7.37 (m, 2H), 2.33 (s, 3H), 2.22 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 336.0297 (M+H, C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>15</sub>ClNOS<sub>2</sub> requires 336.0283); Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>14</sub>ClNOS<sub>2</sub>: C, 57.22; H, 4.20; N, 4.17. Found: C, 57.44; H, 3.97; N, 4.04.

#### Example A-434

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To the compound of Example A-432 (1.4 gm, 4.4 mmol) in ethanol (15 mL) was added 1M hydrazine in acetic acid (5 mL, 5 mmol). The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 18 hours. No reaction had occurred, so additional hydrazine hydrate (1.08 mL, 22 mmol) was added and the reaction heated to reflux for 6 hours. The product began to precipitate from the reaction mixture.

The reaction was cooled to room temperature and water was added to precipitate the product. The solid was collected by suction filtration and air dried. Yield: 675 mg (53%). The product was recrystallized from ethanol: 494 mg; mp 249.9-249.9 °C; ¹H-NMR (DMSO-d6/300)

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MHz) 13.51 (br s, 1H), 8.50 (d, 2H), 7.34 (m, 2H), 7.23 (m, 2H), 7.16 (m, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 286.0807 (M+H,  $C_{15}H_{13}FN_3S$  requires 286.0814); Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{15}H_{12}FN_3S$ : C, 63.14; H, 4.24; N, 14.73. Found: C, 63.01; H, 4.43; N, 14.81.

#### Example A-435

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The above compound was made in an analogous manner to Example A-434 starting with the compound of Example A-433. Yield: 750 mg (33%); mp 250.2-250.2 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-d6/300 MHz) 13.57 (br s, 1H), 8.51 (m, 2H), 7.45 (br s, 2H), 7.32 (m, 2H), 7.17 (m, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 302.0537 (M+H, C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>13</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub>S requires 302.0518); Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>12</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub>S: C, 59.70; H, 4.01; N, 13.92. Found: C, 59.56; H, 3.96; N, 13.96.

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#### Example A-436

3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(methylsulfinyl)-4-pyridin-4-25 yl-1H-pyrazole

To the compound of Example A-434 (150 mg, 0.52 mmol) in ethanol (15 mL) was added ammonium persulfate (450 mg, 1.97 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at ambient

temperature. After several hours an additional amount of ammonium persulfate (450 mg) was added. The reaction mixture was monitored by TLC (silica) using 5% methanol in dichloromethane as the eluting solvent. When the stating material had been consumed, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated sodium bicarbonate (25 mL) and extracted with ethyl acetate (2  $\times$  25 mL). The ethyl acetate layers were combined, washed with brine (25 mL) and dried (MqSO<sub>4</sub>). Filtration and concentration produced a white solid. The solid was triturated with diethyl ether, collected by suction filtration, and air dried. Yield 150 mg (96%), mp 262.9-262.9 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSOd6/300 MHz) 14.22 (br s, 1H), 8.56 (d, 2H), 7.42-7.23 (br m, 6H), 2.94 (s, 3H); Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{15}H_{12}FN_3OS \cdot 0.25$ H<sub>2</sub>O: C, 58.91; H, 4.12; N, 13.74; Found: C, 58.88; H, 4.17; N, 13.39.

#### Example A-437

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3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(methylsulfonyl)-4-pyridin-4yl-1H-pyrazole

25 To the compound of Example A-434 (285 mg, 1 mmol) in ethanol (10 mL) was added potassium peroxymonosulfate (2.45 gm, 4 mmol) and water (5 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at ambient temperature. After 6 hours the reaction mixture was diluted with water (20 mL) and extracted with ethyl acetate (2 x 30 mL). The ethyl acetate layers were combined, washed with brine (25 mL) and dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>). The ethyl acetate did not efficiently extract the product from the aqueous phase, so the

aqueous layer was saturated with sodium chloride and extracted with acetonitrile (50 mL). The acetonitrile solution was dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), filtered, and combined with the filtered ethyl acetate solution. The solvents were evaporated and the resulting solid was triturated with a small amount of acetonitrile, collected by suction filtration, and air dried. Yield: 203 mg (64 %); mp 297.1->300 °C;  $^{1}$ H NMR (DMSO-d6/300 MHz) 14.37 (br s, 1H), 8.54 (m, 2H), 7.29 (m, 6H), 3.26 (s, 3H); Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{15}H_{12}FN_3O_2S$ : C, 56.77; H, 3.81; N, 13.24. Found: C, 56.52; H, 4.03; N, 13.11.

#### Example A-438

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To the compound of Example A-432 (638 mg, 2 mmol) in toluene (6 mL) was added thiomorpholine (502 uL, 5 mmol). The reaction mixture was heated to between 80 and 110 °C. After about three hours the bis-thiomorpholine substituted product began to precipitate from the reaction mixture. When the dithioketene acetal had been completely consumed, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and the insoluble bis-thiomorpholine compound removed by filtration. To the toluene solution was added hydrazine hydrate (1 mL) and sufficient ethanol to create a homogeneous solution. The reaction mixture was then stirred at room temperature for 72 hours. reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate (50 mL) and extracted twice with water (25 mL) and once with brine (25 mL). The organic solution was dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), filtered and concentrated to a reddish solid. The solid was triturated with acetonitrile, collected by suction

filtration, and dried in-vacuo. The solid was then suspended in acetonitrile and heated to reflux. Ethyl acetate was then added until the solid almost completely dissolved. A small amount of ethanol was then added and the homogeneous yellow solution concentrated until a solid began to form. Allow to cool to room temperature. Collected a white solid by suction filtration. Yield: 63 mg, (7%); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d6/300 MHz) 12.65 (br s, 1H), 8.45 (d, 2H), 7.27 (m, 6H), 3.14 (m, 4H), 2.63 (m, 4H). ESLRMS m/z 341 (M+H); ESHRMS m/z 341.1241 (M+H,  $C_{18}H_{18}FN_4S$  requires 341.1236).

#### Example A-439

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The above compound was prepared in a similar manner to Example A-438 starting with the appropriate dithioketene acetal and N-methylpiperazine. A white solid was obtained, mp 270.2-270.7  $^{\circ}$ C;  $^{1}$ H NMR (DMSO-d6/300 MHz) 12.7 (br s, 1H), 8.47 (m, 2H), 7.57 (m, 2H), 7.21 (m, 2H), 2.85 (m, 4H), 2.34 (m, 4H) 2.15 (s, 3H); ESHRMS 398.0993 (M+H,  $C_{19}H_{21}BrN_{5}$  requires 398.0980).

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#### Example A-440

To N-(2-hydroxyethyl) morpholine (363 uL, 3 mmol) in anhydrous tetrahydrofuran (7 mL), under nitrogen, was added 1M sodium hexamethyldisilamide (3 ml, 3 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran at ambient temperature. The reaction 5 mixture was stirred for 15 minutes, then the dithietane prepared as set forth in Step 1 of Example A-341 (636mg, 2 mmol) was added as a solid. The reaction mixture gradually became dark orange. After about 18 hours at ambient temperature, the reaction was quenched with 10 saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (30 mL) and extracted twice with ethyl acetate (30 mL). The organic solutions were combined and washed with saturated NaCl solution (20 mL), then dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), filtered, and concentrated to an orange oil. The oil was taken up in methanol (10 mL) and reconcentrated to remove any 15 remaining ethyl acetate. The oil was then taken up in methanol (5 mL) and anhydrous hydrazine (69 uL) was added. The reaction mixture was allowed to stir at ambient temperature 18 hours, then quenched with 20 saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (30 mL) and extracted twice with ethyl acetate (30 mL). The organic solutions were combined and washed with water (20 mL) and saturated NaCl solution (20 mL), then dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), filtered, and concentrated to an orange semi-solid. 25 solid was triturated with acetonitrile (5 mL), collected by suction filtration, washed with acetonitrile and dried in-vacuo. Yield: off-white solid, 114 mg (14.8%); mp 198.9-199.9 °C; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (DMSO-d6/300 MHz) 12.61 (br s, 1H), 8.41 (d, 2H), 7.52 (d, 2H), 7.38 (d, 2H), 7.21 (d, 30 2H), 4.33 (t, 2H), 3.54 (m, 4H), 2.70 (t, 2H), 2.44 (m 4H); ESHRMS m/z 385.1444 (M+H,  $C_{20}H_{22}ClN_4O_2$  requires 385.1431).

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# Example A-441

The above compound was prepared in an analogous manner to that of Example A-440, starting with 4-hydroxy-N-t-boc piperidine. Recrystallized from acetone/methanol. Yield: white solid 263 mg (29%); mp 230.1-231.8 °C; 1H-NMR (DMSO-d6/300 MHz) 12.61 (br s, 1H), 8.42 (d, 2H), 7.52 (d, 2H), 7.38 (d, 2H), 7.20 (d, 2H), 4.88 (m, 1H), 3.52 (m, 2H), 3.30 (m, 2H), 1.93 (m, 2H), 1.65 (m, 2H), 1.39 (s, 9H); Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>27</sub>ClN<sub>4</sub>O<sub>3</sub>: C,63.36; H, 5.98; N, 12.31; Found: C, 63.34; H, 5.97; N, 12.22.

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# Example A-442

Example A-441 (130 mg, 0.28 mmol) was treated with concentrated HCl (0.5 mL) in ethanol (5 mL) for two hours. The solvent was removed in-vacuo and the resulting residue dissolved in ethanol and reconcentrated twice. The resulting solid was triturated with acetonitrile to afford a white solid. Yield: 119 mg (91%) tri-hydrochloride salt; mp 220.6-222.1 °C; ¹H-NMR (DMSO-d6/300 MHz) 13.25 (br s, 1H), 9.10 (br s, 2H), 8.67 (d, 2H), 7.75 (d, 2H), 7.60 (d, 2H), 7.50 (d, 2H), 5.04

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(m, 1H), 3.17 (br d, 4H), 2.21 (m, 2H), 2.03 (m, 2H); Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{19}H_{19}ClN_4O$  · 3 HCl: C, 49.16; H, 4.78; N, 12.07. Found: C, 49.24; H, 4.72; N, 12.02.

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# Example A-443

The above compound was prepared in a manner

analogous to Example A-440 starting with (+/-)3hydroxytetrahydrofuran. Recrystallized from ethanol.

Yield: white crystalline solid, 57 mg (8%); mp >300 °C;

¹H-NMR (DMSO-d6/300 MHz) 12.65 (br s, 1H), 8.42 (d, 2H),

7.52 (d, 2H), 7.38 (d, 2H), 7.18 (d, 2H), 5.28 (m, 1H),

3.86 (m, 2H), 3.82 (m, 1H), 3.75 (m, 1H), 2.26-2.01 (br m, 2H); Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>16</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub>: C, 63.25; H, 4.72;

N, 12.29. Found: C, 63.12; H, 4.51; N, 12.31.

# Example A-444

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The above compound was prepared in a manner analogous to Example A-440 starting with p-methoxybenzyl alcohol. Yield: off-white solid, 252 mg (21%); mp =229.1-229.2 °C; ¹H-NMR (acetone-d6/300 MHz) 11.62 (br s, 1H), 8.40 (br s, 2H), 7.76 (s, 2H), 7.39 (m, 4H), 7.30 (br s, 2H), 6.87 (d, 2H), 5.27 (s, 2H), 3.77 (s, 3H); Anal.

Calc'd for  $C_{22}H_{18}ClN_3O_2 \cdot 0.25 H_2O$ : C, 66.67; H, 4.70; N, 10.60. Found: C, 66.79; H, 4.95; N, 10.54.

#### Example A-445

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The above compound was prepared in a manner analogous to Example A-440 starting with N-tert-butoxycarbonyl-ethanolamine. Recrystallized from ethyl acetate/methanol. Yield: white solid, 75 mg (4 %); mp >300 °C;  $^{1}$ H-NMR (DMSO-d6/300 MHz) 12.60 (br s, 1H), 8.38 (d, 2H), 7.53 (d, 2H), 7.38 (d, 2H), 7.22 (d, 2H), 7.02 (t, 1H), 4.20 (t, 2H), 3.34 (m, 2H), 1.36 (s, 9H); ESHRMS m/z 415.1551 (M+H,  $C_{21}H_{24}ClN_4O_3$  requires 415.1537)

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#### Example A-446

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The above compound was prepared in a manner analogous to Example A-440 starting with methanol. Yield: off-white solid, 119 mg (14 %); mp = 265.3-265.3 °C; ¹H-NMR (DMSO-d6/300 MHz) 12.61 (br s, 1H), 8.41 (d, 2H), 7.52 (d, 2H), 7.38 (d, 2H), 7.17 (d, 2H), 3.90 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 286.0766 (M+H, C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>13</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub>O requires 286.0747); Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>12</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub>O·0.25 H2O: C, 62.08; H, 4.34; N, 14.48. Found: C, 62.24; H, 4.11; N,

14.16.

# Example A-447

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To the dithietane of Step 1 of Example A-341 (638 mg, 2 mmol) in toluene (15 mL) was added thiomorpholine (800 uL, 8 uL). The reaction mixture was heated to 10 reflux for 6 hours, then cooled to room temperature and diluted with toluene (20 mL). The reaction mixture was then extracted twice with water (20 mL) and brine (20 The organic solution was dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), filtered, and concentrated to an oil. Hexane was added to the 15 residue and heated to reflux, then decanted. The oil became semi-solid. The semi-solid was dissolved in tetrahydrofuran (10 mL) and potassium t-butoxide 1M in tetrahydrofuran (2 mL, 2 mmol) was added. This was 20 followed by iodomethane (125 uL, 2 mmol). The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 1 hour, then quenched with water (20 mL). The reaction mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate (2  $\times$  30 mL). The organic layers were pooled, washed with brine (20 mL) and dried (MgSO $_4$ ). 25 Filtration and concentration produced an oil which was chased once with toluene to remove any ethyl acetate. The residue was dissolved in ethanol (10 mL) and hydrazine hydrate (97 uL, 2 mmol) was added. reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 4 30 hours then partitioned between ethyl acetate and saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (30 mL each). layers were separated and the aqueous layer extracted again with ethyl acetate (30 mL). The combined organic

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layers were washed with brine (20 mL) and dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>). Filtration and concentration produced an orange residue which was triturated with acetonitrile to generate a tan solid. Yield: 295 mg (43%); mp >300 °C;  $^{1}$ H NMR (DMSO-d6/300 MHz) 12.70 (br s, 1H), 8.47 (d, 2H), 7.46 (d, 2H), 7.26 (m, 4H), 3.13 (m, 4H), 2.62 (m, 4H); ESHRMS m/z 357.0942 (M+H,  $C_{18}H_{18}ClN_4S$  requires 357.0941); Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{18}H_{17}ClN_4S$ : C, 60.58; H, 4.80; N, 15.70. Found: C, 60.32; H, 4.96; N, 15.60.

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#### Example A-448

2HCI

3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-[(1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)-oxy]-4-pyridin-4-yl-1H-pyrazole

The compound of Example A-441 (455 mg, 1.5 mmol) was combined with 98% formic acid (6 mL) and heated to 100 °C. After three hours, 37% formaldehyde (1.22 mL, 15 mmol) was added and the reaction was heated for an additional five hours at 100 °C. The reaction mixture was allowed to cool to room temperature and filtered. The solution was diluted with water (15 mL) and extracted once with ethyl acetate (30 mL). The aqueous solution was then basified with 2.5 N sodium hydroxide to pH 8. The cloudy mixture was then extracted twice with 1:1 tetrahydrofuran:ethyl acetate (30 mL). The organic layers were pooled and washed once with brine (25 mL), dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), filtered and concentrated to an oil which solidified on standing. The solid was triturated with

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acetonitrile and collected by suction filtration. solid was suspended in ethanol:water 2:1 (15 mL) and 1 mL of concentrated HCl was added. The solution was allowed to stir at room temperature for one hour, then 5 filtered and concentrated. The residue was combined with ethanol (10 mL) and reconcentrated twice. The resulting solid was triturated with acetonitrile (10 mL) containing a small amount of ethanol (0.5 mL) to remove some colored impurities. The solid was collected by suction 10 filtration, washed with acetonitrile and dried in-vacuo. Yield: 490 mg (88 %); mp 255.9-256.8 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR  $(D_2O/DMSO-d6/NaOD/300 MHz)$  7.93 (d, 2H), 7.09 (s, 4H), 7.00 (d, 2H), 4.42 (m, 1H), 2.26 (br m, 2H,) 2.12 (br m, 2H), 1.92 (s, 3H), 1.68 (br m, 2 H), 1.57 (br m, 2H); ESLRMS m/z 369 (M+H). 15

#### Example A-449

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To the compound of Example C-1, infra, (4'-fluoro-1-(4-pyridyl) acetophenone, 14.0 g, 0.065 mol) in anhydrous tetrahydrofuran (200 mL) was added dropwise potassium t-butoxide (1M in tetrahydrofuran, 150 mL). The mixture was stirred 30 minutes. Carbon disulfide (4.2 mL, 0.07 mol) in tetrahydrofuran (25 mL) was added dropwise and stirred 15 minutes. 2-Bromomethyl-1,3-dioxolane (25.0 g, 0.15 mol) in tetrahydrofuran (25 mL) was added dropwise and contents were refluxed 10 hours. The mixture was allowed to cool and partitioned between ethyl acetate and

water. The ethyl acetate layer was dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated in vacuo leaving a red oil (29.3 g). Chromatography on silica gel eluting with 25% ethyl acetate/hexanes gave the desired compound as a red oil, (5.5 g, 18% yield). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sup>3</sup>) 8.62-8.52 (m, 2H); 8.07-7.95 (m, 2H); 7.48-7.40 (m, 2H); 7.20-7.05 (m, 2H); 5.15-5.05 (m, 1H); 4.98-4.90 (m, 1H); 4.00-3.77 (m, 8H); 3.08 (d, J = 6 Hz, 2H); 3.03 (d, J = 6 Hz, 2H); ESHRMS m/z 464.0966 (M+H,  $C_{22}H_{23}FNO_5S_2$  requires 464.1001); Anal. Calc'd for:  $C_{22}H_{22}FNO_5S_2$  (0.1  $H_2$ 0): C, 56.79; H, 4.81; N, 3.01. Found: C, 56.45; H, 4.71; N, 3.02.

# Example A-450

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To the compound of Example C-1, infra, (4'-fluoro-1-(4-pyridyl)acetophenone, 7.0 g, 0.0325 mol) in anhydrous tetrahydrofuran (200 mL) was added dropwise potassium tbutoxide (1M in tetrahydrofuran, 75 mL). The mixture was stirred 30 minutes. Carbon disulfide (2.1 mL, 0.035 mol) in tetrahydrofuran (25 mL)was added dropwise and stirred 15 minutes. 4-Methoxybenzyl chloride (10.2 mL, 0.075 mol) in tetrahydrofuran (10 mL) was added dropwise and contents were stirred overnight. The contents were partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. acetate layer was dried over MgSO4 and concentrated in vacuo leaving a red oil (19.1 g). Chromatography on silica gel eluting with 25% ethyl acetate/hexanes gave the desired as a white solid (11.8 g, 68% yield). Recrystallization from ethyl acetate/hexanes gave the desired as colorless crystals: mp 118.5 - 120.6 °C; 'H

NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 8.43 (d, J = 7 Hz, 2H); 7.62-7.52 (m, 2H); 7.20-6.72 (m, 12H); 3.98 (d, J = 6 Hz, 4H); 3.83 (s, 3H); 3.81 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 532.1408 (M+H,  $C_{30}H_{27}FNO_{3}S_{2}$  requires 532.1416); Anal. Calc'd for:  $C_{30}H_{26}FNO_{3}S_{2}$  (0.5  $H_{20}$ ): C, 66.65; H, 5.03; N, 2.59. Found: C, 66.34; H, 4.96; N, 2.55.

# Example A-451

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The compound of Example A-449 (4.0 g, 9.2 mmol) and hydrazine monohydrate (2.2 mL, 46 mmol) were refluxed in ethanol (100 mL) for three hours. The mixture was allowed to cool and stand overnight. A yellow precipitate was filtered to give the desired product as a yellow solid, (1.34 g, 41% yield); mp 202.1-205.4°C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d6) 13.5 (br s, 1H); 8.55-8.45 (m, 2H); 7.40-7.12 (m, 6H); 5.01 (s, 1H); 3.92-3.70 (m, 4H); 3.13 (s, 2H); ESHRMS m/z 358.1025 (M+H, C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>17</sub>FN<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S requires 358.1025); Anal. Calc'd for: C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>16</sub>FN<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S: C, 60.49; H, 4.51; N, 11.76. Found: C, 60.26; H, 4.55 N, 11.87.

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# Example A-452

The above compound was prepared similarly to the compound of Example A-451 starting with the compound prepared in Example A-450. The desired product was obtained as a white solid (2.15 g, 49% yield); mp 214.7-215.8 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-d6 + approx. 10%TFA) 8.70 (d, 2H); 7.60 (d, 2H); 7.42-7.38 (m, 2H); 7.30-7.20 (m, 2H); 6.70 (d, 2H); 4.10 (s, 2H); 3.68 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 392.1225 (M+H, C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>19</sub>FN<sub>3</sub>OS requires 392.1232); Anal. Calc'd for: C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>18</sub>FN<sub>3</sub>OS: C, 67.50; H, 4.63; N, 10.73. Found: C, 67.46; H, 4.67 N, 10.77.

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#### Example A-453

The compound prepared in step 1 of Example A-341 (50 g, 0.156 mol) and anhydrous hydrazine (25 mL, 0.8 mol) were refluxed in ethanol (500 mL) for five hours. The mixture was allowed to cool and the precipitate filtered to afford the desired product as a yellow-orange solid (21.8 g). The filtrate was diluted with water (200 mL) and a second crop was obtained as a yellow-orange solid

(18.0 g). The pH of the filtrate was adjusted to pH 8 with 3N HCl and the precipitated solid filtered to give more desired as a yellow-orange solid (2.0 g). The product was obtained in 93% yield. mp  $266.3-268.9^{\circ}$ C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d6) 13.80 (br, 1H); 12.20 (br s, 1H); 8.32 (s, 4H); 7.50-7.30 (m, 4H); ESHRMS m/z 288.0358 (M+H, C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>11</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub>S requires 288.0362); Anal. Calc'd for: C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>10</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub>S (0.4 H<sub>2</sub>0): C, 57.01; H, 3.69; N, 14.25. Found: C, 56.95; H, 3.50 N, 14.14.

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#### Example A-454

The above compound was prepared similarly to the compound of Example A-453. mp 261.3-263.9°C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d6) 11.55 (br s, 1H); 8.25-8.13 (m, 2H); 7.61-7.50 (m, 2H); 7.36-7.20 (m, 2H); 7.19-7.05 (m, 2H); ESHRMS m/z 272.0691 (M+H, C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>11</sub>FN<sub>3</sub>S requires 272.0657); Anal. Calc'd for: C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>10</sub>FN<sub>3</sub>S (0.25 H<sub>2</sub>0): C, 60.97; H, 3.84; N, 15.24. Found: C, 61.05; H, 3.64 N, 15.12.

# Example A-455

To the compound prepared in Example A-453 (100 mg, 0.35 mmol) in methanol (2 mL) was added 0.5 M sodium methoxide (0.7 mL, 0.35 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 15 minutes and filtered to remove some small particles. The filtrate was concentrated in vacuo, dissolved in water and concentrated in vacuo leaving the desired product as a white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d6) 11.60 (br s, 1H); 8.20 (d, 2H); 7.60-7.50 (m, 2H); 7.40-7.20 (m, 4H); Anal. Calc'd for: C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>9</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub>NaS (2.5 H20): C,

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47.40; H, 3.98; N, 11.84. Found: C, 47.39; H, 3.33; N, 11.50.

# Example A-456

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[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-pyridin-4-yl-1H-pyrazole-5-yl]thio]-acetonitrile

10 To the compound prepared in Example A-453 (584 mg, 2.0 mmol) and bromoacetonitrile (140 ul, 2.0 mmol) in dimethylformamide (5 mL) was added anhydrous potassium carbonate (276 mg, 2.0 mmol). The contents were stirred overnight, then partitioned between ethyl acetate and 15 water. The ethyl acetate layer was dried over MgSO4 and concentrated in vacuo leaving a tan solid. The solid was triturated with methanol and filtered to give the desired as a off-white solid (369 mg, 56% yield). mp 230.0-230.5°C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d6) 13.90 (br s, 1H); 8.58 (d, 2H); 7.60-7.13 (m, 6H); 4.10 (s, 2H); ESHRMS m/z 327.0482 20  $(M+H, C_{16}H_{12}ClN_4S \text{ requires } 327.0471);$  Anal. Calc'd for:  $C_{16}H_{11}C_{11}N_4S$  (0.3  $H_2O$ ): C, 57.85, H, 3.52; N, 16.87. Found C, 57.88; H, 3.31; N, 16.77.

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#### Example A-457

The above compound was prepared similarly to the

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compound of Example A-456 except that when the contents were partitioned between ethyl acetate and water, an insoluble solid was filltered to give the desired product as a white solid (2.16 g). A second crop (1.68 g) of desired product gave a total yield of 61%. mp 192.8-195.2°C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d6 + approximately 10%TFA) 9.80 (d, 2H); 7.80 (d, 2H); 7.52-7.34 (m, 4H); 3.92 (s, 2H); 3.57 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 360.05735 (M+H, C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>14</sub>ClN1<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S requires 360.05732); Anal. Calc'd for: C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>14</sub>ClN3<sub>0</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S (0.25 H<sub>2</sub>O): C, 56.05, H, 4.01; N, 11.53. Found C, 56.10; H, 3.72; N, 11.51.

# Example A-458

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The compound prepared in Example A-453 (1.2 g, 4.2 mmol), potassium carbonate (630 mg, 4.6 mmol), N-tertbutoxycarbonyl-4-bromo piperidine (1.2 g, 4.5 mmol) were heated in dimethylformamide (15 mL) at 105 °C for three hours. Contents were allowed to cool and partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The ethyl acetate layer was dried over MgSO, and concentrated in vacuo. residue was triturated with ethyl acetate and filtered to give the desired as a white solid (1.2 g, 61% yield). mp 220.9-221.0°C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d6) 13.70 (br, 1H); 8.60-8.50 (m, 2H); 7.58-7.10 (m, 6H); 3.80-3.60 (m, 2H); 3.40-3.20 (m, 1H); 3.00-2.63 (m, 2H); 2.00-1.53 (m, 2H); 1.50-1.05 (m, 2H); 1.40 (s, 9H); ESHRMS m/z 471.1605 (M+H,  $C_{24}H_{28}ClN_4OS$  requires 471.1622); Anal. Calc'd for:  $C_{24}H_{27}ClN_4OS$  (0.5  $H_2O$ ): C, 60.05; H, 5.88; N, 11.67. Found: C, 60.04; H, 5.57; N, 11.31.

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#### Example A-459

5 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-[(piperidin-4-yl)-thio]-4-pyridin-4-yl-1H-pyrazole

The compound prepared in Example A-458 (5.0 g, 11 mmol), and TFA (30 mL) were mixed in methylene chloride (50 mL) and stirred overnight. The mixture was concentrated in vacuo leaving a pale yellow oil which was dissolved in water. The pH was adjusted with 2.5 N sodium hydroxide to pH 9, precipitating a white solid which was filtered to give the desired product as a white solid (3.7 g, 93% yield). mp 211.1-211.2°C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-d6) 13.80 (br, 1H); 8.55 (d, 2H); 8.40 (br, 1H); 7.50-7.15 (m, 6H); 3.50-3.00 (m, 3H); 3.00-2.80 (m, 2H); 2.05-1.80 (m, 2H); 1.65-1.42 (m, 2H); ESHRMS m/z 371.1103 (M+H, C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>20</sub>ClN<sub>4</sub>S requires 371.1097); Anal. Calc'd for: C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>19</sub>ClN<sub>4</sub>S (H<sub>2</sub>O): C, 58.68; H, 5.44; N, 14.41. Found: C, 58.86; H, 5.28; N, 14.25.

#### Example A-460

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To 1-(2-chloroethyl)pyrrolidine hydrochloride (306 mg, 1.8 mmol) in methanol (10 mL) was added 0.5 M sodium methoxide (7.0 mL, 3.6 mmol). The mixture was stirred 10

minutes and the compound of Example A-453 (500 mg, 1.8 mmol) added. The contents were refluxed one hour, allowed to cool and partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The ethyl acetate layer was dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated in vacuo leaving a light amber solid. The solid was recrystallized from methanol (15 mL) to give the desired product as a white solid (213 mg, 33% yield). mp 189.9-190.1°C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d6) 13.65 (br, 1H); 8.52 (d, 2H); 7.42 (d, 2H); 7.38-7.10 (m, 4H); 3.10-2.93 (m, 2H); 2.63-2.51 (m, 2H); 2.38 (br s, 4H); 1.70-1.52 (m, 4H); ESHRMS m/z 385.1262 (M+H, C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>22</sub>ClN<sub>4</sub>S requires 385.1254); Anal. Calc'd for: C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>21</sub>ClN<sub>4</sub>S: C, 62.41, H, 5.50; N, 14.56. Found C, 62.22; H, 5.62; N, 14.48.

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# Example A-461

Method A: The compound prepared in Example A-457 20 (1.3 g, 3.6 mmol) in methanol (10 mL), 2.5N sodium hydroxide (4 mL) and water (10 mL) were stirred overnight. The mixture was concentrated in vacuo to remove the methanol and the aqueous solution left was made acidic to pH 6 with 3N HCl, precipitating a solid. 25 The solid was extracted into ethyl acetate, dried over MgSO, and concentrated in vacuo leaving light tan crystals (205 mg). Brine was added to the aqueous layer precipitating more solid. The solid did not extract into ethyl acetate, but was filtered to give more desired 30 product as a light tan powder (529 mg). Total yield was 61% yield.  $^{1}$ H NMR (DMSO-d6 + 10%TFA) 8.80 (d, 2H); 7.83 (d, 2H); 7.55-7.35 (m, 4H); 3.87 (s, 2H).

Method B: The compound prepared in Example A-457 (3.8 g, 11 mmol) and 3N HCl (30 mL) were reluxed for three hours. The mixture was allowed to cool and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was mixed with CH<sub>3</sub>CN (50 mL). Upon standing overnight, pale yellow crystals grew and were filtered to give the desired product as the HCl salt (2.9 g, 69% yield). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d6) 8.79 (d, 2H); 7.75 (d, 2H); 7.51-7.38 (m, 4H); 3.88 (s, 2H); ESHRMS m/z 346.0435 (M+H, C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>16</sub>ClN<sub>4</sub>OS requires 346.0417); Anal. Calc'd for: C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>12</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S (HCl, 0.5 H<sub>2</sub>O): C, 49.12; H, 3.61; N, 10.74. Found: C, 49.36; H, 3.48; N, 10.72.

# Example A-462

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# Example A-463

5 The compound prepared in Example A-457 (415 mg, 12 mmol) and N, N-dimethylaminopropylamine were refluxed in methanol (25 mL) for three hours. The mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature before concentrating in vacuo leaving a solid. The solid was triturated with ethyl acetate and filtered to give the 10 desired as a white solid (256 mg, 50 % yield). mp 168.8-169.5°C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d6) 13.80 (br, 1H); 8.55-8.50 (m 2H); 8.02 (t, 1H); 7.50-7.40 (m, 6H); 3.61 (s, 2H); 3.30-2.98 (m, 2H); 2.14-2.10 (m, 2H); 2.04 (s, 6H); 1.50-1.40 (m, 2H); ESHRMS m/z 430.1472  $(M+H, C_{21}H_{25}ClN_{125}OS$ 15 requires 430.1468); Anal. Calc'd for: C21H24ClN5OS (0.5 H<sub>2</sub>O): C, 57.46; H, 5.74; N, 15.95. Found: C, 57.71; H, 5.56; N, 16.12.

### Example A-464

To the compound prepared in Example A-458 (1.0 g, 2.1 mmol) in methylene chloride (25 mL) was added meta-chloroperbenzoic acid (425 mg, 2.1 mmol). The mixture was stirred 15 minutes and chromatographed on silica gel (20 g) eluting with ethyl acetate. The desired product precipitated out of the ethyl acetate elutant upon

standing and was filtered to give the desired product as a white solid (958 mg, 93% yield). mp 215.8-215.9°C;  $^{1}$ H NMR (DMSO-d6) 14.34 (br s, 1H); 8.57-8.54 (m, 2H); 7.51-7.25 (m, 6H); 4.00-3.82 (m, 2H); 3.60-3.40 (m, 1H); 2.85-2.70 (m, 2H); 2.10-1.95 (m, 1H); 1.56-1.10 (m, 3H); 1.36 (s, 9H); ESHRMS m/z 487.1580 (M+H,  $C_{17}H_{16}ClN_{4}OS$  requires 487.1571); Anal. Calc'd for:  $C_{24}H_{27}ClN_{12_4}O_{3}S$ : C, 59.19; H, 5.59; N, 11.50. Found: C, 59.00; H, 5.76; N, 11.46.

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# Example A-465

To the compound prepared in Example A-458 (320 mg, 0.68 mmol) in ethanol (5 mL) was added an aqueous 15 solution of potassium peroxymonosulfate (420 mg, 0.68 mmol). The mixture was stirred two hours and extracted into ethyl acetate which was dried over MgSO, and concentrated in vacuo leaving a white solid. The solid 20 was triturated with methanol and filtered to give the desired as a white solid (90 mg, 26% yield). 230.8°C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d6) 8.61 (d, 2H); 7.48 (d, 2H); 7.31-7.20 (m, 4H); 4.05-3.90 (m, 2H); 3.54-3.35 (m, 1H); 2.85-2.60 (m, 2H); 1.92-1.80 (m, 2H); 1.48-1.25 (m, 2H); 25 1.32 (s, 9H); ESHRMS m/z 503.1541 (M+H,  $C_{24}H_{27}ClN_{2}O_{4}S$ requires 503.1520); Anal. Calc'd for: C24H27ClN4O4S (H<sub>2</sub>O): C, 56.30; H, 5.51; N, 10.94. Found: C, 56.41; H, 5.78; N, 10.54.

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# Example A-466

The above compound was prepared similarly to the compound of Example A-464. After chromatography the solid obtained was recrystallized from CH<sub>3</sub>CN to give the desired product as white crystals (64 mg, 33% yield). mp 189.5-189.5°C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d6) 14.28 (br s, 1H); 8.50 (d, 2H); 7.40-7.20 (m, 4H); 7.20-7.05 (m, 4H); 6.85 (d, 2H); 4.41 (s, 2H); 3.70 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 408.1168 (M+H, C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>19</sub>FN<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S requires 408.1182); Anal. Calc'd for: C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>18</sub>FN<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S: C, 64.85; H, 4.45; N, 10.31. Found: C, 64.44; H, 4.34; N, 10.70.

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# Example A-467

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To the compound prepared in Example A-466 (1.2 g, 2.5 mmol) in methylene chloride (50 mL) was added meta-chloroperbenzoic acid (1.0 g, 5.0 mmol). The mixture was stirred 1.5 hours and filtered a white solid (620 mg)

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which was inorganic salts. The filtrate was chromatographed on silica gel (20 g) eluting with ethyl acetate to give the desired product as a white solid (98 mg, 9% yield). mp 241.9-242.0°C;  $^{1}$ H NMR (DMSO-d6) 8.48-8.40 (m, 2H); 7.33-6.80 (m, 10H); 4.55 (s, 2H); 3.72 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 424.1143 (M+H,  $C_{24}H_{27}ClN_4O_4S$  requires 424.1131); Anal. Calc'd for:  $C_{22}H_{18}FN_3O_3S$ : C, 62.40; H, 4.28; N, 9.92. Found: C, 62.14; H, 4.42; N, 9.68.

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# Example A-468

3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-[(1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)-thio]-4-pyridin-4-yl-1H-pyrazole

The compound prepared in Example A-458 (5.0 g, 0.01 mol) and formic acid (96%, 7 mL) were heated at 100 °C The mixture was allowed to cool to about for one hour.  $^{\circ}\text{C}$  and formaldehyde (37%, 13 mL) was added. contents were heated at 80 °C for two hours. contents were allowed to cool, diluted with water (200 mL) and made basic to pH 11 with 2.5N sodium hydroxide, precipitating a white solid. The solid was filtered and recrystallized from methanol to give the desired as a white solid (174 mg. 33% yield). mp 227.7-227.7°C; NMR (DMSO-d6) 13.70 (br s, 1H); 8.56-8.48 (m, 2H); 7.50-7.15 (m, 6H); 3.10-2.92 (m, 1H); 2.63-2.50 (m, 2H); 2.05 (s, 3H); 1.95-1.65 (m, 4H); 1.50-1.30 (m, 2H); ESHRMS m/z 385.1233 (M+H,  $C_{20}H_{22}ClN_4S$  requires 385.1254); Anal. Calc'd for:  $C_{20}H_{21}ClN_4S$ : C, 62.41; H, 5.50; N, 14.56. Found: C, 62.40; H, 5.80; N, 14.61.

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### Example A-469

5 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-[(2-methoxyethyl)-thio]-4-pyridin-4-yl-1H-pyrazole

The above compound was prepared similarly to the compound of Example A-456 using bromoethyl methyl ether except contents were heated at 70 °C for one hour before partitioning between ethyl acetate and water. The crude product was recrystallized from methanol/ethyl acetate to give the desired product as a white solid (210 mg, 35% yield). mp 189.2-190.2°C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-d6) 8.60-8.45 (m, 2H); 7.60-7.10 (m, 6H); 3.60-2.85 (m, 7H); ESHRMS m/z 346.0799) M+H, C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>17</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub>OS requires 346.0781); Anal. Calc'd for: C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>16</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub>OS (H<sub>2</sub>O): C, 58.73; H, 4.70; N, 12.09. Found: C, 58.67; H, 4.86; N, 12.03.

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#### Example A-470

The above compound was prepared similarly to the

compound of Example A-456 using 2chloromethylbenzimidazole except contents were heated at

70 °C for one hour before partitioning between ethyl
acetate and water. An insoluble solid was filtered from
the two layers and triturated with methanol to give the

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desired product as a light amber solid (292 mg, 40% yield). mp 257.7-257.7°C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d6) 13.75 (br s, 1H); 12.30 (br s, 1H); 8.55-8.30 (m, 2H); 7.65-6.90 (m, 10H); 4.40 (br s, 2H); ESHRMS m/z 418.0895 (M+H, C,H,ClNs requires 418.0893); Anal. Calc'd for:  $C_{22}H_{16}ClN_5S$  (0.75  $H_2O$ ): C, 61.25; H, 4.09; N, 16.23. Found: C, 61.27; H, 3.90; N, 15.92.

### Example A-471

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The above compound was prepared similarly to the compound of Example A-456 using DL-alpha-bromo-beta-(5imidazolyl)propionic acid except the mixture was heated at 70  $^{\circ}\text{C}$  for one hour. The mixture contained an insoluble solid which was diluted with water and the pH was adjusted with 3N HCl to pH 7. The mixture was filtered and triturated with methanol to give the desired product as a white solid (1.5 g, 81% yield). 165.5°C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d6 + approx. 10%TFA) 8.92 (d, 1H); 8.83-8.75 (m, 2H); 7.80 (d, 2H); 7.55-7.30 (m, 5H); 4.20-4.05 (m, 1H); 3.25-3.00 (m, 2H). ESHRMS m/z 426.0799  $(M+H, C_{20}H_{17}ClN_5O_2S \text{ requires } 426.0791);$  Anal. Calc'd for:  $25 \quad C_{20} H_{16} ClN_5 O_2 S \ (1.8 \ H_2 O): \quad C, \ 52.41 \ H, \ 4.31; \ N, \ 15.28.$ Found: C, 52.68; H, 4.58; N, 15.37.

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# Example A-472

5 To the compound prepared in Example A-453 (264 mg, 0.9 mmol) and alpha-methylenebutyrolactone (0.08 mL, 0.9 mmol) in ethanol was added a drop of triethylamine. mixture was stirred overnight. The resulting solid was filtered and triturated with methanol to give the desired product as a pale yellow solid (181 mg, 51% yield). 10 224.2-225.9°C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d6 + approx. 10%TFA) 8.80 (d, 2H); 7.80 (d, 2H); 7.53-7.33 (m, 4H); 4.30-4.05 (m, 2H); 3.50-3.40 (m, 1H); 3.15-2.90 (m, 2H); 2.32-2.20 (m, 1H) 2.10-1.90 (m, 1H); ESHRMS m/z 386.0760 (M+H, C, H,,ClN,O,S requires 386.0730); Anal. Calc'd for: 15  $C_{19}H_{16}ClN_3O_2S$ : C, 59.14 H, 4.18; N, 10.89. Found: C, 58.97; H, 4.21; N, 10.96.

# Example A-473

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The above compound was prepared similarly to the compound of Example A-456 using 2-bromomethyl-1,3
25 dioxolane except the mixture was heated at 80°C for two hours. The mixture was diluted with water and filtered to give a white solid (502 mg). The solid was recrystallized from ethanol to give the desired product as off-white crystals (280 mg, 43% yield). mp 197.0-

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198.2°C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d6) 13.60 (br s, 1H); 8.60-8.45 (m, 2H); 7.60-7.10 (m, 6H); 5.15-4.85 (m, 1H); 3.95-3.62 (m, 4H); 3.40-2.95 (m, 2H); ESHRMS m/z 374.0741 (M+H,  $C_{18}H_{17}ClN_3O_2S$  requires 374.0730); Anal. Calc'd for:  $C_{18}H_{16}ClN_3O_2S$ : C, 57.83 H, 4.31; N, 11.24. Found: C, 57.69; H, 4.41; N, 11.15.

#### Example A-474

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The above compound was prepared similarly to the compound of Example A-456 using 2-(2-bromoethoxy)tetrahydro-2H-pyran except that the mixture was heated at 80 °C for four hours. The mixture was allowed to cool and partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The ethyl acetate layer was dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated in vacuo leaving a solid (737 mg). The solid was recrystallized from ethanol to give the desired product as pale yellow crystals (281 mg, 39% yield). mp 163.2-163.5°C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-d6) 13.80-13.70 (m, 1H), 8.60-8.42 (br s, 1H); 7.60-7.10 (m, 6H); 4.60-4.30 (m, 1H); 3.90-2.90 (m, 6H); 1.70-1.20 (m, 6H); ESHRMS m/z 416.1200 (M+H, C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>23</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S requires 416.1198); Anal. Calc'd for: C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>22</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S: C, 60.64 H, 5.33; N, 10.10. Found: C, 60.49; H, 5.71; N, 9.96.

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#### Example A-475

5 The above compound was prepared similarly to the compound of Example A-456 using 4-bromobutyronitrile except the mixture was heated at 55 °C for one hour. mixture was diluted with water (75 mL) and filtered to give a white solid (567 mg). The solid was recrystallized from methanol to give the desired product 10 as white crystals (333 mg, 54% yield). mp 216.7-216.9°C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d6 + approx. 10%TFA) 8.80-8.75 (m, 2H); 7.83-7.75 (m, 2H); 7.50-7.35 (m, 4H); 3.10-3.00 (m, 2H); 2.60-2.45 (m, 2H); 1.95-1.80 (m, 2H); ESHRMS m/z 355.0818 (M+H,  $C_{18}H_{16}ClN_4S$  requires 355.0784); Anal. 15 Calc'd for:  $C_{18}H_{15}ClN_4S$  (0.5  $H_2O$ ): C, 59.42 H, 4.43; N, 15.40. Found: C, 59.64; H, 4.11; N, 15.44.

# Example A-476

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The compound prepared in Example A-461 (416 mg, 1.1 mmol), morpholine (4 mL), O-benzotriazol-1-yl-N,N,N',N'-25 tetramethyluronium tetrafluoroborate (481 mg, 1.5 mmol) and dimethylformamide (10 mL) were stirred overnight. The mixture was diluted with water (75 mL) and the resulting solid was filtered (363 mg). The solid was recrystallized from ethanol to give the desired product

as a white solid (219 mg, 48% yield). mp 215.4-215.5°C;  $^{1}H \ NMR \ (DMSO-d6) \ 13.70-13.60 \ (m, 1H); \ 8.60-8.50 \ (m, 2H);$   $7.50-7.10 \ (m, 6H); \ 3.93-3.80 \ (m, 2H); \ 3.60-3.20 \ (m, 8H);$   $ESHRMS \ m/z \ 415.0995 \ (M+H, \ C_{20}H_{20}ClN_{4}O_{2}S \ requires \ 415.1001);$   $Anal. \ Calc'd \ for: \ C_{20}H_{19}ClN_{4}O_{2}S: \ C, \ 57.90 \ H, \ 4.62; \ N,$   $13.50. \ Found: \ C, \ 57.87; \ H, \ 4.86; \ N, \ 13.53.$ 

# Example A-477

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The above compound was prepared similarly to the compound of Example A-456 using 2-bromopropionitrile except the mixture was heated at 70 °C for one hour. The mixture was diluted with water (75 mL) and filtered to give an off-white solid (662 mg). The solid was recrystallized from methanol to give the desired product as a white solid (220 mg, 37% yield). mp 211.1-212.8°C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d6 + approx. 10%TFA) 8.87-8.80 (m, 2H); 7.90-7.80 (m, 2H); 7.55-7.45 (m, 6H); 4.42 (q, 1H); 1.50 (d, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 341.0628 (M+H, C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>16</sub>ClN<sub>4</sub>S requires 341.0628); Anal. Calc'd for: C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>13</sub>ClN<sub>4</sub>S: C, 59.91 H, 3.84; N, 16.44. Found: C, 59.64; H, 4.01; N, 16.18.

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# Example A-478

The above compound was prepared similarly to the

compound of Example A-456 using propargyl bromide. The mixture was diluted with water (75 mL) and filtered to give a pale yellow solid (577 mg). The solid was triturated with methanol to give the desired product as a white solid (388 mg, 68% yield). mp  $212.7-213.2^{\circ}C$ ; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d6 + approx. 10%TFA) 8.80 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H); 7.82 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H); 7.50-7.35 (m, 4H); 3.81 (d, J = 2.6 Hz, 2H); 3.05 (t, J = 2.6 Hz, 1H); ESHRMS m/z 326.0533 (M+H,  $C_{17}H_{13}ClN_3S$  requires 326.0519); Anal. Calc'd for:  $C_{17}H_{12}ClN_3S$  (0.2 H2O): C, 61.98 H, 3.79; N, 12.76. Found: C, 61.89; H, 3.45; N, 12.67.

# Example A-479

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The above compound was prepared similarly to the compound of Example A-456 using allyl bromide. mixture was diluted with water (75 mL) and filtered to 20 give a pale yellow solid (509 mg). The solid was recrystallized from methanol to give the desired product as a pale yellow solid (187 mg, 33% yield). mp 207.3-208.1°C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-*d*6 + approx. 10%TFA) 8.80 (d, 2H); 7.80 (d, 2H); 7.50-7.30 (m, 4H); 5.90-5.70 (m, 1H); 5.10-25 4.95 (m, 2H); 3.62 (d, 2H); ESHRMS m/z 328.0693 C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>15</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub>S requires 328.0675); Anal. Calc'd for:  $C_{17}H_{14}ClN_3S$  (0.1  $H_2O$ ): C, 61.94 H, 4.34; N, 12.75. Found: C, 61.83; H, 4.21; N, 12.76.

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### Example A-480

5 The above compound was prepared similarly to the compound of Example A-456 using 2-bromoethylamine except two equivalents of potassium carbonate were used. mixture was diluted with water (75 mL) and filtered to give a pale yellow solid (509 mg). The solid was 10 recrystallized from methanol to give the desired product as a pale yellow solid (262 mg, 45% yield). 187.8°C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d6 + approx. 10%TFA) 8.85-8.75 (m, 2H); 8.90 (br s, 2H); 8.85-8.75 (m, 2H); 7.55-7.35 (m, 4H); 3.30-3.00 (m, 4H); ESHRMS m/z 331.0779 (M+H, 15 C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>16</sub>ClN<sub>4</sub>S requires 331.0784); Anal. Calc'd for:  $C_{16}H_{15}ClN_4S$  (0.5  $H_2O$ ): C, 56.55; H, 4.75; N, 16.49. Found: C, 56.28; H, 4.38; N, 16.20.

#### Example A-481

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The above compound was prepared similarly to the compound of Example A-456 using 3-(2-bromoethyl)indole. The mixture was diluted with water (75 mL) and filtered to give a pale yellow solid (752 mg). The solid was triturated with methanol to give the desired product as a white solid (682 mg, 91% yield). mp 211.9-213.2°C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d6 + approx. 10%TFA) 10.80 (s, 1H); 8.72 (d,

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2H); 7.71 (d, 2H); 7.55-7.35 (m, 5H); 7.29 (d, 1H); 7.12-6.88 (m, 3H); 3.40-3.30 (m, 2H); 3.05-2.95 (m, 2H); ESHRMS m/z 431.1095 (M+H,  $C_{24}H_{20}ClN_4S$  requires 431.1097); Anal. Calc'd for:  $C_{24}H_{19}ClN_4S$  (0.15  $H_2O$ ): C, 66.47 H, 4.49; N, 12.92. Found: C, 66.44; H, 4.51; N, 12.84.

# Example A-482

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The compound of Example A-464 (464 mg, 0.95 mmol) and TFA (8 mL) were mixed in methylene chloride (10 mL) and stirred overnight. The mixture was concentrated in vacuo and the residue was partitioned between ether and water. The aqueous layer was made basic to pH 10 with 2.5N sodium hydroxide and extracted with ethyl acetate (2 x 100 mL). Upon standing overnight, a solid precipitated from the aqueous layer and was filtered to give the desired product as a white solid (183 mg, 50% yield). 189.1-190.8°C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d6 + approx. 10%TFA) 8.85 (d, 2H); 8.80-8.60 (m 1H); 8.45-8.25 (m, 1H); 7.90 (d, 2H); 7.55-7.30 (m, 4H); 3.65-3.20 (m 3H); 3.10-2.80 (m 2H); 2.20-2.00 (m, 1H); 1.90-1.50 (m, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 387.1032 (M+H,  $C_{19}H_{20}ClN_4OS$  requires 387.1046); Anal. Calc'd for:  $C_{19}H_{20}ClN_4OS$  (2  $H_2O$ ): C, 53.96 H, 5.48; N, 13.25. Found: C, 53.75; H, 4.99; N, 13.21.

### Example A-483

5 The above compound was prepared similarly to the compound of Example A-456 using 3-bromopropionitrile. The mixture was diluted with water (75 mL) and extracted into ethyl acetate, which was dried over MgSO, and concentrated in vacuo leaving an orange waxy solid (523 The solid was dissolved in  $\mathrm{CH_3CN}$  and filtered 10 through a pad of silica gel and eluted with ethyl acetate to give a white solid. The solid was triturated with ethyl acetate and filtered to give the desired product as a white solid (76 mg, 13% yield). mp 205.7-206.5°C; 15 NMR (DMSO-d6 + approx. 10%TFA) 8.80 (d, 2H); 7.80 (d, 2H); 7.55-7.35 (m, 4H); 3.30-3.20 (m, 2H); 2.90-2.80 (m, 2H); ESHRMS m/z 341.0639 (M+H,  $C_{19}H_{20}ClN_4OS$  requires 341.0628); Anal. Calc'd for:  $C_{17}H_{13}ClN_4S$  (0.25  $H_2O$ ): C, 59.13 H, 3.94; N, 16.22. Found: C, 59.03; H, 3.93; N, 20 15.90.

#### Example A-484

A solution of 5-amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(pyridin-4-yl)-pyrazole (200 mg, 0.74 mmol) and toluene sulfonyl chloride (564 mg, 2.94 mmol, prepared as set forth in Example A-427) in pyridine (5 mL) was stirred at 100 °C for two days. The mixture was concentrated in vacuo to a 5 brown residue. The residue was chromatographed on a silica gel column eluting with 10% methanol/dichloromethane. The fractions containing the desired product were combined and concentrated to a yellow solid which was washed with diethyl ether and 10 filtered to afford 78 mg (25%) of the desired sulfonamide as a white solid. m.p.284.3-284.4 °C. ¹H NMR (DMSO/300 MHz)  $\delta$  13.33 (brs, 0.8H), 9.94 (brs, 0.75H), 8.48 (brs, 1.75H), 8.22 (brs, 0.3H), 7.63 (d, 1.7H), 7.47 (d, 1.85H), 7.24 (m, 6.45H), 7.02 (brs, 0.25H), 6.81 (brs, 15 0.20H). ESLRMS m/z 425 (M+H). ESHRMS m/z 425.0848 (M+H,  $C_{21}H_{18}N_4ClS$  requires 425.0839).

#### Example A-485

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1-[cyclohexyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine.

mp >300 °C (decomposed). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CD<sub>3</sub>OD / 300 MHz) 8.50 25 (d, 2H, J = 6.0 Hz), 7.51 (d, 2H, J = 5.8 Hz), 2.99-2.93, (m, 4H), 2.52-2.48 (m, 4H), 3.04-3.02 (m, 4H), 2.96 (s, 3H), 2.54-2.49 (m, 1H), 2.31-2.26 (m, 4H), 1.84-1.33 (m, 10H). FABLRMS m/z 326 (M+H).

Additional compounds of the present invention which could be prepared using one or more of the reaction schemes set forth in this application include, but are not limited to, the following:

4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(1-piperazinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine

Br NH NH

1-[5-(4-bromophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]piperazine;

1-[4-(4-pyridinyl)-5[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]1H-pyrazol-3-yl]piperazine

N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl] -4-piperidinamine

3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(1-piperazinyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

;

;

3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(1-piperazinyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

4-[2-aminoethyl]-2-(4-fluorophenyl]-4,5,6,7-tetrahydro-3-(4-pyridinyl)pyrazolo
[1,5-a]pyrimidin-6-ol

4-[2-aminoethyl]-2-(4-chloro phenyl]-4,5,6,7-tetrahydro-3-(4-pyridinyl]pyrazolo
[1,5-a]pyrimidin-6-ol

3-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyrimidinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyrimidinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-ethanamine

5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyrlmidinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-ethanamine

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-piperidinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine

4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(4-piperidinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine

N-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinyl]acetamide

N-[4-[3-(4-chiorophenyi)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinyl]acetamide

N-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinylpropanamide

N-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyi)-1H-pyrazol-4-yi]-2-pyrimidinyl]propanamide

6-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-1H-purine;

6-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-1H-purine;

N-[4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinyl]-N-(phenylmethyl)acetamide

N-[4-[3-(4-fluoropheny!)-1H-pyrazo!-4-y!]2-pyrimidiny!]-N-(phenylmethy!)propanamide;

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N-[4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazól-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinyl]-N-(phenylmethyl)propanamide;

1-[2-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]ethyl]piperazine;

1-[2-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]ethyl]-4-methylpiperazine;

1-[2-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]ethyl]piperazine;

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1-[2-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]ethyl]-4-methylpiperazine;

1-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]methylpiperazine;

1-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]methyl]-4-methylpiperazine;

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4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-piperazineethanol;

4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1piperazineethanamine;

4-[5-[4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-piperazineethanol;

5 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-piperazineethanamine;

4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1,2,6-trimethylpiperazine;

1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]3,5-dimethylpiperazine;

5 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]1,2,6-trimethylpiperazine;

4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1,2-dimethylpiperazine;

1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-3-methylpiperazine;

5 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1,2-dimethylpiperazine;

5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-N-3-pyrrolidinyl-1H-pyrazol-3-amine;

5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-(1-methyl-3-pyrrolidinyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine;

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5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-N-3-pyrrolidinyl-1H-pyrazol-3-amine;

5 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-(1-methyl-3-pyrrolidinyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine;

1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-3-pyrrolidinamine;

1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-N,N-dimethyl-3-pyrrolidinamine;

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1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-3-pyrrolidinamine;

5 1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]N,N-dimethyl-3-pyrrolidinamine;

5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-[(1-ethyl-2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl]-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine;

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5-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-[(1-ethyl-2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl]-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine;

N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-3-piperidinamine;

N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-methyl-3-piperidinamine;

N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-3-piperidinamine;

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N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-methyl-3-piperidinamine;

<sub>\_</sub>5

4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-2-piperazinemethanol;

4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-2-10 piperazinemethanamine;

4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-methyl-2-piperazinemethanol;

5 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-methyl-2-piperazinemethanamine;

4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-2-piperazinemethanol;

4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-2-piperazinemethanamine;

5 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-methyl-2-piperazinemethanol;

4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-methyl-2-piperazinemethanamine;

4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-methyl-2-pyrimidinamine;

5 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-methyl-2-pyrimidinamine;

1-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3yl]methyl]-4-piperidinol;

1-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]methyl-4-piperidinol;

5 4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine;

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine;

5

4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-2-piperazinecarboxylic acid;

ethyl 4-[5[-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-2-piperazinecarboxylate;

4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-methyl-2-piperazinecarboxylic acid;

ethyl 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3yl]-1-methyl-2-piperazinecarboxylate;

4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-methyl-2-piperazinecarboxamide;

5 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-2piperazinecarboxamide;

4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-2-piperazinecarboxylic acid;

ethyl 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-2-piperazinecarboxylate;

5 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-2-piperazinecarboxamide;

4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-methyl-2-piperazinecarboxylic acid;

ethyl 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-methyl-2-piperazinecarboxylate;

5 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-methyl-2-piperazinecarboxamide;

N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-ethyl-4-piperidinamine;

N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-(phenylmethyl)-4-piperidinamine;

5 l-acetyl-N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1Hpyrazol-3-yl]-4-piperidinamine;

N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-(2-propynyl)-4-piperidinamine;

N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-cyclopropyl-4-piperidinamine;

N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-(methoxyacetyl)-4-piperidinamine;

N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-(methylethyl)-4-piperidinamine;

N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-propyl-4-piperidinamine;

ethyl 4-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]amino]-1-piperidinecarboxylate;

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Additional compounds of specific interest include the compounds of Tables 3-3, 3-4, 3-5 and 3-6:

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TABLE 3-3

	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>5</sup>	R <sup>12</sup>
5	4-piperidinyl		
3	4-piperidinyl 4-piperidinyl	methyl	m- or p-fluoro
	1	ethyl	m- or p-fluoro
	4-piperidinyl	amino	m- or p-fluoro
	4-piperidinyl	methylamino	m- or p-fluoro
	4-piperidinyl	dimethylamino	m- or p-fluoro
10	4-piperidinyl	ethylamino	m- or p-fluoro
	4-piperidinyl	diethylamino	m- or p-fluoro
	4-piperidinyl	propylamino	m- or p-fluoro
	4-piperidinyl	dipropylamino	m- or p-fluoro
	4-piperidinyl	hydroxyethylamino	m- or p-fluoro
15	4-piperidinyl	1-hydroxy-1,1- dimethylethyl	m- or p-fluoro
	4-piperidinyl	methoxyethylamino	m- or p-fluoro
	4-piperidinyl	methyl	m- or p-chloro
	4-piperidinyl	ethyl	m- or p-chloro
	4-piperidinyl	amino	m- or p-chloro
20	4-piperidinyl	methylamino	m- or p-chloro
	4-piperidinyl	dimethylamino	m- or p-chloro
	4-piperidinyl	ethylamino	m- or p-chloro
	4-piperidinyl	diethylamino	m- or p-chloro
	4-piperidinyl	propylamino	m- or p-chloro
25	4-piperidinyl	dipropylamino	m- or p-chloro
	4-piperidinyl	hydroxyethylamino	m- or p-chloro
	4-piperidinyl	1-hydroxy-1,1- dimethylethyl	m- or p-chloro
	4-piperidinyl	methoxyethylamino	m- or p-chloro
	4-piperidinyl	methyl	m- or p-methyl
30	4-piperidinyl	ethyl	m- or p-methyl
	4-piperidinyl	amino	m- or p-methyl
	4-piperidinyl	methylamino	m- or p-methyl
	4-piperidinyl	dimethylamino	m- or p-methyl

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	4-piperidinyl	ethylamino	m- or p-methyl
	4-piperidinyl	diethylamino	m- or p-methyl
	4-piperidinyl	propylamino	m- or p-methyl
	4-piperidinyl	dipropylamino	m- or p-methyl
5	4-piperidinyl	hydroxyethylamino	m- or p-methyl
	4-piperidinyl	1-hydroxy-1,1- dimethylethyl	m- or p-methyl
	4-piperidinyl	methoxyethylamino	m- or p-methyl
	4-piperazinyl	methyl	m- or p-fluoro
	4-piperazinyl	ethyl	m- or p-fluoro
10	4-piperazinyl	amino	m- or p-fluoro
	4-piperazinyl	methylamino	m- or p-fluoro
	4-piperazinyl	dimethylamino	m- or p-fluoro
	4-piperazinyl	ethylamino	m- or p-fluoro
	4-piperazinyl	diethylamino	m- or p-fluoro
15	4-piperazinyl	propylamino	m- or p-fluoro
	4-piperazinyl	dipropylamino	m- or p-fluoro
	4-piperazinyl	hydroxyethylamino	m- or p-fluoro
	4-piperazinyl	1-hydroxy-1,1- dimethylethyl	m- or p-fluoro
	4-piperazinyl	methoxyethylamino	m- or p-fluoro
20	4-piperazinyl	methyl	m- or p-chloro
	4-piperazinyl	ethyl	m- or p-chloro
	4-piperazinyl	amino	m- or p-chloro
	4-piperazinyl	methylamino	m- or p-chloro
	4-piperazinyl	dimethylamino	m- or p-chloro
25	4-piperazinyl	ethylamino	m- or p-chloro
	4-piperazinyl	diethylamino	m- or p-chloro
	4-piperazinyl	propylamino	m- or p-chloro
	4-piperazinyl	dipropylamino	m- or p-chloro
	4-piperazinyl	hydroxyethylamino	m- or p-chloro
30	4-piperazinyl	1-hydroxy-1,1- dimethylethyl	m- or p-chloro
	4-piperazinyl	methoxyethylamino	m- or p-chloro
	4-piperazinyl	methyl	m- or p-methyl
	4-piperazinyl	ethyl	m- or p-methyl
	4-piperazinyl	amino	m- or p-methyl
35	4-piperazinyl	methylamino	m- or p-methyl
	4-piperazinyl	dimethylamino	m- or p-methyl
	4-piperazinyl	ethylamino	m- or p-methyl
	4-piperazinyl	diethylamino	m- or p-methyl
	4-piperazinyl	propylamino	m- or p-methyl
40	4-piperazinyl	dipropylamino	m- or p-methyl

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	4-piperazinyl	hydroxyethylamino	m- or p-methyl
•.	4-piperazinyl	1-hydroxy-1,1-	m- or p-methyl
		dimethylethyl	
	4-piperazinyl	methoxyethylamino	m- or p-methyl
	aminocyclohexyl	methyl	m- or p-fluoro
5	aminocyclohexyl	ethyl	m- or p-fluoro
	aminocyclohexyl	amino	m- or p-fluoro
	aminocyclohexyl	methylamino	m- or p-fluoro
	aminocyclohexyl	dimethylamino	m- or p-fluoro
	aminocyclohexyl	ethylamino	m- or p-fluoro
10	aminocyclohexyl	diethylamino	m- or p-fluoro
	aminocyclohexyl	propylamino	m- or p-fluoro
	aminocyclohexyl	dipropylamino	m- or p-fluoro
	aminocyclohexyl	hydroxyethylamino	m- or p-fluoro
	aminocyclohexyl	1-hydroxy-1,1-	m- or p-fluoro
		dimethylethyl	
15	aminocyclohexyl	methoxyethylamino	m- or p-fluoro
	aminocyclohexyl	methyl	m- or p-chloro
	aminocyclohexyl	ethyl	m- or p-chloro
	aminocyclohexyl	amino	m- or p-chloro
	aminocyclohexyl	methylamino	m- or p-chloro
20	aminocyclohexyl	dimethylamino	m- or p-chloro
	aminocyclohexyl	ethylamino	m- or p-chloro
	aminocyclohexyl	diethylamino	m- or p-chloro
	aminocyclohexyl	propylamino	m- or p-chloro
	aminocyclohexyl	dipropylamino	m- or p-chloro
25	aminocyclohexyl	hydroxyethylamino	m- or p-chloro
	aminocyclohexyl	1-hydroxy-1,1-	m- or p-chloro
		dimethylethyl	
	aminocyclohexyl	methoxyethylamino	m- or p-chloro
	aminocyclohexyl	methyl	m- or p-methyl
	aminocyclohexyl	ethyl	m- or p-methyl
30	aminocyclohexyl	amino	m- or p-methyl
	aminocyclohexyl	methylamino	m- or p-methyl
	aminocyclohexyl	dimethylamino	m- or p-methyl
	aminocyclohexyl	ethylamino	m- or p-methyl
	aminocyclohexyl	diethylamino	m- or p-methyl
35	aminocyclohexyl	propylamino	m- or p-methyl
	aminocyclohexyl	dipropylamino	m- or p-methyl
	aminocyclohexyl	hydroxyethylamino	m- or p-methyl
	aminocyclohexyl	1-hydroxy-1,1- dimethylethyl	m- or p-methyl
	aminocyclohexyl	methoxyethylamino	m- or p-methyl

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Still other compounds of specific interest include those compounds of Table 3-3 modified as follows:

- (1) The 4-piperidinyl moiety is replaced with a 1-, 2- or 3-piperidinyl moiety; and/or
- (2) The 4-piperidinyl, 3-piperidinyl, 2-piperidinyl or piperazinyl ring is substituted at a nitrogen ring atom with methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, cyclopropyl, propargyl, benzyl, hydroxyethyl, methoxyethyl, or methoxyacetyl; and/or
- (3) The 1-piperidinyl ring is substituted at a carbon ring atom with methylamino, dimethylamino, ethylamino, diethylamino, isopropylamino, cyclopropylamino, propargylamino, benzylamino, hydroxyethylamino, methoxyethylamino, or methoxyacetylamino; and/or
  - (4) The amino group of the aminocyclohexyl is replaced with methylamino, dimethylamino, ethylamino, diethylamino, isopropylamino, methoxyethylamino, or methoxyacetylamino; and/or
- 20 (5) A linking group selected from the group consisting of methylene, -S-, -O-, and -NH- separates the piperidinyl, piperazinyl or cyclohexyl moiety from the pyrazole nucleus.

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	R <sup>4</sup>	R <sup>3</sup>	R <sup>200</sup>	R <sup>201</sup>
	4-pyridyl	4-methylphenyl	H	0
30	4-pyridyl	4-methylphenyl	CH <sub>3</sub>	0
	4-pyrimidyl	4-methylphenyl	Н	0
	4-pyrimidyl	4-methylphenyl	CH <sub>3</sub>	0
	4-pyridyl	4-methylphenyl	Н	s
	4-pyridyl	4-methylphenyl	CH <sub>3</sub>	s

	4-pyrimidyl	4-methylphenyl	H	S
	4-pyrimidyl	4-methylphenyl	CH <sub>3</sub>	S
	4-pyridyl	3-methylphenyl	Н	0
	4-pyridyl	3-methylphenyl	CH <sub>3</sub>	0
5	4-pyrimidyl	3-methylphenyl	Н	0
	4-pyrimidyl	3-methylphenyl	CH <sub>3</sub>	0
	4-pyridyl	3-methylphenyl	Н	s
	4-pyridyl	3-methylphenyl	CH <sub>3</sub>	S
	4-pyrimidyl	3-methylphenyl	Н	s
10	4-pyrimidyl	3-methylphenyl	CH <sub>3</sub>	s

TABLE 3-5

	R <sup>4</sup>	n	X
15	4-chlorophenyl	1	S
	4-chlorophenyl	2	so
	4-chlorophenyl	2	SO,
	4-chlorophenyl	2	CH <sub>2</sub>
	4-chlorophenyl	2	CHCH <sub>3</sub>
20	4-chlorophenyl	2	CHOH
	4-chlorophenyl	1	CH,
	4-chlorobenzyl	2	NCH <sub>3</sub>
	2-chlorophenyl	2	NCH <sub>3</sub>
	3,4-methylenedioxyphenyl	2	NCH <sub>3</sub>
25	cyclohexyl	2	NCH <sub>3</sub>
	2-thienyl	2	NCH <sub>3</sub>
	5-chloro-2-thienyl	2	NCH <sub>3</sub>
	4-propynylphenyl	2	NCH <sub>3</sub>
	4-methylsulfoxylphenyl	2	NCH <sub>3</sub>
30	4-methylsulfonylphenyl	2	NCH <sub>3</sub>
	2-(1-methyl-5-chloro)indolyl	2	NCH <sub>3</sub>

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### BIOLOGICAL EVALUATION

### p38 Kinase Assay

### Cloning of human p38a:

The coding region of the human p38a cDNA was obtained by PCR-amplification from RNA isolated from the human monocyte cell line THP.1. First strand cDNA was synthesized from total RNA as follows: 2  $\mu g$  of RNA was annealed to 100 ng of random hexamer primers in a 10  $\mu l$  reaction by heating to 70 °C for 10 minutes followed by 2 minutes on ice. cDNA was then synthesized by adding 1  $\mu l$  of RNAsin (Promega, Madison WI), 2  $\mu l$  of 50 mM dNTP's, 4  $\mu l$  of 5% buffer, 2  $\mu l$  of 100 mM DTT and 1  $\mu l$  (200 U) of Superscript II TM AMV reverse transcriptase. Random primer, dNTP's and Superscript TM reagents were all purchased from Life-Technologies, Gaithersburg, MA. The reaction was incubated at 42 °C for 1 hour. Amplification of p38 cDNA was performed by aliquoting 5  $\mu l$  of the reverse transcriptase reaction into a 100  $\mu l$ 

protein.

PCR reaction containing the following: 80  $\mu$ l dH<sub>2</sub>O, 2  $\mu$ l 50 mM dNTP's, 1  $\mu$ l each of forward and reverse primers (50 pmol/ $\mu$ l), 10  $\mu$ l of 10% buffer and 1  $\mu$ l Expand  $^{TM}$ polymerase (Boehringer Mannheim). The PCR primers 5 incorporated Bam HI sites onto the 5' and 3' end of the amplified fragment, and were purchased from Genosys. sequences of the forward and reverse primers were 5'-GATCGAGGATTCATGTCTCAGGAGAGGCCCA-3' and 5'GATCGAGGATTCTCAGGACTCCATCTCTTC-3' respectively. 10 PCR amplification was carried out in a DNA Thermal Cycler (Perkin Elmer) by repeating 30 cycles of 94 °C for 1 minute, 60 °C for 1 minute and 68 °C for 2 minutes. After amplification, excess primers and unincorporated dNTP's were removed from the amplified fragment with a Wizard  $^{\mathrm{TM}}$  PCR prep (Promega) and digested with Bam HI 15 (New England Biolabs). The Bam HI digested fragment was ligated into BamHI digested pGEX 2T plasmid DNA (PharmaciaBiotech) using T-4 DNA ligase (New England Biolabs) as described by T. Maniatis, Molecular Cloning: 20 A Laboratory Manual, 2nd ed. (1989). The ligation reaction was transformed into chemically competent E. coli DH10B cells purchased from Life-Technologies following the manufacturer's instructions. Plasmid DNA was isolated from the resulting bacterial colonies using a Promega Wizard $^{ ext{TM}}$  miniprep kit. Plasmids containing the 25 appropriate Bam HI fragment were sequenced in a DNA Thermal Cycler (Perkin Elmer) with PrismTM (Applied Biosystems Inc.). cDNA clones were identified that coded for both human p38a isoforms (Lee et al. Nature 372, 30 739). One of the clones which contained the cDNA for p38a-2 (CSBP-2) inserted in the cloning site of pGEX 2T, 3' of the GST coding region was designated pMON 35802. The sequence obtained for this clone is an exact match of the cDNA clone reported by Lee et al. This expression 35 plasmid allows for the production of a GST-p38a fusion

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### Expression of human p38a:

GST/p38a fusion protein was expressed from the plasmid pMON 35802 in E. coli, stain DH10B (Life Technologies, Gibco-BRL). Overnight cultures were grown in Luria Broth (LB) containing 100 mg/ml ampicillin. 5 next day, 500 ml of fresh LB was inoculated with 10 ml of overnight culture, and grown in a 2 liter flask at 37 °C with constant shaking until the culture reached an absorbance of 0.8 at 600 nm. Expression of the fusion 10 protein was induced by addition of isopropyl b-Dthiogalactosidse (IPTG) to a final concentration of 0.05 The cultures were shaken for three hours at room temperature, and the cells were harvested by centrifugation. The cell pellets were stored frozen 15 until protein purification.

## Purification of p38 Kinase-α:

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All chemicals were from Sigma Chemical Co. unless noted. Twenty grams of *E. coli* cell pellet collected from five 1 L shake flask fermentations was resuspended in a volume of PBS (140 mM NaCl, 2.7 mM KCl, 10 mM Na<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub>, 1.8 mM KH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>, pH 7.3) up to 200 ml. The cell suspension was adjusted to 5 mM DTT with 2 M DTT and then split equally into five 50 ml Falcon conical tubes. The cells were sonnicated (Ultrasonics model W375) with a 1 cm probe for 3 X 1 minutes (pulsed) on ice. Lysed cell material was removed by centrifugation (12,000 x g, 15 minutes) and the clarified supernatant applied to glutathione-sepharose resin (Pharmacia).

Glutathione-Sepharose Affinity Chromatography:

Twelve ml of a 50% glutathione sepharose-PBS suspension was added to 200 ml clarified supernatant and incubated batchwise for 30 minutes at room temperature. The resin was collected by centrifugation (600 x g, 5 min) and washed with 2 x 150 ml PBS/1% Triton X-100.

followed by 4 x 40 ml PBS. To cleave the p38 kinase from the GST-p38 fusion protein, the glutathione-sepharose resin was resuspended in 6 ml PBS containing 250 units thrombin protease (Pharmacia, specific activity > 7500 units/mg) and mixed gently for 4 hours at room temperature. The glutathione-sepharose resin was removed by centrifugation (600 x g, 5 min) and washed 2 x 6 ml with PBS. The PBS wash fractions and digest supernatant containing p38 kinase protein were pooled and adjusted to 0.3 mM PMSF.

## Mono O Anion Exchange Chromatography:

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The thrombin-cleaved p38 kinase was further purified by FPLC-anion exchange chromatography. Thrombin-cleaved sample was diluted 2-fold with Buffer A (25 mM HEPES, pH 7.5, 25 mM beta-glycerophosphate, 2 mM DTT, 5% glycerol) and injected onto a Mono Q HR 10/10 (Pharmacia) anion exchange column equilibrated with Buffer A. The column was eluted with a 160 ml 0.1 M-0.6 M NaCl/Buffer A gradient (2 ml/minute flowrate). The p38 kinase peak eluting at 200 mM NaCl was collected and concentrated to 3-4 ml with a Filtron 10 concentrator (Filtron Corp.).

# Sephacryl S100 Gel Filtration Chromatography:

The concentrated Mono Q- p38 kinase purified sample was purified by gel filtration chromatography (Pharmacia HiPrep 26/60 Sephacryl S100 column equilibrated with Buffer B (50 mM HEPES, pH 7.5, 50 mM NaCl, 2 mM DTT, 5% glycerol)). Protein was eluted from the column with Buffer B at a 0.5 ml/minute flowrate and protein was detected by absorbance at 280 nm. Fractions containing p38 kinase (detected by SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis) were pooled and frozen at -80 °C. Typical purified protein yields from 5 L E. coli shake flasks fermentations were 35 mg p38 kinase.

### In Vitro Assay

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The ability of compounds to inhibit human p38 kinase alpha was evaluated using two in vitro assay methods. In the first method, activated human p38 kinase alpha phosphorylates a biotinylated substrate, PHAS-I (phosphorylated heat and acid stable protein-insulin inducible), in the presence of gamma  $^{32}P$ -ATP ( $^{32}P$ -ATP). PHAS-I was biotinylated prior to the assay and provides a means of capturing the substrate which is phosphorylated during the assay. p38 Kinase was activated by MKK6. Compounds were tested in 10 fold serial dilutions over the range of 100  $\mu$ M to 0.001  $\mu$ M using 1% DMSO. Each concentration of inhibitor was tested in triplicate.

All reactions were carried out in 96 well 15 polypropylene plates. Each reaction well contained 25 mM HEPES pH 7.5, 10 mM magnesium acetate and 50  $\mu$ M unlabeled ATP. Activation of p38 was required to achieve sufficient signal in the assay. Biotinylated PHAS-I was used at 1-2  $\mu$ g per 50  $\mu$ l reaction volume, with a final 20 concentration of 1.5  $\mu M$ . Activated human p38 kinase alpha was used at 1  $\mu$ g per 50  $\mu$ l reaction volume representing a final concentration of 0.3  $\mu M$ . Gamma  $^{32}P$ -ATP was used to follow the phosphorylation of PHAS-I. 32P-ATP has a specific activity of 3000 Ci/mmol and was 25 used at 1.2  $\mu$ Ci per 50  $\mu$ l reaction volume. The reaction proceeded either for one hour or overnight at 30 °C.

Following incubation, 20  $\mu$ l of reaction mixture was transferred to a high capacity streptavidin coated filter plate (SAM-streptavidin-matrix, Promega) prewetted with phosphate buffered saline. The transferred reaction mix was allowed to contact the streptavidin membrane of the Promega plate for 1-2 minutes. Following capture of biotinylated PHAS-I with  $^{32}$ P incorporated, each well was washed to remove unincorporated  $^{32}$ P-ATP three times with 2M NaCl, three washes of 2M NaCl with 1% phosphoric, three washes of distilled water and finally a single wash

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of 95% ethanol. Filter plates were air dried and 20  $\mu l$  of scintillant was added. The plates were sealed and counted. Results are shown in Table 4.

A second assay format was also employed that is 5 based on p38 kinase alpha induced phosphorylation of EGFRP (epidermal growth factor receptor peptide, a 21 mer) in the presence of  $^{33}P-ATP$ . Compounds were tested in 10 fold serial dilutions over the range of  $100\,\mu\mathrm{M}$  to  $0.001\mu\text{M}$  in 10% DMSO. Each concentration of inhibitor was tested in triplicate. Compounds were evaluated in  $50\mu l$ 10 reaction volumes in the presence of 25 mM Hepes pH 7.5, 10 mM magnesium acetate, 4% glycerol, 0.4% bovine serum albumin, 0.4mM DTT, 50 $\mu$ M unlabeled ATP, 25  $\mu$ g EGFRP (200  $\mu M) \, ,$  and 0.05 uCi gamma  $^{33}P\text{-ATP.}$  Reactions were initiated by addition of 0.09  $\mu g$  of activated, purified 15 human GST-p38 kinase alpha. Activation was carried out using GST-MKK6 (5:1,p38:MKK6) for one hour at 30 °C in the presence of  $50\,\mu\text{M}$  ATP. Following incubation for 60minutes at room temperature, the reaction was stopped by addition of 150 $\mu$ l of AG 1X8 resin in 900 mM sodium 20 formate buffer, pH 3.0 (1 volume resin to 2 volumes buffer). The mixture was mixed three times with pipetting and the resin was allowed to settle. A total of  $50\mu l$  of clarified solution head volume was transferred from the reaction wells to Microlite-2 plates. 150 $\mu$ l of 25 Microscint 40 was then added to each well of the Microlite plate, and the plate was sealed, mixed, and counted.

30		TABLE 4	
	Example	p38 kinase IC50 (μΜ)	
	1	4.6	
	2	1.5	
35	8	<0.1	
	16	3.8	
	23	1.5	
	25	2.6	
	26	0.7	

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	0	
	v	494
	28	0.3
	33	2.5
,	34	8.0
	36	12.1
5	38	0.8
	39	1.1
	40	1.3
	42	0.3
	43	<0.1
10	44	<0.1
	45	<0.1
	46	<0.1
	47	3.2
	48	1.8
15	50	2.3
	51	<0.1
	52	0.1
	53	0.9
	54	0.7
20	55	6.4
	143	<0.1

### TNF Cell Assays

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### 25 <u>Method of Isolation of Human Peripheral Blood Mononuclear</u> Cells:

Human whole blood was collected in Vacutainer tubes containing EDTA as an anticoagulant. A blood sample (7 ml) was carefully layered over 5 ml PMN Cell Isolation Medium (Robbins Scientific) in a 15 ml round bottom centrifuge tube. The sample was centrifuged at 450-500 x g for 30-35 minutes in a swing out rotor at room temperature. After centrifugation, the top band of cells were removed and washed 3 times with PBS w/o calcium or magnesium. The cells were centrifuged at 400 x g for 10 minutes at room temperature. The cells were resuspended in Macrophage Serum Free Medium (Gibco BRL) at a concentration of 2 million cells/ml.

## 40 LPS Stimulation of Human PBMs:

PBM cells (0.1 ml, 2 million/ ml) were co-incubated with 0.1 ml compound (10-0.41  $\mu$ M, final concentration) for 1 hour in flat bottom 96 well microtiter plates.

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Compounds were dissolved in DMSO initially and diluted in TCM for a final concentration of 0.1% DMSO. LPS (Calbiochem, 20 ng/ml, final concentration) was then added at a volume of 0.010 ml. Cultures were incubated overnight at 37 °C. Supernatants were then removed and tested by ELISA for TNF-a and IL1-b. Viability was analyzed using MTS. After 0.1 ml supernatant was collected, 0.020 ml MTS was added to remaining 0.1 ml cells. The cells were incubated at 37 °C for 2-4 hours, then the 0.D. was measured at 490-650 nM.

# <u>Maintenance and Differentiation of the U937 Human Histiocytic Lymphoma Cell Line:</u>

U937 cells (ATCC) were propagated in RPMI 1640

15 containing 10% fetal bovine serum, 100 IU/ml penicillin, 100 μg/ml streptomycin, and 2 mM glutamine (Gibco). Fifty million cells in 100 ml media were induced to terminal monocytic differentiation by 24 hour incubation with 20 ng/ml phorbol 12-myristate 13-acetate (Sigma).

20 The cells were washed by centrifugation (200 x g for 5).

The cells were washed by centrifugation (200 x g for 5 min) and resuspended in 100 ml fresh medium. After 24-48 hours, the cells were harvested, centrifuged, and resuspended in culture medium at 2 million cells/ml.

## 25 <u>LPS Stimulation of TNF production by U937 Cells:</u>

With 0.1 ml compound (0.004-50  $\mu$ M, final concentration) for 1 hour in 96 well microtiter plates. Compounds were prepared as 10 mM stock solutions in DMSO and diluted in culture medium to yield a final DMSO concentration of 0.1% in the cell assay. LPS (E coli, 100 ng/ml final concentration) was then added at a volume of 0.02 ml. After 4 hour incubation at 37°C, the amount of TNF- $\alpha$  released in the culture medium was quantitated by ELISA.

Inhibitory potency is expressed as IC50  $(\mu M)$ . Results of these TNF Cell Assays are shown in Table 5.

## TNF Inhibition: Human Whole Blood Assay

Human peripheral blood is obtained in heparinized tubes. A 190  $\mu L$  aliquot of blood is placed in each well of a 96 well u-bottom plate. A compound or control vehicle (phosphate buffered saline with dimethylsulfoxide and ethanol) is added to the blood in 10  $\mu L$  aliquots for serial dilutions providing final concentrations of 25, 5, 1 and 0.25  $\mu M$ . The final dimethylsulfoxide and ethanol concentrations are 0.1% and 1.5%, respectively. After 10 one hour of incubation at 37 °C, 10 mL of lipopolysaccharide (Salmonella typhosa, Sigma) in phosphate buffered saline is added resulting in a final concentration of 10 mg/mL. After four to five hours of incubation at 37 °C, the supernatants are harvested and 15 assayed at 1:10 or 1:20 dilutions for human TNF using ELISA.

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TABLE 5

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	Example	Human PBM Assay IC50 (μM)	U937 Cell Assay IC50 ((μΜ)		
	1	0.5			
5	2	1.6	0.578		
	4	0.1	0.222		
	5		0.274		
	7	0.2	0.201		
	8	<0.1	0.201		
10	9	0.4			
	10	0.7	1.687		
	12	8.5	1.667		
	13	4.8			
	14	1.2			
15	17		•		
10	19	1.1			
		0.3	0.484		
	20		1.089		
	21		0.077		
2.0	22	3.2			
20	24	8.2			
	26	<0.1	0.029		
	27	2.7			
	28	0.1			
_	29	2.2			
25	30	2.6			
	31	0.8	1.053		
	32		2.696		
	33	0.4			
	34	0.5			
30	35	0.7			
	36	1.4			
	37	1.5	0.099		
	38	0.2	0.208		
	39	0.7	0.244		
35	40	0.4	0.211		
	41	1.0			
	42	0.7			
	43	<0.1	0.242		
	44	0.4	0.243		
40	45	<0.1	0.477		
	46	70.1	0.04		
	47		0.329		
	48	2 2	2.359		
	49	2.2	0.522		
45		6.8			
- <del>1</del> J	50 51	0.9			
	51 54		0.074		
	5 <b>4</b>	0.2	0.13		
•	55	<0.1	0.228		
	143		0.301		

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#### Rat Assay

The efficacy of the novel compounds in blocking the production of TNF also was evaluated using a model based on rats challenged with LPS. Male Harlen Lewis rats 5 [Sprague Dawley Co.] were used in this model. weighed approximately 300 g and was fasted overnight prior to testing. Compound administration was typically by oral gavage (although intraperitoneal, subcutaneous and intravenous administration were also used in a few 10 instances) 1 to 24 hours prior to the LPS challenge. Rats were administered 30  $\mu$ g/kg LPS [salmonella typhosa, Sigma Co.] intravenously via the tail vein. Blood was collected via heart puncture 1 hour after the LPS challenge. Serum samples were stored at -20 °C until 15 quantitative analysis of  $TNF-\alpha$  by  $Enzyme\ Linked-Immuno-$ Sorbent Assay ("ELISA") [Biosource]. Additional details of the assay are set forth in Perretti, M., et al., Br. <u>J. Pharmacol.</u> (1993), 110, 868-874, which is incorporated by reference in this application.

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#### Mouse Assay

### Mouse Model Of LPS-Induced TNF Alpha Production:

TNF alpha was induced in 10-12 week old BALB/c female mice by tail vein injection with 100 ng lipopolysaccharide (from S. Typhosa) in 0.2 ml saline. One hour later mice were bled from the retroorbital sinus and TNF concentrations in serum from clotted blood were quantified by ELISA. Typically, peak levels of serum TNF ranged from 2-6 ng/ml one hour after LPS injection.

The compounds tested were administered to fasted mice by oral gavage as a suspension in 0.2 ml of 0.5% methylcellulose and 0.025% Tween 20 in water at 1 hour or 6 hours prior to LPS injection. The 1 hour protocol allowed evaluation of compound potency at Cmax plasma levels whereas the 6 hour protocol allowed estimation of

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compound duration of action. Efficacy was determined at each time point as percent inhibition of serum TNF levels relative to LPS injected mice that received vehicle only.

Additional results obtained using the above-described assays are set forth in Table 6 below. p38 assay and U937 cell assay results are expressed as IC<sub>50</sub> ( $\mu$ m). Mouse-LPS assay results are expressed as percent inhibition.

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Example	p381	p38 <sup>2</sup>	<b>U937</b>	mLPS	mLPS	mLPS
	<del> </del>	-		8h	6h dose	lh, 30mpk
7 210	10.15			•		-
A-212	0.49		0.0967		10	93
A-208	0.104		0.1896	98	30	97
A-227	<del> </del>	0.06				96
A-228	0.76	<del></del> -	0.4173		30	92
A-229	2 12	1.4	0.4622	76		91
A-230	0.42	0.178				96
A-231			0.3225	86	30	94
A-232		0.048				96
A-233		0.044				53
A-234 A-235		0.103				
<del></del>		0.104				56
A-236		0.237				94
A-237 A-238			0.087			60
A-238			0.4016			
A-239 A-240		0.034		51	30	87
		0.961		78	30	85
A-241		0.338		79	30	87
A-242 A-243		0.047		95	30	87
A-244		0.729				82
A-244		0.099				
	0 402		0.0337	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		65
A-247	0.403					
A-249		<0.01	0.166			
A-250		0.432	<u> </u>	73	30	86
A-251		2.873				
		0.637		32		87
A-252   A-253	<u> </u>	0.774		48	30	75
A-254		<.001 0				61
A-215		0.081				
A-215		2.34		38	30	80
	1.081	0.813				
A-213			).5167		·	
A-213 A-258		0.22				57
A-259			.2083			68
	0 16		.7574			62
A-260	0.16		.1983	85	30	93
A-214			.2821	47	30	79
A-214 A-261			.4006			70
A-261 A-216		0.008 0		48	30	92
A-262		0.018 1		27	30	91
	0 01		.3267			45
R-203	0.01	<0.1 0	.5434			49

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Example	e p381	p38 <sup>2</sup>	<b>U</b> 937	mLPS	mLPS	mLPS
		<u> </u>		8h	6h dose	1h, 30mpk
A-264			0.259	4		61
A-265		<0.1	0.601	6		32
A-266			0.539	3		0
A-267		0.43	2.668	1		80
A-268			0.007	4		11
A-217	0.697	'	0.348	6		9
A-269	<u> </u>		>10 ul			51
A-270			0.346			53
A-271			4.2144	1		68
A-272	0.073		0.583			-8
A-273	6.98		>10			43
A-274	<0.1		0.92	21	30	
A-275	10.14					
A-276	2		>10			
A-277	0.176		0.45	-24	30	
A-278	0.026	†		33	30	
A-279	0.285		2.3	62	30	
A-280	0.005		0.7	64	30	
A-281	0.134			15	30	
A-218	0.053			22	30	
A-218	0.044			18	30	
A-283	0.045		0.0973		30	
A-284	<0.1		0.7998		30	
A-285	0.98		0.5088	-1		
A-286	<0.1		0.1795	11	30	
	0.057		0.09	29	30	
	0.041		0.27	-24	30	
	<del></del>		0.3	40	30	
A-290	<0.1		0.14	44	30	
	0.388		0.0191	4	30	
A-292	1.15		1309	36	30	
A-293	0.73		>10			
	0.73					
A-295	7.66		0.5	61	30	
A-296	26		>10	94	30	
<del></del>	0.52		0 15			
/	0.32		0.17	89	30	

 $<sup>^{1}\</sup> p38\alpha$  in vitro assay results based on PHAS-I assay procedure

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> p38α in vitro assay results based on EGFRP assay procedure

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# <u>Induction And Assessment Of Collagen-Induced Arthritis In Mice:</u>

Arthritis was induced in mice according to the procedure set forth in J.M. Stuart, Collagen Autoimmune Arthritis, Annual Rev. Immunol. 2:199 (1984), which is 5 incorporated herein by reference. Specifically, arthritis was induced in 8-12 week old DBA/1 male mice by injection of 50  $\mu g$  of chick type II collagen (CII) (provided by Dr. Marie Griffiths, Univ. of Utah, Salt Lake City, UT) in complete Freund's adjuvant (Sigma) on 10 day 0 at the base of the tail. Injection volume was 100  $\mu$ l. Animals were boosted on day 21 with 50  $\mu$ g of CII in incomplete Freund's adjuvant (100  $\mu$ l volume). were evaluated several times each week for signs of 15 arthritis. Any animal with paw redness or swelling was counted as arthritic. Scoring of arthritic paws was conducted in accordance with the procedure set forth in Wooley et al., Genetic Control of Type II Collagen Induced Arthritis in Mice: Factors Influencing Disease 20 Suspectibility and Evidence for Multiple MHC Associated Gene Control., <u>Trans. Proc.</u>, 15:180 (1983). Scoring of severity was carried out using a score of 1-3 for each paw (maximal score of 12/mouse). Animals displaying any redness or swelling of digits or the paw were scored as 25 Gross swelling of the whole paw or deformity was scored as 2. Ankylosis of joints was scored as 3. Animals were evaluated for 8 weeks. 8-10 animals per group were used.

## 30 <u>Preparation And Administration Of Compounds:</u>

The compounds tested on mice having collagen-induced arthritis were prepared as a suspension in 0.5% methylcelluose (Sigma, St. Louis, MO), 0.025% Tween 20 (Sigma). The compound suspensions were administered by oral gavage in a volume of 0.1 ml b.i.d. Administration began on day 20 post collagen injection and continued

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daily until final evaluation on day 56. Scoring of arthritic paws was conducted as set forth above. Assay results are set forth in Table 7.

Additional results for selected compounds obtained using the above-described assays are set forth in Tables 8, 9 and 10 below:

TABLE 8

TABLE 8				
Example	Rat LPS Assay % Inhibition (Dose in mg/kg)	TNF Inhibition- Human Whole Blood Assay (µM)	p38α Kinase Assay IC <sub>50</sub> in μM (% DMSO)	
A-313, Step 1			1.34 (1)	
A-313, Step 3	96.0 (20.0)	0.12	0.036 (1) 0.37 (10)	
A-314, Step 1			0.85 (1) 0.37 (10)	
A-314, Step 2	0 (1.0) 53.0 (5.0) 85.0 (20.0)	0.47	0.032 (10)	
A-315		1.75	0.049 (10)	
A-317	58.0 (3.0) 10.0 (3.0) 69.0 (10.0)	0.45	0.07 (10) 0.11 (10)	
A-318	54.0 (3.0)	0.167	0.29 (1) 0.58 (10) 0.37 (10) 0.6 (10)	
A-319	62.0 (3.0)	>25.0	6.06 (1) 0.13 (10)	

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į	A-320	1.0 (3.0)		0.27 (1) 0.05 (10) 0.15 (10)
	A-321 (dihydrate)		>25.0	0.77 (1)
5	A-321 (monosodium salt dihydrate)	14.0 (3.0)		
	A-322	51.5 (3.0)	4.2	0.15 (10) 0.25 (10)
	A-323	40.0 (30.0) 54.0 (30.0)		0.39 (10)
10	A-324	44.0 (3.0)		0.08 (10)
	A-325	25.0 (3.0) 11.0 (30.0)	0.057	0.021 (1) <0.1 (10)
	A-326	0 (10.0)	>25.0	0.97 (10)
	A-327	83.0 (20.0)	0.18	0.15 (10)
	A-328			0.012 (1)
15	A-331	13.0 (20.0)		>100 (1) 0.64 (10)
	A-332	33.0 (1.0) 26.0 (3.0) 25.0 (5.0) -85.0 (10.0)	0.45	0.04 (1) 0.04 (10) 0.015 (10) <0.1 (10)
	A-333	69.0 (5.0)	0.585	0.052 (10)
	A-334	95.0 (20.0) 57.0 (5.0) 36.0 (1.0)	0.22	0.07 (10)
	A-335		>25.0	89.9 (10)
20	A-336			1.16 (10)
	A-337		>25.0	1.35 (10)
	A-338		0.059	0.018 (10)
	A-339		0.056	0.052 (10)
	A-342	98.0 (20.0)	0.31	0.012 (10)
25	A-343	96.0 (20.0)		0.016 (10)
· · · · ·	<del></del>			

### TABLE 9

	TABLE 9					
	Example	Rat LPS Assay % Inhibition (Dose in mg/kg)	TNF Inhibition- Human Whole Blood Assay (µM)	p38 $\alpha$ Kinase Assay IC <sub>50</sub> in $\mu$ M (10% DMSO)		
	A-350	65 (20)				
	A-351	0 (20)	0.49	0.27		
5	A-352	36 (20)	9.8	0.13		
	A-353	49 (20)	5.3	0.037		
	A-354	0 (20)	25	0.22		
	A-355	0 (20)	0.095	0.05		
	A-356	73 (20)	5.3	<0.01		
0	A-357	74 (20)	0.25	0.12		
	A-358	71 (20)	4	0.23		
	A-359	70 (20)	1	0.3		
	A-360	95 (20) 14 (5) 0 (1)	0.5	0.06		
:	A-361	9 (20)	1			
5	A-362	0 (20)	5.5	0.69		
	A-363	6 (20)	25	1.5		
	A-364	79 (20)	0.255	0.49		
	A-365	95 (20) 50 (5) 12 (1)	0.057	0.032		
	A-366	92 (20) DR: 6 (1) 45 (5) 97 (20)	0.29	0.041 0.06 0.04		
0	A-368	88 (20) DR: 28 (1) 41 (5) 97 (20)	0.66	0.042		
	A-369	94 (20) 52 (5)	0.84	0.019 0.011 0.0027		
	A-370	90 (20) 46 (5)	1.92	0.16		

	<del></del>		<u> </u>
A-371	52 (20)	25	7.9
A-372	56 (20)	21	0.53
A-374	88 (20) 0 (5) 3 (1)	0.31	0.38
A-375	43 (20)	28%	2.3
A-376	24 (20)	1	0.032
A-377	84 (20) DR: 32 (1) 67 (5) 96 (20)	0.67	0.004 0.0019
A-378	73 (10)	49%	6.2
A-379	61 (10)	44%	0.19
A-380	85 (30) 62 (10) 33 (3)	32%	0.85
A-385			0.18 1.25
A-386	91 (20)	0.16	0.016
A-387	83 (20)	0.11	0.005
A-388	97 (20) 67 (5)	0.34	0.21

### TABLE 10

TABLE IV						
Example	Rat LPS Assay % Inhibition (Dose in mg/kg @ 4.0 hours)	TNF Inhibition- Human Whole Blood Assay (µM)	p38α Kinase Assay IC <sub>50</sub> (μM) (10% DMSO; @ 1.0 hour)			
A-389, Step 4	55.0 (5.0) 94.0 (20.0)		0.16			
A-389, Step 1		·	1.72			
A-390		>25.0	15.1			
A-391	53.0 (20.0)	>25.0	4.83			

A-392			29.7
A-393			2.32
A-394			9.11
A-395			>100
A-397			30.0
A-398		>25.0	45.6
A-399			22.9
A-400		>25.0	4.77
A-401			21.2
A-402			28.9
A-403		>25.0	4.89
A-404		>25.0	4.13
A-405		>25.0	4.85
A-406		>25.0	7.24
A-407	21.0 (5.0) 82.0 (20.0)	3.86	0.18
A-408	20.0 (5.0) 49.0 (20.0)	11.7	5.59
A-409	41.0 (5.0) 89.0 (20.0)	5.27	0.21
A-410	11.0 (5.0) 0 (20.0)		0.21
A-411	40.0 (5.0) 0 (20.0)		3.37
A-412	0 (5.0) 0 (20.0)		2.15
A-413	45.0 (5.0) 85.0 (20.0)	6.51	0.91
A-414	3.0 (5.0) 14.0 (20.0)	11.2	9.51
A-415	17.0 (5.0) 84.0 (84.0)		0.51
A-416	·	5.07	0.041
A-417	40.0 (5.0) 70.0 (20.0)	12.0	0.19
A-418			0.12
	A-393 A-394 A-395 A-397 A-398 A-399 A-400 A-401 A-402 A-403 A-404 A-405 A-406 A-407 A-408 A-409 A-410 A-411 A-412 A-413 A-414 A-415 A-416 A-417	A-393 A-394 A-395 A-397 A-398 A-399 A-400 A-401 A-402 A-403 A-404 A-405 A-406 A-407 21.0 (5.0) 82.0 (20.0) A-408 20.0 (5.0) 49.0 (20.0) A-409 41.0 (5.0) 89.0 (20.0) A-411 40.0 (5.0) 0 (20.0) A-412 0 (5.0) 0 (20.0) A-413 45.0 (5.0) 0 (20.0) A-414 3.0 (5.0) 85.0 (20.0) A-415 17.0 (5.0) 84.0 (84.0) A-416 A-417 40.0 (5.0) 70.0 (20.0)	A-393 A-394 A-395 A-397 A-398 A-399 A-400 A-401 A-402 A-403 A-404 A-405 A-406 A-406 A-407 A-407 A-408 A-408 A-409 A-409 A-410 A-410 A-411 A-412 A-412 A-411 A-412 A-413 A-413 A-414 A-414 A-415 A-414 A-415 A-416 A-416 A-416 A-416 A-417 A-417 A-400 A-417 A-400 A-417 A-400 A-417 A-400 A-417 A-400 A-417 A-410 A-410 A-411 A-411 A-410 A-411 A-411 A-410 A-411 A-411 A-411 A-412 A-411 A-412 A-413 A-414 A-415 A-416 A-417

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	A-419	24.0 (5.0) 58.0 (10.0)		1.31
	A-420	47.0 (5.0) 91.0 (20.0)		0.32
	A-427	56.0 (5.0) 77.0 (20.0)	24.1	0.19
	A-428		0.68	0.4
5	A-429			56.3
	A-430			>100
	A-434			5.84
	A-435	10.0 (1.0) 0 (5.0) 14.0 (20.0)	>25.0	0.35
	A-436		4.61	2.81
10	A-437		>25.0	7.76
	A-438	49.0 (20.0)	>25.0	0.56
	A-439	58.0 (5.0) 93.0 (20.0)	5.63	0.15
	A-440			
	A-441	14.0 (5.0) 62.0 (20.0)	>25.0	1.21
15	A-442	51.0 (1.0) 56.0 (5.0) 92.0 (20.0)	0.16	0.022
	A-443		4.89	0.47
	A-444			6.99
	A-445		>25.0	1.08
	A-446		3.38	0.9
20	A-447		>25.0	0.77
	A-448	73.0 (5.0) 97.0 (20.0)	0.12	0.084
	A-449			59.0
	A-450			>100
	A-451		15.0	0.078
25	A-452		0.24	2.87
	A-454			8.41

	A-453			10.2
	A-455			12.9
	A-456	36.0 (1.0) 48.0 (5.0) 53.0 (20.0)	0.98	0.12
	A-457		>25.0	0.4
5	A-458		>25.0	8.7
	A-459	0 (1.0) 54.0 (5.0) 80.0 (20.0)	0.26	0.027
	A-459 (salt)		0.28	0.1
	A-460		8.91	1.84
	A-461			30.6
10	A-462		>25.0	1.66
	A-463		>25.0	1.66
	A-464			>100
	A-465	·		>100
	A-466	·		20.1
15	A-467			21.4
	A-468	46.0 (1.0) 50.0 (5.0) 94.0 (20.0)		0.3
	A-469	51.0 (5.0) 68.0 (20.0)	7.17	0.095
	A-470			10.4
	A-471			4.92
20	A-472		>25.0	0.39
	A-473	58.0 (20.0)	0.56	0.17
	A-474	59.0 (20.0)	1.47	0.11
	A-475		5.11	0.28
	A-476	35.0 (20.0)	0.97	1.01
25	A-477			0.34
	A-478		0.49	0.18
	A-479		2.97	0.072
	A-480		0.16	0.11

A-481		>25.0	0.2
A-482	15.0 (20.0)	0.69	1.62
A-483		0.51	0.3

5 Also embraced within this invention is a class of pharmaceutical compositions comprising the active compounds of this invention in association with one or more non-toxic, pharmaceutically-acceptable carriers and/or diluents and/or adjuvants (collectively referred to herein as "carrier" materials) and, if desired, other 10 active ingredients. The active compounds of the present invention may be administered by any suitable route, preferably in the form of a pharmaceutical composition adapted to such a route, and in a dose effective for the 15 treatment intended. The active compounds and composition may, for example, be administered orally, intravascularly (IV), intraperitoneally, subcutaneously, intramuscularly (IM) or topically. For oral administration, the pharmaceutical composition may be in the form of, for example, a tablet, hard or soft capsule, lozenges, 20 dispensable powders, suspension or liquid. pharmaceutical composition is preferably made in the form of a dosage unit containing a particular amount of the active ingredient. Examples of such dosage units are 25 tablets or capsules. The active ingredient may also be administered by injection (IV, IM, subcutaneous or jet) as a composition wherein, for example, saline, dextrose, or water may be used as a suitable carrier. the composition may be adjusted, if necessary, with 30 suitable acid, base, or buffer. Suitable bulking, dispersing, wetting or suspending agents, including mannitol and PEG 400, may also be included in the composition. A suitable parenteral composition can also include a compound formulated as a sterile solid substance, including lyophilized powder, in injection 35 vials. Aqueous solution can be added to dissolve the

compound prior to injection. The amount of therapeutically active compounds that are administered and the dosage regimen for treating a disease condition with the compounds and/or compositions of this invention depends on a variety of factors, including the age, 5 weight, sex and medical condition of the subject, the severity of the inflammation or inflammation related disorder, the route and frequency of administration, and the particular compound employed, and thus may vary widely. The pharmaceutical compositions may contain 10 active ingredients in the range of about 0.1 to 1000 mg, preferably in the range of about 7.0 to 350 mg. A daily dose of about 0.01 to 100 mg/kg body weight, preferably between about 0.1 and about 50 mg/kg body weight and most preferably between about 0.5 to 30 mg/kg body weight, may 15 be appropriate. The daily dose can be administered in one to four doses per day. In the case of skin conditions, it may be preferable to apply a topical preparation of compounds of this invention to the 20 affected area two to four times a day. For disorders of the eye or other external tissues, e.g., mouth and skin, the formulations are preferably applied as a topical gel, spray, ointment or cream, or as a suppository, containing the active ingredients in a total amount of, for example, 0.075 to 30% w/w, preferably 0.2 to 20% w/w and most 25 preferably 0.4 to 15% w/w. When formulated in an ointment, the active ingredients may be employed with either paraffinic or a water-miscible ointment base. Alternatively, the active ingredients may be formulated 30 in a cream with an oil-in-water cream base. If desired, the aqueous phase of the cream base may include, for least 30% w/w of a polyhydric alcohol such as example at propylene glycol, butane-1,3-diol, mannitol, sorbitol, glycerol, polyethylene glycol and mixtures thereof. topical formulation may desirably include a compound 35 which enhances absorption or penetration of the active

ingredient through the skin or other affected areas. Examples of such dermal penetration enhancers include dimethylsulfoxide and related analogs. The compounds of this invention can also be administered by a transdermal 5 Preferably topical administration will be accomplished using a patch either of the reservoir and porous membrane type or of a solid matrix variety. either case, the active agent is delivered continuously from the reservoir or microcapsules through a membrane 10 into the active agent permeable adhesive, which is in contact with the skin or mucosa of the recipient. active agent is absorbed through the skin, a controlled and predetermined flow of the active agent is administered to the recipient. In the case of microcapsules, the encapsulating agent may also function 15 as the membrane. The transdermal patch may include the compound in a suitable solvent system with an adhesive system, such as an acrylic emulsion, and a polyester The oily phase of the emulsions of this invention 20 may be constituted from known ingredients in a known While the phase may comprise merely an emulsifier, it may comprise a mixture of at least one emulsifier with a fat or an oil or with both a fat and an Preferably, a hydrophilic emulsifier is included together with a lipophilic emulsifier which acts as a 25 It is also preferred to include both an oil stabilizer. Together, the emulsifier(s) with or without and a fat. stabilizer(s) make-up the so-called emulsifying wax, and the wax together with the oil and fat make up the so-30 called emulsifying ointment base which forms the oily dispersed phase of the cream formulations. Emulsifiers and emulsion stabilizers suitable for use in the formulation of the present invention include Tween 60, Span 80, cetostearyl alcohol, myristyl alcohol, glyceryl 35 monostearate, and sodium lauryl sulfate, among others. The choice of suitable oils or fats for the formulation

is based on achieving the desired cosmetic properties, since the solubility of the active compound in most oils likely to be used in pharmaceutical emulsion formulations is very low. Thus, the cream should preferably be a nongreasy, non-staining and washable product with suitable 5 consistency to avoid leakage from tubes or other containers. Straight or branched chain, mono- or dibasic alkyl esters such as di-isoadipate, isocetyl stearate, propylene glycol diester of coconut fatty acids, isopropyl myristate, decyl oleate, isopropyl palmitate, 10 butyl stearate, 2-ethylhexyl palmitate or a blend of branched chain esters may be used. These may be used alone or in combination depending on the properties required. Alternatively, high melting point lipids such 15 as white soft paraffin and/or liquid paraffin or other mineral oils can be used. Formulations suitable for topical administration to the eye also include eye drops wherein the active ingredients are dissolved or suspended in suitable carrier, especially an aqueous solvent for the active ingredients. The anti-inflammatory active 20 ingredients are preferably present in such formulations in a concentration of 0.5 to 20%, advantageously 0.5 to 10% and particularly about 1.5% w/w. For therapeutic purposes, the active compounds of this combination 25 invention are ordinarily combined with one or more adjuvants appropriate to the indicated route of administration. If administered per os, the compounds may be admixed with lactose, sucrose, starch powder, cellulose esters of alkanoic acids, cellulose alkyl esters, talc, stearic acid, magnesium stearate, magnesium 30 oxide, sodium and calcium salts of phosphoric and sulfuric acids, gelatin, acacia gum, sodium alginate, polyvinylpyrrolidone, and/or polyvinyl alcohol, and then tableted or encapsulated for convenient administration. Such capsules or tablets may contain a controlled-release 35 formulation as may be provided in a dispersion of active

compound in hydroxypropylmethyl cellulose. Formulations for parenteral administration may be in the form of aqueous or non-aqueous isotonic sterile injection solutions or suspensions. These solutions and

5 suspensions may be prepared from sterile powders or granules having one or more of the carriers or diluents mentioned for use in the formulations for oral administration. The compounds may be dissolved in water, polyethylene glycol, propylene glycol, ethanol, corn oil, cottonseed oil, peanut oil, sesame oil, benzyl alcohol, sodium chloride, and/or various buffers. Other adjuvants and modes of administration are well and widely known in the pharmaceutical art.

All patent documents listed herein are incorporated by reference.

Although this invention has been described with respect to specific embodiments, the details of these embodiments are not to be construed as limitations.

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Description of parallel array synthesis methodology utilized to prepare compounds of Examples B-i, B-ii, and B-iii.

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Scheme B-1 describes the parallel array reaction blocks that were utilized to prepare compounds of Examples B-0001 through B-1574, and by analogy could also be used to prepare compounds of Examples B-1575 through B-2269. 10 reactions were performed in multi-chamber Parallel reaction blocks. A typical reaction block is capable of performing 48 parallel reactions, wherein a unique compound is optionally prepared in each reaction vessel B1. Each reaction vessel B1 is made of either polypropylene or pyrex glass and contains a frit B2 15 toward the base of the vessel. Each reaction vessel is connected to the reaction block valve assembly plate B3 via leur-lock attachment or through a threaded connection. Each vessel valve B4 is either opened or closed by controlling the leur-lock position or by the 20 opening or closing of levers B5 within a valve assembly plate row. Optionally, solutions can be either drained or maintained above the vessel frits by leaving the valves in the opened position and controlling the back pressure beneath the valve assembly plate by control of 25 inert gas flow through the inert gas inlet valve B6. The parallel reactions that are performed in these reaction blocks are allowed to progress by incubation in a jacketed, temperature controlled shaking Temperature control of the reaction chambers is effected 30 passing a heat-transfer liquid through aluminum plates that make contact with the reaction block

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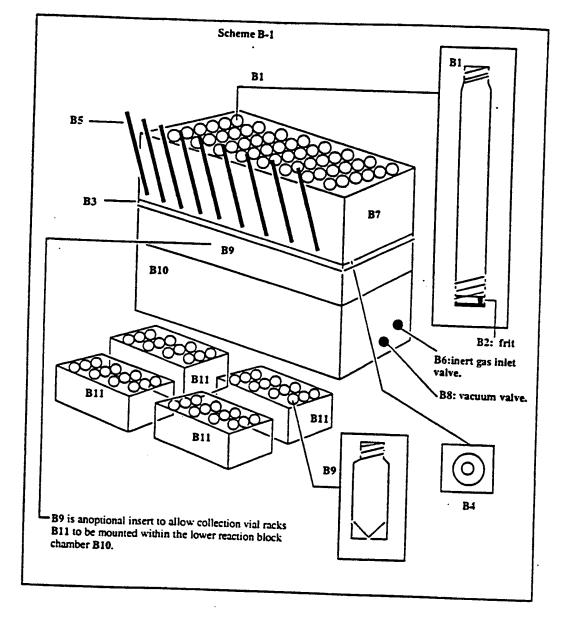
mantle B7. Mixing is effected at the shaking station by either vertical orbital shaking of the up-right reaction block or by lateral shaking of the reaction block tilted on its side.

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Functionalized resins are optionally added to each reaction vessel B1 during the course of reaction or at the conclusion of the reaction. These functionalized resins enable the rapid purification of each reaction vessel product. Vacuum filtration of the reaction block apparatus by opening of the vacuum valve B8 allows purified products to be separated from resin-sequestered non-product species. Valve B8 is located on the bottom reaction block chamber B10 which houses the quadrant collection vial racks B11. The desired products are obtained as filtrates in unique collection vials B9. Removal of solvent from these collection vials affords desired products.

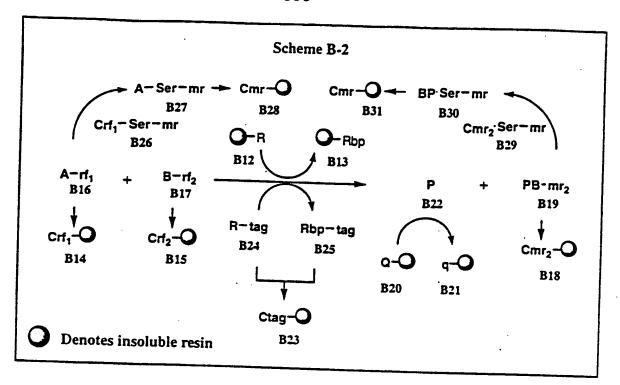


Scheme B-2 illustrates the various utilizations functionalized resins to purify reaction vessel products B22 prior to filtration from the fritted vessels B1 into collection vials B9. Said functionalized resins perform as 1) resin-bound reagents B12, which give rise to resinbound reagent byproducts B13; 2) sequestrants B14 or B15 of excess solution-phase reactants **B**16 or B17, respectively. Solution-phase reactants B16 and **B17** contain inherent reactive functionality -rf1 and

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which enable their chemoselective sequestration by the complementary reactive functionality -Crf1 and -Crf2 attached to resins B14 and B15; 3) sequestrants B18 of solution-phase byproducts **B19**. Byproduct B19 contains molecular recognition functionality -mr2 which enables its chemoselective sequestration by the complementary functionality -Cmr2 attached to resin B18; 4) reactionquenching resins B20 which give rise to quenched resins **B21**. Resin **B20** contains functionality -Q which mediates reaction quenching (for instance, proton transfer) of 10 product B22 to form a desired isolable form of product Upon performing reaction quench, the resin B20 is converted to resin B21 wherein -q represents the spent functionality on resin B21; 5) sequestrants B23 of chemically-tagged reagents B24 and their corresponding 15 reagent byproducts B25. The soluble reagent B24 contains a bifunctional chemical group, -tag, which is inert to the reaction conditions but is used to enable the postreaction sequestration of B24 by the complementary functionality -Ctag attached to resin B23. Additionally, 20 the soluble reagent byproduct B25, formed during the course of reaction, contains the same chemical function tag that also enables its sequestration by resin B23. Additionally, some reactants B16, particularly sterically-hindered reactants and/or electron deficient 25 nucleophiles, contain poorly sequestrable functionality (rfl in this case is a poorly sequestable functionality). These poorly sequestable reactants **B16** can be transformed in situ to more robustly sequestrable species B27 through their reaction with sequestration-enabling-reagents B26. 30 B26 contain highly reactive, complementary functionality Crf<sub>1</sub> which reacts with B16 to form B27 in situ. The

bifunctional molecular recognition functionality, mr, contained within B26 is also present on the in situ derivatized B27. Both B26 and B27 are sequestered by the complementary molecular recognition functionality 5 attached to resin B28. By analogy, some reactions contain poorly sequestable byproducts B19, wherein the molecular recognition functionality  $mr_2$  in this case is not able to mediate the direct sequestration of B19 by the complementary functionality attached to resin B18. Similar use of the bifunctional sequestration-enabling-10 reagent B29 transforms B19 into the more readily sequestrable species **B30**. The imparted molecular recognition functionality, mr, present in B30 is readily sequestered by the complementary functionality, Cmr, 15 attached to resin B31. In some reactions, multiple sequestration resins are utilized simultaneously to perform reaction purifications. Even resins containing incompatible (mutually reactive) functional groups can be used simultaneously because these resins scavenge complementary functionalized solution phase reactants, 20 reagents, or byproducts from solution phase faster than resin cross-neutralization. Similarly, resins containing mutually reactive or neutralizing reaction-quenching functionality are able to quench solution phase reactants, products, or byproducts faster than cross-neutralization.



Scheme describes the modular robotics laboratory environment that was utilized to prepare compounds of Examples B0001 through Bxxx. Chemicals utilized in the robotics laboratory are weighed and then dissolved or suspended into solvents at Station #1 (Automated Chemistry Prep Station). Thus, solutions or suspensions of known molarity are prepared for use at the 10 other robotics workstations. Station #1 also optionally bar-code labels each chemical solution so that its identity can be read by bar-code scanning at this and other robotics workstations.

DUP. Station #2DUP is defined as a duplicate of Station #2 and is used to increase capacity within the robotics laboratory. A reaction block is mounted at Station #2 or #2 DUP. Also, racks containing reactants, reagents, solvents, and resin slurries are also mounted at Station #2 or #2 DUP. Under the control of a chemical

informatics mapping file, reactions are initiated by the reactant solutions, transfer of reagent solutions, solvents, and/or resin slurries into each mounted reaction block vessel. The transfer of known volumes of solutions, suspensions, or solvents is mediated by syringes which control a one-up septum piercing/argon purging cannula, a wide-bore resin slurry-despensing cannula, or by a six-up cannula which can simultaneously deliver volumes to a row of six reaction vessels. reaction block and/or chemical solution racks may be 10 optionally cooled below room temperature during chemical solution transfer operations. After the transfer of chemical solutions and solvents has been performed by Station#2 or #2DUP, incubation of the reaction block may occur while the reaction block is 15 mounted at the robot station. Preferably, however, the reaction block is removed after all volume transfers are complete and the reaction block is brought to ambient temperature. The reaction block is transferred off-line to either a vertical- or lateral shaking Incubator 20 Station #5.

The Automated weighing/archival Station #3 performs the functions of weighing empty collection vials (to obtain tare weights of collection vials) and also performs the functions of weighing collection vials 25 containing filtered, purified products (to obtain gross weights of collection vials). After product-containing collection vials have been weighed (gross weight determinations) at workstation the collection vial #3, products optionally redissolved into 30 an organic solvent Transfer of solvents is accomplished workstation #3. with syringes which control a mounted one-up septumpiercing/argon purging cannula. Each product-containing

collection vial is prepared as a solution of known molarity as directed and recorded by the chemical informatics system. These product solutions may be subsequently mounted at Station #2 or #2DUP for subsequent reaction steps or taken to Station #7 or #7DUP for analytical processing.

Rapid solvent evaporation of product-containing collection vials is accomplished by mounting collection racks at Savant Automated Solvent Evaporation Stations #4, #4 DUP, or #4 TRIP, wherein #4DUP and #4TRIP are defined as a duplicate and a triplicate of Station #4 to increase the capacity for solvent removal within the robotics laboratory. Commercially available solvent removal stations were purchased from the Savant Company 15 (model # SC210A speedvac unit equipped with RVT4104 vapor trap and model # VN100 vapornet cryopump). model #

Stations #7 and #7DUP perform analytical processing functions. Station #7DUP is defined as a duplicate of 20 Station #7 to increase capacity within the robotics laboratory. Product-containing collection mounted at either of these stations. racks Each productcontaining collection vial is then prepared as a solution of known molarity as directed and recorded by the 25 chemical informatics mapping file. Optionally, this dissolution function is performed by prior processing of the collection vial rack at Station #3 as described Station#7 or #7DUP, under the control of the chemical informatics mapping file, transfers aliquots of 30 each product vial into unique and identifable microtiter plate wells that are utilized to perform analytical determinations.

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One such microtiter plate is prepared at Station #7 or #7DUP for subsequent utilization at the Automated HPLC/Mass Spectrometer Station #8 or #8DUP. Station #8DUP is a duplicate of Station #8 to increase the analytical capacity of the robotics laboratory. Stations #8 and #8DUP are commercially available benchtop LC/Mass spec units purchased from Hewlett Packard (model HP1100 HPLC connected to HP1100 MSD (G1946A) mass spectrometer; this unit is also equipped with a model# G1322A solvent degasser, model # G1312A binary pump, a model # G1316A 10 column heater, and a model # G1315A diode array detector. The HP unit has been interfaced with a commercially available autosampler rack (Gilson Company 215 autosampler). Station #8 or #8DUP is utilized for the determination of product purity and identity 15 performing high performance liquid chromatography (HPLC) and companion atmospheric pressure chemi-ionization (APCI) or electrospray mass spectrometry for molecular weight determination.

Another microtiter plate is prepared at Station #7 or #7DUP for subsequent utilization at a commercially available flow-probe Varian NMR spectrometer Station #10 (Varian Instruments flow probe NMR, 300 MHz, interfaced with a commercially available Gilson 215 autosampler).

25 Proton, 13-Carbon, and/or 19-Fluorine NMR spectra are determined at this Station #10.

Other microtiter plates are optionally mounted at Station #7 or #7DUP for the purpose of preparing product-containing plates for biological assays. Aliquots of product-containing collection vials are transferred to these biological assay microtiter plates under the control of the chemical informatics mapping file. Identity and amount of each transferred product is

recorded by the chemical informatics system for retrieval by biologists who perform the biological assaying of products.

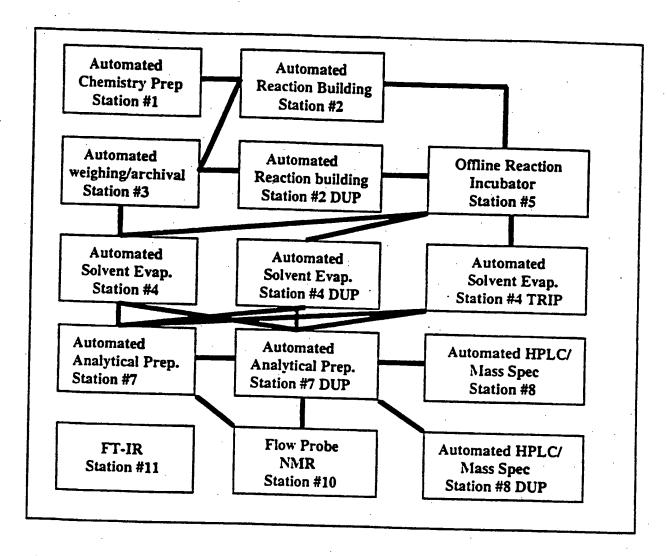
5 Fourier Transfrom InfraRed (FT-IR) Spectrometer Station #11 is utilized to analyze resins for identity of organic functional groups chemically attached to these resins. The resins, as mentioned above, contain chemical functionality utilized chemoselective sequestrants, or reaction quenching media as for the workup and purification of the crude product mixtures contained within reaction block vessels. robotics laboratory utilizes a commercially available FT-IR spectrometer purchased from Nicolet Instruments (model # MagnaIR 560 interfaced with an InspectIR microscope for 15 resin mounting and positioning).

### Scheme B-3

The lines interconnecting the modular Stations denote the transfer of chemical racks, reaction blocks, and/or collection vial racks from one modular Station to another.

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The ChemLib IT system is a composite of software running on the client's desktop and software running on a remote server.

The ChemLib IT system is a client/server software application developed to support and document the data handling flow in the robotics laboratory described above. This IT system integrates the chemist with the robotics synthesis laboratory and manages the data generated by this processes.

The software running on the server warehouses all the electronic data for the robotics chemistry unit. This

server, a Silicon Graphics IRIX station v6.2, runs the database software, Oracle 7 v7.3.3.5.0, that warehouses the data. Connection from the client's desktop to the server is provided by Oracle's TCP/IP Adapter v2.2.2.1.0 and SQL\*Net v2.2.2.1.0A. SQL\*Net is Oracle's network interface that allows applications running client's desktop to access data in Oracles' database. The client's desktop is Microsoft Windows 95. The ChemLib IT system client software is composed of Omnis7 v3.5 and Microsoft Visual C++ v5.0. This composition on 10 the client side is what is herein referred to as ChemLib. ChemLib communicates with the server for its data via Oracle's PL/SQL v2.3.3.4.0. These PL/SQL calls within ChemLib creates a network socket connection to Oracle's SQL\*Net driver and the TCP/IP Adapter thereby allowing 15 access to the data on the server.

A "library" is defined as a composite number of wells, where each well defines a single compound. ChemLib defines a library in a module called the *Electronic Spreadsheet*. The *Electronic Spreadsheet* is then a composite of n-number of wells containing the components that are required to synthesize the compound that exist in each these well(s).

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The chemist begins by populating the *Electronic Spreadsheet* with those components required for the compound synthesis. The identity and the availability of these components are defined in the *Building Block Catalog* module of ChemLib. The *Building Block Catalog* is a catalog of a listing of all reagents, solvents, peripherals available in the robotics laboratory. Upon selecting the components for each compound we also

declare the quantity of each component to be utilized. The quantity of each component can be identified by its molarity and volumetric amounts (ul) or by it's solid state form (mg). Therefore a well in the *Electronic Spreadsheet* defines a compound that is identified by its components and the quantity of each of these components.

The assembly or the synthesis of these components for each compound in the Electronic Spreadsheet is defined in the WS Sequence module of ChemLib. 10 The Define Sequence module identifies the synthesis steps to be performed at the robotics workstations and any activities to be performed manually or off-line from the robotics workstation. this module we With identify which components from the Electronic Spreadsheet and activity that should be performed with this component in the robotics laboratory. In the Define WS Sequence module the chemist chooses from a list of activities to be performed in the robotics laboratory and assembles 20 them in the order in which they are to occur. ChemLib system takes these set of activities identified, and with the component data in the Electronic Spreadsheet assembles and reformats these instructions terminology for the robotics workstation use. This robotics terminology is stored in a 'sequence' file on a that is accessible by the common server workstation.

The robotics workstation performs the synthesis in a reaction block apparatus as described. Each well in the Electronic Spreadsheet is tracked and mapped to a unique location in the reaction block apparatus on the robotics workstation. The compound or product synthesized at the

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robotics workstation in the reaction block is then captured into collection vials.

The collection vials are first tarred then grossed on the robotics workstation after collecting their products from the reaction block. These weights (tare and gross) are recorded into the ChemLib system with the Tare/Gross Session module. The Tare/Gross Session module then calculates the product or compound yields and its final mass.

Preparation of the compound for analytical analysis and screening is defined by the Analytical WS Setup module in ChemLib. The Analytical WS Setup module identifies the 15 factor for each well dilution in the Electronic Spreadsheet, based on the compound's product yield and the desired molar concentration. This identifies the quantity, in uL, to be transferred at the robotics workstation, to a specific location on the MID (microtiter plate) to be sent for analysis and/or 20 biological assaying. The mass spectrometric and HPLC results for each well are recorded and scored into the ChemLib system.

The Dilute/Archive WS module further identifies each compound by mapping the compound's well from the Electronic Spreadsheet to a specific MX block location for long term storage and archival as part of the registration process.

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All communications between ChemLib and the robotics workstations are by ASCII files. These files are placed on a server by the ChemLib system that is accessible by

the robotics workstations. Reports generated by the robotics workstations are also placed on the server where the ChemLib system can read these files to record the Each robotics workstation consists of data generated. robotics hardware by Bohdan Automation, Inc. Mundelein, Illinois, and a PC currently running Microsoft Windows for Workgroup v3.11 and Ethernet software. The robotics workstation PC is logged into the network for one-way communication that allows the workstation to access the server for file access only.

### General Scheme B4

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Scaffold C-i with a primary amine functionality 15 contained within the R4 substituent is reacted spatially addressed, parallel array reaction block vessels with excess of electrophiles  $R^{J}-Q$  wherein Q is chloro, bromo, or an acid activating group including but not limited to N-hydroxysuccinimide.  $R^{J}-Q$  includes acid chlorides, alkyl chloroformates, sulfonyl 20 chlorides. activated esters of carboxylic acids, carbamates, and isocyanates. Reaction of scaffold C-i with RJ-Q'is effected in the presence of a tertiary amine base at room temperature in a mixture of a polar aprotic solvent and/or a halogenated solvent. As illustrated in Scheme B-4 the products of the general formulae B-i are isolated in purified form by addition of a carbonylfunctionalized resin B32 which covalently sequesters any unreacted primary amine scaffold C-i as resin-bound adduct B35, and also by the addition of a primary aminefunctionalized resin B33 which covalently sequesters any remaining electrophile  $R^3-Q$  from each reaction mixture as

resin-bound adduct B34. Resin B33 also sequesters the HQ byproduct from the reaction mixture by proton transfer from solution-phase Base-HQ. Incubation at room temperature, filtration, rinsing of the resin cake, and concentration of the filtrates affords purified products B-i filtered away from resin-bound adducts B32, B33, B34, B35, and B36.

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Scheme B-5 specifically illustrates the derivatization of the primary amine-containing scaffold C1 to afford the desired products B-i in a parallel array synthesis format. In a parallel array synthesis reaction block, individual reaction products are prepared in each of multiple reaction block vessels in a spatially

addressed format. A solution of the desired primary amine-containing scaffold C1 (limiting amount,) dimethylformamide (DMF) is added to the reaction vessels followed by a 4.0 fold stoichiometric excess solution of N-methylmorpholine in DMF. To each reaction vessel is added the electrophiles: either 2.0 fold stoichiometric excess when  $R^J-Q$  is an acid chloride or alkyl chloroformate, or a 1.5 fold stoichiometric excess when R<sup>J</sup>-Q is a sulfonyl chloride, or a 1.25 stoichiometric excess when  $R^{J}-Q$  is an isocyanate. Excess 10 electrophiles and N-methylmorpholine were used to effect more rapid and/or more complete conversion of scaffold C1 to products B-0001-B-0048 compared to reactions that do not utilize stoichiometric excesses of electrophiles and N-methylmorpholine. The reaction mixtures are incubated at ambient temperature for 2-3 h. Each reaction vessel then charged with a large excess is (15-20)stoichiometric excess) of the amine-functionalized resin B33 and the aldehyde-functionalized resin B32. The resin-charged reaction block is shaken vertically for 14-20 h on an orbital shaker at ambient temperature to allow optimum agitation of the resin-containing vessel mixtures. The excess electrophiles  $R^{J}-Q$  and unreacted scaffold amine C1 are removed from the reaction medium as insoluble adducts **B34** and **B37** respectively. 25 addition the N-methylmorpholine hydrochloride salt formed during the course of the reaction is also neutralized its free base form by proton transfer reaction to the amine-functionalized resin B33. Simple filtration of the insoluble resin- adducts B32, B33, B34, B36, and B37, 30 rinsing of the resin cake with dichloroethane, evaporation of the filtrates affords the desired products B-i in purified form.

Scheme B-6 illustrates a general synthetic method involving the parallel array reaction of a scaffold C-ii containing a secondary amine functionality within the definition of the R4 substituent. Each reaction vessel is charged with the secondary amine-containing scaffold Cii, followed by the introduction of a stoichiometric excess of an optionally unique electrophile  $R^L$ -Q into each vessel, wherein Q is chloro, bromo, or an acid activating group including but not limited to N-hydroxysuccinimide. R<sup>L</sup>-Q includes acid chlorides, alkyl chloroformates,

sulfonyl chlorides, activated esters of carboxylic acids, activated carbamates, and isocyanates. Reaction of scaffold **C-ii** with R<sup>L</sup>-Q is effected in the presence of tertiary amine base at room temperature or elevated temperature in a mixture of a polar aprotics solvent and/or a halogenated solvent. After solution-phase reactions have progressed to afford crude product mixtures in each vessel, the products

B-ii are isolated in purified form by the addition of the isocyanate-functionalized resin B38 which covalently sequesters remaining secondary amine scaffold C-ii as resin-bound adduct B39, and also by the addition of the primary amine-functionalized resin B33 which covalently sequesters remaining electrophile  $R^L$ -Q from each reaction vessel as resin-bound adducts B40. Resin B33 also sequesters the HQ byproduct in each vessel as B36, formed by proton transfer from solution-phase Base-HO. Incubation with these resins, either simultaneously or sequentially, followed by filtration, rinsing, and concentration of the filtrates affords purified products B-ii filtered away from resin-adducts B33, B36, B38, B39, and B40.

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Scheme B-7 illustrates the conversion of the secondaryamine containing scaffold C-2 to the desired products B-In a parallel array synthesis reaction block, individual reaction products are prepared in each of 48 multiple reaction block vessels. A solution of the scaffold C-2 (limiting amount) in dimethylformamide (DMF) is added to the reaction vessels followed by a 4.0fold stoichiometric excess solution of N-methylmorpholine To each reaction vessel is then added an electrophile R<sup>L</sup>-Q as a dichloroethane (DCE) solution: either a 2.0 fold stoichiometric excess is used when  $R^L-Q$ is an acid chloride or alkyl chloroformate, or a 1.5 fold stoichiometric excess when R<sup>L</sup>-Q is a sulfonyl chloride, or 1.25 fold stoichiometric excess when  $R^{L}-Q$ The reaction mixtures are isocyanate. incubated at

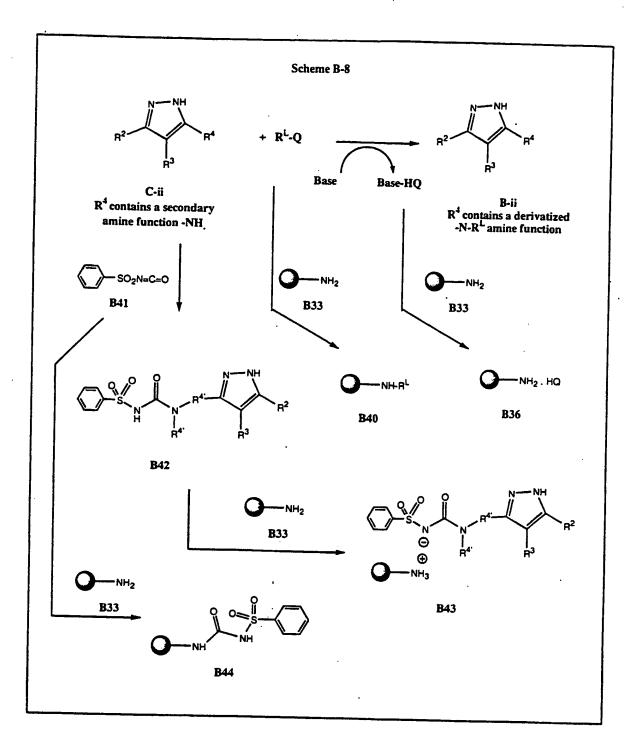
ambient temperature for 2-6 h. Each reaction vessel is then charged with a large excess (15-20)fold stoichiometric excess) of the amine-functionalized resin B33 and the isocyanate-functionalized resin B32. resin-charged reaction block is shaken vertically for 14-20 h on an orbital shaker at ambient temperature to allow optimum agitation of the resin-containing vessel The excess electrophiles  $R^L$ -Q and unreacted scaffold amine C-2 are removed from the reaction medium as insoluble adducts B40 and B39, respectively. Resin 10 B33 also sequesters the HQ byproduct in each vessel as B36, formed by proton transfer from solution-phase Base-Incubation with these resins, followed by filtration and rinsing with solvent mixtures of DMF and/or DCE, affords purified product solutions in collection vials filtered away from resin-adducts B33, B36, B38, B39, and Concentration of filtrates affords purified B40. products B-ii.

Scheme B-8 illustrates another general synthetic method involving the parallel array reaction of a scaffold C-ii containing a secondary amine functionality within the definition of the R<sup>4</sup> substituent. Each reaction vessel is charged with the secondary amine-containing scaffold C-ii, followed by the introduction of a stoichiometric excess of an optionally unique electrophile R<sup>L</sup>-Q into each vessel. Reaction of scaffold C-ii with R<sup>L</sup>-Q is effected in the presence of tertiary amine base at room temperature or elevated temperature in a mixture of a polar aprotic solvent and/or a halogenated solvent.

Excess electrophiles and N-methylmorpholine are used to effect more rapid and/or more complete conversion of scaffold C-ii to products B-ii compared to reactions that do not utilize stoichiometric excesses of electrophiles N-methylmorpholine. The reaction mixtures incubated at ambient temperature for 2-8 h. reaction vessel is then charged with the sequestrationenabling reagent phenylsulfonylisocyanate B41. B41 reacts with remaining secondary amine scaffold **C-ii**, converting **C-ii** to the *in situ-*derivatized compound B42. Subsequent incubation of these vessel mixtures with a large excess (15-20 fold stoichiometric excess) of the amine-functionalized resin B33 sequesters the solution-phase species  $R^L-Q$ , HQ, B41, and B42 as the resin-bound adducts B40, B36, B44, and B43, respectively. The resin-charged reaction block is shaken vertically for 14-20 h on an orbital shaker at ambient temperature to allow optimum agitation of the resin-containing vessel mixtures. Filtration of the insoluble resin- adducts B33, B36, B40, B43 and B44 and subsequent rinsing of the vessel resin-bed with DMF and/or DCE affords filtrates containing the purified products B-ii. Concentration of the filtrates affords the purified products B-ii.

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Scheme B-9 illustrates the method of Scheme B-8 using scaffold C-2. A solution of the scaffold C-2 (limiting

amount) in dimethylformamide (DMF) is added to the reaction vessels followed by a 4.0-fold stoichiometric excess solution of N-methylmorpholine in DMF. reaction vessel is then added an electrophile  $R^L$ -Q as a dichloroethane (DCE) solution: either a 2.0 stoichiometric excess is used when RL-Q is an acid chloride or alkyl chloroformate, or a 1.5 stoichiometric excess when  $R^L-Q$  is a sulfonyl chloride, or a 1.25 fold stoichiometric excess when  $R^L-Q$ 10 isocyanate. The reaction mixtures are incubated ambient temperature for 2-6 h. After solution-phase reactions have progressed to afford crude product mixtures, each reaction vessel is then charged with a dichloroethane solution of the sequestration-enabling reagent phenylsulfonylisocyanate **B41**. 15 This reagent B41 reacts with remaining secondary amine scaffold C-2, converting C-2 to the in situ-derivatized compound B45. Subsequent incubation of these vessel mixtures with a large excess (15-20 fold stoichiometric excess) of the amine-functionalized resin B33 sequesters the solution-20 phase species  $R^L-Q$ , HQ, B41, and B45 as the resin-bound adducts B40, B36, B44, and B46, respectively. The resincharged reaction block is shaken vertically for 20 h on an orbital shaker at ambient temperature to allow optimum 25 the resin-containing vessel mixtures. agitation of Filtration of the insoluble resin- adducts B33, B36, B40, B44, and B46 and subsequent rinsing of the vessel resinbed with DCE affords filtrates containing the purified products **B-ii**. Concentration of the filtrates 30 the purified products B-ii.

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Another general method for the parallel array reaction block synthesis is illustrated in Scheme B-10 for the derivatization of the carboxylic acid-containing scaffold

Scaffold C-iii with a free carboxylic acid C-iii. functionality is reacted in spatially addressed, parallel array reaction block vessels with excesses of optionally different primary or secondary amines B47 in the presence the polymer-bound carbodiimide reagent B48 and a tertiary amine base in a mixture of a polar aprotic solvent and/or a halogenated solvent. After filtration of each crude vessel product misture away from resins B48 and B49, each reaction mixture is purified by treatment sequestration-enabling-reagent B50 (tetra-10 with the fluorophthalic anhydride). The reagent B50 reacts with remaining excess amine B47 to afford the in situderivatized intermediates **B51** which contain carboxylic acid molecular recognition functionality. Subsequent incubation of each reaction mixture with a 15-20-fold 15 stoichiometric excess of the primay amine-functionalized resin B33 sequesters B51, B50, and any remaining acid scaffold C-iii as resin-bound adducts .B52, B53, and B54, respectively. Filtration of soluton-phase products B-iii away from these resin-bound adducts and rinsing of the 20 beds with a polar aprotic solvent halogenated solvent affords filtrates containing purified products **B-iii**. Concentration of the filtrates affords purified B-iii.

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Scheme 'B-11 illustrates the conversion of the acid containing scaffold C-49 to the desired amide products Bin a parallel synthesis format. A limiting amount of the C-49 is scaffold added as a solution dimethylformamide to each reaction vessel containing the bound carbodiimide reagent **B48** stoichiometric excess). A solution of pyridine (4 fold stoichiometric excess) in dichloromethane is added to this slurry, followed by addition of an excess amount of 10 a dimethylformamide solution of a unique amine B47 (1.5 fold stoichiometric excess) to each vessel. The parallel reaction block is then agitated vertically on an orbital shaker for 16-18 h at ambient temperature and filtered to separate the solution phase product mixture away from resin-bound reagent B48 and resin-bound reagent byproduct 15 The resulting solutions (filtrates) containing a B49. mixture of the desired amide products B-iii, excess amines B47 and any unreacted acid containing scaffold C-49, are treated with tetrafluorophthalic anhydride B50. B50 converts the excess amines B47 in each filtrate 20 vessel to its respective sequestrable half acid form B51. After two h incubation time, an excess of the aminefunctionalized resin B33 and dichloromethane solvent are added to each reaction vessel. The amine-containing 25 resin B33 converts B51, any remaining B50, and any remaining C-49 to their resin-bound adducts B52, B53, and B55, respectively. The resin-charged reaction block is shaken vertically for 16 h on an orbital shaker ambient temperature to allow optimum agitation of the 30 resin-containing vessel mixtures. Filtration of the insoluble resin- adducts B33, B52, B53, and B55 and subsequent rinsing of the vessel resin-bed with WO 00/31063 PCT/US99/26007

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dimethylformamide affords filtrates containing the purified products **B-iii**. Concentration of the filtrates affords the purified products **B-iii**.

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Although Schemes B-1 through B-11 describe the use of parallel array chemical library technology to prepare compounds of general formulae B-i, B-ii, and B-iii, it is noted that one with ordinary skill in the art of classical synthetic organic chemistry would be able to prepare B-i, B-ii, and B-iii by conventional means (one compound prepared at a time in conventional glassware and purified by conventional means such as chromatography and/or crystallization).

A general synthesis of pyridylpyrazole scaffolds C-i, Cii, and C-iii is depicted in Scheme C-1. 15 Step A: Picoline is treated with a base chosen from but not limited to n-butyllithium (n-BuLi), lithium di-isopropylamide (LDA), lithium hexamethyldisilazide (LiHMDS), potassium t-butoxide (tBuOK), or sodium hydride (NaH) in an organic solvent such as tetrahydrofuran (THF), diethyl 20 ether, t-butyl methyl ether, t-BuOH or dioxane from -78  $^{\circ}$ C to 50  $^{\circ}\text{C}$  for a period of time from 10 minutes to 3 hours. The metallated picoline solution is then added to a solution of ester B56. The reaction is allowed to stir from 30 minutes to 48 hours during which time the 25 temperature may range from -20 °C to 120 °C. The mixture is then poured into water and extracted with an organic solvent. After drying and removal of solvent the pyridyl monoketone B57 is isolated as a crude solid which can be purified by crystallization and/or chromatography. 30

Step B: A solution of the pyridyl monoketone B57 in ether, THF, tBuOH, or dioxane is added to a base chosen from but not limited to n-BuLi, LDA, LiHMDS, tBuOK, or NaH contained in hexane, THF, diethyl ether, t-butyl methyl ether, or t-BuOH from -78 °C to 50 °C for a period of time from ranging from 10 minutes to 3 hours. An appropriately substituted activated ester or acid halide derived from R<sup>4</sup>-CO<sub>2</sub>H is then added as a solution in THF, ether, or dioxane to the monoketone anion of B57 while the temperature is maintained between -50 °C and 50 °C. The resulting mixture is allowed to stir at the specified temperature for a period of time from 5 minutes to three hours. The resulting pyridyl diketone intermediate B58 is utilized without purification in Step C.

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Step C: The solution containing the pyridyl diketone **B58** is quenched with water and the pH is adjusted to between 4 and 8 utilizing an inorganic or organic acid chosen from HOAc, H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, HCl, or HNO<sub>3</sub>. The temperature during this step is maintained between -20 °C and room temperature. Hydrazine or hydrazine hydrate was then added to the mixture while maintaining the temperature between -20 °C and 40 °C for a period of 30 minutes to three hours. The mixture is then poured into water and extracted with an organic solvent. The pyridyl pyrazole **C-i** or **C-ii** is obtained as a crude solid which is purified by chromatography or crystallization.

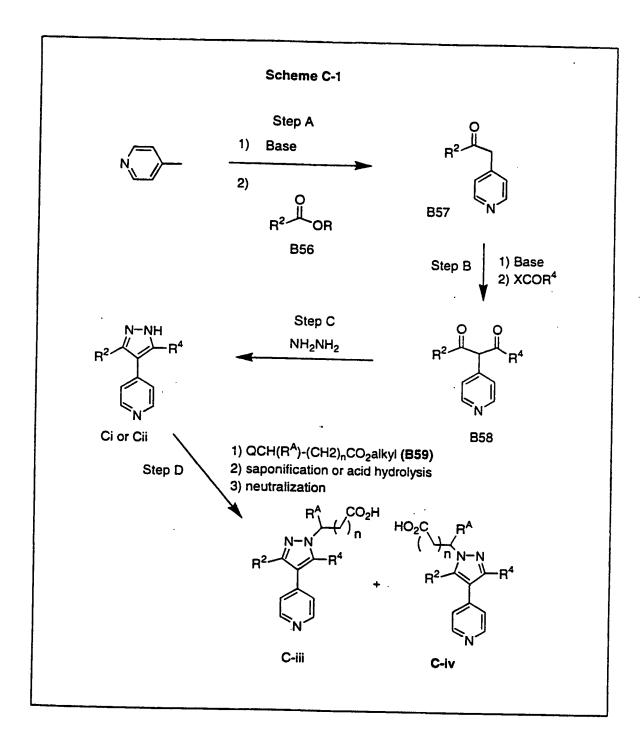
Step: D In some cases the pyridyl pyrazole **C-i** or **C-ii** is alkylated with Q-C(R<sup>A</sup>)-(CH2)<sub>n</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>alkyl wherein Q is halogen. **C-i** or **C-ii** is treated with a base chosen from NaH, NaOEt, KOtBu, or NEt<sub>3</sub> in an organic solvent such as THF, methylene chloride, dioxane, or DMF at temperatures

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between -20 °C and 150 °C and reaction times between 30 minutes and 12 hours. The resulting alkylated pyridyl pyrazole ester is then hydrolyzed to the acid by treament with NaOH or LiOH in aqueous/alcohol solvent mixtures or in THF/water solvent mixtures. Alternatively, the ester function is removed by treatment with an organic or inorganic acid if the alkyl residue is Acidification, followed by extraction with an organic solvent affords C-iii which may be purified chromatography or crystallography. In some regioisomeric alkylated products C-iv are also formed. The desired **C-iii** can be separated away from **C-iv** by chromatographic purification or by fractional crystallization.

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5 A synthesis of pyridylpyrazole scaffold **C-1** is depicted in Scheme C-2.

Step A:

Picoline is added to a solution of LiHMDS in THF at room temperature over a time period ranging from 30 minutes to The resulting solution is stirred for additional 30 minutes to 1 hour at room temperature. This 5 solution is then added to neat ethyl fluorobenzoate **B60** at room temperature over 1-2 h. mixture is then allowed to stir at room temperature for Equal portions of water and ethyl acetate are then added to the reaction and the mixture is partitioned 10 in an extraction funnel. The organic layer is dried, filtered, and evaporated to give an oily solid. are then added and the solid is filtered and washed with cold hexanes leaving the pyridyl monoketone B61 for use in Step B.

### 15 Step B:

The pyridyl monoketone **B61** is added as a solution in THF to a flask maintained at room temperature which contains t-BuOK in a THF/ t-BuOH cosolvent. A yellow precipitate forms and stirring at room temperature is continued for 1-3 h. After this time, N-Cbz-protected glycine N-hydroxysuccinimide **B62** is added dropwise at room temperature as a solution in THF over 1-3 h. This solution, containing crude diketone **B63**, is used directly in Step C.

25 Step C:. The solution from step C is treated with water and the pH is adjusted to between 6 and 7 with acetic acid. Hydrazine hydrate is then added dropwise to the mixture as a solution in water over 30 minutes to 1h at room temperature. Water and ethyl acetate are then added to the flask and the mixture is then partitioned in a separatory funnel. The organic layer is dried, filtered, and evaported to give a crude oil which is purified by

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silica gel chromatography, giving rise to purified C-1Cbz.

Step: D

5 The Cbz protecting group contained in compound **C-1Cbz** is cleaved using hydrogen gas under pressure and Pd-C in methanol solvent. The resulting amine **C-1** is obtained by filtration and concentration.

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A number of pyridyl pyrazole scaffolds of type  ${\bf C-v}$  are prepared as shown in Scheme C-3.

Step A: Picoline is treated with a base chosen from but not limited to n-BuLi, LDA, LiHMDS, tBuOK, or NaH in an organic solvent such as THF, ether, t-BuOH or dioxane from -78 °C to 50 °C for a period of time from 10 minutes The metallated picoline solution is then added to a solution of an appropriately activated ester analog of a carboxylic acid  $CbzNR^H-(CH_2)$   ${}_nCR^F(R^G)-CO_2H$  or  $BocNR^H-(CH_2)$   ${}_nCR^F(R^G)-CO_2H$ , preferably but not limited to the N-hydroxysuccinimide **B64**. The reaction is allowed to stir from 30 minutes to 48 hours during which time the temperature may range from -20 °C to 120 °C. The mixture is then poured into water and extracted with an organic solvent. After drying and removal of solvent the pyridyl monoketone **B65** is isolated as a crude solid which can be purified by crystallization and/or chromatography.

Step B: A solution of the pyridyl monoketone B65 in ether, THF, tBuOH, or dioxane is added to a base chosen 20 from but not limited to  $n ext{-BuLi}$ , LDA, LiHMDS,  $t ext{BuOK}$ , or NaH contained in hexane, THF, ether, dioxane, or tBuOH from -78 °C to 50 °C for a period of time from 10 minutes to 3 hours. The anion sometimes precipitates as a yellow solid. An appropriately substituted activated ester such 25 as the N-hydroxysuccinimide B66 is then added as solution in THF, ether, or dioxane to the monoketone anion while the temperature is maintained between  $-50~^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ and 50 °C. The resulting mixture is allowed to stir at the specified temperature for a period of time from 30 ranging from 5 minutes to 3 hours. The resulting pyridyl diketone intermediate B67 is utilized without further purification in Step C.

Step C: The solution containing the pyridyl diketone B67 is quenched with water and the pH is adjusted to between 4 and 8 utilizing an inorganic or organic acid chosen from HOAc, H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, HCl, or HNO<sub>3</sub>. The temperature during this step is maintained between -20 °C and room temperature. Hydrazine or hydrazine hydrate is then added to the mixture while maintaining the temperature between -20 °C and 40 °C for a period of 30 minutes to three hours. The mixture is then poured into water and extracted with an organic solvent. The pyridyl pyrazole C-vBoc or C-vCbz is obtained as a crude solid which is purified by chromatography or crystallization.

## 15 Step: D

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The carbamate protecting groups from C-vBoc or C-vCbz are removed to afford the scaffolds C-v containing either a free primary amine (RH is hydrogen) or a free secondary amine (RH not equal to hydrogen). The Boc protecting carbamate groups are cleaved utilizing trifluoroacetic acid (TFA)/methylene chloride at room temperature for several hours. The CBZ carbamate protecting groups are cleaved using hydrogen gas under pressure and Pd-C in an alcoholic solvent. The resulting amines  $\mathbf{C}-\mathbf{v}$  are then optionally crystallized or purified by chromatography.

The synthesis of scaffolds **C-vi** is accomplished as shown in Scheme C-4.

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## Step A:

A Boc protected pyridylpyrazole **B68** is treated with benzaldehyde in methylene chloride at room temperature in the presence of a drying agent for a period of time ranging from 1-24 h. Solvent is then evaporated and the resulting imine **B69** is used in step B without further purification.

## Step B:

The pyridylpyrazole imine B69 is dissolved in THF and 15 stirred under nitrogen at temperatures ranging from -78 to -20 °C. A base such as LDA, n-BuLi, or LiHMDS is added dropwise to the mixture which is then stirred for an additional 10 minutes to 3 h. Two-five equivalents of an alklyating agent  $R^F$ -Q are then added to the mixture and 20 stirring is continued for several hours. The mixture is then quenched with acid and allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred several hours until cleavage of the Boc and the imine functions is complete. adjusted to 12 and then the mixture is extracted with an organic solvent, which is dried and evaporated. crude pyridylpyrazole is then crystallized chromatographed to give C-vi.

The synthesis of maleimide-containing scaffolds **C-vii** is accomplished as shown in Scheme C-5.

The maleimide pyrazole scaffolds **C-vii** are synthesized as depicted in scheme C-5. Condensation reaction of a primary amine H<sub>2</sub>N-R with a maleic anhydride **B70** that is substituted at position 3 with either a bromo, chloro, or triflate group generates compound **B71**. The formed maleimide derivative **B71** then reacts with an acetophenone derivative **B72** in the presence of a Pd(0)

catalyst and base to afford compound B73. The methylene position of B73 is then acylated with an acid anhydride B74 or an activated acid ester B75, forming the di-ketone derivative B76. The di-ketone B76 condenses with hydrazine to afford the desired maleimide pyrazole scaffold C-vii.

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Scheme C-6 illustrates the synthesis of the maleimide pyrazole scaffold C-63 wherein R<sup>4</sup> is hydrogen. The synthesis starts with the condensation reaction of bromomaleic anhydride B77 with 2, 4-dimethoxybenzylamine in acetic acid and acetic anhydride, giving rise to intermediate B78. The maleimide B78 is then treated with 4'-fluoroacetophenone in the presence of catalytic amount

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 $P\dot{d}_2$  (dba) 3 and sodium t-butoxide to form the fluoroacetophenone substituted maleimide B79. The B79 is tert-butoxybis(dimethylamino)methane treated with yield the a-ketoenamine B80. The a-ketoenamine B80 condensed with hydrazine to form the maleimide pyrazole skeleton **B81**. The 2, 4-dimethoxybenzyl group protecting group is optionally removed with ceric ammonium nitrate (CAN) to give compound C-63.

Scheme C-7 illustrates the synthesis of maleimide-containing scaffolds C-64 and C-65. These scaffolds C-49 and C-50 are synthesized according to the general methods

illustrated Scheme C-5 and exemplified with the in utilization N-hydroxysuccinimides B82 and of afford the maleimide-containing pyrazoles B86 and **B87**, respectively. Optional removal of the 2,4dimethoxylbenzyl groups with CAN and subsequent removal of the Boc-protecting groups with trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) affords the scaffolds C-64 and C-65.

The various functionalized resins and sequestrationenabling-reagents utilized to prepare and purify parallel reaction mixtures are more fully described below, including their commercial source or literature reference to their preparation.

В32 СНО

4-benzyloxybenzaldehyde functionalized polystyrene. Novabiochem cat. #01-64-0182

B33 NH<sub>2</sub>

Prepared as reported in D. L. Flynn et al, J. American Chemical Society (1997) 119, 4874-4881.

B38 **Q**\_\_\_\_\_N=c=o

Methylisocyanate functionalized polystyrene. Novabiochem cat. # 01-64-0169

B48 CI O N N TO N TO N N TO N N TO N T

Polymer bound EDC, prepared as reported by M. C. Desai *et al*, *Tetrahedron Letters* (1993) <u>34</u>, 7685.

B41

SO<sub>2</sub>N=C=O

Benzenesulfonylisocyanate, purchased from Aldrich Chemical Company. Cat# 23,229-7

B50 F

Tetra-fluorophthalic anhydride, purchased from Aldrich Chemical Company. Cat # 33,901-6

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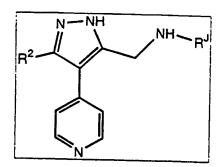
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Experimental procedure for the parallel synthesis of a series of amides, carbamates, ureas and sulfonamides B-0001 through B-0048 from scaffold C-1.

# Examples B-0001 through B-0048

To each reaction vessel (polypropylene syringe tubes fitted with a porous frit, closed at the bottom) of a parallel reaction apparatus was added 200 uLof dimethylformamide. A stock solution of the scaffold amine C-1 in dimethylformamide (0.1 M, 500 uL) was added to each reaction vessel followed by the addition of a stock solution of N-methylmorpholine in dimethylformamide (1.0 M., 200 uL). A stock solution of each of the electrophiles was then added to the appropriate reaction vessels: a) 500 uL of a 0.2 M solution of the acid chlorides in dichloroethane or b) 500 uL of a 0.2 M solution of the chloroformates in dichloroethane or c) 313 uL of a 0.2 M solution of the isocyanates dichloroethane or d) 375 uL of a 0.2 M solution of the sulfonyl chlorides in dichloroethane. The parallel reaction apparatus was then orbitally shaken (Labline Benchtop orbital shaker) at 200 RPM at ambient

temperature (23-30 °C) for a period of 2-3 h, under a gentle flow of nitrogen. At this time each reaction vessel was treated with approximately 250 mg of polyamine resin  ${\bf B33}$  (4.0 meq N/g resin) and approximately 100 mg of polyaldehyde resin B32 (2.9 mmol/g resin). Each reaction vessel was diluted with 1 mL dimethylformamide and 1 mL dichloroethane and the orbital shaking was continued at 200 RPM for a period of 14-20 h at ambient temperature. Each reaction vessel was then opened and the desired solution phase products separated from the insoluble 10 quenched byproducts by filtration and collected individual conical vials. Each vessel was rinsed twice with dichloroethane (1 mL) and the rinsings were also collected. The solutions obtained were then evaporated to dryness in a Savant apparatus (an ultracentrifuge 15 equipped with high vacuum, scalable temperature settings and a solvent trap to condense the volatile solvent The resulting amide, carbamate, urea sulfonamide products were then weighed and characterized. The yields and analytical data for the products obtained 20 using this method are shown below.



Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0001	F-{		85	397	398
B-0002	F—		94	412	413
B-0003	F—		91	340	341
B-0004	F—		79	368	369
B-0005	F—		92	498	499
B-0006	F—		92	416	417
B-0007	F—	Br	86	450	451

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0008	F—{}	100	86	448	449
B-0009	F—		83	368	369
B-0010	F—		86	338	339
B-0011	F—		92	402	403
B-0012	F-		74	442	443
B-0013	F—		91	446	447
B-0014	. F—		84	352	353
B-0015	F—		94	380	381
B-0016	F—	Ç CF3	89	440	441
B-0017	F—		83	498	499

Example#	R²	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0018	F—	ZZ NM	24	439	440
B-0019	F—{}	σ σ σ	89	474	475
B-0020	F-\	a contraction of the contraction	90	440	441
B-0021	F-		85	386	387
B-0022	F—	NO.	35	417	418
B-0023	F—		94	397	398
B-0024	F—	No 2	87	417	418
B-0025	F—		5	354	-
B-0026	F—		87	426	427
B-0027	F—		89	350	351

Example	# R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0028	F-{	CF,	92	456	457
B-0029	F-{}		89	428	429
B-0030	F—		37	498	499
B-0031	F—	NO <sub>2</sub>	18	407	408
B-0032	F-		86	462	463
B-0033	F—		3	352	•
B-0034	F—		92	446	447
B-0035	F—		- 28	569	570
B-0036	F—	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	93	416	417
B-0037	F—	8	91	422	423

Example	e# R²	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0038			84	390	393
B-0039	F—{}		87	402	403
, B-0040	F—		92	416	417.
B-0041	F—	Jos	75	444	445
B-0042	F—	1 0 F	54	390	391
B-0043	F—		80	396	397
B-0044	F—	7	81	310	311
B-0045	F—		91	408	409
B-0046	F—	F,C CF,	25	464	465
B-0047	F-	3	88	430	431

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Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0048	F—		95	414	415

By analogy to the procedure identified above for the preparation of Examples B0001-B0048, the following examples B-0049 through B-1573 were prepared.

	R²	R <sup>4</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0049	F-		85	414	415
B-0050	F—{		9	458	459
B-0051	F—	F.	91	426	427
B-0052	F—		79	407	408
B-0053	F—	S C N	92	407	408
B-0054	F-	© o N	92	363	364
B-0055	F—		86	505	506

	R²	₽₁	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0056	F—		86	487	488
B-0057	F-		83	394	395
B-0058	F—	S	86	462	463
B-0059	F-\{\}		92	466	467
B-0060	F—{}	CF <sub>3</sub>	74	456	457
B-0061	F—	CF <sub>3</sub>	35	458	459
B-0062	F—	CF <sub>3</sub>	94	458	459
B-0063	F—		87	372	373
B-0064	F—	m	5	394	395
B-0065	F—	j Q a	87	420	395

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	R²	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spe	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0066	F—{}		89	350	351
B-0067	F—		92	386	387
B-0068	F—{}		89	432	433
B-0069	F—		37	390	391
B-0070	F—		18	432	433
B-0071	F—	G G	86	440	441
B-0072	F—		3	432	433
B-0073	F—	Br	92	450	451
B-0074	F—	F. O. S.	28	390	391
B-0075	F-		93	402	403

Example#
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	R²	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0076	F-		91	400	401
B-0077	F—{}		84	382	383
B-0078	F—\\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\		87	396	397
B-0079	F—		92	364	365
B-0080	F—	NO <sub>2</sub>	75	447	448
B-0081	F-	⇒ s s	54	370	371
B-0082	F—		80	430	431
B-0083	F—		81	382	383
B-0084	F—		91	464	465
B-0085	F—		25	462	463

Example#
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	R <sup>2</sup>	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0086	F—	200	88	432	433
B-0087	F-{}		95	416	417
B-0088	F—{			438	439
B-0089	F-	3		336	337
B-0090	F—			444	445
B-0091	F—			368	369
B-0092	F—			506	507
B-0093	F—	<b>}</b> , ○ CI		436	437
B-0094	F—	CF,		461	462
B-0095	F—	2 -		408	409

**591** .

Example#					
	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0096	F—			410	411

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EXA	m	n	e f

	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0097	F-		14	486	487
B-0098	F-	NH NH	8	465	-
B-0099	F—		75	464	465
B-0100	F-		72	388	389
B-0101	F—		23	408	409
B-0102	F—	NO.	37	487	488
B-0103			11	492	493

Example	9#
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Example	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spe	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0104	F-{		59	426	427
B-0105	F—	S	79	360	361
B-0106	F—		56	374	375
B-0107	F—	o====o	33	346	347
B-0108	F—		12	466	467
B-0109	F—		65	450	451
B-0110	F—		55	458	459
B-0111	F—		41	458	459
B-0112	F—		19	467	468
B-0113	F-\\_\\		78	453	454

Cxample	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0114	F—	NO <sub>2</sub>	14	453	454
B-0115	F—	NO.	33	453	
B-0116	F—		11	459	487
B-0117	F—		77	438	439
B-0118	F—		52	422	423
B-0119	F—		82	434	435
B-0120	F—		49	422	423
B-0121	F—	}	64	414	415
B-0122	F—		87	501	502
B-0123	F—		100	450	451

	R²	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0124	F—		87	456	457
B-0125	F—		45	472	473
B-0126	F—		100	476	477
B-0127	F—	0 0 0 E	100	433	434
B-0128	F—	2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	100	482	-
B-0129	F—		96	480	481
B-0130	F—		93	468	469
B-0131	F—		90	468	469
B-0132	F—		78	436	437
B-0133	F—		76	426	427

	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0134	F-{}		87	444	445
B-0135	F—		67 ·	476	477
B-0136	F—	o a a a	100	570	•
B-0137	F—		35	480	481
B-0138	F—		60	500	•
B-0139	F—		73	585	586
B-0140	F—		62	434	459
B-0141	F—		100	483	484
B-0142	F—		90	444	445
B-0143	F—		61	492	493

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Example#	R²	₽,	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0144	F—		49	448	449

Example	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0145	F-		48	433	434
B-0146	F-		32	415	416
B-0147	F—		67	471	472
B-0148	F—		79	465	•
B-0149	F—	MN O	65	353	354
B-0150	F—		53	465	466
B-0151	F—		68	401	402

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0152	F—		39	383	-
B-0153	F—		96	427	428
B-0154	F—		44	459	460
B-0155	F—		74	479	480
B-0156	F—		44	459	460
B-0157	F—		72	415	416
B-0158	F—		96	445	446
B-0159	F—	.,	97	411	412
B-0160	F—		49	417	418
B-0161	F—		93	459	460

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>d</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0162	F-		91	405	406
B-0163	F—		94	455	456
B-0164	F-(-)		84	455	456
B-0165	F—	j j	52	411	412
B-0166	F—	i -	72	417	418
B-0167	F—		66	447	448
B-0168	F—		27	415	416
B-0169	F-		91	415	416
B-0170	F—		8	351	352
B-0171	F—		10	437	438

Example	# R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0172	F—		62	471	472
B-0173	F—		40	455	456
B-0174	F—{}	Ho	92	405	406
B-0175	F-{-}		96	387	388
B-0176	F—		25	415	416
B-0177	F-		100	397	398
B-0178	F——}	i, C	34	429	430
B-0179	F—		72	429	430
B-0180	F—		91	463	464
B-0181	F—		100	463	464

Example	R <sup>2</sup>	Кı	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0182	F—		50	447	448
B-0183	F—		22	455	456
B-0184	F-		63	465	466
B-0185	F—		65	471	472
B-0186	F-		42	429	430
B-0187	F-		62	481	482
B-0188	F—		98	439	440
B-0189	F-		21	453	454
B-0190	F—		57	417	418
B-0191	F—		24	477	478

Example#	R²	₽¹	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0192	F—	i c	35	455	456

Example#	R²	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0193	F-	K S	42	378	379
B0194	F-	NH NH	65	365	366
B-0195	F—		93	587	588
B-0196	F—	Z Jim. NH	82	365	366
B-0197	F—		100	587	588
B-0198	F—		86	373	374
B-0199	F—		81	373	374

Example	# R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Caicd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0200	F—		78	373	374
B-0201	F—	\	95	352	353
B-0202	F—		100	416	417
B-0203	F-		69	354	355
B-0204	F—		93	340	341
B-0205	F-		94	354	355
B-0206	F—		79	424	425
B-0207	F-(-)		82	326	327
B-0208	F—	\$\lambda_s\rangle	88	378	379
B-0209	F—		83	362	363

Example	# R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spe	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0210	F—	CF 3	100	364	365
B-0211	F—	NH NH	60	325	326
B-0212	F—	NH NH	79	339	340
B-0213	F—	NH NH	71	353	354
B-0214	F—	NH 2	77	311	312
B-0215	F—		24	353	354
B-0216	F—			339	340
B-0217	F——}			381	382
B-0218	F—		·	365	366
B-0219	F—	L <sub>NH</sub>		401	402

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	₽	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0220	F—	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		415	416
B-0221	F—	O		367	368

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0222	F—		96	486	487
B-0223	F-\	P. C.	100	465	466
B-0224	F—	0 Br	75	486	509a
B-0225	F-		100	442	·443
B-0226	F—		88	482	483
B-0227	F-		73	482	483
B-0228	F—	О — ОН ОН	37	452	•

Example	₽ R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0229	F—		100	476	477
B-0230	F—		94	476	477
B-0231	F-	0=%=0	100	460	461
B-0232	F—	0 = S = 0	90	440	441
B-0233	F-	0= 0= 0= 0= 0= 0= 0= 0= 0= 0= 0= 0= 0= 0	99	476	477
B-0234	F—	S Br	100	486	487,489
B-0235	F-	} — S — S — Br.	89	486	487,489
B-0236		S CF3	100	476	477
B-0237	F—	0 	100	476	477
B-0238	F—		92	438	•

Example	# R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0239	F-		100	442	443
B-0240	F—	0=0=0	100	442	
B-0241	F-		100		443
B-0242	F—	0 = S = O	100	476 460	477
B-0243	F—	O CI	. 87	456	461
B-0244	F—		100	436	437
B-0245	F—	0=\$= 0=\$=	100	422	423
B-0246	F—	<u> </u>	100	452	453
B-0247	F—	O	100	476	477
B-0248	F—	0=4=0	73	468	-

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0249	F-	0 = s = 0 0	100	516	517,519
B-0250	F-\_\		72	458	017,013
B-0251	F-\	0=s=0	100	427	428
B-0252	F—	0=0=0	100	450	451
B-0253	F—	0=%=0	100	472	473
B-0254	F—	O CN	100	433	434
B-0255	F—		84	547	548
B-0256	F—		100	484	507a
B-0257	F—		85	534	535
B-0258	F—		100	491	492

Example#	R²	R¹	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0259	F—		100	554	555
B-0260	F—		91	500	501
B-0261	F—		100	486	487
B-0262	F—	0==0 0.2	100	481	482
B-0263	F-		100	554	555
B-0264	F—	0=0=0	75	375	376
B-0265	F-	0=0=0	71	459	460
B-0266	F—		100	412	413

Example#	R²	В1	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0267	F—	~	100	386	3,87
B-0268	F—	ا م	89	406	407
B-0269	F—	4	84	386	387
B-0270	F—	CF <sub>3</sub>	92	440	441
B-0271	F—	S S	98	428	429
B-0272	F—		57	498	499
B-0273	F-	G C	100	440	441

Example	# R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0274	F-	CN CN	94	397	398
B-0275	F-		90	422	423
B-0276	F—	o F	100	408	409
B-0277	F—	مرابع المرابع	88	408	409
B-0278	F—		100	426	427
B-0279	F-	5	54	440	441
B-0280	F—		79	414	415
B-0281	F—	CF3	82	458	459
B-0282	F—————————————————————————————————————	F	89	426	427
B-0283	F—	CF <sub>3</sub>	90	458	459

Exampl	e# R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Caicd. Mass Spe	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0284		CF 3	100	458	459
B-0285	F—{}	CF <sub>3</sub>	94	458	459
B-0286	F—	Z CF 3	100	458	459
B-0287	F—	CF,	96	458	459
B-0288	F——}	CF 3	100	458	459
B-0289	F—	G	96	406	407
B-0290	F—		96	386	387
B-0291	F—		95	440	441
B-0292	F—————————————————————————————————————		94	390	391
B-0293	F—		100	408	409
•					

Example	# R <sup>2</sup>	R,	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spe	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0294	F—	CI C	100	440	441
B-0295	F—	F	91	408	409
B-0296	F—	F	96	426	427
B-0297	F—		88	390	391
B-0298	F—		95	408	409
B-0299	F—	E O	90	408	409
B-0300 ·	F—	C	95	406	407
B-0301	F—	Br.	99	450	451,453
B-0302	F-\	CF <sub>3</sub>	94	440	441
B-0303	F—	₹ S	100	378	379

Example#	R²	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0304	F—	N, O	100	391	392

Example#	R²	H,	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0305			70	326	327
B-0306		www.	59	340	341
B-0307			59	354	355
B-0308			60	368	369
B-0309			61	352	353
B-0310			61	366	367
B-0311			65	356	357

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0312			75	342	343
B-0313			68	356	357
B-0314			31	370	371
B-0315			61	384	385
B-0316			75	368	369
B-0317			62	366	367
B-0318			52	388	389
B-0319			53	424	425
B-0320			50	424	425
B-0321			54	442	443

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0322			64	474	475
B-0323			58	474	475
B-0324			60	422	423
B-0325			64	422	423
B-0326			58	422	423
B-0327			63	378	379
B-0328			68	389	390
B-0329		\$s  0	63	362	363
B-0330		o≡	48	376	377
B-0331			66	424	425

Example	# R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spe	Observed c Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0332			61	442	443
B-0333			60	458	459
B-0334			55	502	503
B-0335			60	454	455
B-0336			100	500	501
B-0337			65	458	-
B-0338			69	502	503
B-0339			69	454	•
B-0340			77	492	493
B-0341			64	458	459

Example	₹ R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0342			41	438	•
B-0343			63	430	431
B-0344			96	464	465
B-0345			62	507	508
B-0346			56	497	498
B-0347			61	341	342
B-0348			3	367	-
B-0349			57	403	404
B-0350			57	481	482
B-0351			31	355	356

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0352			51	397	398

Example	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0353	F-		71	382	383
B-0354	F—{		35	512	513
B-0355	F-{		37	352	353
B-0356	F—		57	404	405
B-0357	F—		88	366	367
B-0358	F—		88	410	411
B-0359	F—		100	324	325

Example	# R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0360	F—		56	364	365
B-0361	F—	2222	70	350	351
B-0362	F—	Br.	100	464	465
B-0363	F—		73	512	513
B-0364	F—		88	377	378
B-0365	F—		70	396	397
B-0366	F—		100	354	355
B-0367	F—		· 71	416	417
B-0368	F—		86	454	455
B-0369	F—		40	440	441

Example	# R <sup>2</sup> .	R,	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0370	F—		94	364	365
B-0371	F-{}		88	460	461
B-0372	F—		69	430	431
B-0373	F-		100	430	431
B-0374	F—		75	400	401
B-0375	F—		74	386	387
B-0376	F—		53	378	379
B-0377	F—		71	387	388
B-0378	F—		69	387	388
B-0379	F—		<b>66</b>	387	388

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0380	F-		85	416	417
B-0381	F—		93	430	431
B-0382	F—		84	382	383
B-0383	F—		74	583	584
B-0384	F—		63	438	439

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0385	F—		83	440	441
B-0386	F-		99	422	423
B-0387	F—		47	388	389
B-0388	F—		100	448	449
B-0389	F—		71	436	437
B-0390	F—		100	458	459
B-0391	F—	\$	45	414	415

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	Кı	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0392	F—{		100	440	441
B-0393	F—{}		75	388	389
B-0394	F—		92	402	403
B-0395	F—	0====	87	374	375
B-0396	F—		86	360	361
B-0397	F—		81	452	453
B-0398	F—		88	428	429
B-0399	F—		99	436	437
B-0400	F—		82	482	483
B-0401	F—		94	367	368

Example#	R²	۴٦	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0402	F—	NH 2	73	325	326
B-0403	F—		91	415	416
B-0404	F—		41	379	380
B-0405	F—		88	395	396
B-0406	F—		100	419	420
B-0407	F—		52	353	354
B-0408	F—		83	339	340
B-0409	F—		74	415	416
B-0410	F—		100	419	420
B-0411	F—		94	429	430

Example	H <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0412	F-		91	365	366
B-0413	F—		79	367	368
B-0414	F—		85	<b>429</b>	430
B-0415	F—		82	401	402
B-0416	F—		93	429	430
B-0417	F—		97	429	430
B-0418	F—		100	419	420
B-0419	F—		100	431	432
B-0420	F—————————————————————————————————————		36	381	382
B-0421	F-\_\_\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	***	96	353	354

Example	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>4</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0422	F—{		100	461	462
B-0423	F—		100	406	407
B-0424	F—		76	366	367
B-0425	F—	*	21	368	369
B-0426	F—		100	354	355
B-0427	F—		100	379	380
B-0428	F—		100	379	380
B-0429	F—		- 86	368	369

Example#	R²	R,	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0430	F—		51	500	501
B-0431	F-		76	479	480
B-0432	F-	Br	90	500	501
B-0433	F-	0 CI	96	456	457
B-0434		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	75	496	497
B-0435	F—	0=0=0	52	496	497
B-0436	F—		73	506	

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	К <sub>1</sub>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0437	F—{}		19	466	
B-0438	F-\		100	490	491
B-0439	F—		67	464	465
B-0440	F-		96	472	473
B-0441	F-		87	472	473
B-0442	F—		72	481	482
B-0443	F—		66	473	474
B-0444	F-\		80	515	516
B-0445	F—		94	490	491
B-0446	F-		84	464	465

Example	e# R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spe	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0447	F—{}		89	470	471
B-0448	F—	a c	100	490	491
B-0449	F-		100	474	475
B-0450	F—		100	447	448
B-0451	F-\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_		100	454	455
B-0452	F—	S S G	95	496	497
B-0453	F—		100	490	491
B-0454	F—		100	500	501
B-0455	F—		96	500	501
B-0456	F-{}	<b>!</b>	89	494	<b>495</b>

Example#	R²	R¹	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0457	F-{}		93	482	483
B-0458	F—		100	490	491
B-0459	F	C. C.	100	490	491

Example#	R²	К <sub>1</sub>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0460	F—		93	450	451
B-0461	F—		84	452	453
B-0462	F—		96	<b>456</b>	457
B-0463	F—		66	456	457
B-0464	F—		69	490	491
B-0465	F—		86	490	491
B-0466	F—		78	474	475

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0467	F—		78	470	471
B-0468	F—		91	450	451
B-0469	F—		85	436	437
B-0470	F—		99	466	467
B-0471	F—		100	490	491
B-0472	F—		37	482	483
B-0473	F—		92	462	463
B-0474	F—		99	530	532
B-0475	F—		55	472	473
B-0476	F—		89	441	442

Example	e# R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spe	Observed Mass Spec
B-0477	F—		79	464	465
B-0478	F—{}		92	486	487
B-0479	F—		97	447	448
B-0480	F—		75	561	562
B-0481	F—		74	498	499
B-0482	F—	****	57	548	549
B-0483	F—		83	505	506
B-0484	F—		100	568	569
B-0485	F—		100	495	496
B-0486	F—		100	426	427

Example#	R²	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0487	F—————————————————————————————————————		32	389	390
B-0488	F—		100	568	569
B-0489	F—		91	500	501
B-0490	F—		40	473	474
B-0491	F—		73	514	515

Example#	R²	Кļ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0492	F-		89	400	401
B-0493	F—	7	100	420	421
B-0494	F—	0 4	100	400	401
B-0495	F—	CF <sub>3</sub>	100	454	455
B-0496	F—		100	442	443
B-0497	F-		50	512	513
B-0498	F-	S C C	100	454	455

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0499	F—	S CN	98	411	412
B-0500	F—		100	436	437
B-0501	F—	o F	100	<b>422</b>	423
B-0502	F—	- F	100	422	423
B-0503	F—		92	440	441
B-0504	F—		67	454	455
B-0505	F—		68	428	429
B-0506	F—	CF 3	98	472	473
B-0507	F—	F	. <b>82</b>	440	441
B-0508	F—	CF <sub>3</sub>	99	472	473

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R¹	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0509	F-	CF,	100	472	473
B-0510	F—	CF <sub>3</sub>	96	472	473
B-0511	F—		100	472	473
B-0512	F—	CF.	100	472	473
B-0513	F—	CE CE	100	472	473
B-0514	F—	a	100	420	421
B-0515	F—		100	400	401
B-0516	F—	0 O	100	454	455
B-0517	F—		100	404	405
B-0518	F		99	422	423

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Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	К	%Yleid	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0519	F—	G G	100	454	455
B-0520	F—	E O	98	422	423
B-0521	F—	E P	99	440	441
B-0522	F—		88	404	405
B-0523	F—		100	422	423
B-0524	F—	F O	100	422	423
B-0525	F—	To the second se	100	420	421
B-0526	F—————————————————————————————————————		100	464	465
B-0527	F—————————————————————————————————————	CF	100	454	455
B-0528	F—	S S	100	392	393

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Example#	R²	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0529	F—	N. N.	94	405	406

Example#	R²	R¹	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0530	F—		67	382	383
B-0531	F-		66	512	513
B-0532	F—		37	352	353
B-0533	F—		56	404	405
B-0534	F—		100	366	367
B-0535	F—————————————————————————————————————		100	410	411
B-0536	F—		41	324	325

Example	# R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spe	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0537	F-		100	364	365
B-0538	F—		29	350	351
B-0539	F—	Br Br	70	464	465
B-0540	F—		50	512	513
B-0541	F—		61	377	378
B-0542	F—		61	396	397
B-0543	F—		59	354	355
B-0544	\/		45	416	417
B-0545	F—		100	454	455
B-0546			44	440	441

Example	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0547	F-		64	364	365
B-0548	F—		89	460	.461
B-0549	F—		100	430	431
B-0550	F—		100	430	431
B-0551	F—		81	400	401
B-0552	F-		38	386	387
B-0553	F—		31	378	379
B-0554	F—		100	387	388
B-0555	F—		66	387	388
B-0556	F—		32	387	388

Example#	R²	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0557	F—		70	416	417
B-0558	F—		57	430	431
B-0559	F—		74	382	383
B-0560	F—	04	36	583	584
B-0561	F—		51	438	439

Example	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0562	F—	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	88	440	441
B-0563	F-\		68	422	423
B-0564	F—	 	<b>47</b>	388	389
B-0565	F-	1-1-	100	448	449
B-0566	F—		76	436	437
B-0567	F—		99	458	459
B-0568	F—	0 	45	414	415

Examples	F R <sup>2</sup>	. R¹	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0569	F—		88	440	441
B-0570	F—		61	388	389
B-0571	F—		58	402	403
B-0572	F—	0==0	75	374	375
B-0573	F—	0===== 	72	360	361
B-0574	F—		97	452	453
B-0575	F-		71	428	429
B-0576	F—		88	436 .	437
B-0577			72	482	483
B-0578	F—		89	367	368

Example	# R²	R <sup>2</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0579	F-	NH 2	100	325	326
B-0580	F—		75	415	416
B-0581	F—		44	379	380
B-0582	F—		75	395	396
B-0583	F-\		<b>80</b> .	419	420
B-0584	F—		57	353	354
B-0585	F—		83	<b>339</b>	340
B-0586	F—		71	415	416
B-0587	F—		100	419	420
B-0588	F—		94	429	430

Example	# R <sup>2</sup>	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0589	F—		78	365	366
B-0590	F—		82	367	368
B-0591	F—		72	429	430
B-0592	F—		82	401	402
B-0593	F—		88	429	430
B-0594	F—		100	429	430
B-0595	F—		99	419	420
B-0596	F-		93	431	432
B-0597	F—		40	381	382
B-0598			93	353	354

Example#	R²	R'	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0599	F—		100	461	462
B-0600	F—		98	406	407
B-0601	F-		66	366	367
B-0602	F-	**	25	368	369
B-0603	F—		90	354	355
B-0604	F—		86	379	380
B-0605	F—		87	379	380
B-0606	F—		72	368	369

Example#	R²	R,	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0607	F—	OH STATE	34	500	501
B-0608		NO TO	100	479	480
B-0609	F—	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	<b>82</b>	500	501
B-0610	F—	) 	100	456	457
B-0611	F—		76	496	497
B-0612	F—	0=1/10	69	496	497
B-0613	F—		61	506	·

Example#	R²	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0614	F—	O D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	18	466	
B-0615	F—		100	490	491
B-0616	F—		77	464	465
B-0617	F—		93	472	473
B-0618	F—		84	472	473
B-0619	F—S		71	481	482
B-0620	F—		89	473	474
B-0621	F—————————————————————————————————————		68	515	516
B-0622	F—————————————————————————————————————		70	490	491
B-0623	F—		92	464	465

Example#	R²	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0624	F-		98	470	471
B-0625	F-\		96	490	491
B-0626	F—		100	474	475
B-0627	F—		100	447	448
B-0628	F—		64	454	455
B-0629	F—		100	496	497
B-0630	F—		85	490	491
B-0631	F—		75	500	501
B-0632	F—		83	500	501
B-0633	F—		58	494	495

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Example#	R²	ВĄ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0634	F—		63	482	483
B-0635	F—		95	490	491
B-0636	F—		100	490	491

Example#	R²	К <sub>1</sub>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0637	F—		91	450	451
B-0638	F—		96	436	437
B-0639	F—		100	<b>456</b>	457
B-0640	F—		100	456	457
B-0641	F—		88	490	491
B-0642	F—	a a	99	490	491
B-0643	F—		92	474	475

Example#	R²	КĄ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0644	F—		100	470	471
B-0645	F—		92	450	451
B-0646	F—		100	<b>43</b> 6	437
B-0647	F—		90	466	467
B-0648	F—		94	490	491
B-0649	F—		57	482	
B-0650	F—		82	462	463
B-0651	F—		100	530	531
B-0652	F—		53	472	
B-0653	F—		84	441	442

Example#	R²	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0654	F—		92	464	465
B-0655	F—		100	486	487
B-0656	F—		98	447	448
B-0657	F—		85	561	562
B-0658	F—		92	498	499
B-0659	F—	**************************************	46	548	549
B-0660	F—	+	80	505	506
B-0661	F—		100	568	569
B-0662	F—		98	495	496
B-0663	F		74	426	427

Example#	R²	R⁴	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0664	F—		30	389	390
B-0665	F—		100	568	569
B-0666	F—		93	500	501
B-0667			54	473	474
B-0668	F—		66	514	515

Example#	R²	₽¹ .	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0669	-F-	~	65	400	401
B-0670	F—	7 °	45	420	421
B-0671	F—	1	43	400	401
B-0672	F—	CF,	45	454	455
B-0673	F—	S	41	442	443
B-0674	IF—		16	512	513
B-0675	F—	o d	39	454	455

Example#	R²	КĄ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0676	F-	S CN	34	411	412
B-0677	F—		46	436	437
B-0678	F—	0 F	37	422	423
B-0679	F—	- F	34	422	423
B-0680	F—		60	440	441
B-0681	F—		31	454	455
B-0682	F—		37	428	429
B-0683	F—	CF 3	46	472	473
B-0684	F—	F	50	440	441
B-0685	F—	CF <sub>3</sub>	44	472	473

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0686	F—	CF,	66	472	473
B-0687	F—	CF <sub>3</sub>	57	472	473
B-0688	F—		52	472	473
B-0689	F—	CF,	42	472	473
B-0690	F—	CF 3	34	472	473
B-0691	F—	a	52	420	421
B-0692 ·	F—		41	400	401
B-0693	F—	G G G	56	454	455
B-0694	F-		38	404	405
B-0695	F—		43	422	423

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0696	F-	G	57	454	455
B-0697	F—	F	51	422	423
B-0698	F-	F F	59	440	441
B-0699	F—		46	404	405
B-0700	F—		.47	422	423
B-0701	F—	L C	46	422	423
B-0702	F—	To the second se	43	420	421
B-0703	F—	Br S	57	464	465
B-0704	F—	CF <sub>3</sub>	44	454	455
B-0705	F—	₹ S	33	392	393

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Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yleld	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0706	F—	N,	35	405	406

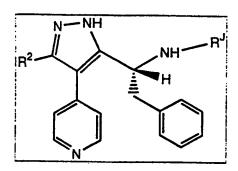
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	Кı	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0707	F—		76	516	517
B-0708	F—		61	498	499
B-0709	F—	₩ 	37	464	465
B-0710	F—		76	524	525
B-0711	F—		75	512	513
B-0712	F—		91	534	535
B-0713	F—	\$CF ,	42	490	491

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yleid	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0714	F-		87	516	517
B-0715	F—		60	464	465
B-0716	F—		59	478	479
B-0717	F—	0 	61	450	451
B-0718	F—	\$\\s\ \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	65	436	437
B-0719	F—		84	528	<b>529</b>
B-0720	F————		69	504	505
B-0721	F—		63	512	513
B-0722	F—		88	558	559
B-0723	F—		68	443	444

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0724	F-	NH 2	75	401	402
B-0725	F—		83	491	492
B-0726	F-		24	<b>45</b> 5	456
B-0727	F—		67	471	472
B-0728	F—		89	495	496
B-0729	F—		38	429	430
B-0730	F—		76	415	416
B-0731	F—		60	491	492
B-0732	F—		86	495	496
B-0733	F—————————————————————————————————————		81	505	506

Example	# R <sup>2</sup>	Ŗ¹	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0734	F—		87	441	442
B-0735	F—		83	443	444
B-0736	F—		91	<b>505</b>	506
B-0737	F—		9	477	•
B-0738	F—		87	505	506
B-0739	F—		82	505	506
B-0740	F—		85	495	496
B-0741	F—		68	507	508
B-0742	F—		14	457	•
B-0743	F-		77	429	430

Example#	R²	К	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0744	F—		- 86	537	538
B-0745	F—		82	482	483
B-0746	F—		74	442	443
B-0747	F—		83	444	445
B-0748	F—	<b>**</b>	94	430	431
B-0749	F—		100	455	456
B-0750	F—		100	455	456
B-0751	F—		48	444.	445



Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Caled. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0752	F-		84	516	517
B-0753	F—		67	498	499
B-0754	F—		31	464	465
B-0755	F—		85	524	<b>52</b> 5
B-0756	F—		. 77	512	513
B-0757	F—		57	534	535
B-0758	F—	\$ CF 3	36	490	491

Example#	R²	₽J	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0759	F—		79	516	517
B-0760	F—		53	464	465
B-0761	F—		50	478	479
B-0762	F—	0=====================================	60	450	451
B-0763	F—	0 	75	436	437
B-0764	F—		43	528	529
B-0765	F—		75	504	505
B-0766	F—		· 67	512	513
B-0767	F—		43	558	559
B-0768	F—		78	443	444

<b>-</b>	xample	# R²	R <sup>y</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spe	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
	B-0769	F-	NH <sub>2</sub>	76	401	402
	B-0770	F—		57	491	492
E	3-0771	F-\{\}		14	455	456
8	3-0772	F—		72	471	472
В	-0773	F—		100	495	496
В	-0774	F—		41	429	430
В	-0775	F—	B. B.	91	415	416
В-	0776	F—		64	491	492
Вн	0777	F—		90	495	496
B-(	0778	F—		19	505	506
					**************************************	

Example	# R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yleld	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0779	F—		79	441	442
B-0780	F—		40	443	444
B-0781	F—		93	505	506
B-0782	F—		57	477	478
B-0783	F—		99	505	506
B-0784	F—		100	505	506
B-0785	F—		92	495	496
B-0786	F-		91	507	508
B-0787	F—		15	457	458
B-0788	F—		48	429	430

Example	# R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0789	F-		91	537	538
B-0790	F—		93	482	483
B-0791	F—		76	442	443
B-0792	F—	*	96	444	445
B-0793	F—	***	54	430	431
B-0794	F—		100	455	456
B-0795	F—		100	455	456
B-0796	F—		94	444	445

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup> .	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0797	F—		90	458	459
B-0798	F—		90	588	589
B-0799	F—		82	<b>428</b>	429
B-0800	F—		92	480	481
B-0801	F-		82	442	443
B-0802	F—		95	486	487
B-0803	F—		89	400	401

Example	# R²	₽	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0804	F-		87	440	441
B-0805	F—		100	426	427
B-0806	F—		99	540	541
B-0807	F—		96	588	589
B-0808	F-		82	453	454
B-0809	F—		92	472	473
B-0810	F—	**************************************	98	430	431
B-0811	F—		88	492	493
B-0812	F—————————————————————————————————————		81	530	531
B-0813	F—		98	516	517

Example	e# R²	R¹	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0814	F—		100	440	441
B-0815	F—		100	536	537
B-0816	F-{}		99	506	507
B-0817	F—		98	506	507
B-0818	F-		86	476	477
B-0819	F-\		90	462	463
B-0820	F—		91	454	455
B-0821	F		69	463	464
B-0822	F—		79	463	464
B-0823	F—		79	463	464

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Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0824	F—		82	492	493
B-0825	F—		100	506	507
B-0826	F—		97	458	459
B-0827	F—	4.0	100	659	660
B-0828	F—		97	514	515

Example#	R²	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0829	F—		63	458	459
B-830	F—		70	588	589
B-0831	F—		. 100	428	429
B-0832			81	480	481
B-0833	F—		73	442	443
B-0834	F—		79	486	487
B-0835	F—		5	400	401

Example	# R²	ВĄ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0836	F—		00		
B-0837	F-		28	440	441
B-0838	F—	Br	81	426 540	427
B-0839	F—		80	588	541 589
B-0840	F—		71	453	454
B-0841	F—		55	472	473
B-0842	F—		71	430	431
B-0843	F—		68	492	493
B-0844	F—		61	530	531
B-0845	F—		84	516	517

Example	# R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0846	F-{}		87	440	
B-0847	F-{}				441
B-0848	F-		86	536	537
B-0849	F-		79 81	506 506	507 507
B-0850	F-		69	476	477
B-0851	F—		83	462	463
B-0852	F—		77	454	455
B-0853	F—		87	463	464
B-0854	F—		73	463	464
B-0855	F—		92	463	464

685

Example#	R²	Кļ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0856	F—		75	492	493
B-0857	F—		86	506	507
B-0858	F—		84	. 458	459
B-0859	F—		80	659	660
B-0860	F—		94	514	515

Example	<sup>‡</sup> R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0861	F-{}		84	583	584
B-0862	F—{}		96	475	476
B-0863	F—{		69	423	424
B-0864	F—		86	437	438
B-0865	F—		62	395	•
B-0866	F—		81	421	422
B-0867	F—	Br	100	535	536

Example	e# R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0868	F-\		89	583	584
B-0869	F—	\$	100	448	449
B-0870	F—		100	<b>42</b> 5	426
B-0871	F—		100	487	488
B-0872	F-		78	501	502
B-0873	F-		78	471	472
B-0874	F-\_\_\_\_\		92	475	476
B-0875	F—		37	458	459
B-0876	F—		69	507	508
B-0877	F—	0 	70	445	446
	•	0			الجسيسيس

Example	# R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0878	F—	» — o	91	431	432
B-0879	F—		92	511	512
B-0880	F-		89	410	411
B-0881	F-\		84	490	491
B-0882	F—		85	500	501
B-0883	F—		85	424	425
B-0884			86	532	533

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0885	F—		51	583	•
B-0886	F—		97	475	-
B-0887	F—		29	423	424
B-0888	F—		82	437	438
B-0889	F—		93	395	396
B-0890	F—		91	421	422
B-0891	F—	à l	43	535	536

Example#	R²	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0892	F—		62	583	584
B-0893	F—	\$ - \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	95	448	449
B-0894	F—		100	425	426
B-0895	F—		76	487	488
B-0896	F—		62	501	502
B-0897	F———		80	471	472
B-0898	F—————————————————————————————————————		79	475	476
B-0899	F—		70	458	459
B-0900	F—		62	507	508
B-0901	F-	°===	43	445	446

Example	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>3</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0902	F-		93	431	432
B-0903	F—		100	511	512
B-0904	F—		95	410	411
B-0905	F—		89	490	491
<b>B-090</b> 6	F—		69	500	501
B-0907	F—	, i de la constant de	28	424	425
B-0908	F—		64	532	533

Example#	R²	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0909	F—		83	542	543
B-0910	F-\_\_\_\_\_\		80	434	435
B-0911	F—		91	382	383
B-0912	F—		100	396	397
B-0913	F—		94	354	355
B-0914	F—		95	380	381
B-0915			98	494	495

Example	† R²	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0916	F—		84	542	543
B-0917	F-\{\}	,5 0 N	79	407	408
B-0918	F—		89	384	385
B-0919	F—		91	446	447
B-0920	F—		99	460	461
B-0921	F-\		84	430	431
B-0922	F-		81	434	435
B-0923	F-\		76	417	418
B-0924	F-\	·	70	466	467
B-0925	F—	0=====================================	64	404	405

Example	# R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0926	F—{}	»—————————————————————————————————————	47	390	391
B-0927	F-\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		89	470	471
B-0928	F-	PE P	53	369	370
B-0929	F-\		100	449	450
B-0930	F—		14	459	460
B-0931	F—		41	383	384
B-0932	F—————————————————————————————————————		94	491	492

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0933	F—		48	447	448
B-0934	F—		44	429	430
B-0935	F—		33	485	486
B-0936	F—	<i>y y y y y y y y y y</i>	30	479	-
B-0937	F—	HN —	68	367	368
B-0938	F—		72	479	480
B-0939	F—		76	415	416

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0940	F—		36	397	3 <b>9</b> 8
B-0941	F—		41	441	442
B-0942	F—		27	473	474
B-0943	F—		<b>5</b> 5	493	494
B-0944	F—		53	473	474
B-0945	F—		82	429	430
B-0946	F—		100	459	460
B-0947	F-		60	425	426
B-0948	F—		100	431	432
B-0949	F—		98	473	474

Example	₽ R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0950	F-		64	419	420
B-0951	F—		100	469	470
B-0952	F—		61	469	470
B-0953	F—		67	425	426
B-0954	F—		62	431	432
B-0955	F—		39	461	462
B-0956	F—		66	429	430
B-0957	F—		93	429	430
B-0958	F—	NAME OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PR	86	365	366
B-0959	F—		73	451	452

Example	₽# R²	₽,	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0960	F—		98	485	486
B-0961	F—		100	469	470
B-0962	F—		100	419	420
B-0963	F—		83	401	402
B-0964	F—		38	429	430
B-0965	F—		90	411	412
B-0966	F—		76	443	444
B-0967	F—		100	443	444
B-0968	F—	100	100	477	478
B-0969	F—	7:5	77	477	478

Example	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0970	F—		38	461	462
B-0971	F—	HN G	95	469	470
B-0972	F—		98	479	480
B-0973	F—		96	485	486
B-0974	F—		74	443	444
B-0975	F——		100	495	496
B-0976	F—		70	453	454
B-0977	F—		100	467	468
B-0978	F—		91	431	432
B-0979	F—		54	491	492

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0980	F—		65	469	470

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0981	F—{	*	78	382	383
B-0982	F—{}		82	512	513
B-0983	F—		94	352	353
B-0984	F—		81	404	405
B-0985	F—		84	366	367
B-0986	F—		80	410	411
B-0987	F-		85	324	325

Example	# R <sup>2</sup>	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0988	F-		91	364	365
B-0989	F—		88	350	351
B-0990	F—	Br Br	68	464	465
B-0991	F—		86	512	513
B-0992	F—		79	377	378
B-0993	F—		81	396	397
B-0994	F—		100	354	355
B-0995	F-		75	416	417
B-0996	F— 3		65	454	455

Example	# R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0997	F—		64	440	441
B-0998	F-{}		81	364	365
B-0999	F—		79	<b>460</b>	461
B-1000	F—		84	430	431
B-1001	F—		78	430	431
B-1002	F-\_\_\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		85	400	401
B-1003	F—		83	386	387
B-1004	F-		87	378 .	379
B-1005	F-		57	387	388

Example	R <sup>2</sup>	. R <sub>1</sub>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1006	F—		80	387	388
B-1007	F—		54	387	388
B-1008	F-{}	İ	64	416	417
B-1009	F-{}		81	430	431
B-1010	F—		81	382	383
B-1011	F—		66	583	584
B-1012	F—		69	438	439

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	ВĄ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1013	F—		53	440	441
B-1014	F—		61	422	423
B-1015	F—		47	388	389
B-1016	F—		74	448	449
B-1017	F—		63	436	437
B-1018	F—		82	458	459
B-1019	F—	\$	41	414	415

Example	₹ R²	R1	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1020	F—		100	440	441
B-1021	F—	0===0	100	388	389
B-1022	F—{		74	402	403
B-1023	F—{	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	76	374	375
B-1024	F—	\$	73	360	361
B-1025	F—		100	452	453
B-1026	F—		95	428	429
B-1027	F—		98	436	437
B-1028	F—		100	482	483
B-1029	F—		98	367	368

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1030	F—	NH 2	88	325	326
B-1031	F—{		97	415	416
B-1032	F—{		64	379	380
B-1033	F-		83	395	396
B-1034	F—		67	419	420
B-1035	F—		73	353	354
B-1036	F—		79	339	340
B-1037	F—		78	415	416
B-1038	F——}		100	419	420
B-1039	F—		95	429	430

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1040	F—		91	365	366
B-1041	F-{}		88	367	368
B-1042	F—		78	429	430
B-1043	F—		79	401	402
B-1044	F—		93	429	430
B-1045	F—		100	429	430
B-1046	F—		94	419	420
B-1047	F—		100	431	432
B-1048	F-		58	381	382
B-1049	F-		97	353	354

Example#	R²	₽,	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1050	F—		100	461	462
B-1051	F—	5	88	406	407
B-1052	F—		82	<b>36</b> 6	367
B-1053	F—	*	21	368	
B-1054	F—		98	354	355
B-1055	F—		100	379	380
B-1056	F—		85	379	380
B-1057	F—		30	368	369

Example#	R²	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1058	F—	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	35	500	501
B-1059	F-		77	479	480
B-1060	F—	Q Br	37	500	501
B-1061	F-	2, S, S	86	456	457
B-1062			58	496	497
B-1063	F-	0=0	5 <sup>.</sup>	496	497
B-1064	F—	O=s=o	58	506	-

Example	# Fi <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1065	F-	ο=ω=ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο	24	466	-
B-1066	F-		100	490	491
B-1067	F—		74	464	465
B-1068	F—		79	472	473
B-1069	F—		97	472	473
B-1070	F—		54	481	482
B-1071	F—		67	473	474
B-1072	F—		35	515	516
B-1073	F—		100	490	491
B-1074	F—		100	464	465

Example#	R²	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1075	F-\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_		100	470	471
B-1076	F—{}		93	490	491
B-1077	F—		100	474	475
B-1078	F—		80	447	448
B-1079	F—		85	454	455
B-1080	F—		100	496	497
B-1081	F—		100	490	491
B-1082	F-		100	500	501
B-1083	F-C		93	500	501
B-1084	F—————————————————————————————————————		81	494	495

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Example#	R²	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1085	F—		93	482	483
B-1086	F—		92	490	491
B-1087	F—	C. C.	100	490	491

Example#	R²	R³	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1088	F—		97	450	451
B-1089	F—		100	436	437
B-1090	F-	\$	100	456	457
B-1091	F—		100	456	457
B-1092	[F—	<b>1</b>	96	490	491
B-1093	F—		100	490	491
B-1094	F—		100	474	475

Example	# R <sup>2</sup>	КĄ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1095	F-		81	470	471
B-1096	F—		77	450	451
B-1097	F—		100	436	437
B-1098	F—		93	466	467
B-1099	F—		100	490	491
B-1100	F-		47	482	-
B-1101	F—		64	462	463
B-1102	F—		98	530	531
B-1103	F—		65	472	•
B-1104	F-		88	441	442

716

Example	R <sup>2</sup>	R³	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1105	F—		100	464	465
B-1106	F-		91	486	487
B-1107	F—		96	447	448
B-1108	F—		55	561	562
B-1109	F—		100	498	499
B-1110	F—		73	548	549
B-1111	F—		94	505	506
B-1112	F—		100	568	569
B-1113	F—		100	495	496
B-1114	F—	0 0 0	73	426	427

717

Example#	R²	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1115	F-{-}		30	389	390
B-1116	F—		100	568	569
B-1117	F—		83	500	501
B-1118	F-		55	473	-
B-1119	F—		70	514	515

Example	P <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>2</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1120	F—		84	400	401
B-1121	F—	- CI	86	420	421
B-1122	F—		90	400	401
B-1123	F—	CF <sub>3</sub>	100	454	455
B-1124	F—	S	91	442	443
B-1125	F—		50	512	513
B-1126	F—	CI CI	85	454	455

Example	# R²	₽J	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1127	F—	S CN	93	411	412
B-1128	F—		87	436	437
B-1129	F—	F	78	422	423
B-1130	F—	ا د ا	96	422	423
B-1131	F—		84	440	441
B-1132	F—	°	77	454	455
B-1133	F—		62	428	429
B-1134	F—	CF 3	91	472	473
B-1135	F—	F	85	440	441
B-1136	F—	CF <sub>3</sub>	82	472	473

Example	# R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1137	F—	CF 3	95	472	473
B-1138	F—	CF <sub>3</sub>	100	472	473
B-1139	F—	CF,	100	472	473
B-1140	F—	CF,	92	472	473
B-1141	F—		100	472	473
B-1142	F—	CC	88	420	421
B-1143	F—		90	400	401
B-1144	F—	G G	87	454	455
B-1145	F—		93	404	405
B-1146	F—		90	422	423

Example	e# R <sup>2</sup>	R¹	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1147	F—	G	100	454	455
B-1148	F-\{\}	F F	87	422	423
B-1149	F—	F	87	440	441
B-1150	F—		90	404	405
B-1151	F—		82	422	423
B-1152	F-	F 0	<b>8</b> 5	422	423
B-1153	F—	C	90	420	421
B-1154	F—	Br S	78	464	465
B-1155	F—	CF	79	454	455
B-1156	F—	S S	95	392	393

722

Example#	R²	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1157	F—	N, O	81	405	406

Example	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>4</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1158	F—		54	396	397
B-1159	F—{}		42	526	527
B-1160	F—	Para 0	27	366	367
B-1161	F—	المرابع المراب	58	418	419
B-1162	F—		62	380	381
B-1163	F—	i X	58	424	425
B-1164	F—	~~~	67	338	339

Example	# R <sup>2</sup>	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spe	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1165	F—		66	378	379
B-1166	F—		65	364	365
B-1167	F—	B	64	478	479
B-1168	F—		76	526	527
B-1169	F—		70	391	392
B-1170	F—		76	410	411
B-1171 ·	F—		82	368	369
B-1172	F—		73	430	431
B-1173	F—		74	468	469
B-1174	F—————————————————————————————————————		83	454	455

Example	# R <sup>2</sup>	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spe	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1175	F—	74	76	378	379
B-1176	F—		96	474	475
B-1177	F—		94	444	445
B-1178	F—		90	444	445
B-1179	F—		. 57	414	415
B-1180	F—		75	400	401
B-1181	F—		66	392	393
B-1182	F—		74	401	402
B-1183	F—		62	401	402
B-1184	F—		51	401	402

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1185	F—		90	430	431
B-1186	F—		86	444	445
B-1187	F—	3, 1	74	396	397
B-1188	F—		76	597	598
B-1189	F—		60	452	453

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1190	F-		44	454	455
B-1191	F—		47	436	437
B-1192	F—	0==w==0	50	402	403
B-1193	F—		62	462	463
B-1194	F—		49	450	451
B-1195	F-		61	472	473
B-1196	F—	\$	52	428	429

Example	t R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1197	F—		54	454	455
B-1198	F—		44	402	403
B-1199	F—	0 	67	416	417
B-1200	F—	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	45	388	389
B-1201	F—{}	\$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	52	374	375
B-1202	F-		100	466	467
B-1203	F—		91	442	443
B-1204	F—		100	450	451
B-1205	F-		83	496	497
B-1206	F—		97	381	382

Example	# R <sup>2</sup>	₽,	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1207	F—	NH 2	100	339	340
B-1208	F—		90	429	430
B-1209	F—		69	393	394
B-1210	F—		35	409	410
B-1211	F—		100	433	434
B-1212	F—		83	367	368
B-1213	F—		78	353	354
B-1214	F—		68	429	430
B-1215	F—		65	433	434
B-1216	F-		91	443	444

Example	F R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1217	F—		99	379	380
B-1218	F—{		92	381	382
B-1219	F-\_\_\_\_\_\		74	443	444
B-1220	F-{-}		67	415	416
B-1221	F—		14	443	444
B-1222	F—		19	443	444
B-1223	F—		71	433	434
B-1224	F—		100	445	446
B-1225	F-		75	395	396
B-1226	F—		58	367	368

Example	# R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spe	Observed Mass Spe (M+H)
B-1227	F-		98	475	476
B-1228	F—		71	420	421
B-1229	F—		85	380	381
B-1230	F—	*	10	382	•
B-1231	F—	**	66	368	369
B-1232	F—		100	393	394
B-1233 ·	F—		96	393	394.
B-1234	F—		66	382	383

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1235	F—		50	514	515
B-1236	F—		100	493	494
B-1237	F—	O Br	91	514	515
B-1238	F—	0 Ca	100	470	471
B-1239	F-(		71	510	511
B-1240	F—	0=\n=0	27	510	511
B-1241	F—	HO CI	73	520	

Example	# R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spe	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1242	F—{}	S O O O O O O O O O O O	26	480	481
B-1243	F-{}		100	504	
B-1244	F-\_\_\_\_\		52	478	479
B-1245	F—		100	486	487
B-1246	F—		56	486	487
B-1247	F—		43	495	496
B-1248	F-		61	487	488
B-1249	F—		32	529	530
B-1250	F—		56	504	<b>505</b>
B-1251	F—		58	478	479

Example	# R <sup>2</sup>	R	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spe	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1252	F-\	<u> </u>	98	484	485
B-1253	F—	<u>                                     </u>	59	504	505
B-1254	F-		100	488	489
B-1255	F-\		96	461	
B-1256	F—		79	468	469
B-1257	F—		63	510	511
B-1258	F—		100	504	505
B-1259	F—		95	514	515
B-1260	F—		92	514	515
B-1261	F—		98	508	509

735

Example#	R²	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1262	F-		97	496	497
B-1263	F-		100	504	505
B-1264	F—	0 05	100	504	505

B-1265 F— 100 464 465  B-1266 F— 79 466 451  B-1267 F— 100 470 471  B-1268 F— 87 470 471  B-1269 F— 100 504 505	Example	# R <sup>2</sup>	₽,	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1267 F————————————————————————————————————	B-1265	F-\\\\		100	464	465
B-1267 F 100 470 471  B-1268 F 87 470 471  B-1269 F 100 504 505	B-1266	F—		79	466	451
B-1268 F 87 470 471  B-1269 F 100 504 505	B-1267	F—		<b>100</b>	470	471
B-1269 F 100 504 505	B-1268	F—		87	470	471
B-1270 F- 100 504 505	B-1269	F—		100	504	505
	B-1270	F—		100	504	505
B-1271 F— 56 488 489	B-1271	F—		56	488	489

Example	# R²	R¹	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spe	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1272	F—		98	484	485
B-1273	F—		90	464	465
B-1274	F—		87	450	451
B-1275	F—		94	480	481
B-1276	F—		100	504	505
B-1277	F—		60	496	511
B-1278	F—		68	476	477
B-1279	F—		100	544	545
B-1280	F—————————————————————————————————————		68	486	-
B-1281	F—		98	455	456

Example	# R <sup>2</sup>	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spe	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1282	F—		100	478	479
B-1283	F-		58	500	501
B-1284	F-		58	461	462
B-1285	F—	+0.0	65	575	576
B-1286	F—		87	512	513
B-1287	F—		79	562	563
B-1288	F—		100	519	520
B-1289	F—		77	582	583
B-1290	F—		100	509	510
B-1291	F—		91	440	441

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1292	F—		35	403	404
B-1293	F—		73	582	583
B-1294	F—		49	514	515
B-1295	F—		48	487	•
B-1296	F—		76	528	529

Example	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1297	F—		62	447	448
B-1298	F—		66	452	453
B-1299	F—		65	479	431
B-1300	F—		71	444	445
B-1301	F		100	472	473
B-1302	F—	<b>1</b>	75	410	411
B-1303	F—		74	424	425

Example	e# R²	. R <sub>1</sub>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spe	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1304	F—		11	430	431
B-1305	F—{}		2	424	
B-1306	F—		30	433	434
B-1307	F—		100	522	523
B-1308	F—		100	508	509
B-1309	F—		100	448	449
B-1310	F—	NH NH	26	430	431
B-1311	F—	NAM	45	397	398
B-1312	F—		14	507	508
B-1313			67	450	451

Example	# R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spe	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1314	F—		69	. 444	445
B-1315	F—		57	450	451
B-1316	F—	T Z T	75	393	394
B-1317	F—	- Ja	100	461	462
B-1318	F—		31	450	451
B-1319	F—	<u>.</u>	23	464	465
B-1320	F—		59	512	513

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1321	F—	~	63	414	415
B-1322	F—		45	434	435
B-1323	F—	~~~	53	414	415
B-1324	F—	CF,	32	468	469
B-1325	F—	ST ST	45	456	457
B-1326	F—		50	526	527
B-1327	F—	CI CI	55	468	469

Example#	R²	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1328	F—	SCN CN	29	425	426
B-1329	F—		67	<b>4</b> 50	451
B-1330	F—	27 F	59	<b>43</b> 6	437
B-1331	F-	0 F	45	436	437
B-1332	F—		81	<b>4</b> 54	455
B-1333	IF—	o we will be a second of the s	23	468	469
B-1334	F—		53	442	443
B-1335	F—	CF 3	81	486	487
B-1336	F—	E C	69	454	455
B-1337	F—	CF <sub>3</sub>	67	486	487

Example#	R²	R₁	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1338	F—	CF 3	39	486	487
B-1339	F—	CF <sub>3</sub>	61	486	487
B-1340	F-		49	486	487
B-1341	F—	CF,	55	486	487
B-1342	F—		51	486	487
B-1343	F—	CI	72	434	435
B-1344	F—		52	414	415
B-1345	F—	<u>o</u>	43	468	469
B-1346	F—		40	418	419
B-1347	F—		67	436	437

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1348	F-\{\}	G 3000	39	468	469
B-1349	F—	F F	68	436	437
B-1350	F—	F F	73	<b>4</b> 54	455
B-1351	F—		54	418	419
B-1352	F—		.77	436	437
B-1353	F—	F 0	66	436	437
B-1354	F—	G	58	434	435
B-1355	F—	B r	77	478	479
B-1356	F—	CF.	50	468	469
B-1357	F—	S S	36	406	407

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1358	F—		39	419	420

Example#	R²	₽L	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1359	F-\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_	3,0	95	552	553
B-1360	F—	Z.L.	77	444	445
B-1361	F—		100	392	393
B-1362	F—		85	406	407
B-1363	F—	2,4	100	364	365
B-1364	F—	2,4	99	390	391
B-1365	F—————————————————————————————————————	) BR	92	504	505

Example#	R²	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1366	F—	12-1	100	552	553
B-1367	F-	27	100	417	418
B-1368	F—	3	86	394	395
B-1369	F—	12,1	100	456	457
B-1370	F—		100	470	471
B-1371	F—		77	440	441
B-1372	F—	F-77°	100	444	445
B-1373	F-\	N N O	42	427	428
B-1374	F—		60	476	477
B-1375	F—	700	94	414	415

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1376	F—	10% O	87	400	401
B-1377	F—	15 NO	100	480	481
B-1378	F-\	Z N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	95	379	380
B-1379	F-		93	459	460
B-1380	F—		89	469	470
B-1381	F—	HN	84	393	394
B-1382	F—		85	501	502

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup> .	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1383	F—		46	416	417
B-1384	F—	S S	56	432	433
B-1385	F—	0 2	59	426	427
B-1386	F-	7	50	427	428
B-1387	F-	7	12	427	428
B-1388	F—	Br	<b>6</b> 6	504 ·	505
B-1389	F—	√ O c	48	460	461

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1390	F—	CF <sub>3</sub>	44	494	495
B-1391	F—		50	456	457
B-1392	F—		47	<b>45</b> 1	452
B-1393	F—	~	44	444	445
B-1394	F—	٢	52	460	461
B-1395	F—	ر ا ا	77	440	441
B-1396	F—		58	451	452
B-1397	F—	~ a	64	460 .	461
B-1398	F—	Br Br	65	504	505
B-1399	F—————————————————————————————————————	F <sub>3</sub> C	50	494	495

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1400	F—	0 H <sub>3</sub> C	74	440	441
B-1401	F—	~~	76	462	463
B-1402	F—(	° ° °	65	462	463
B-1403	F—	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	64	445	446
B-1404	F-	F <sub>3</sub> C	70	512	513
B-1405	F-	ر م د	57	512	513
B-1406	F—	CF <sub>3</sub>	73	512	513
B-1407	F—	F <sub>2</sub> C	80	512	513
B-1408	F—	F3C F	2	512	513
B-1409	F—	F3C	62	512	513

Example	# R²	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1410	F—	CF <sub>3</sub>	42	512	513
B-1411	F—		19	462	463
B-1412	F—	المراجعة الم	74	462	463
B-1413	F—	20 CC CC	75	494	495
B-1414	F—	~	68	462	463
B-1415	F—		48	462	463
B-1416	F—	م کی ا	48	494	495
B-1417	F—	ر میکام	57	494	495
B-1418	F—	a a	49	494	495
B-1419	F—		39	494	495

Example	# R <sup>2</sup>	RL	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1420	F—	2	72	378	379
B-1421	F—	~~~	74	406	407
B-1422	F—	~~~	68	394	395
B-1423	F—	~~~	57	408	409
B-1424		4 ° °	77	422	423
B-1425	F—	4 ) ·	26	408	409
B-1426	F—	~~~~	41	406	407
B-1427	F—		37	404	405
B-1428	F-	700	60	456	457
B-1429	F—	CF <sub>3</sub>	2	418	419

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1430	F—		61	442	443
B-1431	F—		64	428	429
B-1432	F—	0= v=0	71	<b>429</b>	430
B-1433	F—	0====	74	462	463
B-1434	F—		88	466	467
B-1435	F—	0=0=0	75	481	482
B-1436	F—	\(\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc	71	504	505

Example	₱ R²	Ħ <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1437	F—		63	468	469
B-1438	F—		78	502	503
B-1439	F—		70	<b>54</b> 5	546
B-1440	F—		62	<b>53</b> 5 .	536
B-1441	F—		82	608	
B-1442	F—		79	555	556
B-1443	F—		28	513	514
B-1444	F—		75	522	523
B-1445	F—	) = S = O	74	526	527
B-1446	F—	Z-8-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-	70	570	571

Example	# R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1447	F—	\$=\$-\$\( \)\$	73	506	507
B-1448	F—	0 = S = C   C	76	530	531
B-1449	F—	0=0=0	82	530	531
B-1450	F—	0=0=0 0=0	83	530	531
. B-1451	F—	2 0≡ 0≡ 0≡ 0 = 0	74	530	531
B-1452	F—		76	530	531
B-1453	F—	0=s=0	73	530	531
B-1454	F—	0=w=0	81	498	499
B-1455	F—	0=0=0	83	498	499
B-1456	F—		78	498	499

Example#	H²	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1457	F—	O= s= 0	74	496	497
B-1458	F—	O Br O III	82	540	541
B-1459	F—	0=s=0	80	476	477
B-1460	F—	0===0 CF =	78	530	531
B-1461	F—	0=0=0	82	487	488
B-1462	F		71	540	541
B-1463	F-	O S CF	78	546	547
B-1464	F—	°=°=°	83	480	481
B-1465	F—	0=0=0	84	496	497
B-1466	F—	0 = \$ 0 B	80	540	541

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Example	# R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1467	F—	0=s=0	79	476	477
B-1468	F—{}	S CF3	79	530	531
B-1469	F—	S CN	75	487	488
B-1470	F-{\}	0   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S	80	480	481
B-1471	F—	0 = 0 = 0	74	496	497
B-1472	F—	0 Br	75	540	541
B-1473	F—	0=0=0	77	476	477
B-1474	F—	O CF	81	530	531
B-1475	F-\	2 5 5	70	487	488
B-1476	F—		54	540	541

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Example#	R²	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1477	F—		79	546	547

Example	# R²	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1478			87	394	395
B-1479			41	504	<b>5</b> 05
B-1480			87	451	452
B-1481			18	416	417
B-1482			77	427	428
B-1483			74	406	407
B-1484			82	422	423

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Example	# R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spe	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1485			85	460	461
B-1486			64	406	407
B-1487			71	392	393
B-1488			82	427	428
B-1489			87	- 444	445
B-1490			81	462	463
B-1491			87	462	463
B-1492			69	364	365
B-1493			53	417	418
B-1494			17	426	427

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Example	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spe	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1495			79	460	461
B-1496			80	444	445
B-1497			82	460	461
B-1498		*	72	378	379
B-1499			70	432	433
B-1500			68	390	391
B-1501			63	394	395
B-1502			78	408	409
B-1503			55	404	405
B-1504		ÇF,	39	418	419

Example	# R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spe	Observed c Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1505		B. B	69	540	541
B-1506			69	462	463
B-1507			70	496	497
B-1508			65	480	481
B-1509			56	414	415
B-1510		©	62	400	401
B-1511			30	468	469
B-1512			50	476	477
B-1513			44	540	541
B-1514			42	530	531

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Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1515			68	496	497
B-1516			27	429	430
B-1517			92	466	467
B-1518			33	379	380
B-1519			50	393	394
B-1520			82	435	436
B-1521			<b>8</b> 6	509	510
B-1522			12	405	406
B-1523			59	459	460
B-1524		70	81	459	460

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Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1525			57	419	420

Example#	R²	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1526		*	73	410	411
B-1527		Br.	66	520	521
B-1528			91	467	468
B-1529			73	432	433
B-1530			91	443	444
B-1531			74	<b>422</b> °.	423
B-1532			68	438	439

Example	# R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1533			84	476	477
B-1534			72	422	423
B-1535			78	408	409
B-1536			77	443	444
B-1537			86	460	461
B-1538			74	478	479
B-1539			85	478	479
B-1540			71	380	381
B-1541			71	433	434
B-1542			89	442	443

Example#	R²	RL	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1543			82	476	477
B-1544			76	460	461
B-1545		S C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	77	476	477
B-1546		*	76	394	395
B-1547			58	448	449
B-1548			83	406	407
B-1549			67	410	411
B-1550			37	424	425
B-1551			55	420	421
B-1552		CF,	23	434	435

Example	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1553		B. B.	83	556	557
B-1554			84	478	479
B-1555			93	512	513
B-1556			83	496	497
B-1557		0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0	62	430	431
B-1558		\$	45	416	417
B-1559			67	484	485
B-1560			16	492	493
B-1561			84	556	557
B-1562			74	546	547

Example	R <sup>2</sup> .	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1563			72	512	513
B-1564		\$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	57	445	446
B-1565			64	482	483
B-1566		o Sir	71	395	396
B-1567			54	409	410
B-1568			76	451	452
B-1569		, Ci	70	525	526
B-1570			79	421	422
B-1571			60	475	476
B-1572		70	77	475	476

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Example#	R²	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1573			65	435	436

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Proton NMR data for selected members from Examples B-0001 through B-1573 are shown in the following table.

Plate ID	1H NMR(solvent), d ppm
	(DMF-d7) d 8.53(bd, J = 4.99Hz, 2H), 7.44-7.24(m, 11H), 4.41(s, 2H), 4.31(br
B-0120	(2H) (2H), 7.33(12, 2H), 7.44-7.24(M, 11H), 4.41(S, 2H), 4.31(br
	(DMF-d7) d 8.56(bd, J = 4.98Hz, 2H), 7.78-7.69(m, 4H), 7.39-7.19(m, 6H),
B-0224	4.23(br, 2H)
	(DMF-d7) d 8.47(br, 2H), 7.91-7.75(m, 3H), 7.57-7.53(m, 1H), 7.38-7.34(m,
B-0235	2H), 7.21-7.13(m, 4H), 4.20(br, 2H)
	(CDCl3/CD3OD) d 8.38(d, J = 5.38 Hz, 1H), 7.62-7.32(m, 9H), 7.04-6.95(m,
B-0244	(4H), 6.86-6.80(m, 2H), 4.52(q, J = 6.96 Hz, 1H), 1.40(d, J = 6.88 Hz, 3H)
	(DMF-d7) d 8.45(bd, J = 2.85, 2H), 7.87(br s, 4H), 7.76-7.75(m, 2H), 7.53-7.33(m, 5H), 7.10.7.40(h, J = 6.88 Hz, 3H)
B-0256	7.33(m, 5H), 7.18-7.13(br, 4H)
	(DMF-d7), 1.32(br, 3H), 1.67(br, 3H), 4.17(br, 2H), 5.12(br, 1H), 7.50(m, 6H),
B-0426	8.77(m, 2H), 13.54(br, 1H).
	(DMSO), 1.14(t, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 4.54(m, 1H), 6.99(br, 2H), 7.21(br, 4H),
B-0438	7.45(s, 1H), 7.61(q, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 8.52(d, $J = 5.2$ Hz, 2H).
	(DMF-d7), 1.61(brd, J = 30.6 Hz, 3H), 4.61 (br, 1H), 7.25(m, 6H), 7.65(m, 3H), 8.59(br, 3H), 13.24(brd, J = 30.6 Hz, 3H), 4.61 (br, 1H), 7.25(m, 6H), 7.65(m, 3H),
B-0466	8.59(br, 2H), 13.34(brd, J = 34.8 Hz, 1H).
	(CD3OD), 1.53(d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 4.59(q, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.88(d, J = 4 Hz,
	1H), $7.09(m, 3H)$ , $7.15(dd, J = 4.4, 1.6 Hz, 2H)$ , $7.26(m, 2H)$ , $8.46(d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H)$
B-0473	Hz, 2H).
	(DMF), 1.80(br, 3H), 2.35(s, 1H), 4.98(br, 1H), 7.38(m, 6H), 7.85(m, 2H),
B-0477	8.45(br, 1H), 8.75(d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H).
	(Methanol-d4), 1.57(d, J = 5.6 Hz, 3H), 4.74(br, 1H), 7.23(m, 4H), 7.60(m, 2H)
3-0479	7.81(m, 4H), 8.67(br, 2H).
	(DMF), 1.78(s, 3H), 2.76(br, 6H), 4.85(br, 1H), 7.42(br, 2H), 7.54(br, 2H)
3-0487	17.86(or. 3h), 8.82(s, 2h).
_	(CD3OD), 1.38(d, $J = 7.2 \text{ Hz}$ , 3H), 4.15(br. 2H), 4.50(br. 1H), 7.04(br. 2H)
3-0566	17.16(br, 2H), 7.30(m, 7H), 8.45(m, 2H).
	(CD3OD), 1.56(br, 3H), 4.66(q, $J = 6.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.17(m, 8H), 7.56(m, 2H)
3-0569	10.47(S, 2H).
	(Methanol-d4), 1.49(br, 3H), 3.86(br, 3H), 4.60(br, 1H), 6.92(br, 2H), 7.19(br,
3-0574	12H), 7.31(br, 2H), 7.76(m, 4H), 8.60(br, 2H).
	(DMF-d7), 1.58(brd, $J = 30.0$ Hz, 3H), 4.62(br, 1H), 7.25(m, 6H), 7.60(m, 4H)
3-0639	[0.59(Df, 2H), 13.30(Dfg, J = 12.3 Hz)]
	7.18(m, 2H), 7.32(dd, J = 6.0, 4.4 Hz, 1H), 7.70(dd, J = 9.0, 5.8Hz, 1H),
3-0643	18.43(aa, J = 4.8, 3.2 Hz, 2H).
	(CD3OD), 1.58(br, 3H), 4.62(q, J = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 6.93(br, 1H), 7.17(m, 5H),
3-0650	7.31(br, 2H), 8.51(br, 2H).
	(CDCl3/CD3OD) d 8.48 (d, $J = 5.30$ Hz, 2H), 7.72-7.59(m, 4H), 7.14-7.10(m,
-0656	120, 7.03-6.97 (m, 4H), 4.60(q, J = 7.57Hz, 1H), 1.43(d, J = 7.26Hz, 2H)
	(CD3OD), 1.52(d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 3.75(s, 3H), 7.21(m, 2H), 7.42(m, 2H)
-0663	17.57(s, 1H), 7.76(s, 1H), 7.98(br, 2H), 8.76(br, 2H).
	[Hz, 2H), 3.06(m, 1H), 3.43(q, J = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 7.02(m, 2H), 7.14(m, 2H)
-1165	7.41 (m, 2H), 8.59(d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H).
	= 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.04(t, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.14(m, 2H), 7.36(m, 2H), 8.39(d, J = 1.8
-1169	[HZ, 1H), 8.60(m, 2H).
	6.83(br, 1H), 7.02(t, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.15(d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 7.40(m, 2H),
-1171	[8.59(d, J = 5.0 Hz, 2H)].

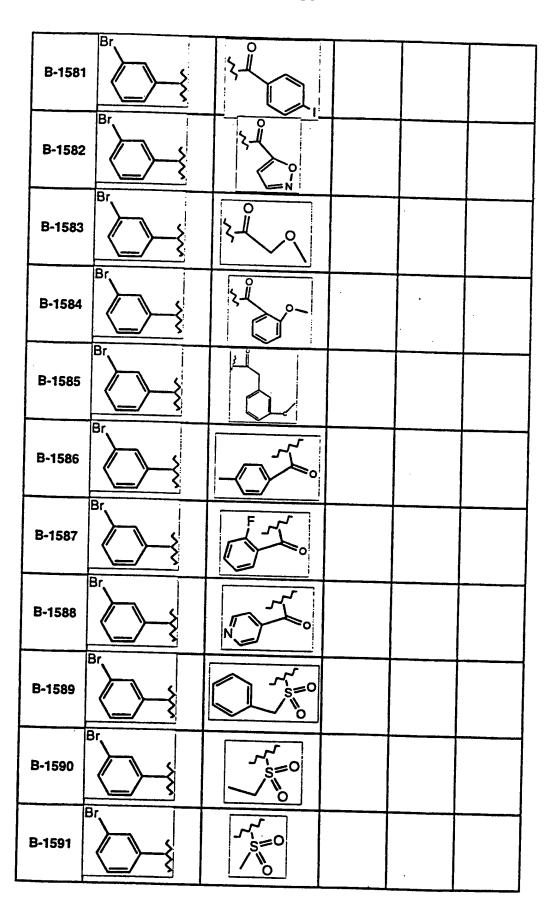
Plate ID	1H NMR(solvent), d ppm
	(CDCl3), 1.94(br, 2H), 2.53(s, 3H), 2.85(t, J = 6.2 Hz, 2H), 3.65(br, 2H),
B-1179	6.15(br, 1H), 7.04(m, 3H), 7.22(m, 3H), 7.41(br, 4H), 8.60(br, 2H).
	(CDCl3), 2.00(br, 2H), 2.85(br, 2H), 3.64(br, 2H), 7.03(br, 3H), 7.17(br, 2H),
B-1183	7.36(br, 2H), 7.66(br, 2H), 8.60(br, 2H), 8.77(br, 2H).
B-1194	(DMSO), 1.76(br, 2H), 2.66(br, 2H), 2.91(br, 2H), 4.30(s, 2H), 7.18(br, 5H),
D-1134	7.35(m, 6H), 8.54(d, J = 5.8 Hz, 2H).
B-1200	(DMSO), 1.17(br, 3H), 1.76(br, 2H), 2.71(br, 2H), 2.97(br, 4H), 7.18(br, 4H), 7.36(br, 2H), 8.54(br, 2H).
B-1206	(DMSO), 1.03(s, 6H), 1.68(br, 2H), 2.63(br, 2H), 3.00(br, 2H), 3.65(br, 1H), 5.69(m, 2H), 7.16(br, 4H), 7.35(br, 2H), 8.54(br, 2H).
B-1216	(DMSO), 1.75(m, 2H), 2.14(s, 6H), 2.66(br, 2H), 3.10(br, 2H), 7.04(br, 3H), 7.18(br, 4H), 7.35(m, 2H), 7.47(br, 1H), 8.54(d, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H).
B-1226	(DMF), 1.25(br, 3H), 2.01(br, 2H), 3.35(br, 4H), 6.20(s, 1H), 6.30(s, 1H), 7.42(br, 4H), 7.65(br, 2H), 8.77(s, 2H).
B-1360	(DMSO-d6), 1.80(br, 4H), 2.82(br, 1H), 2.94(br, 1H), 3.10(br, 1H), 3.60(br, 1H), 4.54(br, 1H), 7.18(m, 4H), 7.30(m, 4H), 7.46(m, 2H), 8.54(br, 2H).
B-1361	(DMSO-d6), 0.99(br, 6H), 1.73(br, 4H), 2.89(br, 2H), 3.03(m, 1H), 4.04(br, 2H), 4.44(m, 1H), 7.18(m, 4H), 7.30(m, 2H), 8.57(d, J = 4.64 Hz, 2H).
B-1363	(DMSO-d6), 1.78(br, 4H), 2.01(s, 3H), 2.89(br, 1H), 3.05(br, 1H), 3.34(br, 1H), 3.85(br, 1H), 4.48(br, 1H), 7.12(br, 2H), 7.21(br, 2H), 7.30(br, 2H), 8.69(br, 2H).
B-1364	(CDCl3), 0.78(dd, J = 3.0, 2.9 Hz, 2H), 1.00(s, 2H), 1.78(m, 1H), 1.86(b, 4H), 2.64(m, 1H), 2.99(m, 1H), 3.16(m, 1H), 4.33(br, 1H), 4.70(br, 1H), 6.99(m, 2H), 7.14(s, 2H), 7.29(m, 2H), 8.64(s, 2H).
B-1368	(CDCl3), 1.89(s, 4H), 2.65(m, 1H), 2.96(m, 1H), 3.06(m, 1H), 3.43(s, 3H), 3.93(d, J = 13.2 Hz, 1H), 4.09(d, J = 13.5 Hz, 1H), 4.18(d, J = 13.5 Hz, 1H), 4.68(d, J = 12.4 Hz, 1H), 7.60(m, 2H), 7.12(s, 2H), 7.26(m, 2H), 8.63(s, 2H).

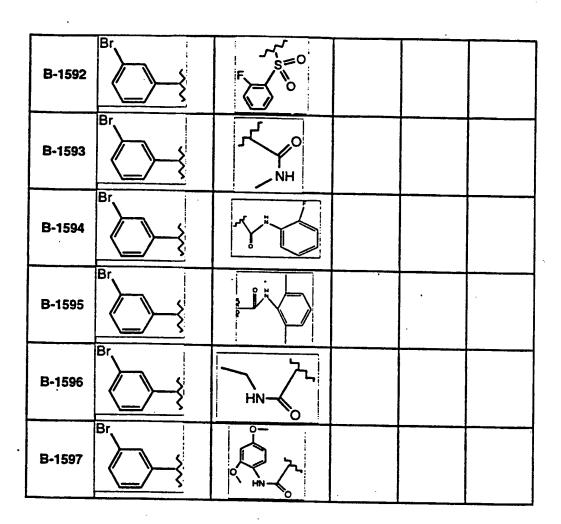
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By analogy to the procedure identified above for the preparation of Examples B0001-B0048, the following examples B-1574 through B-2269 are prepared.

Examples B-1574 through B-1597 are prepared from Scaffold C-27

Example	# R²	R <sup>L</sup>		
B-1574		3/		
B-1575		Z.L.		
B-1576		34		
B-1577	Br			
B-1578	Br	3,4		
B-1579	Br	)		
B-1580	Br	) BR		





Examples B-1598 through B-1621 are prepared from Scaffold C-28

Example#  $\mathbb{R}^2$  $\mathbf{R}^{\mathsf{L}}$ H<sub>3</sub>C B-1598 H₃C B-1599 H<sub>3</sub>C B-1600 H<sub>3</sub>C B-1601 H<sub>3</sub>C B-1602 H₃C B-1603 H₃C B-1604

R<sup>2</sup> Example# RL H<sub>3</sub>C B-1605 H<sub>3</sub>C B-1606 H₃C B-1607 H<sub>3</sub>C B-1608 H<sub>3</sub>C B-1609 H<sub>3</sub>C B-1610 H<sub>3</sub>C B-1611 H<sub>3</sub>C B-1612 H<sub>3</sub>C B-1613 H<sub>3</sub>C B-1614

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Example# · R²  $\mathbf{R}^{\mathbf{L}}$ H<sub>3</sub>C B-1615 H<sub>3</sub>C B-1616 H<sub>3</sub>C B-1617 H<sub>3</sub>C B-1618 H<sub>3</sub>C B-1619 H₃C B-1620 HN-H₃C B-1621

Examples B-1622 through B-1645 are prepared from Scaffold C-38

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>		
B-1622	F—	34	·	
B-1623	F—	3. Company		
B-1624	F—	3,4		
B-1625	F-\			
B-1626	F—	2,4		
B-1627	F—	250		·
B-1628	F—	S BR	·	

Example# R²  $\mathbf{R}^{\mathbf{L}}$ B-1629 B-1630 B-1631 B-1632 B-1633 B-1634 B-1635 B-1636 B-1637 B-1638

R2 Example#  $\mathbf{R}^{\mathbf{L}}$ B-1639 B-1640 B-1641 B-1642 B-1643 B-1644 HN-B-1645

Examples B-1646 through B-1669 are prepared from Scaffold C-39

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>		
B-1646	F—	34	·	·
B-1647	F—	Z.L.		
B-1648	F—	3,4		
B-1649	F-			
B-1650	F—	z,L		
B-1651	F—	\$ <u>1</u>		
B-1652	F—	O BR		

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Example#

R2

 $\mathbf{R}^{\mathbf{L}}$ 

B-1653	F—	١			
B-1654	F—	27			
B-1655	F—	3,4	·		
B-1656	F—				
B-1657	F-				
B-1658	F—	7700		·	
B-1659	F—	4			
B-1660	F—	7			
B-1661	F—	1000			
B-1662	F—	10% )			

Example# R<sup>2</sup>  $\mathbf{R}^{\mathbf{L}}$ B-1663 B-1664 B-1665 B-1666 B-1667 B-1668 B-1669

Examples B-1670 through B-1693 are prepared from Scaffold C-65

Example#  $R^2$  $R^L$ B-1670 B-1671 B-1672 B-1673 B-1674 B-1675 B-1676

Example# R<sup>2</sup> R<sup>L</sup>

B-1677	F-	3.1		
B-1678	F—	0-2		
B-1679	F—	3,100		
B-1680	F—	2,1	·	
B-1681	F—			
B-1682	F—			
B-1683 ·	F—	#1°		·
B-1684	F—	2		·
B-1685	F—			
B-1686	F—	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		

Example# R<sup>2</sup>  $\mathbf{R}^{\mathbf{L}}$ B-1687 B-1688 B-1689 B-1690 B-1691 B-1692 B-1693

Examples B-1694 through B-1717 are prepared from Scaffold C-66

Example	# R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>		
B-1694	F—	Z L	·	
B-1695	F—	Ž,		
B-1696	F—	3.1		
B-1697	F—			
B-1698	F—	2,4	·	
B-1699	F—	\$ P		
B-1700	F-	S BA		

Example# R²  $R^L$ B-1701 B-1702 B-1703 B-1704 B-1705 B-1706 B-1707 B-1708 B-1709 B-1710

Example# , R<sup>2</sup>  $\mathbf{R}^{\mathbf{L}}$ B-1711 B-1712 B-1713 . NH B-1714 B-1715 B-1716 B-1717

Examples B-1718 through B-1741 are prepared from Scaffold C-69

Example	# R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>	•	
B-1718	IF—	34		
B-1719	F—	Z.L.		
B-1720	F—	34		
B-1721	F—			
B-1722	F—	2,4		
B-1723	F—	3, H		
B-1724	F—	S BR		

R<sup>2</sup> Example#  $\mathbf{R}^{\mathbf{L}}$ B-1725 B-1726 B-1727 B-1728 B-1729 B-1730 B-1731 B-1732 B-1733 B-1734

Example	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>		
B-1735	F—	1, 0 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1		
B-1736	F—			
B-1737	F—	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		
B-1738	F—	Y		
B-1739	F—		·	
B-1740	F—	HN		
B-1741	F—	PEN C		

Examples B-1742 through B-1765 are prepared from Scaffold C-70

Example	F R <sup>2</sup>	<b>R</b> <sup>L</sup>		
B-1742	F—	3/2	·	
B-1743	F—	کیاً کیا		
B-1744	F—	3.4		
B-1745	F-			
B-1746	F—	2,4		
B-1747	F—	\$.H. D		·
B-1748	F—	) BR		

Example# R<sup>2</sup> R<sup>L</sup>

		a .		
B-1749	F—	3.4		
B-1750	F—	27		
B-1751	F—	3,100		
B-1752	F—	7,		
B-1753	F—		·	·
B-1754	F—	7		
B-1755	F—	F 77°		
B-1756	F—			
B-1757	F—			
B-1758	F—	10 / 0 / 0 / 0 / 0 / 0 / 0 / 0 / 0 / 0 /		

Example#  $\mathbf{R}^{\mathbf{L}}$ B-1759 B-1760 B-1761 B-1762 B-1763 B-1764 B-1765

Examples B-1766 through B-1789 are prepared from Scaffold C-71

Example	# R <sup>2</sup>	RL		
B-1766	F—	3 L		
B-1767	F—	Z.L.		
B-1768	F—	34		
B-1769	F-			
B-1770	F—	24		
B-1771	F—	\$ D		
B-1772	F—	Ş. BR		

Example#  $\mathbb{R}^2$  $\mathbf{R}^{\mathbf{L}}$ B-1773 B-1774 B-1775 B-1776 B-1777 B-1778 B-1779 B-1780 B-1781 B-1782

Example# R²  $\mathbf{R}^{\mathbf{L}}$ B-1783 B-1784 B-1785 B-1786 B-1787 B-1788 B-1789

Examples B-1790 through B-1813 are prepared from Scaffold C-72

Example# R²  $R^L$ B-1790 B-1791 B-1792 B-1793 B-1794 B-1795 B-1796

B-1806

Example# R²  $\mathbf{R}^{\mathbf{L}}$ B-1797 B-1798 B-1799 B-1800 B-1801 B-1802 B-1803 B-1804 B-1805

Example#  $R^2$  $\mathbf{R}^{\mathbf{L}}$ B-1807 B-1808 B-1809 B-1810 B-1811 B-1812 B-1813

Examples B-1814 through B-1837 are prepared from Scaffold C-73

Examplet	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>		
				•
B-1814	F-	3.0	·	
B-1815	F—	ŽŮ,		
B-1816	F—	34		
B-1817	F—			·
B-1818	F—	2,4		
B-1819	F—			
B-1820	F—	S BR		

Example#

R<sup>2</sup>

 $R^L$ 

	·			
B-1821	F—	3,4		
B-1822	F—	0		
B-1823	F—	3,100		
B-1824	F—	200		
B-1825	F—		•	
B-1826	F—			
B-1827	F—	4		
B-1828	F—	2		
B-1829	F—			
B-1830	F—	7,0		

Example#  $R^2$  $\mathbf{R}^{\mathbf{L}}$ B-1831 B-1832 B-1833 .NH B-1834 B-1835 B-1836 B-1837

Examples B-1838 through B-1861 are prepared from Scaffold C-33

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>		
B-1838	F—	3,4	·	
B-1839	F—	Z.L.		
B-1840	F—	3.L		
B-1841	F—			
B-1842	F—	24		
B-1843	F—	27		
B-1844	F—	Ş. ☐ BR		

Example# R<sup>2</sup> R<sup>L</sup>

B-1845	F—	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		
B-1846	F—	2-0		
B-1847	F-	3-400	·	
B-1848	F—	, i		
B-1849	F—			
B-1850	F—			
B-1851	F—	Fr		
B-1852	F—	Dr.		
B-1853	F—	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		
B-1854	F—	7, % O		

Example# R²  $\mathbf{R}^{\mathbf{L}}$ B-1855 B-1856 B-1857 B-1858 B-1859 B-1860 B-1861

Examples B-1862 through B-1885 are prepared from Scaffold C-45

Example	# R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>			
B-1862	F—	34		·	
B-1863	F—{}	Z.L.			
B-1864	F—	34	·		
B-1865	F-\				
B-1866	F—	2,4			
B-1867	F—	3-H			
B-1868	F—	) BR			

Example#

R<sup>2</sup>

 $\mathbf{R}^{\mathbf{L}}$ 

B-1869	F-\	3,1			
B-1870	F—	0 2 0		·	
B-1871	F-	3,100		·	
B-1872	F—	12,4			
B-1873	F—				
B-1874	F—				
B-1875	F—	4			·
B-1876	F—	270	·		
B-1877	F—				
B-1878	F—	7,80			

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	₽ <sup>L</sup>		
B-1879	F—	450		
B-1880	F—	-7. 0 F		
B-1881	F—	Z S F		
B-1882	F—			
B-1883	F—			
B-1884	F—	H N		
B-1885	F—	E A		·

Examples B-1886 through B-1909 prepared from Scaffold C-42

Example# R<sup>2</sup>  $\mathbf{R}^{\mathbf{L}}$ B-1886 B-1887 B-1888 B-1889 B-1890 B-1891 B-1892

B-1901

B-1902

Example# R<sup>2</sup>  $\mathbf{R}^{\mathbf{L}}$ B-1893 B-1894 B-1895 B-1896 B-1897 B-1898 B-1899 B-1900

Example	# R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>		
B-1903	F—	7 % NO		
B-1904	F—	F O		
B-1905	F—	ZZ ONH		
B-1906	F—			
B-1907	F-			
B-1908	F-	HN		
B-1909	F—	PEN C		
B-1909		HN-		

Examples B-1910 through B-1933 are prepared from Scaffold C-44

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>		
B-1910	F-	3.0		·
B-1911	F—	Z.L.		
B-1912	F—	3,4		
B-1913	F—			
B-1914	F—	2,4		
B-1915	F—			
B-1916	F—	O BA		

B-1926

Example# R²  $\mathbf{R}^{\mathsf{L}}$ B-1917 B-1918 B-1919 B-1920 B-1921 B-1922 B-1923 B-1924 B-1925

Example# R²  $\mathbf{R}^{\mathbf{L}}$ B-1927 B-1928 B-1929 B-1930 B-1931 B-1932 B-1933

Examples B-1934 through B-1957 are prepared from Scaffold C-41

Example#  $R^2$  $\mathbf{R}^{\mathbf{L}}$ B-1934 B-1935 B-1936 B-1937 B-1938 B-1939 B-1940

Example# R<sup>2</sup> R<sup>L</sup>

	<del></del>			
B-1941	F-	3.1		
B-1942	F—	077		
B-1943	F-	ئېل مر	·	
B-1944	F—	1,1		
B-1945	F			
B-1946	F—			
B-1947	F—	# 770		
B-1948	F—	2		
B-1949	F—			
B-1950	F—	7,00		

Example	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>		
B-1951	F—	7,50		
B-1952	F—			
B-1953	F—	NH NH	·	
B-1954	F—	Y		·
B-1955	F—			
B-1956	F—	HN		
B-1957	F—	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N		

Examples B-1958 through B-1981 are prepared from Scaffold C-43

 $\mathbb{R}^2$ Example#  $\mathbf{R}^{\mathsf{L}}$ B-1958 B-1959 B-1960 B-1961 B-1962 B-1963 B-1964

Example# R<sup>2</sup>  $R^L$ B-1965 B-1966 B-1967 B-1968 B-1969 B-1970 B-1971 B-1972 B-1973 B-1974

Example	# R²	R <sup>L</sup>		
B-1975	F—	750		
B-1976	F—			
B-1977	F—	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		·
B-1978	F—	Y		
B-1979	F—		·	·
B-1980	F—	HN		
B-1981	F—	O TA		

Examples B-1982 through B-2005 are prepared from Scaffold C-30

Example# R²  $R^L$ B-1982 B-1983 B-1984 B-1985 B-1986 B-1987 B-1988

Example# R<sup>2</sup> R<sup>L</sup>

B-1989		3,1		
B-1990	s →	0 2		
B-1991	s >	3,400		
B-1992	s >	2,100		
B-1993				
B-1994	S →			
B-1995	is >	E.L.		
B-1996	$\int_{S}$	2		
B-1997				
B-1998	S	۲ % % O		

R²

 $\mathbf{R}^{\mathbf{L}}$ 

B-1999	S	7,00		
B-2000	IS >	F S		
B-2001	ſS.→	Y NH		
B-2002	S >	Y		
B-2003				
B-2004		H N		
B-2005 ·		- ZZ		

Examples B-2006 through B-2029 are prepared from Scaffold C-60 Example#  $R^2$ RΊ B-2006 B-2007 B-2008 B-2009 B-2010 B-2011 B-2012

	T		<del> </del>	<del></del>	
Example	R <sup>2</sup>	В'n			
B-2013	F—	3.1			
B-2014	F-\	27.0-2			
B-2015	F-				
B-2016	F—				
B-2017	F—				
B-2018	F—	-Ch.			
B-2019	F—	F-71°			
B-2020	F—				
B-2021	F—				
B-2022	F—	7 S O			

		T	·	 
Example	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>		
B-2023	F—	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		
B-2024	F-			
B-2025	F—	ZZ O NH		
B-2026	F—	Y T		
B-2027	F—			
B-2028	F—	HN		
B-2029	F—	N TO THE SECOND		

Examples B-2030 through B-2053 are prepared from Scaffold C-36

Example	R <sup>2</sup>	₽¹		
B-2030	F—{}	¿ Î		·
B-2031	F—	ŽŮ,		
B-2032	F—	3,4		
B-2033	F—			
B-2034	F—	2,4		
B-2035	F—	3,4		
B-2036	F—	Z-P BR		

 $\mathbb{R}^2$ 

Вſ

B-2037	F—	ŞÎ ŞÎ	·	
B-2038	F—	27.		
B-2039	F—	3,4		
B-2040	F—			
B-2041	F—		·	
B-2042	F—	7		
B-2043	F—	1		
B-2044	F—	7		
B-2045	F-	1,000		
B-2046	F—	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	RJ		
B-2047	F—	7,0		
B-2048	F—		·	
B-2049	F—	7 > 5		
B-2050	F-			
B-2051	F—			
B-2052	F—	HN O		
B-2053	F—	)		·

Examples B-2054 through B-2077 are prepared from Scaffold C-34

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>		
B-2054	F-	34		·
B-2055	F—	Z,L F		
B-2056	F—			
B-2057	F—			
B-2058	F—	2/		
B-2059	F—			
B-2060	F—	) BR		

R²

B-2061	F—	3,4		
B-2062	F—	27		
B-2063	F—	ئے۔ گر		
B-2064	F—	3,100		
B-2065	F—			
B-2066	F—	- Cyc.		
B-2067	F-	E.T.		
B-2068	F-	770		
B-2069	F—	7,000		
B-2070	F—	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		

 $R^{J}$ R² Example# B-2071 B-2072 B-2073 B-2074 B-2075 B-2076 B-2077

Examples B-2078 through B-2101 are prepared from Scaffold C-57

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>		
B-2078	H	34		
B-2079	н—————————————————————————————————————	P F		
B-2080	H	3,4		
B-2081	H			
B-2082	н	2,4		
B-2083	H	2,4		·
B-2084	H	Ş. Û BR		

Example# R

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R'			
B-2085	н	3. C			
B-2086	н—————————————————————————————————————	0 7 0 7 0 7 0 7 0 7 0 7 0 7 0 7 0 7 0 7			
B-2087	н—————————————————————————————————————	ئجاً م			
B-2088	н—————————————————————————————————————		·	·	
B-2089	H\$				
B-2090	H				
B-2091	н}	F <sub>1</sub> ,			
B-2092	н				
B-2093	H				

RJ R<sup>2</sup> Example# B-2094 B-2095 B-2096 B-2097 ЙH B-2098 B-2099 B-2100 HN-B-2101

Examples B-2102 through B-2125 are prepared from Scaffold C-52

Example#	R²	H		
B-2102	н—————————————————————————————————————	34		
B-2103	н—————————————————————————————————————	O Z		·
B-2104	н—————————————————————————————————————			
B-2105	H—————————————————————————————————————			
B-2106	#	0 3/2		
B-2107	H	04		
B-2108	H	S BR		

Example#	R²	R₁		
B-2109	H	بالرا		
B-2110	н——	27.0-12		
B-2111	н	3,40		
B-2112	н—————————————————————————————————————			
B-2113	н————			
B-2114	H			
B-2115	H——	F		
B-2116	H			
B-2117	H		•	
B-2118	H\$	7-8-0		

847

R<sup>2</sup> Example#  $R^{J}$ B-2119 B-2120 B-2121 NH B-2122 B-2123 B-2124 HN-B-2125

Examples B-2126 through B-2149 are prepared from Scaffold C-56

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>		
B-2126	н	Ş.L		
B-2127	н—————————————————————————————————————	° F		
B-2128	н			
B-2129	H		-	
B-2130	H			
B-2131	н—————————————————————————————————————			
B-2132	H	) BR		

R<sup>2</sup>

B-2133	н——}	3.1		
B-2134	н—————————————————————————————————————	0-2		
B-2135	H—————————————————————————————————————	ا ا		
B-2136	H———			
B-2137	H———			
B-2138		7		
B-2139	H———	170		
B-2140	H			
B-2141	н—————————————————————————————————————			
B-2142	H	7,0		

850

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>		
B-2143	H	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1		
B-2144	H	54 0 F 0		
B-2145	H	Z NH		
B-2146	H			
B-2147	H			·
B-2148	H	HN		
B-2149	н—————————————————————————————————————	HN N		

Examples B-2150 through B-2173 are prepared from Scaffold C-32

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>		
B-2150	F—	3/2		
B-2151	F—	° F		
B-2152	F—	3,4		
B-2153	F—			
B-2154	F—	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		
B-2155	F-	3,4		
B-2156	F—	₹ BR		

			<u></u>	 1
Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>		
B-2157	F—	3,1		·
B-2158	F—	27		
B-2159	F—	3,40		
B-2160	F—	2,00		
B-2161	F—			
B-2162	F—			
B-2163	F—	J. C.		
B-2164	F—			
B-2165	F—			
B-2166	F—	700		

<del></del>				
Example#	· R²	RJ		
B-2167	F—	7,0%0		
B-2168	F—	1.8% O		
B-2169	F—	7 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		
B-2170	F—		·	
B-2171	F—			
B-2172	F—	HN—		
B-2173	F—	- T		·

Examples 2174 through B-2197 are prepared from Scaffold C-64					
Example#	R²	R¹			·
B-2174	F—	3. L			
B-2175	F—	° F			
B-2176	F—				
B-2177	F—				
B-2178	F—	7.L			
B-2179	F—	3,-11			
B-2180	F-	O BR			

	<u></u>			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Example#	R²	Кŋ			
B-2181	F—				
B-2182	F—	0-2	·		
B-2183	F—	3,40			
B-2184	F—				
B-2185	F—				
B-2186	F—				
B-2187	F—	Fr			
B-2188	F—				·
B-2189	F—				
B-2190	F—	~~ 0 ~~ 0 ~~ 0			

Example#	R²	н		
B-2191	F—	7510		
B-2192	F—	1 % 0 1 % 0		·
B-2193	F—	\\\_\\ <u>\</u>		
B-2194	F-\(\)			
B-2195	F-			
B-2196	F—	HN		
B-2197	F—	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N		

Examples B-2198 through B-2221 re prepared from Scaffold C-22

	Examples 6-219	8 through B-2221 r	e prepareu	Iom Scand	10 C-22
Example#	R²	RΊ			,
B-2198	F—	3. L			
B-2199	F—	O ZZ			
B-2200	F-\_\_\\	2,4			
B-2201	F—				
B-2202	F-	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\			
B-2203	F-	3,4			
B-2204	F—	Ş. □ BR			

Example#	R²	R³		
B-2205	F—	34		
B-2206	F—	270-2		
B-2207	F—	35-		
B-2208	F—			
B-2209	F—			
B-2210	F—			
B-2211	F-	F <sub>1</sub> ,		
B-2212	F—	240		
B-2213	F-			
B-2214	F—	7,00		

Example#	R²	В'n		
B-2215	F—	7.0% 0.00%		
B-2216	F—	7 % O		
B-2217	F—	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		
B-2218	F—			
B-2219	F-\			
B-2220	F-	HN		
B-2221	F—	- Z		

Examples B-2222 through B-2245 are prepared from Scaffold C-29

Example#	R²	R <sup>3</sup>		
B-2222	s >	3/		
B-2223	S S	\$L F	·	
B-2224	s	3,4		
B-2225	s >			
B-2226		2,4		
B-2227				
B-2228	s s	O BR		

 $R^2$ 

B-2229	S S	الْكِالْ		
B-2230	s T	0 2 0 - 2		
B-2231	S	ار ا		
B-2232	s >			
B-2233	s >			
B-2234	S→			
B-2235		Fr		
B-2236	s >	2000		
B-2237	S	7,000		

 $R^2$ 

B-2238	S	700		
B-2239	s >	7,00		
B-2240	s >			
B-2241	s >	NH NH		
B-2242	S→			
B-2243	s			
B-2244	s T	HN		
B-2245	s T	°- Z		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

B-2251

B-2252

Examples B-2246 through B-2269 are prepared from Scaffold C-35

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R		
B-2253	F—	بالرا		
B-2254	F—	27		
B-2255	F—			
B-2256	F-			
B-2257	F—			
B-2258	F—			
B-2259	F—			
B-2260	F—	27		
B-2261	F—			
B-2262	F—	75% O		

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Example	R²	R <sup>J</sup>		
B-2263	F—	10 10		
B-2264	F-			
B-2265	F—	Z N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N		
B-2266	F—			
B-2267	F—			
B-2268	F—	HN-O		
B-2269	F-	HE TO		·

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## Examples B-2270 through B-2317

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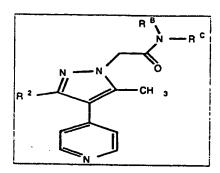
25

In a parallel array reaction block containing 48 fritted vessels, each reaction vessel was charged with 250 mg of polymer bound carbodiimide B48 (1.0 mmol/g resin) and a solution of the acid-containing scaffold c-49 in dimethylformamide (0.1 M, 500 uL). To each slurry was added a solution of pyridine in dichloromethane (0.2 M, 1000 uL) followed by a solution of a unique amine B47 (0.2 M, 375 uL) in dimethylformamide. The reaction mixtures were agitated on a Labline benchtop orbital shaker at 250 RPM for 16-20 h at ambient temperature. The reaction mixtures were filtered into conical vials and the polymer was washed with of dimethylformamide and 2.0 mL of dichloromethane. The filtrates were evaporated to dryness in apparatus and dimethylformamide (350 uL) was added to each conical vial to dissolve the residue. A solution of tetrafluorophthalic anhydride (1.0 M, 150 uL)

dimethylformamide was added to the reconstituted conical vials and the mixture incubated for 2 hours at ambient temperature. Polyamine polymer B33 (4.0 meg N/g resin,  $250\ \mathrm{mg})$  and  $1.0\ \mathrm{mL}$  dichloromethane was then added to the reaction mixture in each conical vial. After agitating the reaction mixtures for 16 h at 250 RPM on an orbital shaker at ambient temperature, the mixtures were filtered through a polypropylene syringe tube fitted with a porous frit. The polymers were washed twice with dimethylformamide (1.0 mL.each) and the filtrates and 10 washings collected in conical vials. The filtrates were evaporated to dryness and weighed to afford the desired amide products B-2270 through B-2317 as oils or solids. The analytical data and yields for the products prepared in this manner are listed below. 15

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	R²	R <sup>B</sup> N—R <sup>c</sup>	Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2270	F—		12	352	353
B-2271	F—		39	432	433
B-2272	F—		26	400	-
B-2273	F—		14	396	397
B-2274	F—		30	434	435
B-2275	F—		43	443	-
B-2276	F—	NH NH	35	364	365

	R²	RB N—RC	Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2277	F-		33	490	-
B-2278	F—		53	460	461
B-2279	F-{}		10	420	•
B-2280	F—		7	435	436
B-2281	F—	<b>HH</b>	18	401	402
B-2282	F—	I HN	22	390	413° *M+Na
B-2283	F—{}	i de la companya de l	10	394	417° °M+Na
B-2284	F—	i C	7	423	•
B-2285	F—		23	450	-
B-2286	F-\	( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( (	4	506	-

	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>B</sup> N—R <sup>C</sup>	Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2287	F-	NH 6	5	437	438
B-2288	F—{}		8	435	436
B-2289	F—		4	450	451
B-2290	F—		9	456	457
B-2291	F—		9	415	416
B-2292	F—	HE HE	5	368	369
B-2293	F—	NH NH	5	366	367
B-2294	F—	}NH	5	381	382
B-2295	F—		16	410	411
B-2296	F—		4	483	-

	R²	R <sup>B</sup> N—R <sup>c</sup>	Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2297	F—		7	490	•
B-2298	F—	بابا	4	537	•
B-2299	F—		4	507	508
B-2300	F—	HW \	7	442	•
B-2301	F—		20	396	397
B-2302	F—	بْرِين	30	459	-
B-2303	F—	2, 3	6	482	
B-2304	F—	<b>1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1</b>	5	395	396
B-2305	F—		10	460	•
B-2306	F-\	L, P	11	466	467

	R²	RB N-RC	Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2307	F—		5	421	422
B-2308	F—		26	470	-
B-2309	F-{}		24	424	<b>425</b>
B-2310	F—{}		9	348	-
B-2311	F—	NH NH	21	338	339
B-2312	F—	NH NH	28	398	399
B-2313	F—	NH	6	410	•
B-2314	F—	CN CN	15	363	364
B-2315	F—		11	444	-
B-2316	F—	i, D	11	418	•

	R²	RB I N-RC	Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2317	F-		36	428	-

By analogy to the procedure identified above for the preparation of Examples B-2270 through B-2317, the following examples B-2318 through B-2461 were prepared.

	R²	RB I N—RC	Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2318	F—	HN	23	426	427
B-2319	F—	NH NH	23	394	•
B-2320	F—		50	490	491
B-2321	F—		49	426	427
B-2322	F—	O NH	40	366	367
B-2323	F—————————————————————————————————————	NH O S	68	410	411
B-2324	F—	NH O S	57	456	457

	R²	RB   N—RC	Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2325	F—	NH NH	41	382	383
B-2326	F—		71	440	441
B-2327	F—		36	464	465
B-2328	F—	======================================	32	467	468
B-2329	F—		34	465	466
B-2330	F—	, , , , , ,	26	364	365
B-2331	F—	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	38	464	465
B-2332	F—	N H	33	483	484
B-2333	F—	NH	36	378	379

	R²	RB N—RC	Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2334	F—{}	NH	44	428	429
B-2335	F—	NH NH	27	406	407
B-2336	F—	NH NH	41	428	429
B-2337	F-	0=\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	27	423	424
B-2338	F—		33	469	470
B-2339	F—	NH S	52	518	519
B-2340	F—	NM	64	442	443
B-2341	F—	NH	41	350	351
B-2342	F—	O H	34	414	415

	R²	RB IN—RC	Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2343	F—	O N H	29	424	425
B-2344	F—	B r NH	33	492	493
B-2345	F—	o H	30	420	421
B-2346	F—	) E	35	474	475
B-2347	F—	) - Z	34	392	393
B-2348	F—	NA CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTO	51	458	459
B-2349	F—	N H N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	73	517	518
B-2350	F—	NH NH	22	448	449
B-2351	F—		64	486	487

	R²	RB N—RC O	Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2352	F—	NH O	41	482	483
B-2353	F—		57	438	439
B-2354	F—	O N H	63	484	485
B-2355	F—	## \	28	536	537
B-2356	F—		29	408	409
B-2357	F—	N - N - N - N - N - N - N - N - N - N -	41	436	437
B-2358	F—	~ × ×	41	451	452
B-2359	F—	NH O	57	502	503
B-2360	F—	NH ~	46	496	497

	R²	RB I N—RC	Yield	Caicd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2361	F—		13	476	477
B-2362	F—		46	493	494
B-2363	F—	0=\\ \_\_\_\_\_\\ 0=\\ \ \_\_\_\\\ 0=\\ \ \_\_\\\ 0=\\ \ \_\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	57	396	397
B-2364	F—	0=( , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	61	438	439
B-2365	F—	0=\\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\	72	424	425

<b></b>	R²	RB N—RC	Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2366	F—		34	380	381
B-2367	F—		52	480	481
B-2368	F—		35	407	407
B-2369	F—		31	435	436
B-2370	F—		33	414	415
B-2371	F—	N N	28	366	367
B-2372	F—		37	422	423

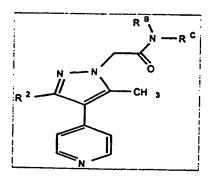
	R²	RB N—RC	Yield .	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2373	F—		50	432	433
B-2374	F—\\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_		29	382	383
B-2375	F—	0 2 2	35	395	396
B-2376	F—		36	428	429
B-2377	F—		68	438	439
B-2378	F—		55	446	447
B-2379	F—	,²²,     (¬²	33	364	365
B-2380	F—		51	421	422
B-2381	F—		52	429	`430

	R²	RB N—RC	Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2382	F—		48	407	408
B-2383	F—		53	382	383
B-2384	F—		38	447	448
B-2385	<u>F</u>		59	498	450
B-2386	<u>-</u>	**************************************	45	429	430
B-2387	F—		74	558	•
B-2388	F—		53	475	-
B-2389	F—		33	493	494
B-2390	F—		53	487	488

	R²	RB N—RC	Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2391	F—		30	435	436
B-2392	F—		57	464	465
B-2393	F—		50	418	419
B-2394	F—		65	488	489
B-2395	F—	\\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\	59	437	438
B-2396	F—	OMe OMe	34	534	535
B-2397	F—	O N CI	32	516	517
B-2398	F—	N CI	81	533	534
B-2399	F—		55	502	-

	R²	RB N—R <sup>c</sup>	Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2400	F—	NH <sub>2</sub>	34	381	382
B-2401	F—		32	378	379
B-2402	F—		71	519	520
B-2403	F—	)	68	527	528
B-2404	F—	0=\   \	62	447	448
B-2405	F—	0 N S	71	536	537
B-2406	F—	2 0 0 0	47	394	395
B-2407	F—	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	65	508	509
B-2408	F—	OMP OMP	34	495	496

	R²	RB N-RC	Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2409	F—	o s	47	448	449
B-2410	F-\		73	542	543
B-2411	F-\\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\		81	489	490
B-2412	F—	0 \\ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_	54	409	410
B-2413	F—	127°	37	493	494



	R²	R <sup>B</sup> N—R <sup>c</sup>	Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec ' M+H
B-2414	F—	N S O	14	473	474
B-2415	F—	0 Z Z G	19	421	422
B-2416	F-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	13	386	387
B-2417	F—	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	29	414	415
B-2418	F—	2 - J	6	420	421
B-2419	F—	NH CF 3	10	454	-
B-2420	F—		5	442	443

	R <sup>2</sup>	RB N—R <sup>c</sup>	Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2421	F—	O NH CI	28	454	455
B-2422	F-	NH CI	47	420	421
B-2423	F—	O NH	53	400	401
B-2424	F—	0=\\ \\\	15	400	401
B-2425	F—	NH F <sub>3</sub> C CF <sub>3</sub>	18	522	523
B-2426	F-	O NH	38	464	465
B-2427	F—	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	26	468	469
B-2428	F—	O H S	22	432	433
B-2429	F—	O NE	41	404	405

	R²	RB I N—RC	Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2430	F—	NH NO 2	15	476	477
B-2431	F—	O NEW YORK	6	446	447
B-2432	F—	0={ ,,,	37	404	405
B-2433	F—	),,',	8	428	429
B-2434	F—	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	13	476	477
B-2435	F—	H C	23	442	443
B-2436	F—	NH O	5	486	487
B-2437	F—		4	492	493
B-2438	F—	PH F	58	422	423

	R²	RB IN—RC	Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2439	F—	5	12	454	<b>45</b> 5
B-2440	F—	1	8	521	522
B-2441	F—		6	443	444
B-2442	F—	₹	37	514	515
B-2443	F—	0= 5- 0= 	15	518	•
B-2444	F—	J.F.	52	520	-
B-2445	F—	ipi	33	517	518
B-2446	F—	2	70	500	501
B-2447	F—	* L	56	488	489

	R²	RB RC	Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2448	F—		51	522	523
B-2449	F—	of E	19	512	513
B-2450	F—	HN	16	538	539
B-2451	F—		71	511	512
B-2452	F—	H. Oerr	71	500	501
B-2453	F—	O NH O CF 3	61	470	•
B-2454	F—		15	472	473
B-2455	F—	NH NH OF	39	520	-
B-2456	F—		51	533	534

	R²	RB I N RC	Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2457	F—	\$ \$\frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \\ \fr	55	540	•
B-2458	F—		22	488	489
B-2459	F—	o → S.F.	8	486	487
B-2460	F—	O NH S	13	534	535
B-2461	F—	HN C	13	542	•

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## Example C-1

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## 5-AMINOMETHYL-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

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1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-pyridyl)-1-ethanone. 4-picoline (40 g, 0.43 mol) was added to a LiHMDS solution (0.45 mol, 450 mL of a 1.0 M solution in THF) over 30 minutes at room temperature (a slight exotherm was observed) The resulting solution was stirred for 1 h. This solution was added to ethyl 4-fluorobenzoate (75.8 g, 0.45 mol, neat) over 1 h. The mixture was stirred overnight (16 h). Water (200 mL) was added and the mixture was extracted with EtOAc (2x200 mL). The organic layer was washed with brine (1x200 mL) and dried over

Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. The organic layer was filtered and the solvent was removed to leave oily solid. Hexane was added to the oil and the resulting solid was filtered and washed with hexane (cold). A yellow solid was isolated (50 g, 54%):  $^{1}\text{H}$  NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.58 (d, J = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 8.02 (dd, J = 5.5, 8.0, 2H), 7.12-7.21 (m, 4H), 4.23 (s, 2H);  $^{19}\text{F}$  NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  -104.38 (m); LC/MS, t<sub>r</sub> = 2.14 minutes (5 to 95% acetonitrile/water over 15 minutes at 1 mL/min, at 254 nm at 50°C), M+H = 216; High Resolution MS Calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>20</sub>N<sub>4</sub>O<sub>2</sub>F (M+H): 216.0825. Found: 216.0830 ( $\Delta$  mmu = 0.5).

N-benzyloxycarbonyl-5-aminomethyl-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole. A 3L round bottom flask fitted with a mechanical stirrer,  $N_2$  inlet and an addition 15 funnel was was charged with 557 mL (0.56 mol) of 1 M t-BuOK in THF and 53 mL (0.56 mol) of t-BuOH. The ketone, 1 (60 g, 0.28 mol) was dissolved in 600 mL of THF and added to the stirred mixture at room temperature. A yellow 20 precipitate formed and the mixture was stirred for 1 h. N-benzyloxycarbonyl-glycinyl N-hydroxysuccinimide (128.6 g, 0.42 mol) was dissolved in 600 mL of THF and added dropwise at r.t. over 1h. The mixture was stirred for another 5 minutes and 150 mL of water was added. 25 was adjusted to 6.7 with 70 mL of AcOH. Hydrazine monohydrate (41 mL in100 mL of water) was added via an addition funnel. The mixture was stirred for 1 h and was diluted with 500 mL of water and 500 mL of ethyl acetate. The biphasic mixture was transferred to a sep funnel and 30 layers were separated. The aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (3x300 mL). The organic layer was

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dried  $(Na_2SO_4)$ , filtered and evaporated to leave 157 g of a crude reddish oil.

The oil was suspended in  $CH_2Cl_2$  and filtered to remove any insoluble material (DCU, hydrazone of the monoketone). The solution was split into two portions and each portion was chromatographed (Biotage 75L, 3% EtOH/CH2Cl2 then 68 EtOH/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>). The appropriate fractions were concentrated (some contamination from the monoketone and the hydrazone) from each portion to leave a yellow solid. The solid was suspended in ethyl acetate and heated to boiling for 10 minutes. The solution was allowed to cool to R.T. overnight. The precipitate was filtered to give 30 g of a white solid (27% yield of 2): <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMF-d<sub>7</sub>)  $\delta$  13.36 (s, 1H), 8.57 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 7.16-7.52 (m, 11H), 5.11 (s, 2H), 4.48 (d, J = 5.4 Hz, 2H);  $^{19}$ F NMR (DMF- $d_7$ )  $\delta$  -114.9 (m), -116.8 (m) (split fluorine signal is due to the pyrazole tautomers); LC/MS,  $t_r = 3.52$  minutes (5 to 95% acetonitrile/water over 15 minutes at 1 mL/min, at 254 nm at 50°C), M+H = 403; High Resolution MS Calcd for C23H20N4O2F (M+H): 403.1570. Found:  $403.1581 (\Delta mmu = 1.1)$ .

## 5-aminomethyl-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl)

pyrazole. To a 1L Parr bottle was added 7 g (17.4 mmol) of 2 and 180 mL of MeOH and 90 mL of THF to give a clear solution. The bottle was purged with nitrogen and 1.5 g of 10% Pd/C (wet Degussa type E101) was added. The Parr bottle was pressured to 40 psi (H<sub>2</sub>) and was agitated. Hydrogen uptake was 5 psi after 5 h. The bottle was repressured to 42 psi and was agitated overnight. The bottle was purged with N2 and was filtered through Celite. The Celite was washed with MeOH (3x50 mL) and

the filtrate was concentrated to give 4.5 g of an off-white solid (94%).  $^{1}$ H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  8.52 (d, J = 4.63 Hz, 2H), 7.36 (dd, J = 5.64, 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.16-7.30 (m, 4H), 3.79 (s, 2H);  $^{19}$ F NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  -114.56 (m); LC/MS, t<sub>r</sub> = 1.21 minutes (5 to 95% acetonitrile/water over 15 minutes at 1 mL/min, at 254 nm at 50°C), M+H = 269 m/z; High Resolution MS Calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>14</sub>N<sub>4</sub>F (M+H): 269.1202. Found: 269.1229 ( $\Delta$  mmu = 2.7).

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The following pyridylpyrazoles (C-2 through C-21, Table C-1) were prepared according to the experimental procedure described above for example C-1.

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Table C-1.

Exampl	Ctructure	207 20	
1 -	Structure	MW, M +	'H NMR (solvent), ppm
e No.		Н	
		Calculat	
		ed	·
		Found	
C-2	N-NH A	323.1672	$(DMF-d_7): 8.77 (t, J =$
	F	323.1670	4.4 Hz, 2H), 7.60 (m, 2H),
			7.44 (t, $J = 4.4$ Hz, $2H$ ),
			7.35 (m, 2H), 3.22 (bd,
			2H), 3.01 (septet, J = 5.3
			Hz, 1H), 2.74 (m, 2H),
			1.95 (m, 4H)

C-3	N-NH N-NH	282.127	$(DMF-d_7): 8.77 (br s,$
	F CH <sub>3</sub>	(M)	2H), 7.64-7.62 (m, 2H),
		282.1245	7.50 (br s, 2H), 7.38-7.34
	N'	(M, EI)	(m, 2H), 4.40-4.37 (m,
			1H), 1.56 (br s, 3H)
C-4	N-NH NH <sub>2</sub>	282.127	(DMF-d <sub>7</sub> ): 8.77 (br s,
	F CH <sub>3</sub>	(M)	2H), 7.64-7.62 (m, 2H),
		282.1147	7.50 (br s, 2H), 7.38-7.35
	'N'	(M, EI)	(m, 2H), 4.40-4.37 (m,
		!	1H), 1.57 (br s, 3H)
C-5	N-NH N-NH	323.1672	(DMSO-d <sub>6</sub> ): 8.56 (br, 2H),
		323.1687	7.32 (m, 2H), 7.18 (m,
			4H), 2.91 (m, 2H), 2.71
			(m, 2H) 1.88 (m, 1H), 1.65
	•		(m, 2H), 1.40 (m, 2H)
C-6	N-NH NH <sub>2</sub>	359	$(DMSO-d_6): 8.46 (d, J =$
	F	359	4.6 Hz, 2H), 7.32-7.13 (m,
			7H), 6.98-6.96 (m, 4H),
			4.06 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H),
		·	2.98-2.95 (m, 2H)
C-7	N-NH NH <sub>2</sub>	359	$(DMSO-d_6): 8.46 (d, J =$
	F	359	5.4 Hz, 2H), 7.32-7.28 (m,
			2H), 7.20-7.12 (m, 5H),
			6.98-6.96 (m, 4H), 4.06
			(t, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 2.98-
			2.94 (m, 2H)
C-8	N-NH NH <sub>2</sub>	313.1465	$(DMSO-d_6): 13.83 (bs,$
	F OCH3	313.1492	1H), 8.61 (d, $J = 5.7$ Hz,
			2H), 8.33 (bs, 1H), 7.33
	"		(m, 6H), 4.44 (m, 1H),
	·		3.63 (m, 2H), 3.27 (s, 3H)

C-9	N-NH N-NH2	313.1465	$(DMSO-d_6): 8.55 (dd, J =$
	F OCH	313.1457	1.5, 4.4 Hz, 2H), 7.37-
			7.32 (m, 2H), 7.26 (dd, J
	N		= 1.6, 4.4 Hz, 2H), 7.22-
			7.16 (m, 2H), 4.06 (t, J =
			6.5  Hz, 1H), 3.49 (d, J = 1)
			6.6 Hz, 2H), 3.20 (s, 3H)
C-10	N-NH NH <sub>2</sub>	354	$(DMSO-d_6): 13.03 (bs,$
	F-C	354	1H), 8.50 (dd, J=1.6, 2.7
	(п) соинси		Hz, 2H), 7.58 (bg, J=4.3
			Hz, 1H), 7.3 (m, 2H),
			7.12-7.21 (m, 4H), 3.77
			(t, J= 6.3 Hz, 1H), 2.45
			(d, J=4.5 Hz, 3H), 1.97
•			(t, J= 7.4 Hz, 2H), 1.85
			(dt, J=7.3, 7.1 Hz, 2H)
C-11	N-NH NH2	354	(DMSO-d <sub>6</sub> ): 13.03 (bs,
		354	1H), 8.50 (dd, J=1.6, 2.7
	N CONHCH3		Hz, 2H), 7.58 (bq, J=4.3
	·		Hz, 1H), 7.3 (m, 2H),
			7.12-7.21 (m, 4H), 3.77
			(t, J= 6.3 Hz, 1H), 2.45
			(d, J=4.5 Hz, 3H), 1.97
			(t, J= 7.4 Hz, 2H), 1.85
			(dt, J=7.3, 7.1 Hz, 2H)
C-12	N-NH	283.1359	$(DMSO-d_6): 8.53 (d, J =$
	F NH <sub>2</sub>	283.1363	5.0 Hz, 2H), 7.37-7.32 (m,
	[N]		2H), 7.21-7.17 (m, 4H),
			2.83(d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H),
			2.77 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H)
C-13	N-NH NH <sub>2</sub>	297.1515	$(DMSO-d_6): 8.53 (d, J =$
		297.1515	5.4  Hz, 2H), 7.34 (dd, J =
	<b>►</b> N <sup>™</sup>		5.8, 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.18

		T	(dd, J = 5.8, 9.8 Hz, 4H),
			2.68 (t, $J = 7.3 \text{ Hz}, 2H$ ),
			2.52 (m, 2H), 1.64 (m, 2H)
	CI. N~NH	204 0020	( CD <sub>3</sub> OD): 8.74 (br, 2H),
C-14	CI N-NH NH <sub>2</sub>	284.0829	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		284.0806	7.77 (br, 2H), 7.45-7.58
	N		(m, 3H), 7.30-7.40 (m,
			1H), 4.43 (s, 2H)
C-15	N-NH NH <sub>2</sub>	285	$(DMSO-d_6): 8.53 (br, 2H),$
	a l	285	7.56 (br, 2H), 7.26 (m,
			4H), 3.75 (br, 2H)
C-16	N-NH // \ NH <sub>2</sub>	329, 331	$(DMSO-d_6): 8.53 (d, J =$
	Br	329, 331	4.4 Hz, 2H), 7.42 (d, J =
			7.9  Hz, 2H), 7.34 (d, J = 1)
	N		8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.24 (d, J =
	·		4.6 Hz, 2H), 3.76 (bs, 2H)
C-17	CI N-NH	339	$(DMSO-d_6): 8.53 (t, J =$
	NH	339	4.3 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (m, 3H),
			7.19.(t, J = 4.6 Hz, 2H),
	N		7.14 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H),
			3.23 (m, 2H), 2.88, (m,
			3H), 1.92, (m, 3H), 1.70
			(m, 1H)
C-18	N-NH	339	$(DMSO-d_6): 8.57 (d, J =$
	CI NH	339	4.6  Hz, 2H), 7.41 (d, J = 1)
			8.3  Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, J =
			8.5  Hz, 2H), 7.20 (d, J =
			4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.18 (bd,
			2H), 2.88 (m, 1H), 2.76
			(m, 2H), 1.82 (br, 4H)
C-19	N-NH	383, 385	(DMSO-d <sub>6</sub> ): 8.56 (br, 2H),
	Br	383, 385	7.52 (br, 2H), 7.14-7.29
			(m, 4H), 2.99 (br, 2H),

2.71 (br, 1H), 2.51 (br,
2H), 1.68 (br, 4H)

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The following pyridylpyrazoles (C-22 through C-40, Table C-2) are prepared utilizing the general schemes C-1 and C-2 and the experimental procedure described for example 15 C-1 above.

Table C-2

Cmpd. No.	Structure
C-22	N-NH NH2 S
C-23	F NH
C-24	N-NH NH <sub>2</sub>

C-25	Br. N-NH NH <sub>2</sub>
C-26	H <sub>3</sub> C N-NH NH <sub>2</sub>
C-27	Br N-NH NH
C-28	H <sub>3</sub> C N-NH NH
C-29	N-NH NH <sub>2</sub>
C-30	S-NH NH
C-31	F <sub>3</sub> C N-NH
C-32	F N-NH NH2
C-33	F N-NH

C-34  F
C-36  C-37  C-38  C-39  C-40  C-41  C-42  C-42  C-42  C-42  C-42  C-42  C-46  C-47  C-47  C-48
C-37  C-38  C-39  C-40  C-41  C-42  C-42  C-42
C-38  C-39  C-40  C-40  C-41  C-42  F
C-40  C-40  C-41  C-42  F
C-40  C-41  C-42  F
C-41  C-42  C-42  C-42
C-42
F NH
C-43
F
C-44

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C-45	F NH
C-46	F—NH H
C-47	F CH3
C-48	F CH,

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# Step A

The pyrazole (2.60 g, 10.3 mmol) from example  $\,$  C-4 was suspended in 52 mL of dichloroethane and 52 mL of 2.5 M

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NaOH. Tetrabutylammonium hydroxide (0.5 mL of a 1 M aqueous solution) was added to the stirred mixture. To this mixture was added t-butyl bromoacetate (2.10 g, 10.8 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 4 h. The mixture was poured onto 200 mL of  $CH_2Cl_2$  and 200 mL of  $H_2O$ . The phases were separated and the organic phase was washed with water (1x100 mL) and brine (1x100 mL). The organic layer was dried over  $Na_2SO_4$  and was filtered. The solvent was removed to leave an off-white solid. This solid was triturated with hexane and the resulting solid isolated by filtration. The solid was washed with hexane to leave 3.4 g of a white solid (90%).

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#### Step B

20 The alkylated pyrazole (3.7 g, 10.1 mmol) from Step A was treated with 57 mL of 4 N HCL in dioxane. The solution was stirred at room temperature for 4 h. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue was dissolved in THF. The solution was treated with propylene oxide (10.3 mmol) and was stirred for 1h at room temperature. The solvent was removed to leave an The residual solvent was chased with several oil. portions of EtOH. The resulting solid was triturated with Et<sub>2</sub>O and the title compound Example C-49 was isolated by filtration to afford 3.0 g of an off-white 30 solid (95%). Mass spec: M+H cald: 312; found 312. NMR (DMSO-d6): 8.81 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 7.73 (d, J = 905

5.8 Hz, 2H), 7.40 (m, 2H), 7.23 (t, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 5.16 (s, 2H), 2.40 (s, 3H).

Example C-50

According to the procedure described above in Example C
49, Example C-50 was also prepared starting from 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazole-4-yl]pyridine. Mass spec: M+H

cald: 298; found 298. 

H NMR (DMSO-d6): 8.75 (d, J =

6.4 Hz, 2H), 8.68 (s, 1H), 7.78 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 7.52

(dd, J = 5.4, 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.31 (t, J = 8.9 Hz, 2H),

15 5.16 (s, 2H).

#### Example C-51

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Starting with the N-Boc-piperidinyl analog of Example C-2, Example C-51 is also prepared according to the methods described in Scheme C-1.

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Step A: Picoline is treated with a base chosen from but not limited to n-BuLi, LDA, LiHMDS, tBuOK, or NaH in an organic solvent such as THF, ether, t-BuOH or dioxane from -78 °C to 50 °C for a period of time from 10 minutes to 3 hours. The picoline solution is then added to a solution of N-Cbz-(L)-phenylalaninyl N-hydroxysuccinimide. The reaction is allowed to stir from 30 minutes to 48 hours during which time the temperature may range from -20 °C to 120 °C. The mixture is then poured into water and extracted with an organic solvent. After drying and removal of solvent the pyridyl monoketone is isolated as a crude solid which could be purified by crystallization and/or chromatography.

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25 Step B: A solution of the pyridyl monoketone in ether, THF, tBuOH, or dioxane is added to a base chosen from but

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not limited to n-BuLi, LDA, LiHMDS, tBuOK, or NaH contained in hexane, THF, ether, dioxane, or tBuOH from - 78 °C to 50 °C for a period of time from 10 minutes to 3 hours. Formyl acetic anhydride is then added as a solution in THF, ether, or dioxane to the monoketone anion while the temperature is maintained between -50 °C and 50 °C. The resulting mixture is allowed to stir at the specified temperature for a period of time from 5 minutes to several hours. The resulting pyridyl diketone intermediate is utilized without purification in Step C.

Step C: The solution containing the pyridyl diketone is quenched with water and the pH is adjusted to between 4 and 8 utilizing an inorganic or organic acid chosen from HOAc,  $H_2SO_4$ , HCl, or HNO<sub>3</sub>. The temperature during this step is maintained between  $-20~^{\circ}\text{C}$  and room temperature. Hydrazine or hydrazine hydrate is then added to the mixture while maintaining the temperature between  $-20~^{\circ}\text{C}$  and  $40~^{\circ}\text{C}$  for a period of 30 minutes to several hours. The mixture is then poured into water and extracted with an organic solvent. The N-Cbz-protected pyridyl pyrazole is obtained as a crude solid which is purified by chromatography or crystallization.

5 Step: D

The CBZ protecting group is cleaved using hydrogen gas under pressure and Pd-C in an alcohol solvent, affording scaffold C-52 after filtration and concentration.

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15 The following compounds C-53 through C-59 in Table C-3 are prepared according to the general procedure described above for the preparation of C-52.

Table C-3

Example No.	Structure
C-53	H <sub>2</sub> N H

C-54	H <sub>2</sub> N Boc
C-55	H <sub>2</sub> N Boc
· C-56	H <sub>2</sub> N N-NH H
C-57	H <sub>2</sub> N N-NH H
C-58	H <sub>2</sub> N N-NH NH-Boc
C-59	H₂N N-NH NH-Boc

# 5 Step A:

A Boc protected pyridylpyrazole is treated with benzaldehyde in methylene chloride at room temperature in

the presence of a drying agent for a period of time ranging from 1-24 h. Solvent is then evaporated and the resulting imine is used in step B without further purification.

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## Step B:

The pyridylpyrazole imine is dissolved in THF and stirred under nitrogen at temperatures ranging from -78 to -20 °C. A base such as LDA, n-BuLi, or LiHMDS is added dropwise to the mixture which is then stirred for an additional 10 Two equivalents of a methyl iodide are minutes to 3 h. then added to the mixture and stirring is continued for The mixture is then quenched with acid several hours. and allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred several hours until cleavage of the Boc and the imine functions is complete. The pH is adjusted to 12 and then the mixture is extracted with an organic solvent, which is dried and evaporated. The crude pyridylpyrazole is then crystallized and/or chromatographed to give purified C-60.

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Step B

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# Example C-61

10 Example C-61 is prepared according to the method described in example C-60, substituting 1,4-dibromobutane for methyl iodide.

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Example C-62

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Example C-62 is prepared according to the method described in example C-60, substituting 1,3-dibromoethane for methyl iodide.

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#### Example C-63

The synthesis of compound C-63 starts with the condensation reaction of bromomaleic anhydride B77 with 10 2, 4-dimethoxybenzylamine in acetic acid and acetic anhydride. The maleimide B78 is then treated with 4'fluoroacetophenone in the presence of catalytic amount  $Pd_2(dba)_3$ and sodium t-butoxide to form fluoroacetophenone substituted maleimide B79. 15 then treated with tert-butoxybis(dimethylamino)methane to yield the a-ketoenamine B80. The a-ketoenamine B80 is condensed with hydrazine to form the N-protected maleimide pyrazole B81. The 2,4-dimethoxybenzyl group is cleaved with ceric ammonium nitrate (CAN) to give the 20 title compound C-63.

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Using the method described in Schemes C-6 and C-7, 10 Example 64 is prepared.

Using the method described in Schemes C-6 and C-7, Example 65 is prepared.

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## Example C-66

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Using the method described in Schemes C-6 and C-7, Example C-66 is synthesized, substituting N-2,4-20 dimethoxybenzyl-4-bromopyridone for B78.

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Using the method described in Schemes C-6 and C-7, Example C-67 is synthesized, substituting N-2,4-dimethoxybenzyl-4-bromopyridone for B78, and substituting N-Boc-glycyl N-hydroxysuccinimide for B82.

#### Example C-68

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Using the method described in Schemes C-6 and C-7, 20 Example C-68 is synthesized, substituting N-2,4-dimethoxybenzyl-4-bromopyridone for B78.

Using the method described in Schemes C-6 and C-7, Example 69 is prepared, substituting N-Boc-nipecotyl N-hydroxysuccinimide for B83.

## Example C-70

15 Using the method described in Schemes C-6 and C-7, Example 70 is prepared, substituting N-Boc-nipecotyl N-hydroxysuccinimide for B83.

## Example C-71

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Using the method described in Schemes C-6 and C-7, Example 71 is prepared, substituting N-methyl-3-bromomaleimide for B78.

#### Example C-72

Using the method described in Schemes C-6 and C-7, Example 72 is prepared, substituting N-methyl-3-bromomaleimide for B78, and substituting N-Boc-nipecotyl N-hydroxysuccinimide for B83.

#### Example C-73

Using the method described in Schemes C-6 and C-7,

20 Example 73 is prepared, substituting N-methyl-3bromomaleimide for B78 and substituting N-Boc-nipecotyl
N-hydroxysuccinimide for B83.

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## General Synthetic Procedures

Scheme C-8 illustrates a general method that can be used for the introduction of various groups on an unsubstituted nitrogen atom that is present as part of pyrazole (Cviii) with appropriately substituted aldehydes (R<sub>302</sub>CHO) or ketones (R<sub>302</sub>COR<sub>303</sub>) in the presence of a reducing agent such as sodium cyanoborohydride or sodium triacetoxyborohydride affords the desired products (Cix). Typical conditions for the reductive alkylation include the use of an alcoholic solvent at temperatures ranging from 20 °C to 80 °C. In Scheme C-8, R<sub>302</sub> and R<sub>303</sub> are selected from but not limited to alkyl, benzyl, substituted benzyl, arylalkyl, heteroarylalkyl.

Scheme C-9 illustrates another method for introduction of substituents on the unsubstituted nitrogen atom present as part of the C-3 position of the pyrazole (Cviii). Treatment of the pyrazole (Cviii) with

a suitable alkylating agent (R<sub>304</sub>X) such as an alkyl chloride, alkyl bromide, alkyl iodide or with an alkyl methanesulfonate or alkyl p-toluenesulfonate in the presence of a suitable base affords the desired alkylated pyrazoles (Cx). Examples of suitable bases include diisopropylethylamine, triethylamine, N-methylmorpholine, potassium carbonate and potassium bicarbonate.

#### Scheme C-9

$$R_{301}$$
  $N-NH$   $R_{304}-X$   $R_{301}$   $N-R_{304}$   $R_{301}$   $N-R_{304}$   $N-R$ 

Typical conditions for the alkylation include reaction with the suitable base in a polar aprotic solvent such as acetonitrile, dimethylformamide, dimethylacetamide or dimethyl sulfoxide at temperatures ranging from 20 °C to 150 °C. Typical R<sub>304</sub> substituents are selected from but are not limited to alkyl, substituted benzyl, heteroaromatic, substituted heteroalkyl and substituted heteroarylalkyl groups.

Compounds containing acyl, sulfonyl or ureidyl groups at the nitrogen atom can be prepared as shown in Scheme C-10. Treatment of the pyrazole Cviii with a suitable acylating agent in the presence of a base such as N-methylmorpholine, triethylamine, diisopropylethylamine or dimethylamino pyridine in an

organic solvent such as dichloromethane, dichloroethane or dimethylformamide at temperatures ranging from 20 °C to 120 °C affords the desired acylated pyrazoles (Cxi). Suitable acylating agents include acid halides, activated esters of acids such as the N-hydroxysuccinimde esters, p-nitrophenyl esters, pentafluorophenyl esters, sulfonyl halides, isocyanates, and isothiocyanates.

#### Scheme C-10

A general synthesis of 2-substituted pyrimidinylpyrazole compounds of type **Cxv** is shown in Scheme C-11.

#### Step A:

4-Methyl-2-methylmercaptopyrimidine is treated with a base selected from but not limited to n-BuLi, LDA, LiHMDS, t-BuOK, NaH in an organic solvent such as THF, ether, t-BuOH, dioxane from -78 °C to 50 °C for a period of time from 30 minutes to 5 hours. The resulting 4-methyl anion is then added to a solution of an appropriate ester B88. The reaction is allowed to stir from 30 minutes to 48 hours during which time the

temperature may range from 0 °C to 100 °C. The reaction mixture is then poured into water and extracted with an organic solvent. After drying and removal of solvent the desired monoketone B89 is isolated as a crude solid which can be recrystallized or purified by chromatography.

#### Step B:

Monoketone B89 is treated with a base selected from but not limited to n-BuLi, LDA, LiHMDS, t-BuOK, NaH, K,CO, or Cs,CO, in an organic solvent such as THF, ether, t-BuOH, dioxane, toluene or DMF from -78 °C to 50 °C for a period of time from 30 minutes to 5 hours. A solution of an appropriately activated ester of a carboxylic acid CbzNR\*-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>CR\*(R°)-COOH or BocNR\*-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>CR\*(R°)-COOH, preferably but not limited to the N-hydroxysuccinimide ester B90 is then added to the monoketone anion while maintaining the temperature between 0 °C to 100 °C. The reaction is allowed to stir at the specified temperature for a period of time ranging from 30 minutes to 48 hours. The resulting pyrimidine diketone intermediate B91 is utilized without further purification in Step C.

#### Step C:

The solution or suspension containing the diketone intermediate **B91** is quenched with water and the pH adjusted to between 4 and 8 using an acid chosen from AcOH, H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, HCl or HNO<sub>3</sub> while maintaining the temperature between 0 °C to 40 °C. Hydrazine or hydrazine monohydrate is then added to the mixture while maintaining the temperature between 0 °C to 40 °C. The mixture is stirred

for a period of 30 minutes to 16 hours maintaining the temperature between 20 °C to 50 °C, poured into water and extracted with an organic solvent. The pyrimidinyl pyrazole CxiiBoc or CxiiCbz is obtained as crude solid which is purified by chromatography or crystallization.

### Step D:

2-methylmercapto group in the pyrimidinyl pyrazole (CxiiBoc or CxiiCbz) is oxidized to the 2methylsulfone (where n =2) or the 2-methylsulfoxide (where n = 1) using either Oxone or m-chloroperbenzoic acid as an oxidizing agent in a suitable solvent at temperatures ranging from 25 °C to 100 °C. Solvents of choice for the oxidation include dichloromethane, acetonitrile, tetrahydrofuran or hydroalcoholic mixtures. The 2-methylsulfone (n = 2) or the 2-methylsulfoxide (n =1) (CxiiiBoc or CxiiiCbz) is purified by crystallization or chromatography.

#### Step E:

2-methylsulfone/2-methylsulfoxide group CxiiiBoc or CxiiiCBz is conveniently displaced with various amines or alkoxides at temperatures ranging from 20 °C to 200 °C in solvents that include but are not limited dimethylformamide, acetonitrile, to tetrahydrofuran and dioxane. The alkoxides can be generated from their alcohols by treatment with a base selected from but not limited to sodium hydride, lithium hexamethyldisilazide, potassium tertiary-butoxide solvents such as tetrahydrofuran, dimethylformamide and dioxane at temperatures ranging from 0 °C to 100 °C. The resulting 2-amino or 2-oxo derivatives (CxivBoc or CxivCbz) are purified by either chromatography or crystallization.

## Step F:

The carbamate protecting groups from CxivBoc or CxivCbz are removed to afford the desired compounds Cxv containing either a free primary amine (R" is hydrogen) or a free secondary amine (R" is not equal to hydrogen). Boc protecting groups are cleaved utilizing either acid in methylene chloride trifluoroacetic hydrochloric acid in dioxane at room temperature for The Cbz protecting groups are cleaved several hours. using hydrogen gas at atmospheric or higher pressures and a catalyst (palladium on charcoal) in an alcoholic solvent. The resulting amines Cxv are then crystallized or purified by chromatography.

#### **SCHEME C-11**

The following examples contain detailed descriptions of the methods of preparation of compounds that form part of the invention. These descriptions are presented for illustrative purposes only and are not intended as a restriction on the scope of the invention. All compounds showed NMR spectra consistant with their assigned structures.

#### Example C-74

# 5-(4-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

following the method of Example C-1 and ethvl-4methyl-4-chlorobenzoate for substituting and N-t-butoxycarbonyl-isonipecotyl Nfluorobenzoate for N-benyloxycarbonyl-glycinyl hydroxysuccinimide hydroxysuccinimide the title compound was prepared as the N-t-butoxycarbonyl protected compound. The deprotection of the N-t-butoxycarbonyl intermediate was accomplished with 4 N HCl in dioxane to afford the title compound as the hydrochloride salt:  $^{1}HNMR$  (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO)  $\delta$  8.57 (d, J = 4.83 Hz, 2 H), 7.41 (d, J = 8.26 Hz, 2 H), 7.29 (d, J =8.26 Hz, 2 H), 7.20 (d, J = 4.63 Hz, 2 H), 3.18 (bd, J =

12.08 Hz, 2 H), 2.88 (m, 1 H), 2.76 (m, 2 H), 1.82 (bs, 4 H). MS (M+H): 339 (base peak).

# Example C-75

# 5-(N-METHYL-4-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

To a solution of 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-74) (25 g, 61 mmol) in 140 mL of formic acid (96%) was added 50 g of formaldehyde (37%). The solution was stirred at 75 °C for 48 h and was cooled to room temperature. The excess formic acid was removed under reduced pressure and the residue was dissolved in 100 mL of water. The solution was added to concentrated NH,OH/H,O and the mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate  $(3 \times 200 \text{ mL})$ . The combined organic layers were washed with brine (1 x 250 mL) and was dried over Na,SO,. The solution was filtered and concentrated to leave a white solid. The solid was triturated with ether and was filtered to afford the title compound: MS (M+H): 353 (base peak).

5-(N-ACETYL-4-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL)

PYRAZOLE

To a stirred suspension of 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-74) (1 g, 2.4 mmol) in 24 mL of CH<sub>2</sub>Cl, was added 4-dimethylamino pyridine (0.88 g, 7.2 mmol) and acetyl chloride (0.21 g, 2.6 mmol). The solution was stirred for 3 h and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The residue was treated with saturated NH<sub>4</sub>OH (20 mL) and the suspension was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 30 mL). The combined extracts were washed with brine (1 x 50 mL), dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated to leave a solid. The solid was triturated with ether and was filtered to leave the title compound: MS (M+H): 381 (base peak).

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### Example C-77

# 5-(N-METHOXYACETYL-4-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-76 and substituting methoxy acetyl chloride for acetyl chloride the title compound was prepared:  $^{1}$ HNMR (DMSO- $d_{6}$ )  $\delta$  8.75 (d, J = 6.72 Hz, 2 H), 7.70 (d, J = 6.72 Hz, 2 H), 7.38 (d, J = 8.60 Hz, 2 H), 7.29 (dd, J = 6.72, 1.88 Hz, 2 H), 4.40 (d, J = 11.8 Hz, 1 H), 4.05 (m, 2 H), 3.70 (d, J = 12.70 Hz, 1 H), 3.25 (s, 3 H), 3.0 (m, 2 H), 2.55 (m, 1 H), 1.7 (m, 4 H). MS (M+H): 411 (base peak).

#### Example C-78

# 5-(N-METHYLSULFONYL-4-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-76 and substituting methylsulfonyl chloride (2.0 equivalents) for acetyl chloride the title compound was prepared:  $^{1}$ HNMR (DMSO- $d_{\epsilon}$ )  $\delta$  8.70 (d, J = 6.72 Hz, 2 H), 7.72 (d, J = 6.72 Hz, 2 H), 7.38 (d, J = 7.66 Hz, 2 H), 7.30 (dd, J = 6.72, 1.88 Hz, 2 H), 3.58 (bd, J = 11.8 Hz, 2 H), 2.87 (m, 1 H), 2.82 (s, 3 H), 2.72 (m, 2 H), 1.85 (m, 4 H). MS (M+H): 417 (base peak).

#### Example C-79

# 5-[N-METHOXYETHYL-4-PIPERIDYL]-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

To a stirred suspension of 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-74) (500 mg, 1.2 mmol) in 12 mL of DMF was added Hunig's base (790 mg, 6.1 mmol) and 2-bromoethyl methyl ether (850 mg, 6.1 mmol). The solution was stirred at room temperature for 5 days. The solution was poured onto 2.5 N NaOH and was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 100 mL). The combined extracts were washed with water (3 x 100 mL) and brine (1 x 100 mL). The organic phase was dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and was filtered. The

solvent was removed under reduced pressure to leave a solid. The solid was triturated and filtered to leave the title compound:  $^{1}$ HNMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.63 (d, J = 4.23 Hz, 2 H), 7.28 (m, 4 H), 7.14 (d, J = 4.43 Hz, 2 H), 3.57 (t, J = 5.24 Hz, 2 H), 3.38 (s, 3 H), 3.14 (bd, J = 10.1 Hz, 2 H), 2.79 (m, 1 H), 2.68 (t, J = 5.04, 2 H), 2.08 (m, 4 H), 1.92 (m, 2 H). MS (M+H): 397 (base peak).

#### Example C-80

# 5-(N-ALLYL-4-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

By following the method of example C-79 and substituting allyl bromide for 2-bromoethyl methyl ether the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 379 (base peak)

# 5-(N-PROPARGYL-4-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

By following the method of example C-79 and substituting propargyl bromide for 2-bromoethyl methyl ether the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 377 (base peak)

### Example C-82

# 5-[N-(2-METHYLTHIAZOLYL)-4-PIPERIDYL]-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

To a suspension of 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-74) in 12 mL of MeOH was added trimethyl orthoformate (2.6 g,

24.4 mmol) and 2-thiazolecarboxaldehyde (1.4 g, 12.2 mmol). The suspension was stirred at room temperature for 2 h. To this mixture was added NaCNBH, (1.5 g, 24.4 mmol) and the resulting suspension was stirred at room temperature for 7 days. The mixture was poured onto 2.5 N NaOH and was extracted with ethyl acetate (2 x 100 mL). The combined extracts were washed with brine (1 x 100 mL), dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated to leave a solid. This solid was triturated with ether and filtered to afford the title compound: MS (M+H): 436 (base peak).

#### Example C-83

# 5-(4-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-[4-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL)PHENYL] PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting methyl-4-(trifluoromethyl)benzoate for ethyl-4-fluorobenzoate and N-t-butoxycarbonyl-isonipecotyl N-hydroxysuccinimide for N-benyloxycarbonyl-glycinyl N-hydroxysuccinimide the title compound was prepared as the N-t-butoxycarbonyl protected compound. The deprotection of the N-t-butoxycarbonyl intermediate

was accomplished with 4 N HCl in dioxane to afford the title compound as its hydrochloride salt: MS (M+H): 373 (base peak).

#### Example C-84

# 5-(N-METHYL-4-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-[4-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL)PHENYL] PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-75 and substituting 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-83) for 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-74) the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 387 (base peak).

#### Example C-85

# 5-[N-(2-PROPYL)-4-PIPERIDYL]-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-[4-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL) PHENYL] PYRAZOLE

To a solution of 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] pyrazole (Example C-83) (300 mg, 0.7 mmol) in 50 mL of acetone was added 1 mL of AcOH and NaBH(OAc), (15 g, 70.8 mmol). The mixture was warmed to reflux and was stirred for 5 days. The reaction mixture was poured onto 100 mL of 2.5 N NaOH and was extracted with ethyl acetate (2 x 100 mL). The extracts were combined and washed with brine (1 x 100 mL). The organic phase was dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated to afford the title compound: MS (M+H): 415 (base peak).

#### Example C-86

# 5-(4-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-[3-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL)PHENYL] PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoate for ethyl-4-fluorobenzoate and N-t-butoxycarbonylisonipecotyl N-hydroxysuccinimide for N-benyloxycarbonylglycinyl N-hydroxysuccinimide the title compound was prepared as the N-t-butoxycarbonyl protected compound. The deprotection of the N-t-butoxycarbonyl intermediate was accomplished with 4 N HCl in dioxane to afford the title compound as its hydrochloride salt: MS (M+H): 373 (base peak).the pyrazole C-3 substituent (Cviii). Treatment of the

#### Example C-87

# 5-(N-METHYL-4-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-[3-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL)PHENYL] PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-75 and substituting 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-86) for 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-74) the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 387 (base peak).

5-(4-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(3-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting methyl-3-chlorobenzoate for ethyl-4-fluorobenzoate and N-t-butoxycarbonyl-isonipecotyl N-hydroxysuccinimide for N-benyloxycarbonyl-glycinyl N-hydroxysuccinimide the title compound was prepared as the N-t-butoxycarbonyl protected compound. The deprotection of the N-t-butoxycarbonyl intermediate was accomplished with 4 N HCl in dioxane to afford the title compound: MS (M+H): 339 (base peak).

### Example C-89

# 5-(N-METHYL-4-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(3-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-75 and substituting 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(3-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-88) for 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-74) the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 353 (base peak).

#### Example C-90

# 5-(3-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting N-t-butoxycarbonyl-nipecotyl N-hydroxysuccinimide for N-benyloxycarbonyl-glycinyl N-hydroxysuccinimide the title compound was prepared as the N-t-butoxycarbonyl protected compound. The deprotection of the N-t-butoxycarbonyl intermediate was accomplished with 4 N HCl in dioxane to afford the title compound as its hydrochloride salt: MS (M+H): 323 (base peak).

## 5-(N-METHYL-3-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-75 and substituting 5-(3-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-90) for 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-74) the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 337 (base peak).

#### Example C-92

## 5-cis-(4-AMINOCYCLOHEXYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting methyl-4-chlorobenzoate for ethyl-4-

fluorobenzoate and N-t-butoxycarbonyl-cis-4-aminocyclohexanoyl N-hydroxysuccinimide for N-benyloxycarbonyl-glycinyl N-hydroxysuccinimide the title compound was prepared as the N-t-butoxycarbonyl protected compound. The deprotection of the N-t-butoxycarbonyl intermediate was accomplished with 4 N HCl in dioxane to afford the title compound:  $^1$ HNMR ( $^1$ H), 7.31 ( $^1$ HNMR (

#### Example C-93

## 5-cis-(4-N, N-DIMETYLAMINOCYCLOHEXYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-75 and substituting 5-cis-(4-aminocyclohexyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-92) for 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-74) the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 381 (base peak).

## 5-[cis-4-N-(2-PROPYL)AMINOCYCLOHEXYL]-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

slurry of 5-cis-(4-aminocyclohexyl)-4-(4-To pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-92) (1.0 g, 2.8 mmol, 1.0 eq) in methylene chloride (28 mL) was added acetone (0.5 mL), acetic acid (0.5 mL) and solid sodium triacetoxyborohydride. The slurry was stirred for 5 h and the volatiles were removed. The residue was partitioned between 2.5 M NaOH (25 mL) and ethyl acetate (25 mL) and the aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate  $(3 \times 25 \text{ mL})$ . The combined organic layer was washed with brine (50 mL), dried over MqSO, evaporated. The residue was triturated with ether to yield the title compound as a white powder: 'HNMR (d,-DMSO)  $\delta$  8.56 (d, J = 5.84 Hz, 2H), 7.40 (d, J = 8.26 Hz, 2H), 7.30 (d, J = 8.66 Hz, 2H), 7.18 (d, J = 5.64 Hz, 2H), 2.95 (m, 2H), 2.72 (m, 1H), 1.90 (m, 2H), 1.73 (m, 2H), 1.55 (m, 4H), 1.07 (d, J = 5.64 Hz, 6H). MS (M+H): 395 (base peak).

## 5-cis-[4-N-(ACETYL)AMINOCYCLOHEXYL]-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-76 and substituting 5-cis-(4-aminocyclohexyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-92) for 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-74) the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 395 (base peak).

#### Example C-96

## 5-cis-[4-N-(METHOXYACETYL) AMINOCYCLOHEXYL]-4-(4-PYRIDYL)3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-76 and substituting 5-cis-(4-aminocyclohexyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-

(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-92) for 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-74) and methoxy acetyl chloride for acetyl chloride the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 425 (base peak).

### Example C-97

## 5-cis-[4-N-(METHYLSULFONYL) AMINOCYCLOHEXYL]-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-76 and substituting 5-cis-(4-aminocyclohexyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-92) for 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-74) and methylsulfonyl chloride for acetyl chloride the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 431 (base peak).

## 5-cis-(4-AMINOCYCLOHEXYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting N-t-butoxycarbonyl-cis-4-aminocyclohexanoyl N-hydroxysuccinimide for N-benyloxycarbonyl-glycinyl N-hydroxysuccinimide the title compound was prepared as the N-t-butoxycarbonyl protected compound. The deprotection of the N-t-butoxycarbonyl intermediate was accomplished with 4 N HCl in dioxane to afford the title compound: MS (M+H): 337 (base peak).

#### Example C-99

## 5-(cis-4-N, N-DIMETHYLAMINOCYCLOHEXYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-75 and substituting 5-cis-(4-aminocyclohexyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-98) for 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-74) the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 365 (base peak).

#### Example C-100

## 5-cis-[4-N-(2-PROPYL) AMINOCYCLOHEXYL]-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-94 and substituting cis-5-(4-aminocyclohexyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-98) for 5-(cis-4-n-(2-propyl)aminocyclohexyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-92) the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 379 (base peak).

## 5-cis-(4-AMINOCYCLOHEXYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-[4-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL)PHENYL] PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting methyl-4-(trifluoromethyl)benzoate for ethyl-4-fluorobenzoate and N-t-butoxycarbonyl-cis-4-aminocyclohexanoyl N-hydroxysuccinimide for N-benyloxycarbonyl-glycinyl N-hydroxysuccinimide the title compound was prepared as the N-t-butoxycarbonyl protected compound. The deprotection of the N-t-butoxycarbonyl intermediate was accomplished with 4 N HCl in dioxane to afford the title compound: MS (M+H): 387 (base peak).

#### Example C-102

## 5-cis-(4-N, N-DIMETHYLAMINOCYCLOHEXYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-[4-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL) PHENYL] PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-75 and substituting 5-cis-(4-aminocyclohexyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] pyrazole (Example C-101) for 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-74) the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 415 (base peak).

#### Example C-103

5-cis-(4-AMINOCYCLOHEXYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-[3-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL) PHENYL] PYRAZOLE

following By the method of Example C-1 and substituting methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoate for ethyl-4-fluorobenzoate and N-t-butoxycarbonyl-cis-4aminocyclohexanoyl N-hydroxysuccinimide for Nbenyloxycarbonyl-glycinyl N-hydroxysuccinimide the title compound was prepared as the N-t-butoxycarbonyl protected The deprotection of the N-t-butoxycarbonyl compound. intermediate was accomplished with 4 N HCl in dioxane to afford the title compound: MS (M+H): 387 (base peak).

## 5-cis-(4-N, N-DIMETHYLAMINOCYCLOHEXYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-[3-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL) PHENYL] PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-75 and substituting 5-cis-(4-aminocyclohexyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl) pyrazole (Example C-103) for 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-74) the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 415 (base peak).

### Example C-105

## 5-cis-(4-AMINOCYCLOHEXYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(3-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting methyl-3-chlorobenzoate for ethyl-4-

fluorobenzoate and N-t-butoxycarbonyl-cis-4-aminocyclohexanoyl N-hydroxysuccinimide for N-benyloxycarbonyl-glycinyl N-hydroxysuccinimide the title compound was prepared as the N-t-butoxycarbonyl protected compound. The deprotection of the N-t-butoxycarbonyl intermediate was accomplished with 4 N HCl in dioxane to afford the title compound: MS (M+H): 353 (base peak).

#### Example C-106

## 5-cis-(4-N, N-DIMETHYLAMINOCYCLOHEXYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(3-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-75 and substituting 5-cis-(4-aminocyclohexyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(3-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-105) for 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-74) the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 381 (base peak).

## 5-(N-ACETIMIDO-4-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

To a suspension of 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-2) (0.11 g, 0.35 mmol) in 2 mL EtOH was added ethyl acetamidate hydrochloride (0.065 g, 0.53 mmol) and the mixture was refluxed for 30 minutes. The solution was left at 5-10 °C for 16 h and filtered to obtain the title compound as a white solid: MS (M+H): 364 (base peak).

### Example C-108

## 5-(N-CARBOXAMIDINO-4-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

To a stirred suspension of 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole (C-2) (1.5 g, 4.7

mmol) in 47 mL of DMF was added Hunig's base (0.60 g, 4.7 mmol) and pyrazole carboxamide hydrochloride (0.68 g, 4.7 mmol). The slurry was allowed to stir at room temperature for 4 days. The reaction mixture was poured onto 300 mL of ether. The resulting precipitate was filtered to leave the title compound as the hydrochloride salt: MS (M+H): 365 (base peak).

### Example C-109

# 5-(N-CYCLOPROPANOYL-4-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-76 and substituting cyclopropanoyl chloride for acetyl chloride the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 407 (base peak).

# 5-[N-(2-FLUORO)BENZOYL-4-PIPERIDYL]-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-76 and substituting 2-fluorobenzoyl chloride for acetyl chloride the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 461 (base peak).

#### Example C-111

## 5-(N-METHYLSULFONYL-4-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-76 and substituting 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-2) for 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-74)

and methylsulfonyl chloride for acetyl chloride the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 401 (base peak).

## Example C-112

## 5-(N-METHOXYACETYL-4-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-76 and substituting 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-2) for 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-74) and methoxy acetyl chloride for acetyl chloride the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 395 (base peak).

#### Example C-113

## 5-(N-ACETYL-4-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-76 and substituting 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole Example (C-2) for 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole Example (C-74) the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 365 (base peak).

### Example C-114

## 5-[2-(1,1-DIMETHYL)AMINOETHYL]-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

following By the method of Example C-1 substituting N-t-butoxycarbonyl-2-amino-2,2dimethylpropanoyl N-hydroxysuccinimide for benyloxycarbonyl-glycinyl N-hydroxysuccinimide the title compound was prepared as the N-t-butoxycarbonyl protected The deprotection of the N-t-butoxycarbonyl compound. intermediate was accomplished with 4 N HCl in dioxane to afford the title compound as the hydrochloride salt: (M+H): 327 (base peak).

## 5-(METHOXYMETHYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting methyl-4-chlorobenzoate for ethyl-4-fluorobenzoate and 2-methoxyacetyl N-hydroxysuccinimide for N-benyloxycarbonyl-glycinyl N-hydroxysuccinimide the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 300 (base peak).

### Example C-116

## 5-(4-AMINOBENZYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting methyl-4-chlorobenzoate for ethyl-4-fluorobenzoate and N-t-butoxycarbonyl-4-aminophenyl

acetyl *N*-hydroxysuccinimide for *N*-benyloxycarbonyl-glycinyl *N*-hydroxysuccinimide the title compound was prepared as the *N*-t-butoxycarbonyl protected compound. The deprotection of the *N*-t-butoxycarbonyl intermediate was accomplished with 4 N HCl in dioxane to afford the title compound as the hydrochloride salt: MS (M+H): 361 (base peak).

### Example C-117

## 5-[4-(N, N-DIMETHYL) AMINOBENZYL]-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-75 and substituting 5-(4-aminobenzyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-116) for 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-74) the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 389 (base peak).

## 5-[4-(N-ACETYL)AMINOBENZYL]-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-76 and substituting 5-(4-aminobenzyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-116) for 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-74) the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 403 (base peak).

### Example C-119

## 5-(N-METHYLAMINOMETHYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

5-(N-formylaminomethyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole. To a suspension of 5-aminomethyl-

4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-1) (8.04 g, 30 mmol) in 120 mL dichloromethane was added p-nitrophenylformate (6.01 g, 36 mmol) as a solid. The suspension was stirred for 24 h at room temperature and the solvents removed under reduced pressure. The residue was triturated with ether and filtered to obtain the desired 5-(N-formylaminomethyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole derivative as a white solid: MS (M+H): 297 (base peak).

5-(N-methylaminomethyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4fluorophenyl) pyrazole. To a suspension of 5-(Nformylaminomethyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole (8.74 g, 29.5 mmol) in 90  $\mathfrak{mL}$ anhydrous tetrahydrofuran was added a 1.0 M solution of borane in tetrahydrofuran (90 mL, 90 mmol) and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 24 h. 1 N aqueous hydrochloric acid (100 mL) was then added to this mixture and the solution was refluxed for 5 hours and cooled to room temperature. The solution was extracted with ether (2 x 250 mL) and the pH of the aqueous layer adjusted to 9 by addition of concentrated ammonium hydroxide. The aqueous layers (pH ~ 9) were then extracted with ethyl acetate (4 x 150 mL). The organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and evaporated to dryness under reduced pressure. The residue was triturated with acetonitrile and filtered to obtain the title compound as a white solid: MS (M+H): 283 (base peak).

## 5-[N-(2-AMINO-2,2-DIMETHYLACETYL)AMINOMETHYL]-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

5-(N-t-butoxycarbonylaminomethyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole. To solution of 5a aminomethyl-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-1) (0.27 q, 1 mmol) in anhydrous dimethylformamide (4 mL) was added N-tert-butoxycarbonyl aminoisobutyric acid N-hydroxysuccinimide ester (0.33 g, 1.1 mmol) and the mixture stirred at 40 °C for 24 h. resulting solution was evaporated to dryness under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved dichloromethane (30 mL) and washed with a saturated solution of sodium bicarbonate (2  $\times$  20 mL) and brine (20 The organic layers were dried over sodium sulfate, mL). filtered and evaporated under reduced pressure to dryness to afford 5-(N-t-butoxycarbonylaminomethyl)-4-(4pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole as a white solid.

5-(N-(2-amino-2,2-dimethylacetyl)aminomethyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole. To a solution of the above compound in acetonitrile (2 mL) was added 1 mL of a 4.0 M solution of hydrochloric acid in dioxane. The

reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 6 hours. The suspension was evaporated to dryness under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was stirred in acetonitrile (5 mL), filtered and dried in a vacuum dessicator to afford the title compound as a hydrochloride salt: MS (M+H): 354 (base peak).

### Example C-121

## 5-[N-(2-AMINO-2,2-DIMETHYLACETYL)AMINOMETHYL]-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-120 and substituting 5-aminomethyl-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-15) for 5-aminomethyl-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-1) the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 370 (base peak).

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#### Example C-122

## 5-[4-N-(2-DIMETHYLAMINOACETYL)PIPERIDYL]-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3(4-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

To a solution of N, N-dimethylglycine hydrochloride (0.28 g, 2 mmol) in dimethylformamide (4 mL) was added hydroxybenzotriazole (0.27)g, 2 mmol), N.Ndiisopropylethyl amine (0.7 mL, 4 mmol) and polymer supported ethyl carbodimide (Example B-49) (1 g, 2.39 To this solution after 30 minutes at room temperature was added 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-74), 0.41 g, 1 mmol). The suspension was agitated on a labtop orbital shaker for 24 h. The suspension was filtered, washed with dimethylformamide (2  $\times$  5 mL) and filtrates evaporated under high pressure. The residue was dissolved in dichloromethane (30 mL), washed with a saturated solution of sodium bicarbonate (50 mL) and brine (50 mL). The organic layers were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and evaporated under high vacuum to afford the title compound as a white solid: MS (M+H): 424 (base peak).

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### Example C-123

## (S)-5-(2-PYROLIDINYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting (S)-N-t-butoxycarbonyl-prolinyl N-hydroxysuccinimide for N-benyloxycarbonyl-glycinyl N-hydroxysuccinimide the title compound was prepared as the N-t-butoxycarbonyl protected compound. The deprotection of the N-t-butoxycarbonyl intermediate was accomplished with 4 N HCl in dioxane to afford the title compound: MS (M+H): 309 (base peak).

### Example C-124

## (S)-5-(N-METHYL-2-PYROLIDINYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-75 and substituting (S)-5-(2-pyrolidinyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-123) for 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-74) the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 323 (base peak).

#### Example C-125

## (R)-5-(2-PYROLIDINYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting (R)-N-t-butoxycarbonyl-prolinyl Nhydroxysuccinimide for N-benyloxycarbonyl-glycinyl Nhydroxysuccinimide the title compound was prepared as the N-t-butoxycarbonyl protected compound. The deprotection of the N-t-butoxycarbonyl intermediate was accomplished with 4 N HCl in dioxane to afford the title compound: MS (M+H): 309 (base peak).

# (R)-5-(N-METHYL-2-PYROLIDINYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-75 and substituting (R)-5-(2-pyrolidinyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-125) for 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-74) the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 323 (base peak).

## Example C-127

# (R)-5-(3-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting (R) -N-t-butoxycarbonyl-nipecotyl N-hydroxysuccinimide for N-benyloxycarbonyl-glycinyl N-

hydroxysuccinimide the title compound was prepared as the N-t-butoxycarbonyl protected compound. The deprotection of the N-t-butoxycarbonyl intermediate was accomplished with 4 N HCl in dioxane to afford the title compound: MS (M+H): 323 (base peak).

### Example C-128

## (R)-5-(N-METHYL-3-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-75 and substituting (R)-5-(3-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-125) for 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-74) the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 337 (base peak).

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### Example C-129

## 2,2-DIMETHYL-4-[4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLYL] BUTYRIC ACID

By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting methyl-4-chlorobenzoate for ethyl-4-fluorobenzoate and 2,2-dimethyl glutaric anhydride for N-benyloxycarbonyl-glycinyl N-hydroxysuccinimide the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 370 (base peak).

### Example C-130

## 4-[4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLYL] BUTYRIC ACID

By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting glutaric anhydride for N-benzyloxycarbonyl-glycinyl N-hydroxysuccinimide the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 326 (base peak).

## 4-[4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLYL] BUTYRAMIDE

Methyl 4-(4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazolyl) butyrate. To a solution of 4-(4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazolyl) butyric acid (Example C-130) (40 g, 123 mmol) in 650 mL of MeOH was added 20 mL of concentrated H,SO4. The solution was stirred overnight at room temperature. The solution was concentrated and diluted with 200 mL of water. The solution was cooled with an ice/water bath and to the solution was added 150 mL of saturated NaHCO,. The solution was neutralized further with 50% NaOH to pH 7. The resulting slurry was extracted with  $CH_2Cl_2$  (3 x 250 mL). The combined extracts were washed with water (1 x 300 mL) and saturated NaHCO, (1 x 500 mL). The organic phase was dried over Na,SO, filtered and concentrated to afford methyl 4-(4-(4pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazolyl) butyrate: MS (M+H): 340 (base peak).

4-(4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazolyl)
butyramide. A solution of methyl 4-(4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4fluorophenyl) pyrazolyl) butyrate (39 g, 120 mmol) in 600
mL of MeOH was saturated with NH,. The solution was

periodically treated with additional NH, over a 24 h period. The solution was degassed with a stream of nitrogen and the solution was concentrated to leave a yellow solid. The solid was slurried in ether and filtered to leave the title compound: MS (M+H): 325 (base peak).

#### Example C-132

## 5-[4-(1-HYDROXY)BUTYL]-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

A stirred suspension of 4-(4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazolyl) butyric acid (Example C-130) (2 g, 6.15 mmol) in 100 ml of anhydrous ether was cooled to 0 °C under nitrogen. Lithium aluminum hydride (467 mg, 12.3 mmol) was added to this suspension slowly. After the addition was complete, the mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for additional 2 h. The reaction was quenched slowly with 1N KHSO<sub>4</sub> (80 ml). The mixture was transferred to a separatory funnel and the aqueous layer was removed. The aqueous layer was then made basic with K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (pH 8). The aqueous solution was extracted with ethyl acetate (2 x 100 mL). The combined ethyl acetate extracts were washed with water (1 x 100

mL), dried over MgSO, filtered and concentrated to give the title compound: MS (M+H): 312 (base peak).

#### Example C-133

## 5-[4-(1,1-DIMETHYL-1-HYDROXY)BUTYL]-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

A solution of 4-(4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazolyl) butyric acid (Example C-130) (200 mg, 0.615 mmol) in 50 ml of MeOH was treated with 10 ml of 4 N HCl/dioxane. The reaction mixture was stirred for 5 hours and evaporated to dryness. To this residue was added 15 ml of 1N methyl magnesium bromide in butyl ether and 5 ml of anhydrous THF. The reaction was heated to reflux under nitrogen for 64 h.

The reaction was quenched with 20 ml of saturated ammonium chloride. This mixture was transferred to a separatory funnel and was extracted with 100 ml ethyl acetate (2 x 100 mL). The combined ethyl acetate extracts were washed with water (1 x 100 mL), dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated to afford a crude oil. The crude oil was subjected to column chromatography by using 3.5 % MeOH/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> followed by 6 % MeOH/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> to give the title compound: MS (M+H): 340 (base peak).

## 5-(4-(1-AMINO)BUTYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

To a suspension of 4-(4-(4-pyridy1)-3-(4fluorophenyl) pyrazolyl) butyramide (Example C-131) (2 g, 6.2 mmol) in 100 ml of anhydrous ether was added lithium aluminum hydride (467 mg, 12.3 mmol). After the addition was complete, the mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for additional 2 h. The reaction was quenched with 20 mL of ethyl acetate and was poured onto 100 mL of 2.5 N NaOH. The mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate  $(3 \times 50 \text{ mL})$ . The combined extracts were washed with brine (1 x 100 mL), dried over Na,SO,, filtered and concentrated to afford the title compound: MS (M+H): 311 (base peak).

# 4-(4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLYL) PROPIONIC ACID

By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting succinic anhydride for N-benyloxycarbonyl-glycinyl N-hydroxysuccinimide the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 312 (base peak).

## Example C-136

## 5-(4-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIMIDYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting methyl-4-chlorobenzoate for ethyl-4-fluorobenzoate, N-t-butoxycarbonyl-isonipecotyl N-hydroxysuccinimide for N-benyloxycarbonyl-glycinyl N-hydroxysuccinimide and 4-methylpyrimidine for 4-picoline

the title compound was prepared as the N-t-butoxycarbonyl protected compound. The deprotection of the N-t-butoxycarbonyl intermediate was accomplished with 4 N HCl in dioxane to afford the title compound as the hydrochloride salt: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.2 (s, 1 H), 8.48 (d, J = 5.19 Hz, 1 H), 7.31 (m, 4 H), 6.94 (d, J = 4.79 Hz, 1 H), (3.69 (m, 3 H), 3.12 (m, 2 H), 2.3 (m, 3 H), 1.24 (m, 2 H). MS (M+H): 340 (base peak).

#### Example C-137

## 5-(N-METHYL-4-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIMIDYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-75 and substituting 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-136) for 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-74) the title compound was prepared:  $^1$ H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.2 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1 H), 8.48 (d, J = 5.59 Hz, 1 H), 7.31 (m, 4 H), 6.95 (dd, J= 1.2, 5.6 Hz, 1 H), 3.39 (m, 1 H), 3.03 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 2 H), 2.38 (s, 3 H), 2.06 (m, 4 H), 1.24 (m, 2 H). MS (M+H): 354 (base peak).

## 5-(N-ACETYL-3-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-76 and substituting 5-(3-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole (C-90) for 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole (C-74) the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 365 (base peak).

### Example C-139

## 5-(N-METHOXYACETYL-3-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-76 and substituting 5-(3-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole (C-90) for 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole (C-74) and methoxy

acetyl chloride for acetyl chloride the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 395 (base peak).

Additional compounds of the present invention which could be prepared using one or more of the reaction schemes set forth in this application include, but are not limited to, the following:

#### Example C-140

5-(4-N-t-butoxycarbonylpiperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-thiomethyl)pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

#### Example C-141

5-(4-piperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-thiomethyl)pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

5-(4-N-methylpiperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-thiomethyl)pyrimidinyl]-3-4-(chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-143

5-(4-N-t-butoxycarbonylpiperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-methanesulfonyl)pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-144

5-(4-piperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-methanesulfonyl)pyrimidinyl]-3(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

5-(4-N-methylpiperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-methanesulfonyl)pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-146

5-(4-N-t-butoxycarbonylpiperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-amino)pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-147

5-(4-piperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-amino)pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

5-(4-N-methylpiperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-amino)pyrimidinyl]-3(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-149

5-(4-N-t-butoxycarbonylpiperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-methylamino)pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-150

5-(4-piperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-methylamino)pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

5-(4-N-methylpiperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-methylamino)pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-152

5-(4-N-t-butoxycarbonylpiperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-isopropylamino)pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-153

5-(4-piperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-isopropylamino)pyrimidinyl]-3(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

5-(4-N-methylpiperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-isopropylamino)pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-155

5-(4-N-t-butoxycarbonylpiperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-(2-methoxyethylamino))pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-156

5-(4-piperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-(2-methoxyethylamino))pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

5-(4-N-methylpiperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-(2-methoxyethylamino))pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-158

5-(4-N-t-butoxycarbonylpiperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-methoxy)pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-159

5-(4-piperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-methoxy)pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

5-(4-N-methylpiperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-methoxy)pyrimidinyl]-3(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-161

5-(4-N-t-butoxycarbonylpiperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-isopropoxy)pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-162

5-(4-piperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-isopropoxy)pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

5-(4-N-methylpiperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-isopropoxy)pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-164

5-(4-N-t-butoxycarbonylpiperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-(2-N,N-dimethylamino)ethoxy)pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

Example C-165

5-(4-piperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-(2-N,N-dimethylamino)ethoxy)pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

5-(4-N-methylpiperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-(2-N,N-dimethylamino)ethoxy)pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-167

5-(N-acetylhydroxylimido-4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-168

5-(N-benzylhydroxylimido-4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

5-(N-phenylacethydroxylimido-4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

# Example C-170

5-[N-methyl-4-(3,4-dehydro)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-171

5-[N-isopropyl-4-(3,4-dehydro)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

5-[N-benzyl-4-(3,4-dehydro)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-173

5-[N-methyl-4-(4-fluoro)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-174

5-[N-methyl-4-(4-hydroxy)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

5-[N-methyl-4-(4-methoxy)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-176

5-[N-methyl-4-(2,5-tetramethyl-4-fluoro)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-177

5-[N-methyl-4-(2,5-tetramethyl-4-hydroxy)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

5-[N-methyl-4-(2,5-tetramethyl-4-methoxy)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-179

5-[4-(3-fluoro)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-180

5-[4-(N-methyl-3-fluoro)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

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5-[4-(N-isopropyl-3-fluoro)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-182

5-[4-(N-benzyl-3-fluoro)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-183

5-[4-(N-acety1-3-fluoro)piperidy1]-4-(4-pyridy1)-3-(4-chloropheny1)pyrazole

5-[4-(2-oxo)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-185

5-[4-(N-methyl-2-oxo)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

5-[4-(N-isopropyl-2-oxo)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-187

5-[4-(N-benzyl-2-oxo)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-188

5-[4-(N-acetyl-2-oxo)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

5-[5-(2-oxo)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-190

5-[5-(N-methyl-2-oxo)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-191

5-[5-(N-isopropyl-2-oxo)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

5-[5-(N-benzyl-2-oxo)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-193

5-[5-(N-acetyl-2-oxo)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-194

5-(N-acethydroxylimido-3-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

5-(N-benzhydroxylimido-3-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-196

5-(N-phenacethydroxylimido-3-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-197

5-(2-morpholinyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

5-(N-methyl-2-morpholinyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

# Example C-199

5-(N-isopropyl-2-morpholinyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-200

5-(N-benzyl-2-morpholinyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

5-(N-acetyl-2-morpholinyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-202

5-[trans-4-(N-t-butoxycarbonylamino)methylcyclohexyl]-4(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-203

5-(trans-4-aminomethylcyclohexyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

5-[trans-4-(N-isopropylamino)methylcyclohexyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

# Example C-205

5-[trans-4-(N, N-dimethylamino)methylcyclohexyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-206

5-[trans-4-(N-acetylamino)methylcyclohexyl)]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

5-[trans-4-(N-t-butoxycarbonylamino)cyclohexyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-208

5-(trans-4-aminocyclohexyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-209

5-[trans-4-(N, N-dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

5-[trans-4-(N-isopropylamino)cyclohexyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-211

5-[trans-4-(N-acetylamino)cyclohexyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-212

5-[cis-4-(N-t-butoxycarbonyl)methylaminocyclohexyl)]-4(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

5-(cis-4-methylaminocyclohexyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-214

5-[cis-4-(N,N-dimethyl)methylaminocyclohexyl)]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-215

5-[cis-4-(N-isopropyl)methylaminocyclohexyl)]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

5-[cis-4-(N-acetyl)methylaminocyclohexyl)]-4-(4-pyridyl)3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-217

5-[3-(1,1-dimethyl-1-(N-t-butoxycarbonylamino)propyl-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

# Example C-218

5-[3-(1,1-dimethyl-1-amino)propyl-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

5-[3-(1,1-dimethyl-1-(N,N-dimethylamino)propyl-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

# Example C-220

5-[3-(1,1-dimethyl-1-(N-isopropylamino)propyl-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

# Example C-221

5-[3-(1,1-dimethyl-1-(N-acetylamino)propyl-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

5-[4-(1-carboxamidino)benzyl-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

# Example C-223

5-[4-(1-N-methylcarboxamidino)benzyl-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-224

5-[4-(1-N-benzylcarboxamidino)benzyl-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

5-[3-(1-carboxamidino)benzyl-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-226

5-[3-(1-N-methylcarboxamidino)benzyl-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

# Example C-227

5-[3-(1-N-benzylcarboxamidino)benzyl-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

5-[3-(N-t-butoxycarbonyl)aminobenzyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

# Example C-229

5-(3-aminobenzyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-230

5-[3-(N,N-dimethylamino)benzyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

5-[3-(N-isopropylamino)benzyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

# Example C-232

5-[3-(N-benzylamino)benzyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

1005

# Example C-233

5-[3-(N-acetylamino)benzyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-234

5-[4-(2-amino)methylimidazolyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-235

5-[4-(2-N, N-dimethylamino)methylimidazolyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

1006

## Example C-236

5-[4-(2-N-isopropylamino)methylimidazolyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

# Example C-237

5-[4-(2-N-benzylamino)methylimidazolyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-238

5-[4-(2-N-acetylamino)methylimidazolyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

5-[4-(2-amino)methyloxazolyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-240

5-[4-(2-N, N-dimethylamino)methyloxazolyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

# Example C-241

5-[4-(2-N-isopropylamino)methyloxazolyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

5-[4-(2-N-benzylamino)methyloxazolyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-243

5-[4-(2-N-acetylamino)methyloxazolyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-244

5-[4-(2-amino)methylthiazolyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

### Example C-245

5-[4-(2-N, N-dimethylamino)methylthiazolyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

#### Example C-246

5-[4-(2-N-isopropylamino)methylthiazolyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example C-247

5-[4-(2-N-benzylamino)methylthiazolyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

### Example C-248

5-[4-(2-N-acetylamino)methylthiazolyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

Biological data from compounds of Examples B-0001 through B-1573 and of Examples B-2270 through B-2462 are shown in the following tables.

In vitro P38-alpha kinase inhibitory data are shown in the column identified as:

"P38 alpha kinase IC50, uM or % inhib @ conc. (uM)"

10

15

20

In vitro whole cell assay for measuring the ability of the compounds to inhibit TNF production in human U937 cells stimulated with LPS are shown in the column identified as:

"U937 Cell IC<sub>50</sub>, uM or % inhib @ conc., (uM)"

In vivo assessment of the ability of the compounds to inhibit LPS-stimulated TNF release in the mouse is shown in the column identified as:

"Mouse LPS Model, % TNF inhib @ dose @ predose time" wherein in the dose is milligram per kilogram (mpk) administered by oral gavage and the predose time indicates the number of hours before LPS challenge when the compound is administered.

In vivo assessment of the ability of the compounds to inhibit LPS-stimulated TNF release in the rat is shown in the column identified as:

30 "Rat LPS Model, % TNF inhib @ dose @ predose time"

wherein in the dose is milligram per kilogram (mpk)
administered by oral gavage and the predose time

indicates the number of hours before LPS challenge when the compound is administered.

		<del></del>		
	P38 alpha kinase	U937 Cell IC50,uM	Mouse LPS Model %	Rat LPS Model %
	IC50,uM or %	or %	TNF inhib @ dose	inhib @dose
Evennie#	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	@predose time
Example# B-0001	53.0%@1.0uM	40.0% @1.0uM		
B-0002	71.0%@1.0uM	28.0%@10.0uM		<del></del>
B-0002	70.0%@1.0uM	76.0% 10.0uM		
B-0003	80.0%@1.0uM	4.61uM		
B-0005	95.0%@1.0uM	2.97uM		
B-0005	82.0%@1.0uM	2.97UM 80%@10.0uM		
B-0007	74.0%@1.0uM	85.0%@10.0uM		<del></del>
B-0007	42.0%@1.0uM	65.0%@10.0uM		
B-0009	0.04 uM	0.72uM		
B-0009	0.52 uM	0.72uM 0.65uM		
B-0010	0.03 uM	4.47uM		
B-0011	30.0%@1.0uM	44.0% @1.0uM		
B-0012	70.0%@1.0uM			······································
B-0014	79.0%@1.0uM	84.0%@10.0uM 80.0%@10.0uM		
B-0014	82.0%@1.0uM			
B-0015	94.0%@1.0uM	80.0%@10.0uM		
B-0016	56.0%@1.0uM	3.98uM 79.0%@10.0uM		
B-0017	60.0%@1.0uM			
		59.0%@10.0uM		<del></del> .
B-0019	84.0%@1.0uM	100.0%@10.0uM		
B-0020	73.0%@1.0uM	81.0%@10.0uM		
B-0021	68.0%@1.0uM	76.0%@10.0uM		<del></del>
B-0022	69.0%@1.0uM	44.0@1.0uM		
B-0023	90.0%@1.0uM	77.0%@10.0uM		——————————————————————————————————————
B-0024 B-0025	94.0%@1.0uM	52.0%@1.0uM		
	89.0%@1.0uM 96.0%@1.0uM	79.0%@10.0uM		-
B-0026 B-0027	94.0%@1.0uM	3.27uM		<del></del>
B-0027	69.0%@1.0uM	11.0uM 45.0%@10.0uM		
B-0029	91.0%@1.0uM			
B-0029	92.0%@1.0uM	58.0%@10.0uM		····
	94.0%@1.0uM	75.0%@10.0uM		
B-0031 B-0032	94.0%@1.0uM	100.0%@10.0uM 78.0%@10.0uM		
B-0032	97.0%@1.0uM	10.0uM		
B-0034	95.0%@1.0uM	10.0uM		T
B-0035	94.0%@1.0uM	10.0uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-0036	92.0%@1.0uM	8.24uM		
B-0037	91.0%@1.0uM	86.0%@10.0uM		<del></del>
B-0038	71.0%@1.0uM	84.0%@10.0uM		<del></del>
B-0039	89.0%@1.0uM			<del></del>
B-0039	93.0%@1.0uM	72.0%@10.0uM	<u> </u>	
B-0040		2.3uM		···
B-0041	65.0%@1.0uM	66.0%@10.0uM		
D-0042	94.0%@1.0uM	2.76uM	<u></u>	<u> </u>

	T			
	P38 alpha kinase	U937 Cell IC50,uM	Mouse LPS Model %	Rat LPS Model %
	IC50,uM or %	or %	TNF inhib @ dose	inhib @dose
Example#	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	@predose time
B-0043	0.22 uM	0.54uM		
B-0043	0.14 uM			<del></del>
B-0045	94.0%@1.0uM	0.19uM		
B-0046	96.0%@1.0uM	1.01uM		
B-0047	94.0%@1.0uM	54.0%@1.0uM		
B-0047	94.0%@1.0uM	74.0%@10.0uM		<del>- , - , - , - , - ,</del>
B-0049	88%@1.0uM	76.0%@10.0uM		·
B-0050	73%@1.0uM	33.0%@1.0uM		
B-0050	3.3uM	34.0%@1.0uM	4504 0 400	
B-0052	92%@1.0uM	2.15uM	47%@100mpk@-6h	79%@3mpk@-4h
B-0052		15.0%@1.0uM		•
B-0054	95%@1.0uM	34.0%@1.0uM		
B-0055	90%@1.0uM	30.0%@1.0uM		
B-0056	93%@1.0uM	>1.0uM		
	96%@1.0uM	21.0%@1.0uM		
B-0057	96%@1.0uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
B-0058	79%@1.0uM	18.0%@1.0uM		
B-0059	83%@1.0uM	35.0%@1.0uM		
B-0060	73%@1.0uM	22.0%@1.0uM		
B-0061	62%@1.0uM	27.0%@1.0uM		
B-0062	94%@1.0uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
B-0063	96%@1.0uM	40.0%@1.0uM		
B-0064	90%@1.0uM	4.0%@1.0uM		
B-0065	83%@1.0uM	21.0%@1.0uM		
B-0066	94%@1.0uM	28.0%@1.0uM		
B-0067	91%@1.0uM	1.0%@1.0uM		
B-0068	72%@1.0uM	22.0%@1.0uM		
B-0069	96%@1.0uM	37.0%@1.0uM		
B-0070	92%@1.0uM	30.0%@1.0uM		
B-0071	86%@1.0uM	31.0%@1.0uM		
B-0072	77%@1.0uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-0073	91%@1.0uM	24.0%@1.0uM		
B-0074	92%@1.0uM	42.0%@1.0uM		
B-0075	91%@1.0uM	35.0%@1.0uM		
B-0076	58%@1.0uM	21.0%@1.0uM		
B-0077	0.8uM	10.0uM		
B-0078	80%@1.0uM	20.0%@1.0uM		
B-0079	93%@1.0uM	13.0%@1.0uM		
B-0080	73%@1.0uM	73.0%@1.0uM		
B-0081	92%@1.0uM	13.0%@1.0uM		
B-0082	47%@1.0uM	27.0%@1.0uM		
B-0083	0.22uM	6.51uM		
B-0084	56%@1.0uM	30.0%@1.0uM		

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	P38 alpha kinase	U937 Cell IC50,uM	Mouse LPS Model %	Rat LPS Model %
İ	IC50,uM or %	or %	TNF inhib @ dose	
Example#	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	@predose time
B-0085	83%@1.0uM	21.0%@1.0uM		
B-0086	91%@1.0uM	37.0%@1.0uM		
B-0087	0.55uM	2.26uM	200/ 200	
B-0088	96%@1.0uM	9.0%@1.0uM	38%@30mpk@-6h	
B-0089	0.04uM	3.33uM		
B-0090	98%@1.0uM	52.0%@1.0uM		
B-0091	96%@1.0uM	40.0%@1.0uM		
B-0092	97%@1.0uM	34.0%@1.0uM		
B-0093	3.18 uM	1.25uM	209/ @20mmle@.ch	
B-0094	96%@1.0uM	52.0%@1.0uM	30%@30mpk@-6h	
B-0095	98%@1.0uM	38.0%@1.0uM		
B-0096	91%@1.0uM	22.0%@1.0uM	<del> </del>	
B-0097	72.0%@10.0uM	38.0%@1.0uM		
B-0098	66.0%@10.0uM	12.0%@1.0uM		
B-0099	43.0% @1.0uM	>1.0uM		
B-0100	75.0% @1.0uM	5.0uM		
B-0101	71.0% @1.0uM	2.11uM		
B-0102	81.0%@1.0uM	15.0%@1.0uM		
B-0103	71.0%@1.0uM	6.0%@1.0uM		
B-0104	56.0% @1.0uM	2.78uM		
B-0105	78.0%@1.0uM	5.0uM		
B-0106	62.0%@1.0uM	5.0uM		
B-0107	0.27uM	5.0uM		
B-0108	61.0%@1.0uM	4.85uM		
B-0109	45.0%@1.0uM	19.0%@1.0uM		···
B-0110	66.0%@1.0uM	13.0%@1.0uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-0111	57.0%@1.0uM	>1.0uM		
B-0112	97.0%@1.0uM	1.12uM		
B-0113	75.0%@1.0uM	43.0%@1.0uM		
B-0114	45.0%@1.0uM	3.92uM		
B-0115	47.0%@1.0uM	2.0%@1.0uM		
B-0116	73.0%@1.0uM	35.0%@1.0uM		
B-0117	0.46 uM	1.78 uM	30%@30mpk@-6h	
B-0118	1.18 uM	1.29 uM		
B-0119	89.0%@10.0uM	2.78uM		
B-0120	0.008 uM	0.21 uM	77%@100mpk@-6h	70%@3mpk@-4h
B-0121	79.0%@1.0uM	1.22uM	, , , , , ,	
B-0122	79.0%@10.0uM	2.0%@1.0uM		
B-0123	59.0%@1.0uM	>1.0uM		
B-0124	73.0%@1.0uM	15.0%@1.0uM		
B-0125	70.0%@10.0uM	17.0%@1.0uM		
B-0126	66.0%@1.0uM	1.57uM		

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	P38 alpha kinase	U937 Cell IC50,uM	Mouse LPS Model %	Rat LPS Model %
	IC50,uM or %	or %	TNF inhib @ dose	inhib @dose
Example#	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	@predose time
B-0127	82.0%@1.0uM	0.96uM		
B-0128	78.0%@1.0uM	1.81uM		
B-0128	51.0%@1.0uM	31.0%@1.0uM		
B-0129	69.0%@1.0uM	58.0%@1.0uM		
	43.0%@1.0uM	46.0%@1.0uM		
B-0131	76.0%@1.0uM	8.0%@1.0uM		
B-0132	51.0%@1.0uM	42.0%@1.0uM	<del>  </del>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-0133	60.0%@1.0uM			
B-0134	78.0%@1.0uM	2.17uM 58.0%@1.0uM		
B-0135	77.0%@1.0uM			
B-0136		44.0%@1.0uM		
B-0137	41.0%@1.0uM	37.0%@1.0uM		······································
B-0138	50.0%@1.0uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-0139	54.0%@10.0uM	17.0%@1.0uM		
B-0140	67%@10.0uM	9.0%@1.0uM		
B-0141	78.0%@1.0uM	10.0%@1.0uM		
B-0142	86.0%@1.0uM	12.0%@1.0uM		
B-0143	42.0% @1.0uM	3.63uM	·	
B-0144	86.0% @1.0uM	43.0%@1.0uM		
B-0145	54.0% @10.0uM	12.0% @1.0uM		
B-0146	77.0% @10.0uM	28.0% @1.0uM		
B-0147	44.0% @1.0uM	22.0% @1.0uM		
B-0148	51.0% @1.0uM	>1.0uM		
B-0149	1.15 uM	10.0 uM		
B-0150	27.0% @10.0uM	35.0% @1.0uM		
B-0151	43.0% @1.0uM	30.0% @1.0uM		
B-0152	51.0% @1.0uM	24.0% @1.0uM		
B-0153	57.0% @1.0uM	21.0% @1.0uM		···
B-0154	65.0% @10.0uM	14.0% @1.0uM		·
B-0155	40.0% @10.0uM	26.0% @1.0uM	<u> </u>	
B-0156	42.0% @10.0uM	13.0% @1.0uM		
B-0157	48.0% @10.0uM	9.0% @1.0uM		
B-0158	58.0% @10.0uM	39.0% @1.0uM		
B-0159	54.0% @10.0uM	5.0% @1.0uM		
B-0160	59.0% @10.0uM	26.0% @1.0uM		
B-0161	72.0% @10.0uM	13.0% @1.0uM		
B-0162	23%@1.0uM	2.05 uM		
B-0163	20.0% @10.0uM	10.0% @1.0uM		
B-0164	37.0% @10.0uM	20.0% @1.0uM		
B-0165	70.0% @10.0uM	19.0% @1.0uM		
B-0166	45.0% @10.0uM	37.0% @1.0uM		
B-0167	40.0% @1.0uM	37.0% @1.0uM		
B-0168	44%@1.0uM	2.36 uM		

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	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or %	U937 Cell IC50,uM or %	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose	Rat LPS Model %
	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	inhib @dose @predose time
Example#			o produce time	e predose time
B-0169	43.0% @1.0uM	21.0% @1.0uM		
B-0170	43.0% @1.0uM	30.0% @1.0uM		
B-0171	61.0% @10.0uM	21.0% @1.0uM		
B-0172	16.0% @10.0uM	11.0% @1.0uM		
B-0173	33.0% @10.0uM	48.0% @1.0uM		
B-0174	54.0% @10.0uM	43.0% @1.0uM		
B-0175	41.0% @10.0uM	31.0% @1.0uM		
B-0176	50.0% @1.0uM	30.0% @1.0uM		
B-0177	70.0% @10.0uM	27.0% @1.0uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-0178	12.0% @10.0uM	35.0% @1.0uM		
B-0179	27.0% @10.0uM	37.0% @1.0uM		** <u>*</u>
B-0180	34.0% @10.0uM	23.0% @1.0uM		
B-0181	5.0%@1.0uM	2.0% @1.0uM		
B-0182	39.0% @10.0uM	40.0% @1.0uM		
B-0183	12.0% @10.0uM	34.0% @1.0uM		7
B-0184	66.0% @10.0uM	17.0% @1.0uM		
B-0185	65.0% @10.0uM	25.0% @1.0uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-0186	40.0% @1.0uM	25.0% @1.0uM		
B-0187	4.0% @10.0uM	14.0% @1.0uM		
B-0188	70.0% @10.0uM	35.0% @1.0uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-0189	42.0% @10.0uM	9.0% @1.0uM		
B-0190	59.0% @10.0uM	31.0% @1.0uM		
B-0191	40.0% @1.0uM	29.0% @1.0uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-0192	12.0% @10.0uM	47.0% @1.0uM		<del></del>
B-0193	0.54 uM	6%@1.0uM		
B0194	1.31 uM	22%@1.0uM		
B-0195	1.03 uM	55%@1.0uM		······································
B-0196	2.24 uM	>1.0uM		······································
B-0197	2.0 uM	14%@1.0uM		
B-0198	1.2 uM	2%@1.0uM		
B-0199	1.34 uM	3%@1.0uM		
B-0200	1.31 uM	16%@1.0uM		
B-0201	0.29 uM	59%@1.0uM		
B-0202	0.55 uM	2.26 uM		
B-0203	0.16 uM	65%@1.0uM		
B-0204	0.21 uM	48%@1.0uM		
B-0205	0.096 uM	54%@1.0uM		
B-0206	5.76 uM	14%@1.0uM		
B-0207	0.12 uM	52%@1.0uM		
B-0208	0.067 uM	>1.0uM	·	····
B-0209	0.29 uM	8%@1.0uM		
B-0210	0.057 uM	67%@1.0uM		

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	P38 alpha kinase	U937 Cell IC50,uM	Mouse LPS Model %	Rat LPS Model %
	IC50,uM or %	ог %	TNF inhib @ dose	inhib @dose
Evample#	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	@predose time
Example# B-0211	0.25 uM	30%@1.0uM		
B-0212	0.12 uM	28%@1.0uM		
B-0213	0.31 uM	39%@1.0uM		
B-0214	0.16 uM	50%@1.0uM		
B-0215	0.11 uM	51%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-0216	0.56 uM	>1.0uM		
B-0217	0.55 uM	>1.0uM		
B-0218	0.53 uM	18%@1.0uM		
B-0219	0.91 uM	18%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-0220	0.13 uM	40%@1.0uM		
B-0221	2.4 uM	>1.0uM		
B-0222	0.4uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
B-0223	0.2uM	1.0%@1.0uM		
B-0224	<0.1uM	93.0%@1.0uM		
B-0225	0.047uM	37.0%@1.0uM		
B-0226	0.074uM	20.0%@1.0uM		
B-0227	0.045uM	1.0%@1.0uM		
B-0228	. 0.15uM	44.0%@1.0uM		
B-0229	<0.1uM	61.0%@1.0uM		
B-0230	0.041uM	30.0%@1.0uM		
B-0231	0.055uM	40.0%1.0uM		
B-0232	0.048uM	24.0%@1.0uM		
B-0233	0.095uM	43.0%@1.0uM		
B-0234	0.11uM	68.0%@1.0uM		
B-0235	1.31uM	90.0%@1.0uM		
B-0236	0.077uM	46.0%@1.0uM		
B-0237	0.13uM	60.0%@1.0uM		
B-0238	0.47uM	82.0%@1.0uM		
B-0239	5.73uM	84.0%@1.0uM		
B-0240	0.2uM	70.0%@1.0uM		
B-0241	0.1uM	45.0%@1.0uM		
B-0242	<0.1uM	78.0%@1.0uM		
B-0243	0.039uM	53.0%@1.0uM		
B-0244	0.02uM	57.0%@1.0uM		
B-0245	0.13uM	24.0%@1.0uM		
B-0246	<0.1uM	>1.0uM		···
B-0247	0.082uM	75.0%@1.0uM		
B-0248	<0.1uM	11.0%@1.0uM		
B-0249	<0.1uM	75.0%@1.0uM		
B-0250	0.28uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
B-0251	0.31uM	1.0%@1.0uM		
B-0252	0.041uM	54.0%@1.0uM	<u> </u>	+

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	P38 alpha kinase	U937 Cell IC50,uM	Mouse LPS Model %	Rat LPS Model %
	IC50,uM or %	or %	TNF inhib @ dose	inhib @dose
Evamala#	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	@predose time
Example# B-0253	0.061uM	74.0%@1.0uM		
	0.12uM			
B-0254		59.0%@1.0uM		
B-0255	0.32uM	68.0%@1.0uM		
B-0256	<0.1uM	88.0%@1.0uM		
B-0257	1.71uM	11.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-0258	0.37uM	63.0%@1.0uM		
B-0259	0.35uM	58.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-0260	0.56uM	23.0%@1.0uM		
B-0261	0.49uM	23.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-0262	0.41uM	89.0%@1.0uM		
B-0263	0.62uM	64.0%@1.0uM		·
B-0264	0.14uM	18.0%@1.0uM		
B-0265	0.92uM	24.0%@1.0uM		
B-0266	0.25uM	24.0%@1.0uM		
B-0267	0.48uM	11.0%@1.0uM		
B-0268	3.39uM	19.0%@1.0uM		
B-0269	9.81uM	19.0%@1.0uM		
B-0270	5.79uM	13.0%@1.0uM		
B-0271	7.55uM	12.0%@1.0uM		
B-0272	1.81uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
B-0273	5.03uM	13.0%@1.0uM		
B-0274	2.68uM	25.0%@1.0uM		
B-0275	2.67uM	33.0%@1.0uM		
B-0276	1.25uM	26.0%@1.0uM		
B-0277	0.68uM	34.0%@1.0uM		
B-0278	1.26uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
B-0279	1.39uM	33.0%@1.0uM		
B-0280	0.86uM	18.0%@1.0uM		-
B-0281	7.37uM	24.0%@1.0uM		
B-0282	0.75uM	38.0%@1.0uM		
B-0283	6.66uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
B-0284	0.083uM	65.0%@1.0uM		
B-0285	4.57uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
B-0286	0.33uM	50.0%@1.0uM		
B-0287	4.0uM	22.0%@1.0uM		
B-0288	4.46uM	26.0%@1.0uM		
B-0289	0.15uM	55.0%@1.0uM		
B-0290	0.66uM	44.0%@1.0uM		
B-0291	1.33uM	20.0%@1.0uM		
B-0292	0.22uM	28.0%@1.0uM		
B-0293	0.66uM	53.0%@1.0uM		
B-0294	0.68uM	45.0%@1.0uM		

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	P38 alpha kinase	U937 Cell IC50,uM	Mouse LPS Model %	Rat LPS Model %
	IC50,uM or %	or %	TNF inhib @ dose	
	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	@predose time
Example#	0.00			
B-0295	0.82uM	45.0%@1.0uM		
B-0296	8.03uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
B-0297	0.78uM	30.0%@1.0uM		
B-0298	0.58uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
B-0299	0.87uM	54.0%@1.0uM		
B-0300	0.78uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-0301	0.19uM	50.0%@1.0uM		
B-0302	4.02uM	24.0%@1.0uM		
B-0303	0.22uM	10.0%@1.0uM		
B-0304	0.56uM	28.0%@1.0uM		
B-0305				
B-0306				,
B-0307				7
B-0308				
B-0309				
B-0310				
B-0311	•			
B-0312				
B-0313				
B-0314				<del></del>
B-0315				<del></del>
B-0316			<del></del>	
B-0317				
B-0318				
B-0319			·	
B-0320				
B-0321				
B-0322				
B-0323		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
B-0323				
B-0325				
B-0325				
B-0326 B-0327				
B-0328				
B-0329				
B-0330				
B-0331				
B-0332				
B-0333				
B-0334				
B-0335				
B-0336				

	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or %	U937 Cell IC50,uM or %	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose
	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	→ @predose time
Example#				
B-0337				-
B-0338				
B-0339				
B-0340				
B-0341				
B-0342				
B-0343				
B-0344				
B-0345				
B-0346				
B-0347				
B-0348				
B-0349				
B-0350				
B-0351				
B-0352				
B-0353	1.37uM	55%@1.0uM		
B-0354	1.0uM	0.66uM	51%@30mpk@-6h	54%@3mpk@-4h
B-0355	0.75uM	40.0%@1.0uM		
B-0356	0.66uM	24.0%@1.0uM		
B-0357	1.46uM	0.66uM		
B-0358	0.37uM	17.0%@1.0uM		
B-0359	0.45uM	47.0%@1.0uM		
B-0360	1.6uM	19.0%@1.0uM		
B-0361	0.33uM	46.0%@1.0uM		
B-0362	0.52uM	27.0%@1.0uM		
B-0363	4.67uM	25.0%@1.0uM		
B-0364	1.44uM	27.0%@1.0uM		
B-0365	0.96uM	27.0%@1.0uM		-
B-0366	0.7uM	46.0%@1.0uM		
B-0367	1.0uM	23.0%@1.0uM		
B-0368	1.0uM	0.64uM	37%@30mpk@-6h	
B-0369	0.16uM	57.0%@1.0uM		
B-0370	0.65uM	28.0%@1.0uM		
B-0371	0.49uM	28.0%@1.0uM		
B-0372	0.35uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
B-0373	0.45uM	18.0%@1.0uM		
B-0374	1.38uM	12.0%@1.0uM		
B-0375	1.0uM	19.0%@1.0uM		
B-0376	2.99uM	12.0%@1.0uM		
B-0377	1.29uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
B-0378	1.1uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
		30.0.001100111		

	P38 alpha kinase	U937 Cell IC50,uM	Mouse LPS Model %	Rat LPS Model %
İ	IC50,uM or %	or %	TNF inhib @ dose	inhib @dose
Example#	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	@predose time
B-0379	0.53uM	24.0%@1.0uM		
B-0380	1.41uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-0381	0.22uM	47.0%@1.0uM		
B-0382	0.41uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-0383	1.43uM	10.0%@1.0uM		
B-0384	4.02uM	16.0%@1.0uM		
B-0385	0.057uM	0.9uM	30%@30mpk@-6h	0%@3mpk@-4h
B-0386	0.13uM	54.0%@1.0uM	0070800111pkg-011	07683111pk8-411
B-0387	0.41uM	52.0%@1.0uM		
B-0388	<0.1uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
B-0389	0.01uM	0.05uM		62%@3mpk@-4h
B-0390	0.089uM	55.0%@1.0uM		70 ompre -411
B-0391	0.86uM	18.0%@1.0uM		
B-0392	0.13uM	57.0%@1.0uM		
B-0393	0.043uM	66.0%@1.0uM		
B-0394	0.13uM	45.0%@1.0uM		***************************************
B-0395	0.087uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
B-0396	0.097uM	0.44uM		
B-0397	0.17uM	41.0%@1.0uM		
B-0398	0.054uM	66.0%@1.0uM		
B-0399	0.14uM	39.0%@1.0uM		
B-0400	0.16uM	25.0%@1.0uM		
B-0401	0.46uM	52.0%@1.0uM		
B-0402	0.14uM	1.51uM		
B-0403	1.77uM	2.42uM		
B-0404	0.31uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
B-0405	0.79uM	30.0%@1.0uM		<del> </del>
B-0406	0.54uM	35.0%@1.0uM		
B-0407	0.76uM	27.0%@1.0uM		
B-0408	0.5uM	50.0%@1.0uM		
B-0409	0.53uM	30.0%@1.0uM		
B-0410	0.38uM	44.0%@1.0uM		
B-0411	0.62uM	50.0%@1.0uM		
B-0412	0.24uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
B-0413	0.18uM	55.0%@1.0uM		
B-0414	2.54uM	25.0%@1.0uM		
B-0415	0.42uM	43.0%@1.0uM		
B-0416	0.32uM	34.0%@1.0uM		
B-0417	0.91uM	28.0%@1.0uM		
B-0418	0.22uM	27.0%@1.0uM		
B-0419	0.85uM	41.0%21.0uM		
B-0420	0.83uM	49.0%@1.0uM		

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	P38 alpha kinase	U937 Cell IC50,uM	Mouse LPS Model %	Rat LPS Model %
	IC50,uM or %	or %	TNF inhib @ dose	inhib @dose
Example#	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	@predose time
B-0421	0.46uM	57.0%@1.0uM		
B-0422	<0.1uM	40.0%@1.0uM		
B-0423	0.18uM	33.0%@1.0uM	ļ	
B-0424	0.083uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-0425	0.26uM	54.0%@1.0uM		
B-0426	0.055uM	0.74uM		440/ 00 10 11
B-0427	0.63uM	39.0%@1.0uM		41%@3mpk@-4h
B-0428	0.99uM	27.0%@1.0uM		
B-0429	0.99uM 0.27uM	45.0%@1.0uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-0430	0.29uM	75.0%@1.0uM		
B-0430	0.21uM	64.0%@1.0uM		
B-0432	<0.1uM	89.0%@1.0uM		
B-0433	<0.1uM	92.0%@1.0uM		
B-0434	0.12uM	65.0%@1.0uM		
B-0435	0.3uM	61.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-0436	1.11uM	71.0%@1.0uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-0437	0.58uM	59.0%@1.0uM		
B-0438	<0.1uM	91.0%@1.0uM		
B-0439	2.12uM	65.0%@1.0uM		
B-0440	0.66uM	63.0%@1.0uM		
B-0441	0.8uM	58.0%@1.0uM		
B-0442	<0.1uM	91.0%@1.0uM		
B-0443	2.01uM	71.0%@1.0uM		
B-0444	1.01uM	51.0%@1.0uM		
B-0445	<0.1uM	83.0%@1.0uM		
B-0446	0.78uM	80.0%@1.0uM		
B-0447	0.19uM	71.0%@1.0uM		-
B-0448	0.4uM	79.0%@1.0uM		
B-0449	0.83uM	81.0%@1.0uM		
B-0450	0.26uM	81.0%@1.0uM		
B-0451	0.071uM	83.0%@1.0uM	42%@30mpk@-6h	
B-0452	0.7uM	75.0%@1.0uM		
B-0453	0.47uM	75.0%@1.0uM		
B-0454	0.11uM	80.0%@1.0uM		
B-0455	<0.1uM	95.0%@1.0uM		36%@3mpk%-4h
B-0456	1.81uM	67.0%@1.0uM	***	
B-0457	0.089uM	81.0%@1.0uM		_
B-0458	0.033uM	70.0%@1.0uM		
B-0459	0.099uM	76.0%@1.0uM		
B-0460	0.061uM	92.0%@1.0uM		
B-0461	0.025uM	96.0%@1.0uM		···· ·· ·· ·· ·· ··
B-0462	<0.1uM	97.0%@1.0uM		

	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or %	U937 Cell IC50,uM	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose	
Example#	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	@predose time
B-0463	0.052uM	95.0%@1.0uM		
B-0464	<0.1uM	91.0%@1.0uM		
B-0465	0.084uM	98.0%@1.0uM		
B-0466	<0.1uM	98.0%@1.0uM		00/00 10 0
B-0467	<0.1uM	77.0%@1.0uM		0%@3mpk@-4h
B-0468	0.031uM	93.0%@1.0uM		
B-0469	0.056uM	92.0%@1.0uM		
B-0470	0.063uM	92.0%@1.0uM		·
B-0471	0.027uM	97.0%@1.0uM		
B-0472	0.19uM	54.0%@1.0uM		
B-0473	0.004uM	95.0%@1.0uM		
B-0474	0.024uM	86.0%@1.0uM		
B-0475	0.21uM	74.0%@1.0uM		
B-0476	0.56uM			<del> </del>
B-0477	1.48uM	69.0%@1.0uM		
B-0478	0.034uM	96.0%@1.0uM		
B-0479	0.031uM	87.0%@1.0uM		
B-0480	0.12uM	90.0%@1.0uM		15%@3mpk@-4h
B-0481		88.0%@1.0uM		
B-0482	0.014uM	95.0%@1.0uM		56%@3mpk@-4h
B-0483	0.97uM	68.0%@1.0uM		
	0.57uM	68.0%@1.0uM		
B-0484 B-0485	0.28uM	62.0%@1.0uM		
	0.04uM	95.0%@1.0uM		
3-0486	0.24uM	80.0%@1.0uM		
3-0487	0.11uM	89.0%@1.0uM		54%@3mpk@-4h
3-0488	0.62uM	88.0%@1.0uM		
3-0489	0.3uM	80.0%@1.0uM		
3-0490	0.91uM	74.0%@1.0uM		
3-0491	0.43uM	66.0%@1.0uM		
3-0492	0.069uM	42.0%@1.0uM		
3-0493	0.3uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
3-0494	0.13uM	30.0%@1.0uM		
3-0495	0.12uM	25.0%@1.0uM		
3-0496	0.83uM	16.0%@1.0uM		
-0497	0.44uM	31.0%@1.0uM		
3-0498	0.33uM	11.0%@1.0uM		
-0499	0.39uM	37.0%@1.0uM		
-0500	0.26uM	41.0%@1.0uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
-0501	0.049uM	52.0%@1.0uM		
-0502	0.065uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
-0503	0.16uM	73.0%@1.0uM		
-0504	0.4uM	43.0%@1.0uM		

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	P38 alpha kinase	U937 Cell IC50,uM	Mouse LPS Model %	Rat LPS Model %
1	IC50,uM or %	or %	TNF inhib @ dose	inhib @dose
	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	@predose time
Example#			•	•
B-0505	0.28uM	44.0%@1.0uM		
B-0506	0.94uM	43.0%@1.0uM		
B-0507	0.18uM	75.0%@1.0uM		
B-0508	2.0uM	48.0%@1.0uM		***
B-0509	0.1uM	86.0%@1.0uM		
B-0510	0.69uM	61.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-0511	0.007uM	90.0%@1.0uM		
B-0512	1.0uM	53.0%@1.0uM		
B-0513	0.72uM	52.0%@1.0uM		
B-0514	0.14uM	87.0%@1.0uM		
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B-0515	0.42uM	61.0%@1.0uM		
B-0516	0.37uM	84.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-0517	0.094uM	52.0%@1.0uM		
B-0518	0.11uM	64.0%@1.0uM		
B-0519	0.043uM	87.0%@1.0uM		
B-0520	0.4uM	67.0%@1.0uM		
B-0521	1.37uM	52.0%@1.0uM		
B-0522	0.15uM	75.0%@1.0uM		· .
B-0523	0.19uM	83.0%@1.0uM		······
B-0524	0.4uM	77.0%@1.0uM		
B-0525	0.16uM	76.0%@1.0uM		
B-0526	0.031uM	87.0%@1.0uM		
B-0527	1.09uM	63.0%@1.0uM		
B-0528	0.14uM	70.0%@1.0uM		
B-0529	0.11uM	73.0%@1.0uM		
B-0529	5.53uM	45.0%@1.0uM		
B-0531	0.5uM	48.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-0532	0.45uM	1.01uM	41%@30mpk@-6h	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-0533	1.23uM	47.0%@1.0uM	4176430111PK&-011	
B-0534	0.41uM	54.0%@1.0uM	,	·
B-0535	0.44uM	0.87uM		
B-0536	0.46uM	0.15uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-0537	3.44uM	51.0%@1.0uM		
B-0538	1.13uM	45.0%@1.0uM		
B-0539 B-0540	2.84uM	21.0%@1.0uM		
B-0540	3.62uM	54.0%@1.0uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-0542	3.24uM 1.55uM	28.0%@1.0uM 50.0%@1.0uM	<del></del>	
B-0543	1.56uM	43.0%@1.0uM		
B-0544	1.12uM	27.0%@1.0uM		
B-0545	1.06uM	41.0%@1.0uM		
B-0546	1.04uM	18.0%@1.0uM		
B-0547	1.24uM	21.0%@1.0uM		
B-0548	1.77uM	28.0%@1.0uM		
B-0549	2.22uM	22.0%@1.0uM		

	P38 alpha kinase	U937 Cell IC50,uM	Mouse LPS Model %	Rat LPS Model %
1	1C50,uM or %	or %	TNF inhib @ dose	inhib @dose
	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	@predose time
Example#		(2,		o produce anno
B-0550	2.41uM	14.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-0551	1.08uM	56.0%@1.0uM		
B-0552	0.13uM	46.0%@1.0uM		
B-0553	1.44uM	47.0%@1.0uM		
B-0554	2.58uM	20.0%@1.0uM		
B-0555	1.87uM	34.0%@1.0uM		
B-0556	0.49uM	39.0%@1.0uM		
B-0557	1.37uM	32.0%@1.0uM	-	
B-0558	0.85uM	33.0%@1.0uM		
B-0559	0.53uM	49.0%@1.0uM		
B-0560	2.57uM	31.0%@1.0uM		
B-0561	2.07uM	40.0%@1.0uM		
B-0562	0.22uM	0.3uM		5%@3mpk@-4h
B-0563	0.18uM	0.13uM	·····	
B-0564	0.82uM	58%@1.0uM		
B-0565	0.23uM	0.59uM		
B-0566	<0.1uM	0.17uM		0%@3mpk@-4h
B-0567	0.14uM	0.28uM		
B-0568	1.22uM	46.0%@1.0uM		
B-0569	0.15uM	0.26uM		
B-0570	0.27uM	46.0%@1.0uM		
B-0571	0.38uM	44.0%@1.0uM		
B-0572	0.27uM	41.0%@1.0uM		
B-0573	0.36uM	1.7uM		
B-0574	0.13uM	0.66uM		37%@3mpk@-4h
B-0575	0.032uM	0.17uM		
B-0576	0.068uM	0.39uM		65%@3mpk@-4h
B-0577	0.091uM	66.0%@1.0uM		
B-0578	1.88uM	47.0%@1.0uM		
B-0579	0.11uM	79.0%@1.0uM		77 - 1
B-0580	2.23uM	0.84uM		
B-0581	0.26uM	2.17uM		
B-0582	1.03uM	37.0%@1.0uM		
B-0583	3.93uM	26.0%@1.0uM		
B-0584	0.66uM	54.0%@1.0uM		
B-0585	0.83uM	79.0%@1.0uM	50%@30mpk@-6h	
B-0586	0.81uM	51.0%@1.0uM		
B-0587	6.84uM	38%@1.0uM		
B-0588	12.8uM	42%@1.0uM		
B-0589	1.71uM	42%@1.0uM		
B-0590	1.57uM	38.0uM		
B-0591	3.59uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
B-0592	1.62uM	45.0%@1.0uM		
B-0593	1.22uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
B-0594	•	41.0%@1.0uM		
B-0595	2.42uM	22.0%@1.0uM		
B-0596	20.0uM	41.0%@1.0uM		
B-0597	1.68uM	63.0%@1.0uM		
B-0598	2.12uM	50.0%@1.0uM		

	Dog state at the			
1	P38 alpha kinase	U937 Cell IC50,uM	Mouse LPS Model %	Rat LPS Model %
	IC50,uM or %	or %	TNF inhib @ dose	inhib @dose
F	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	@predose time
Example#	4.40			
B-0599	4.16uM	21.0%@1.0uM		
B-0600	0.002uM	28.0%@1.0uM		
B-0601	0.089uM	1.31uM		43%@3mpk%-4h
B-0602	0.97uM	61.0%@1.0uM		
B-0603	0.09uM	51.0%@1.0uM		
B-0604	0.3uM	20.0%@1.0uM		
B-0605	0.18uM	47.0%@1.0uM		
B-0606	0.17uM	53.0%@1.0uM		
B-0607	2.79uM	70.0%@1.0uM		
B-0608	0.059uM	73.0%@1.0uM		
B-0609	<0.1uM	87.0%@1.0uM		
B-0610	<0.1uM	88.0%@1.0uM		
B-0611	0.65uM	60.0%@1.0uM		
B-0612	0.16uM	60.0%@1.0uM		
B-0613	0.17uM	76.0%@1.0uM		
B-0614	0.76uM	70.0%@1.0uM		0%@3mpk@-4h
B-0615	0.08uM	83.0%@1.0uM		
B-0616	0.38uM	87.0%@1.0uM		
B-0617	0.045uM	92.0%@1.0uM		
B-0618	0.37uM	80.0%@1.0uM		
B-0619	<0.1uM	88.0%@1.0uM		
B-0620	1.59uM	58.0%@1.0uM		
B-0621	0.36uM	68.0%@1.0uM		
B-0622	0.076uM	78.0%@1.0uM		
B-0623	0.12uM	76.0%@1.0uM		
B-0624	0.085uM	54.0%@1.0uM		
B-0625	0.023uM	88.0%@1.0uM		
B-0626	<0.1uM	85.0%@1.0uM		
B-0627	0.25uM	69.0%@1.0uM		
B-0628	0.023uM	72.0%@1.0uM		
B-0629	0.2uM	79.0%@1.0uM		
B-0630	0.06uM	77.0%@1.0uM		
B-0631	0.065uM	81.0%@1.0uM	***	
B-0632	<0.1uM	79.0%@1.0uM		
B-0633	0.6uM	80.0%@1.0uM		
B-0634	0.6uM	40.0%@1.0uM		
B-0635	0.15uM	55.0%@1.0uM		·
B-0636	<0.1uM	86.0%@1.0uM		
B-0637	0.11uM	92.0%@1.0uM		
B-0638	0.25uM	89.0%@1.0uM		
B-0639	0.051uM	93.0%@1.0uM		50%@3mpk@-4h
B-0640	0.36uM	94.0%@1.0uM		
B-0641	0.58uM	65.0%@1.0uM		
B-0642	0.49uM	90.0%@1.0uM		
B-0643	0.069uM	85.0%@1.0uM		0%@3mpk@-4h
B-0644	0.058uM	89.0%@1.0uM		- we ompression
B-0645	0.58uM	80.0%@1.0uM		
B-0646	0.26uM	94.0%@1.0uM		
B-0647	1.61uM	76.0%@1.0uM		

	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or %	U937 Cell IC50,uM or %	Mouse LPS Model %	Rat LPS Model %
	inhib@conc. (uM)	or % inhib@conc. (uM)	TNF inhib @ dose	inhib @dose
Example#	mino a conc. (um)	innibeconc. (um)	@predose time	@predose time
B-0648	<0.1uM	83.0%@1.0uM		
B-0649	0.83uM			
B-0650	0.006uM	39.0%@1.0uM		
B-0651	1.78uM	95.0%@1.0uM		8%@3mpk@-4h
B-0652	0.19uM	81.0%@1.0uM		
B-0653	2.01uM	83.0%@1.0uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-0654	5.97uM	74.0%@1.0uM		
B-0655	1.25uM	78.0%@1.0uM		
B-0656		76.0%@1.0uM		
B-0657	0.007uM	95.0%@1.0uM		28%@3mpk@-4h
B-0658	0.17uM	83.0%@1.0uM		···
B-0659	1.14uM	91.0%@1.0uM		
B-0660	2.64uM	87.0%@1.0uM		
B-0661	0.088uM	92.0%@1.0uM		
B-0662	<0.1uM	90.0%@1.0uM		
B-0663	<0.1uM	95.0%@1.0uM		
B-0664	0.88uM	74.0%@1.0uM		
	0.39uM	80.0%@1.0uM		
B-0665	0.47uM	72.0%@1.0uM		
B-0666	0.17uM	73.0%@1.0uM		
B-0667	0.83uM	75.0%@1.0uM		
B-0668	0.27uM	78.0%@1.0uM		
B-0669	0.89uM	34.0%@1.0uM		
B-0670	3.15uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-0671	6.38uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
B-0672	6.59uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-0673	8.54uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
B-0674	2.81uM	42.0%@1.0uM		
B-0675	5.42uM	3.0%@1.0uM		
B-0676	2.09uM	22.0%@1.0uM		
B-0677	1.63uM	25.0%@1.0uM		
B-0678	0.38uM	52.0%@1.0uM		
3-0679	0.062uM	45.0%@1.0uM		
3-0680	0.42uM	67.0%@1.0uM		
3-0681	1.96uM	17.0%@1.0uM		
3-0682	0.76uM	39.0%@1.0uM		
3-0683	13.0uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
3-0684	0.54uM	68.0%@1.0uM		
3-0685	15.4uM	33.0%@1.0uM		
3-0686	0.42uM	59.0%@1.0uM		
3-0687	10.1uM	15.0%@1.0uM		
3-0688	0.66uM	58.0%@1.0uM		
3-0689	14.6uM	27.0%@1.0uM		
3-0690	27.1uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
3-0691	0.16uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
3-0692	0.38uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
3-0693	0.39uM	28.0%@1.0uM		
3-0694	0.62uM	21.0%@1.0uM		
3-0695	0.23uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
3-0696	0.085uM	35.0%@1.0uM		

Example# B-0697 B-0698	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % nhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or %	Mouse LPS Model % TNF Inhib @ dose	Rat LPS Model %
Example# B-0697 B-0698	IC50,uM or %	•		
Example# B-0697 B-0698	nhib@conc. (uM)		i int innib w dose i	inhib @dose
Example# B-0697 B-0698	, , ,	inhib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	@predose time
B-0698		(4)		o prodose time
	0.45uM	44.0%@1.0uM		
	2.33uM	43.0%@1.0uM		
B-0699	0.34uM	31.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-0700	0.24uM	56.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-0701	0.39uM	45.0%@1.0uM		
B-0702	0.036uM	39.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-0703	0.12uM	39.0%@1.0uM		
B-0704	2.19uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
B-0705	0.44uM	21.0%@1.0uM		
B-0706	0.44uM	32.0%@1.0uM	<del></del>	
B-0707	1.7uM			
B-0708	2.1uM			
B-0709	0.84uM			
B-0710	1.99uM			
B-0711	1.99uM			
B-0712	2.9uM			
B-0713	4.3uM			
B-0714	3.7uM			
B-0715	3.2uM			<del></del>
B-0716	4.6uM			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-0717	4.3uM			*
B-0718	1.4uM			
B-0719	3.4uM			
B-0720	1.3uM			
B-0721	3.8uM			<del></del>
B-0722	0.07uM	>1.0uM		
B-0723	0.47uM			
B-0724	0.06uM	17.0%@1.0uM		
B-0725	9.7uM			
B-0726	1.4uM			
B-0727	0.51uM			
B-0728	20.0uM			
B-0729	0.87uM			
B-0730	0.25uM	11.0%@1.0uM		<del> </del>
B-0731	0.87uM	>1.0uM		
B-0732	14.0uM			·
B-0733	32.0uM			
B-0734	0.92uM			
B-0735	1.0uM			<del></del>
B-0736	26.0uM			
B-0737	2.6uM			*
B-0738	2.7uM			
B-0739	4.1uM			
B-0740	4.4uM			
B-0741	26.0uM			
B-0742	2.2uM			
B-0743	1.2uM			
B-0744	23.0uM			
B-0745	6.0uM			<del></del>

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	P38 alpha kinase	U937 Cell IC50,uM	Mouse LPS Model %	Rat LPS Model %
	IC50,uM or %	or %	TNF inhib @ dose	inhib @dose
1	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	@predose time
Example#	()	, and the second second	<b>Op. Cases</b>	o produce time
B-0746	0.01uM	22.0%@1.0uM		
B-0747	1.1uM			
B-0748	1.2uM			
B-0749	4.4uM	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
B-0750	0.92uM			······································
B-0751	1.6uM			
B-0752	0.33uM			
B-0753	0.37uM			
B-0754	0.55uM			
B-0755	2.3uM			
B-0756	0.94uM			
B-0757	0.54uM	16.0%@1.0uM		
B-0758	1.5uM			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-0759	0.3uM			
B-0760	0.01uM	13.0%@1.0uM		
B-0761	<0.1uM			
B-0762	0.13uM	5.0%@1.0uM		
B-0763	0.015uM	17.0%@1.0uM		
B-0764	0.67uM	26.0%@1.0uM		
B-0765	0.3uM	29.0%@1.0uM		······································
B-0766	0.95uM			•
B-0767	0.08uM			
B-0768	1.4uM			
B-0769	12.7uM			
B-0770	2.3uM			
B-0771	0.5uM			
B-0772	0.8uM			
B-0773	14.0uM			
B-0774	1.5uM			
B-0775	0.6uM	>1.0uM		
B-0776	0.9uM	>1.0uM		
B-0777	21.0uM			
B-0778	51.0uM			
B-0779	0.5uM			
B-0780	1.1uM			
B-0781	48.0uM			•
B-0782	22.0uM			
B-0783	8.0uM	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-0784	7.0uM			
B-0785	23.0uM		<u> </u>	
B-0786	24.0uM			
B-0787	1.5uM	<del></del>		
B-0788	1.2uM	·		
B-0789	33.0uM			
B-0790	1.0uM	4.0%@1.0uM		
B-0791	0.3uM	>1.0uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-0792	1.1uM			
B-0793	0.3uM			
B-0794	2.9uM	2.0%@1.0uM		

			[	<del></del>
	P38 alpha kinase	U937 Cell IC50,uM	Mouse LPS Model %	Rat LPS Model %
	IC50,uM or %	or %	TNF inhib @ dose	inhib @dose
	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	@predose time
Example#	·			
B-0795	1.9uM	11.0%@1.0uM		·
B-0796	1.4uM	· 		
B-0797	1.04uM	•		
B-0798	1.73uM	•		
B-0799	•	>1.0uM	<u> </u>	
B-0800	1.01uM	>1.0uM		
B-0801	0.67uM	>1.0uM		
B-0802	•	>1.0uM	<u> </u>	
B-0803	0.057uM	53.0%@1.0uM		
B-0804	0.3uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-0805	0.71uM	>1.0uM		
B-0806	3.28uM	>1.0uM		
B-0807	10.8uM			
B-0808	3.09uM	>1.0uM		
B-0809	1.22uM	7.0%@1.0uM		
B-0810	1.11uM	>1.0uM		
B-0811	2.79uM	2.0%@1.0uM		
B-0812	2.12uM	>1.0uM		<del></del>
B-0813	3.02uM	>1.0uM		
B-0814	•	>1.0uM		
B-0815	2.11uM	>1.0uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-0816	3.46uM	>1.0uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-0817	3.07uM	33.0%@1.0uM		
B-0818	4.97uM	>1.0uM		
B-0819	1.08uM	>1.0uM		<del></del>
B-0820	1.64uM	3.0%@1.0uM		
B-0821	1.44uM	•		•
B-0822	1.33uM	•		
B-0823	2.39uM	>1.0uM		
B-0824	3.41uM	•		
B-0825	•	•		
B-0826	1.74uM	•		
B-0827	15.6uM	•		<del></del>
B-0828	7.9uM	•		
B-0829	0.61uM	65.0%@1.0uM		
B-0830	0.54uM	34.0%@1.0uM	ļ	
B-0831	0.9uM	>1.0uM		
B-0832	1.49uM	00.00/.01.0.53		
B-0833	0.95uM	23.0%@1.0uM		
B-0834	1.25uM	•		
B-0835	4 0414	•		<u>-</u>
B-0836	1.24uM	. 4 0		
B-0837	1.96uM	>1.0uM		
B-0838	3.1uM	•		
B-0839	4.3uM	47 00/ 0 1 5 5		
B-0840	0.63uM	47.0%@1.0uM		
B-0841	0.32uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
B-0842	0.74uM	63.0%@1.0uM		
B-0843	0.61uM	>1.0uM	<u> </u>	

			<del></del>	
	P38 alpha kinase	U937 Cell IC50,uM	Mouse LPS Model %	Rat LPS Model %
1	1C50,uM or %	or %	TNF inhib @ dose	inhib @dose
	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	@predose time
Example#	,, (a,	,		opromoto uma
B-0844	0.4uM	25.0%@1.0uM		
B-0845	1.78uM	•		
B-0846	1.8uM	•		
B-0847	0.73uM	21.0%@1.0uM		
B-0848	1.56uM	-		
B-0849	1.25uM	-		
B-0850	1.81uM	•		
B-0851	0.91uM	39.0%@1.0uM		
B-0852	1.02uM	•		
B-0853	•	38.0%@1.0uM		
B-0854	•	25.0%@1.0uM		
B-0855		8.0%@1.0uM		
B-0856	•	38.0%@1.0uM		
B-0857	6.25uM	•		
B-0858	2.1uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
B-0859	39.5uM	•		
B-0860	38.1uM	•		
B-0861	1.32uM	12.0%@1.0uM		
B-0862	2.15uM	4.0%@1.0uM		
B-0863	0.81uM	25.0%@1.0uM		
B-0864	0.39uM	40.%@1.0uM		
B-0865	0.66uM	46.0%@1.0uM		
B-0866	1.38uM	28.0%@1.0uM		
B-0867	0.62uM	>1.0uM		
B-0868	3.28uM	8.0%@1.0uM		
B-0869	4.19uM	>1.0uM		
B-0870	3.13uM	>1.0uM		-, <u>-</u> -
B-0871	1.9uM	>1.0uM		
B-0872	3.13uM	3.0%@1.0uM		
B-0873	6.92uM	>1.0uM		
B-0874	1.92uM	>1.0uM		·
B-0875	2.13uM	8%@1.0uM		
B-0876	0.89uM	>1.0uM		
B-0877	1.17uM	13.0%@1.0uM	ļ	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-0878	0.65uM	19.0%@1.0uM	<u> </u>	
B-0879	0.87uM	1.0%@1.0uM		
B-0880	0.15uM	40.0%@1.0uM		
B-0881	1.36uM	>1.0uM		
B-0882	1.48uM	9%@1.0uM		
B-0883	1.06uM	>1.0uM	<b> </b>	
B-0884 B-0885	1.89uM	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
			<del> </del>	
B-0886		<u> </u>	<del>                                     </del>	
B-0887				
B-0888	<del></del>	<del></del>	<del> </del>	
B-0889	<u> </u>			
B-0890 B-0891				
B-0892	<u> </u>	<del></del>	<del> </del>	
D-0935	<u> </u>	1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

				<del></del>
	P38 alpha kinase	U937 Cell IC50,uM	Mouse LPS Model %	Rat LPS Model %
	IC50,uM or %	or %	TNF inhib @ dose	inhib @dose
	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	@predose time
Example#	minue conc. (din)	minu <del>s conc.</del> (um)	e predose time	Shienose time
B-0893				
B-0894				
B-0895		* ****		
B-0896				<del></del>
B-0897				
B-0898				
B-0899				
B-0900				
B-0901				
B-0902				
B-0903		<u> </u>		
B-0903				
B-0905				
B-0906				
B-0907				
B-0908 B-0909				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-0910		<u> </u>		
B-0911				
B-0912				
B-0913				<u> </u>
B-0914				
B-0915				
B-0916		`		
B-0917				
B-0918				
B-0919				
B-0920				
B-0921				
B-0922				
B-0923				
B-0924			<b></b>	
B-0925				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-0926				
B-0927				
B-0928				
B-0929			ļ	
B-0930		<del></del>		
B-0931				
B-0932				
B-0933	47.0%@1.0uM	37.0%@1.0uM		
B-0934	67.0%@1.0uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
B-0935	69.0%@1.0uM	54.0%@1.0uM		
B-0936	69.0%@1.0uM	>1.0uM		
B-0937	64.0%@1.0uM	1.74uM		
B-0938	51.0%@1.0uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
B-0939	78.0%@1.0uM	14.0%@1.0uM		
B-0940	56.0%@1.0uM	22.0%@1.0uM		
B-0941	81.0%@1.0uM	25.0%@1.0uM		

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	P38 alpha kinase	U937 Cell IC50,uM	Mouse LPS Model %	Rat LPS Model %
	iC50,uM or %	or %	TNF inhib @ dose	inhib @dose
	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	@predose time
Example#		0.001.01.01.01	ļ	
B-0942	82.0%@1.0uM	2.0%@1.0uM		
B-0943	63.0% @10.0uM	24.0%@1.0uM		
B-0944	45.0%@1.0uM	27.0%@1.0uM		
B-0945	96.0%@1.0uM	0.93uM		
B-0946	76.0%@1.0uM	31.0%@1.0uM		
B-0947	69.0%@1.0uM	34.0%@1.0uM		
B-0948	68.0%@1.0uM	1.81uM		
B-0949	90.0%@1.0uM	17.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-0950	81.0%@1.0uM	0.58uM 20.0%@1.0uM		
B-0951 B-0952	82.0%@1.0uM 44.0%@1.0uM	21.0%@1.0uM		
B-0952 B-0953	63.0%@1.0uM	25.0%@1.0uM		
B-0954	62.0%@1.0uM	0.52uM		
B-0955	49.0%@1.0uM	0.54uM		
B-0956	56.0%@1.0uM	1.33uM		
B-0957	79.0%@1.0uM	22.0%@1.0uM		
B-0958	74.0%@1.0uM	0.38uM		
B-0959	83.0%@1.0uM	39.0%@1.0uM		
B-0960	48.0%@1.0uM	4.0%@1.0uM		
B-0961	79.0%@1.0uM	23.0%@1.0uM		
B-0962	85.0%@1.0uM	2.71uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-0963	76.0%@1.0uM	39.0%@1.0uM		·
B-0964	94.0%@1.0uM	5.0uM		
B-0965	74.0%@1.0uM	1.1uM		
B-0966	50.0%@1.0uM	5.0%@1.0uM		
B-0967	80.0%@1.0uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
B-0968	35.0%@1.0uM	26.0%@1.0uM		
B-0969	63.0%@1.0uM	35.0%@1.0uM		
B-0970	76.0%@10.0uM	0.88uM		
B-0971	61.0%@1.0uM	39.0%@1.0uM		
B-0972	85.0%@1.0uM	2.0%@1.0uM		
B-0973	66.0%@10.0uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
B-0974	57.0%@1.0uM	47.0%@1.0uM		
B-0975	82.0%@1.0uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-0976	79.0%@1.0uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
B-0977	60.0%@1.0uM	26.0%@1.0uM		
B-0978	59.0%@1.0uM	36.0%@1.0uM	ļ	
B-0979	56.0%@10.0uM	23.0%@1.0uM		
B-0980	68.0%@1.0uM	31.0%@1.0uM	ļļ	
B-0981	62.0%@1.0uM	57.0%@1.0uM	·	
B-0982	65.0%@1.0uM	23.0%@1.0uM		
B-0983	75.0%@1.0uM	0.8uM		
B-0984	60.0%@1.0uM	51.0%@1.0uM		
B-0985	86.0%@1.0uM	0.75uM		
B-0986	70.0%@1.0uM	71.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-0987	78.0%@1.0uM	79.0%@1.0uM	<del> </del>	<del></del>
B-0988	72.0%@1.0uM	65.0%@1.0uM	ļ	<u> </u>
B-0989	85.0%@1.0uM	0.85uM		<del></del>
B-0990	<u> </u>	26.0%@1.0uM	<u> </u>	<u></u>

			r	
	P38 alpha kinase	U937 Cell IC50,uM	Mouse LPS Model %	Rat LPS Model %
	IC50,uM or %	or %	TNF inhib @ dose	inhib @dose
ļ [	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	@predose time
Example#				- p
B-0991	58.0%@1.0uM	33.0%@1.0uM		<u> </u>
B-0992	77.0%@1.0uM	45.0%@1.0uM		<u> </u>
B-0993	57.0%@1.0uM	73.0%@1.0uM		
B-0994	55.0%@1.0uM	43.0%@1.0uM		
B-0995	53.0%@1.0uM	14.0%@1.0uM		
B-0996	54.0%@1.0uM	27.0%@1.0uM		
B-0997	69.0%@1.0uM	22.0%@1.0uM		
B-0998	67.0%@1.0uM	25.0%@1.0uM		
B-0999	61.0%@1.0uM	24.0%@1.0uM		
B-1000	55.0%@1.0uM	42.0%@1.0uM		
B-1001	63.0%@1.0uM	31.0%@1.0uM		
B-1002	70.0%@1.0uM	41.0%@1.0uM		
B-1003	74.0%@1.0uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
B-1004	79.0%@1.0uM	45.0%@1.0uM		
B-1005	58.0%@1.0uM	23.0%@1.0uM		
B-1006	69.0%@1.0uM	38.0%@1.0uM		
B-1007	52.0%@1.0uM	34.0%@1.0uM		
B-1008	54.0%@1.0uM	23.0%@1.0uM		
B-1009	80.0%@1.0uM	55.0%@1.0uM		
B-1010	75.0%@1.0uM	1.0uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-1011	72.0%21.0uM	17.0%@1.0uM		
B-1012	•	20.0%@1.0uM		
B-1013	85.0%@1.0uM	7.0%@1.0uM		
B-1014	88.0%@1.0uM	20.0%@1.0uM		
B-1015	77.0%@1.0uM	34.0%@1.0uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-1016	58.0%@1.0uM	10.0%@1.0uM		
B-1017	96.0%@1.0uM	58.0%@1.0uM		
B-1018	88.0%@1.0uM	34.0%@1.0uM		
B-1019	82.0%@1.0uM	66.0%@1.0uM		
B-1020	87.0%@1.0uM	36.0%@1.0uM		****
B-1021	82.0%@1.0uM	35.0%@1.0uM		
B-1022	84.0%@1.0uM	53.0%@1.0uM		
B-1023	93.0%@1.0uM	70.0%@1.0uM		
B-1024	89.0%@1.0uM	57.0%@1.0uM		
B-1025	61.0%@1.0uM	23.0%@1.0uM		
B-1026	87.0%@1.0uM	53.0%@1.0uM		
B-1027	58.0%@1.0uM	18.0%@1.0uM		
B-1028	70.0%@1.0uM	17.0%@1.0uM		
B-1029	69.0%@1.0uM	54.0%@1.0uM		
B-1030	76.0%@1.0uM	60.0%@1.0uM		
B-1031	69.0%@1.0uM	42.0%@1.0uM		
B-1032	76.0%@1.0uM	37.0%@1.0uM		
B-1033	86.0%@1.0uM	34.0%@1.0uM		
B-1034	66.0%@1.0uM	39.0%@1.0uM		
B-1035	75.0%@1.0uM	52.0%@1.0uM		
B-1036	68.0%@1.0uM	68.0%@1.0uM		
B-1037	•	41.0%@1.0uM		
B-1038	57.0%@1.0uM	0.57uM		
B-1039	•	1.33uM		

	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or %	U937 Cell IC50,uM or %	 Rat LPS Model %
	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib @dose @predose time
Example#			o prodose time
B-1040	72.0%@1.0uM	0.38uM	
B-1041	70.0%@1.0uM	73.0%@1.0uM	
B-1042	79.0%@1.0uM	12.0%@1.0uM	
B-1043	64.0%@1.0uM	53.0%@1.0uM	
B-1044	94.0%@1.0uM	0.93uM	
B-1045	78.0%@1.0uM	25.0%@1.0uM	
B-1046	72.0%@1.0uM	66.0%@1.0uM	
B-1047	72.0%@1.0uM	58.0%@1.0uM	
B-1048	67.0%@1.0uM	19.0%@1.0uM	
B-1049	67.0%@1.0uM	65.0%@1.0uM	
B-1050	•	0.54uM	
B-1051	68.0%@1.0uM	41%@1.0uM	
B-1052	69.0%@1.0uM	66%@1.0uM	
B-1053	78.0%@1.0uM	0.4uM	·
B-1054	79.0%@1.0uM	55.0%@1.0uM	
B-1055	89.0%@1.0uM	63.0%@1.0uM	
B-1056	89.0%@1.0uM	0.76uM	
B-1057	85.0%@1.0uM	0.72uM	
B-1058	0.66uM	43.0%@1.0uM	
B-1059	0.18uM	24.0%@1.0uM	
B-1060	0.11uM	32.0%@1.0uM	
B-1061	0.03uM	19.0%@1.0uM	 
B-1062	<0.1uM	26.0%@1.0uM	
B-1063	0.16uM	44.0%@1.0uM	·
B-1064	0.39uM	50.0%@1.0uM	
B-1065	0.56uM	40.0%@1.0uM	
B-1066	<0.1uM	39.0%@1.0uM	<del></del>
B-1067	1.6uM	32.0%@1.0uM	
B-1068	0.48uM	24.0%@1.0uM	
B-1069	0.22uM	27.0%@1.0uM	
B-1070	<0.1uM	44.0%@1.0uM	
B-1071	<0.1uM		
B-1072	0.38uM	48.0%@1.0uM	
B-1073	<0.1uM	28.0%@1.0uM	
B-1074	0.23uM	21.0%@1.0uM	
B-1075	0.03uM	33.0%@1.0uM	
B-1076	0.08uM	29.0%@1.0uM	
B-1077	<0.1uM	31.0%@1.0uM	
B-1078	0.26uM	38.0%@1.0uM	
3-1079	<0.1uM	48.0%@1.0uM	
3-1080	0.19uM	40.0%@1.0uM	
3-1081		28.0%@1.0uM	
3-1082	<0.1uM	37.0%@1.0uM	
3-1083	<0.1uM	54.0%@1.0uM	
3-1084	<0.1uM	23.0%@1.0uM	
3-1085	0.43uM	29.0%@1.0uM	
3-1086	<0.1uM	29.0%@1.0uM	
3-1087	<0.1uM	42.0%@1.0uM	
3-1087	0.05uM	32.0%@1.0uM	
.000	0.73uM	49.0%@1.0uM	

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	P38 alpha kinase	U937 Cell IC50,uM	Mouse LPS Model %	Rat LPS Model %
	IC50,uM or %	or %	TNF inhib @ dose	inhib @dose
	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	@predose time
Example#				<b>'</b>
B-1089	<0.1 <b>uM</b>	39.0%@1.puM		
B-1090	<0.1 <b>u</b> M	90.0%@1.0uM		
B-1091	<0.1uM	73.0%@1.0uM		
B-1092	0.27uM	85.0%@1.0uM		
B-1093	0.33uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
B-1094	0.013uM	69.0%@1.0uM		
B-1095	<0.1uM	70.0%@1.0uM		
B-1096	<0.1uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-1097	<0.1uM	44.0%@1.07uM		
B-1098	<0.1uM	82.0%@1.0uM		
B-1099	0.26uM	74.0%@1.0uM		
B-1100	0.22uM	56.0%@1.0uM		
B-1101	0.026uM	82.0%@1.0uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-1102	0.035uM	83.0%@1.0uM		·
B-1103	0.094uM	90.0%@1.0uM		
B-1104	0.12uM	69.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-1105	<0.1uM	84.0%@1.0uM		
B-1106	<0.1uM	86.0%@1.0uM		
B-1107 B-1108	0.057uM	84.0%@1.0uM		
B-1109	0.22uM 0.054uM	81.0%@1.0uM		
B-1110	0.47uM	80.0%@1.0uM 64.0%@1.0uM		
B-1111	0.19uM	64.0%@1.0uM		
B-1112	0.58uM	43.0%@1.0uM		
B-1113	<0.1uM	72.0%@1.0uM		
B-1114	0.069uM	51.0%@1.0uM		
B-1115	0.024uM	89.0%@1.0uM		
B-1116	0.41uM	81.0%@1.0uM		
B-1117	0.13uM	73.0%@1.0uM		
B-1118	0.33uM	91.0%@1.0uM		
B-1119	0.35uM	80.0%@1.0uM		
B-1120	0.47uM	9.0%@1.0uM		
B-1121	3.58uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
B-1122	1.84uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-1123	2.93uM	27.0%@1.0uM		
B-1124	1.49uM	52.0%@1.0uM		
B-1125	0.56uM	41.0%@1.0uM		
B-1126	1.5uM	>1.0uM		
B-1127	0.71uM	7.0%@1.0uM		
B-1128	2.55uM	26.0%@1.0uM		
B-1129	1.07uM	46.0%@1.0uM		
B-1130	0.5uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
B-1131	0.076uM	34.0%@1.0uM		
B-1132	0.72uM	11.0%@1.0uM		
B-1133	0.38uM	33.0%@1.0uM		
B-1134	1.71uM	33.0%@1.0uM		
B-1135	0.23uM	38.0%@1.0uM		
B-1136	1.17uM	40.0%@1.0uM		
B-1137	0.038uM	35.0%@1.0uM		

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	P38 alpha kinase	U937 Cell IC50,uM	Mouse LPS Model %	Det I DC Hadalet
	IC50,uM or %	or %	TNF inhib @ dose	Rat LPS Model %
	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	inhib @dose
Example#		e conc. (din)	e bredose time	@predose time
B-1138	1.82uM	>1.0uM		
B-1139	0.041uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
B-1140	1.68uM	39.0%@1.0uM		
B-1141	2.47uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-1142	0.11uM	37.0%@1.0uM		
B-1143	0.17uM	40.0%@1.0uM		
B-1144	0.44uM	72.0%@1.0uM		
B-1145	1.07uM	71.0%@1.0uM		
B-1146	0.47uM	61.0%@1.0uM		
B-1147	0.095uM	53.0%@1.0uM		
B-1148	0.43uM	61.0%@1.0uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-1149	1.55uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
B-1150	0.47uM	75.0%@1.0uM		
B-1151	0.32uM	72.0%@1.0uM		
B-1152	0.73uM	53.0%@1.0uM		
B-1153	2.22uM	52.0%@1.0uM		
B-1154	0.085uM	46.0%@1.0uM		
B-1155	3.22uM	30.0%@1.0uM		
B-1156	0.27uM	78.0%@1.0uM		
B-1157	0.26uM	66.0%@1.0uM		
B-1158	74%@1.0uM	0.68uM	53%@30mpk@-6h	
B-1159	66.0%@1.0uM	1.03uM	60%@30mpk@-6h	
B-1160 B-1161	79.0%@1.0uM	0.38uM		
B-1162	64.0%21.0uM	0.93uM	40%@30mpk@-6h	45%@3mpk@-4h
B-1163	79.0%@1.0uM	0.59uM	40%@30mpk@-6h	
B-1164	74.0%@1.0uM	0.37uM		
B-1165	56 00/ @ 1 Out 1	0.35uM		
B-1166	66.0%@1.0uM	0.99uM	700/ 000	
B-1167	77.0%@1.0uM 70.0%@1.0uM	0.39uM	50%@30mpk@-6h	50%@3mpk@-4h
B-1168	66.0%@1.0uM	1.06uM		
B-1169	80.0%@1.0uM	0.63uM 0.11uM		
B-1170	82.0%@1.0uM	0.11uM 0.57uM	···	
B-1171	78.0%@1.0uM	0.23uM		
B-1172	68.0%@1.0uM	1.95uM		
B-1173	65.0%@1.0uM	62%@1.0uM		
B-1174	80.0%@1.0uM	0.86uM		
B-1175	72.0%@1.0uM	1.83uM		
B-1176	67.0%@1.0uM	67.0%@1.0uM		
B-1177	70.0%@1.0uM	1.16uM		
B-1178	92.0%@1.0uM	1.61uM		
B-1179	86.0%@1.0uM	0.41uM		
B-1180	78.0%@1.0uM	0.53uM		
B-1181	79.0%@1.0uM	66%@1.0uM		
B-1182	72.0%@1.0uM	0.65uM		
B-1183	77.0%@1.0uM	0.2uM		
B-1184	69.0%@1.0uM	0.63uM		
B-1185	71.0%@1.0uM	0.79uM		
B-1186	83.0%@1.0uM	60%@1.0uM		

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	P38 aipha kinase	U937 Cell IC50,uM	Mouse LPS Model %	Dot I DO Madal 6/
1	IC50,uM or %	or %	TNF inhib @ dose	Rat LPS Model %
1	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	inhib @dose
Example#	( <b>u</b> )	ining score. (um)	e predose time	@predose time
B-1187	76.0%@1.0uM	1.89uM		
B-1188	•	36.0%@1.0uM		·
B-1189.	68.0%@1.0uM	0.83uM		·
B-1190	78.0%@1.0uM	62.0%@1.0uM		
B-1191	74.0%@1.0uM	57.0%@1.0uM		
B-1192	84.0%@1.0uM	0.47uM		
B-1193	69.0%@1.0uM	65.0%@1.0uM		
B-1194	87.0%@1.0uM	0.58uM		
B-1195	52.0%@1.0uM	60.0%@1.0uM		
B-1196	74.0%@1.0uM	68.0%@1.0uM		
B-1197	77.0%@1.0uM	45.0%@1.0uM		
B-1198	92.0%@1.0uM	0.46uM		
B-1199	87.0%@1.0uM	49.0%@1.0uM		
B-1200	95.0%@1.0uM	0.64uM		
B-1201	84.0%@1.0uM	0.51uM		
B-1202	71.0%@1.0uM	58.0%@1.0uM		
B-1203	84.0%@1.0uM	58.0%@1.0uM		
B-1204	68.0%@1.0uM	59.0%@1.0uM		
B-1205	74.0%@1.0uM	46.0%@1.0uM		
B-1206	81.0%@1.0uM	0.34uM		
B-1207	90.0%@1.0uM	58.0%@1.0uM		
B-1208	82.0%@1.0uM	51.0%@1.0uM		
B-1209	86.0%@1.0uM	55.0%@1.0uM		
B-1210	82.0%@1.0uM	57.0%@1.0uM		
B-1211	88.0%@1.0uM	59.0%@1.0uM		
B-1212	90.0%@1.0uM	57.0%@1.0uM		
B-1213	84.0%@1.0uM	0.62uM		
B-1214	76.0%@1.0uM	58.0%@1.0uM		
B-1215	86.0%@1.0uM	0.23uM		
B-1216	88.0%@1.0uM	0.18uM		
B-1217 B-1218	87.0%@1.0uM	0.46uM		·····
B-1219	88.0%@1.0uM	76.0%@1.0uM		
B-1219	85.0%@1.0uM	37.0%@1.0uM		
B-1221	81.0%@1.0uM	53.0%@1.0uM		
B-1222	82.0%@1.0uM	44.0%@1.0uM		
B-1223	65.0%@1.0uM 80.0%@1.0uM	9.0%@1.0uM		
B-1224	82.0%@1.0uM	61.0%@1.0uM		
B-1225	89.0%@1.0uM	74.0%@1.0uM 73.0%@1.0uM		
B-1226	89.0%@1.0uM	0.18uM	<del></del>	
B-1227	83.0%@1.0uM	0.18uW 0.22uM		
B-1228	90.0%@1.0uM	0.72uM		
B-1229	87.0%@1.0uM	0.65uM		
B-1230	90.0%@1.0uM	0.25uM		
B-1231	94.0%@1.0uM	0.25dW 0.56uM		
B-1232	81.0%@1.0uM	54.0%@1.0uM		
B-1233	85.0%@1.0uM	0.36uM		
B-1234	89.0%@1.0uM	0.49uM		
B-1235	0.04uM	76.0%@1.0uM		
	V.07UIVI	Nuu.1 80.0.01	<u></u> <u>.</u>	

P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)   Finib@conc. (uM)			T	·	
CSO,UM or % inhib@conc. (uM)   inhib@conc. (uM)		P38 alpha kinase	U937 Cell IC50 vM	Mouse I PS Madel 9	Det I DC Mardates
Inhib@conc. (uM)					
Example#	1				
B-1237   O.22UM   39.0% @1.0UM     B-1238   O.14UM   16.0% @1.0UM     B-1239   <0.1UM   38.0% @1.0UM     B-1240   <0.1UM   59.0% @1.0UM     B-1241   O.04UM   81.0% @1.0UM     B-1242   O.08UM   81.0% @1.0UM     B-1243   O.04UM   47.0% @1.0UM     B-1244   O.26UM   44.0% @1.0UM     B-1245   O.49UM   42.0% @1.0UM     B-1246   O.27UM   40.0% @1.0UM     B-1247   O.1UM   58.0% @1.0UM     B-1248   O.1UM   58.0% @1.0UM     B-1249   O.24UM   60.0% @1.0UM     B-1249   O.24UM   50.0% @1.0UM     B-1251   O.41UM   38.0% @1.0UM     B-1252   O.17UM   46.0% @1.0UM     B-1253   O.15UM   57.0% @1.0UM     B-1254   O.16UM   68.0% @1.0UM     B-1255   T.29UM   75.0% @1.0UM     B-1256   O.12UM   41.0% @1.0UM     B-1257   T.48UM   40.0% @1.0UM     B-1258   O.11UM   40.0% @1.0UM     B-1259   O.11UM   40.0% @1.0UM     B-1260   O.11UM   40.0% @1.0UM     B-1261   O.74UM   40.0% @1.0UM     B-1262   O.17UM   40.0% @1.0UM     B-1263   T.05UM   40.0% @1.0UM     B-1264   O.15UM   40.0% @1.0UM     B-1265   O.12UM   40.0% @1.0UM     B-1266   O.12UM   40.0% @1.0UM     B-1267   O.10UM   40.0% @1.0UM     B-1268   O.11UM   40.0% @1.0UM     B-1269   O.11UM   40.0% @1.0UM     B-1260   O.11UM   40.0% @1.0UM     B-1261   O.74UM   40.0% @1.0UM     B-1262   O.1UM   50.0% @1.0UM     B-1263   O.74UM   63.0% @1.0UM     B-1264   O.32UM   47.0% @1.0UM     B-1265   O.33UM   57.0% @1.0UM     B-1266   O.11UM   58.0% @1.0UM     B-1267   O.11UM   58.0% @1.0UM     B-1268   O.11UM   58.0% @1.0UM     B-1270   O.47UM   83.0% @1.0UM     B-1271   O.13UM   74.0% @1.0UM     B-1272   O.047UM   83.0% @1.0UM     B-1273   O.11UM   41.0% @1.0UM     B-1276   O.052UM   41.00% @1.0UM     B-1277   O.13UM   47.0% @1.0UM     B-1278   O.14UM   36.0% @1.0UM     B-1279   O.14UM   47.00 @1.0UM     B-1279   O.14UM   47.00 @1.0UM     B-1279   O.14UM   47.0UM     B-1279   O.14UM   47.0UM     B-1279   O.14UM   47.0W @1.0UM     B-1279   O.14UM   47.0W @1		,,	anni 2 c conto. (um)	e predose time	wpredose time
B-1237   0.22		0.1uM	53.0%@1.0uM		
B-1238	B-1237				
B-1239	B-1238	0.14uM			
B-1240	B-1239	<0.1uM			
B-1241   0.04uM   81.0%@1.0uM   B-1242   0.08uM   83.0%@1.0uM   B-1244   0.26uM   44.0%@1.0uM   B-1244   0.26uM   44.0%@1.0uM   B-1245   0.49uM   42.0%@1.0uM   B-1246   0.27uM   40.0%@1.0uM   B-1247   0.1uM   58.0%@1.0uM   B-1248   0.1uM   68.0%@1.0uM   B-1249   0.24uM   60.0%@1.0uM   B-1249   0.24uM   60.0%@1.0uM   B-1250   0.14uM   18.0%@1.0uM   B-1250   0.14uM   18.0%@1.0uM   B-1251   0.41uM   38.0%@1.0uM   B-1253   0.15uM   57.0%@1.0uM   B-1253   0.15uM   57.0%@1.0uM   B-1253   0.15uM   57.0%@1.0uM   B-1256   0.15uM   57.0%@1.0uM   B-1256   0.15uM   41.0%@1.0uM   B-1256   0.12uM   41.0%@1.0uM   B-1257   1.48uM   40.0%@1.0uM   B-1259   0.11uM   48.0%@1.0uM   B-1259   0.11uM   48.0%@1.0uM   B-1260   0.11uM   38.0%@1.0uM   B-1271   0.11uM   38.0%@1.0uM   B-1271   0.11uM   38.0%@1.0uM   B-1271   0.11uM   38.0%@1.0uM   B-1272   0.014uM   38.0%@1.0uM   B-1273   0.014uM   38.0%@1.0uM   B-1274   0.014uM   38.0%@1.0uM   B-1275   0.014uM   38.0%@1.0uM   B-1276   0.014u		<0.1uM			
B-1242   0.08uM   83.0%@1.0uM     B-1243   0.04uM   47.0%@1.0uM     B-1245   0.49uM   42.0%@1.0uM     B-1246   0.27uM   40.0%@1.0uM     B-1247   0.1uM   58.0%@1.0uM     B-1248   0.1uM   68.0%@1.0uM     B-1249   0.24uM   60.0%@1.0uM     B-1250   0.14uM   18.0%@1.0uM     B-1251   0.41uM   38.0%@1.0uM     B-1252   0.17uM   46.0%@1.0uM     B-1253   0.15uM   57.0%@1.0uM     B-1254   0.16uM   68.0%@1.0uM     B-1255   12.9uM   75.0%@1.0uM     B-1256   0.12uM   41.0%@1.0uM     B-1257   1.48uM   40.0%@1.0uM     B-1258   0.07uM   56.0%@1.0uM     B-1259   0.01uM   0.48uM     B-1259   0.01uM   44.0%@1.0uM     B-1260   0.11uM   48.0%@1.0uM     B-1261   0.74uM   44.0%@1.0uM     B-1262   0.10uM   57.0%@1.0uM     B-1263   1.05uM   57.0%@1.0uM     B-1264   0.32uM   47.0%@1.0uM     B-1265   0.43uM   51.0%@1.0uM     B-1266   0.11uM   48.0%@1.0uM     B-1267   0.01uM   44.0%@1.0uM     B-1268   0.01uM   58.0%@1.0uM     B-1269   0.01uM   57.0%@1.0uM     B-1260   0.11uM   38.0%@1.0uM     B-1261   0.74uM   44.0%@1.0uM     B-1262   0.1uM   58.0%@1.0uM     B-1263   1.05uM   57.0%@1.0uM     B-1264   0.32uM   47.0%@1.0uM     B-1265   0.43uM   51.0%@1.0uM     B-1266   0.1uM   73.0%@1.0uM     B-1267   0.1uM   38.0%@1.0uM     B-1270   0.1uM   38.0%@1.0uM     B-1271   0.13uM   74.0%@1.0uM     B-1272   0.014uM   38.0%@1.0uM     B-1273   0.014uM   38.0%@1.0uM     B-1274   0.014uM   38.0%@1.0uM     B-1275   0.014uM   38.0%@1.0uM     B-1276   0.052uM   11.0%@1.0uM     B-1277   0.014uM   38.0%@1.0uM     B-1278   0.014uM   38.0%@1.0uM     B-1279   0.014uM   38.0%@1.0uM     B-1271   0.13uM   74.0%@1.0uM     B-1273   0.014uM   38.0%@1.0uM     B-1274   0.014uM   38.0%@1.0uM     B-1275   0.014uM   38.0%@1.0uM     B-1276   0.014uM   38.0%@1.0uM     B-1277   0.014uM   38.0%@1.0uM     B-1278   0.014uM   38.0%@1.0uM     B-1279   0.014uM   38.0%@1.0uM     B-1271   0.014uM   38.0%@1.0uM     B-1272   0.014uM   38.0%@1.0uM     B-1273   0.014uM   38.0%@1.0uM     B-1274   0.014uM   38.0%@1.0uM     B-1280   0.039uM   83.0%@1.0uM     B-1281   0.014uM   85.0%@1.0u	B-1241	0.04uM			
B-1243   0.04uM		0.08uM			
B-1244   0.26uM	B-1243	0.04uM			
B-1245   0.49uM   42.0%@1.0uM		0.26uM			
B-1246   0.27uM		0.49uM			
B-1247		0.27uM			
B-1249		<0.1uM			·····
B-1249   0.24uM   60.0%@1.0uM   B-1250   0.14uM   18.0%@1.0uM   B-1251   0.41uM   38.0%@1.0uM   B-1252   0.17uM   46.0%@1.0uM   B-1253   0.15uM   57.0%@1.0uM   B-1254   0.16uM   68.0%@1.0uM   B-1255   12.9uM   75.0%@1.0uM   B-1256   0.12uM   41.0%@1.0uM   B-1257   1.48uM   40.0%@1.0uM   B-1258   0.07uM   56.0%@1.0uM   B-1258   0.07uM   56.0%@1.0uM   B-1259   0.1uM   48.0%@1.0uM   B-1260   0.11uM   48.0%@1.0uM   B-1261   0.74uM   44.0%@1.0uM   B-1261   0.74uM   44.0%@1.0uM   B-1263   1.05uM   57.0%@1.0uM   B-1263   1.05uM   57.0%@1.0uM   B-1264   0.32uM   47.0%@1.0uM   B-1265   0.43uM   51.0%@1.0uM   B-1265   0.43uM   51.0%@1.0uM   B-1266   0.1uM   78.0%@1.0uM   B-1268   0.1uM   78.0%@1.0uM   B-1268   0.1uM   79.0%@1.0uM   B-1269   0.46uM   84.0%@1.0uM   B-1271   0.13uM   74.0%@1.0uM   B-1271   0.13uM   74.0%@1.0uM   B-1272   0.04uM   38.0%@1.0uM   B-1273   0.1uM   36.0%@1.0uM   B-1274   0.1uM   36.0%@1.0uM   B-1275   0.1uM   36.0%@1.0uM   B-1275   0.1uM   36.0%@1.0uM   B-1276   0.062uM   11.0%@1.0uM   B-1277   0.1uM   36.0%@1.0uM   B-1277   0.1uM   36.0%@1.0uM   B-1277   0.1uM   47.0%@1.0uM   B-1277   0.1uM   47.0%@1.0uM   B-1277   0.1uM   47.0%@1.0uM   B-1276   0.062uM   11.0%@1.0uM   B-1277   0.1uM   47.0%@1.0uM   B-1279   0.1uM   47.0%@1.0uM   B-1280   0.039uM   83.0%@1.0uM   B-1280   0.039uM   83.0%@1.0uM   B-1281   0.1uM   85.0%@1.0uM   B-1281   0.1uM   85.0%@1.0uM   B-1283   0.1uM   64.0%@1.0uM    B-1248	<0.1uM				
B-1250		0.24uM			
B-1251					
B-1252   0.17uM	B-1251				
B-1253	B-1252				
B-1254   0.16uM   68.0%@1.0uM   B-1255   12.9uM   75.0%@1.0uM   B-1256   0.12uM   41.0%@1.0uM   B-1257   1.48uM   40.0%@1.0uM   B-1258   0.07uM   56.0%@1.0uM   B-1259   <0.1uM   0.48uM   0.48uM   B-1260   0.11uM   48.0%@1.0uM   B-1261   0.74uM   44.0%@1.0uM   B-1262   <0.1uM   63.0%@1.0uM   B-1263   1.05uM   57.0%@1.0uM   B-1264   0.32uM   47.0%@1.0uM   B-1265   0.43uM   51.0%@1.0uM   B-1265   0.43uM   51.0%@1.0uM   B-1266   <0.1uM   58.0%@1.0uM   B-1266   <0.1uM   73.0%@1.0uM   B-1268   <0.1uM   73.0%@1.0uM   B-1269   0.46uM   84.0%@1.0uM   B-1270   0.47uM   83.0%@1.0uM   B-1270   0.47uM   83.0%@1.0uM   B-1271   0.13uM   74.0%@1.0uM   B-1272   0.014uM   38.0%@1.0uM   B-1273   <0.1uM   36.0%@1.0uM   B-1274   <0.1uM   41.0%@1.0uM   B-1275   <0.1uM   41.0%@1.0uM   B-1275   <0.1uM   50.0%@1.0uM   B-1276   0.062uM   11.0%@1.0uM   B-1277   <0.1uM   50.0%@1.0uM   B-1278   <0.1uM   50.0%@1.0uM   B-1279   <0.1uM   79.0%@1.0uM   B-1279   <0.1uM   79.0%@1.0uM   B-1280   0.039uM   83.0%@1.0uM   B-1280   0.01uM   85.0%@1.0uM   B-1280   0.0	B-1253				
B-1255   12.9uM   75.0%@1.0uM   B-1256   0.12uM   41.0%@1.0uM   B-1257   1.48uM   40.0%@1.0uM   B-1258   0.07uM   56.0%@1.0uM   B-1259   <0.1uM   0.48uM   0.48uM   B-1260   0.11uM   48.0%@1.0uM   B-1261   0.74uM   44.0%@1.0uM   B-1262   <0.1uM   63.0%@1.0uM   B-1263   1.05uM   57.0%@1.0uM   B-1264   0.32uM   47.0%@1.0uM   B-1265   0.43uM   51.0%@1.0uM   B-1266   <0.1uM   58.0%@1.0uM   B-1267   <0.1uM   73.0%@1.0uM   B-1268   <0.1uM   79.0%@1.0uM   B-1269   0.46uM   84.0%@1.0uM   B-1270   0.47uM   83.0%@1.0uM   B-1271   0.13uM   74.0%@1.0uM   B-1272   0.014uM   38.0%@1.0uM   B-1273   <0.1uM   36.0%@1.0uM   B-1273   <0.1uM   36.0%@1.0uM   B-1274   <0.1uM   41.0%@1.0uM   B-1275   <0.1uM   36.0%@1.0uM   B-1276   0.062uM   11.0%@1.0uM   B-1277   <0.1uM   47.0%@1.0uM   B-1278   <0.1uM   47.0%@1.0uM   B-1279   <0.1uM   47.0%@1.0uM   B-1279   <0.1uM   47.0%@1.0uM   B-1279   <0.1uM   47.0%@1.0uM   B-1279   <0.1uM   79.0%@1.0uM   B-1280   <0.039uM   83.0%@1.0uM   B-1280   <0.039uM   83.0%@1.0uM   B-1281   <0.1uM   85.0%@1.0uM   B-1282   <0.1uM   75.0%@1.0uM   B-1283   <0.1uM   64.0%@1.0uM   B-1283   <0.1uM	B-1254				
B-1256 0.12uM 41.0%@1.0uM B-1257 1.48uM 40.0%@1.0uM B-1258 0.07uM 56.0%@1.0uM B-1259 <0.1uM 0.48uM B-1260 0.11uM 48.0%@1.0uM B-1261 0.74uM 44.0%@1.0uM B-1262 <0.1uM 63.0%@1.0uM B-1263 1.05uM 57.0%@1.0uM B-1264 0.32uM 47.0%@1.0uM B-1265 0.43uM 51.0%@1.0uM B-1266 <0.1uM 58.0%@1.0uM B-1267 <0.1uM 73.0%@1.0uM B-1268 <0.1uM 79.0%@1.0uM B-1270 0.47uM 83.0%@1.0uM B-1271 0.13uM 74.0%@1.0uM B-1272 0.014uM 38.0%@1.0uM B-1273 <0.1uM 36.0%@1.0uM B-1274 <0.1uM 41.0%@1.0uM B-1275 <0.1uM 36.0%@1.0uM B-1271 0.13uM 74.0%@1.0uM B-1273 <0.1uM 36.0%@1.0uM B-1274 <0.1uM 41.0%@1.0uM B-1275 <0.1uM 41.0%@1.0uM B-1276 0.062uM 11.0%@1.0uM B-1277 <0.1uM 47.0%@1.0uM B-1278 0.12uM 85.0%@1.0uM B-1279 <0.1uM 99.0%@1.0uM B-1279 <0.1uM 99.0%@1.0uM B-1279 <0.1uM 85.0%@1.0uM B-1279 <0.1uM 99.0%@1.0uM B-1279 <0.1uM 85.0%@1.0uM B-1279 <0.1uM 79.0%@1.0uM B-1279 <0.1uM 79.0%@1.0uM B-1279 <0.1uM 79.0%@1.0uM B-1280 0.039uM 83.0%@1.0uM B-1282 <0.1uM 75.0%@1.0uM B-1282 <0.1uM 75.0%@1.0uM B-1283 <0.1uM 75.0%@1.0uM	B-1255				
B-1257	B-1256				
B-1258					
B-1259   <0.1uM   0.48uM   B-1260   0.11uM   48.0%@1.0uM   B-1261   0.74uM   44.0%@1.0uM   B-1262   <0.1uM   63.0%@1.0uM   B-1263   1.05uM   57.0%@1.0uM   B-1264   0.32uM   47.0%@1.0uM   B-1265   0.43uM   51.0%@1.0uM   B-1266   <0.1uM   58.0%@1.0uM   B-1266   <0.1uM   73.0%@1.0uM   B-1268   <0.1uM   79.0%@1.0uM   B-1269   0.46uM   84.0%@1.0uM   B-1270   0.47uM   83.0%@1.0uM   B-1271   0.13uM   74.0%@1.0uM   B-1272   0.014uM   38.0%@1.0uM   B-1273   <0.1uM   36.0%@1.0uM   B-1273   <0.1uM   36.0%@1.0uM   B-1274   <0.1uM   36.0%@1.0uM   B-1275   <0.1uM   36.0%@1.0uM   B-1275   <0.1uM   50.0%@1.0uM   B-1276   0.062uM   11.0%@1.0uM   B-1277   <0.1uM   47.0%@1.0uM   B-1277   <0.1uM   47.0%@1.0uM   B-1278   0.12uM   85.0%@1.0uM   B-1279   <0.1uM   85.0%@1.0uM   B-1279   <0.1uM   85.0%@1.0uM   B-1279   <0.1uM   85.0%@1.0uM   B-1280   0.039uM   83.0%@1.0uM   B-1280   0.039uM   83.0%@1.0uM   B-1281   <0.1uM   85.0%@1.0uM   B-1281   <0.1uM   85.0%@1.0uM   B-1282   <0.1uM   85.0%@1.0uM   B-1283   <0.1uM   64.0%@1.0uM   B-1283   <0.1uM   B-1283   <0.1uM   64.0%@1.0uM   B-1283   <0	B-1258				
B-1260	B-1259				
B-1261	B-1260				
B-1262					
B-1263		<0.1uM			
B-1264					
B-1265		0.32uM			
B-1266   <0.1uM   58.0%@1.0uM		0.43uM			
B-1267		<0.1uM			
B-1268		<0.1uM			
B-1269	B-1268	<0.1uM			
B-1270	B-1269	0.46uM			·
B-1271					·
B-1273		0.13uM			
B-1274		0.014uM	38.0%@1.0uM		
B-1275		<0.1uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
B-1276	B-1274	<0.1uM	41.0%@1.0uM		
B-1277	B-1275		50.0%@1.0uM		
B-1277			11.0%@1.0uM		
B-1278					
3-1280			85.0%@1.0uM		
3-1281 <0.1uM 85.0%@1.0uM 3-1282 <0.1uM 75.0%@1.0uM 3-1283 <0.1uM 64.0%@1.0uM			79.0%@1.0uM		
3-1281 <0.1uM 85.0%@1.0uM 3-1282 <0.1uM 75.0%@1.0uM 3-1283 <0.1uM 64.0%@1.0uM			83.0%@1.0uM		
3-1283 <0.1uM 64.0%@1.0uM					
3-1283 <0.1uM 64.0%@1.0uM					
			64.0%@1.0uM		
	B-1284	<0.1uM			

	P38 alpha kinase	U937 Cell IC50,uM	Mouse LPS Model %	Rat LPS Model %
1	IC50,uM or %	or %	TNF inhib @ dose	inhib @dose
1 1	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	@predose time
Example#				o prodose time
B-1285	0.057uM	80.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-1286	0.15uM	78.0%21.0uM		<del></del>
B-1287	0.25uM	55.0%@1.0uM		······································
B-1288	0.15uM	74.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-1289	0.73uM	35.0%@1.0uM		······································
B-1290	0.26uM	75.0%@1.0uM		······································
B-1291	0.097uM	55.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-1292	0.01uM	74.0%@1.0uM		
B-1293	0.31uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
B-1294	0.013uM	54.0%@1.0uM		
B-1295	0.079uM	74.0%@1.0uM		·
B-1296	0.038uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
B-1297	0.02uM	>1.0uM		
B-1298	0.055uM	20.0%@1.0uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-1299	0.091uM	>1.0uM		
B-1300	0.071uM	18.0%@1.0uM		
B-1301	0.12uM	15.0%@1.0uM		
B-1302	0.023uM	11.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-1303	0.08uM	>1.0uM		
B-1304	0.11uM	10.0%@1.0uM		
B-1305	0.64uM	9.0%@1.0uM		
B-1306	0.11uM	>1.0uM		
B-1307	0.009uM	16.0%@1.0uM		
B-1308	<0.1uM	>1.0uM		<del></del>
B-1309	0.045uM	>1.0uM		
B-1310	0.12uM	11.0%@1.0uM		
B-1311	0.05uM	57.0%@1.0uM		
B-1312	0.35uM	>1.0uM		
B-1313	0.035uM	37.0%@1.0uM		
B-1314	0.045uM	24.0%@1.0uM		
B-1315	0.055uM	12.0%@1.0uM		
B-1316	0.026uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
B-1317	0.019uM	9.0%@1.0uM		
B-1318	<0.1uM	1.0%@1.0uM		
B-1319	0.24uM	>1.0uM		
B-1320	0.047uM	43.0%@1.0uM		
B-1321	0.47uM	66.0%@1.0uM		
B-1322	0.12uM	87.0%@1.0uM		
B-1323	0.013uM	85.0%@1.0uM		
B-1324	0.16uM	83.0%@1.0uM		
B-1325	0.27uM	95.0%@1.0uM		
B-1326	0.092uM	84.0%@1.0uM		
B-1327	0.13uM	65.0%@1.0uM		
B-1328	0.032uM	86.0%@1.0uM		
B-1329	0.66uM	54.0%@1.0uM		
B-1330	0.053uM	85.0%@1.0uM		
B-1331	0.004uM	85.0%@1.0uM		
B-1332	0.007uM	81.0%@1.0uM		
B-1333	0.45uM	76.0%@1.0uM		

	P38 alpha kinase	U937 Cell IC50,uM	Mouse LPS Model %	Rat LPS Model %
	IC50,uM or %	or %	TNF inhib @ dose	inhib @dose
	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	@predose time
Example#		, ,		
B-1334	0.13uM	73.0%@1.0uM		
B-1335	0.097uM	63.0%@1.0uM		<u> </u>
B-1336	0.072uM	83.0%@1.0uM		
B-1337	0.4uM	90.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-1338	0.18uM	73.0%@1.0uM		
B-1339	0.12uM	67.0%@1.0uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-1340	0.043uM	63.0%@1.0uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-1341	0.42uM	52.0%@1.0uM		
B-1342	0.25uM	59.0%@1.0uM		
B-1343	0.065uM	83.0%@1.0uM		
B-1344	0.014uM	86.0%@1.0uM		
B-1345	0.27uM	73.0%@1.0uM		
B-1346	0.043uM	86.0%@1.0uM		
B-1347	0.021uM	84.0%@1.0uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-1348	0.009uM	69.0%@1.0uM		
B-1349	0.037uM	86.0%@1.0uM		······································
B-1350	0.019uM	78.0%@1.0uM		
B-1351	0.068uM	78.0%@1.0uM		
B-1352	0.013uM	76.0%@1.0uM		
B-1353	0.062uM	80.0%@1.0uM		
B-1354	0.013uM	83.0%@1.0uM		
B-1355	0.07uM	75.0%@1.0uM		
B-1356	0.059uM	91.0%@1.0uM		
B-1357	0.18uM	84.0%@1.0uM		
B-1358	0.16uM	76.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-1359	0.005	84.0%@1.0uM		*
B-1360	0.11	0.15uM		54%@3mpk@-4h
B-1361	0.03	0.29uM		047000mpke 4m
B-1362	0.003	0.29uM		
B-1363	0.009	0.28uM	51.0%@30pmk @- 6H	53%@3mpk@-4h
B-1364	0.009	0.27uM	53.0%@30mpk@- 6.0H	17%@3mpk@-4h
B-1365	0.17	88.0%@1.0uM		
B-1366	0.04	0.27uM		
B-1367	<0.1	0.22uM		
B-1368	0.031	0.33uM	44.0%@30mpk @-	
B-1369	<0.1	0.29uM		
B-1370	<0.1	0.77uM		
B-1371	0.06	83.0%@1.0uM		
B-1372	<0.1	0.41uM	48.0%@30mpk @-	
B-1373	0.016	0.17uM		
B-1374	<0.1	0.28uM		
B-1375	0.01	0.25uM		
B-1376	0.009	0.26uM	3.0%@30mpk @-6H	
B-1377	0.12	5.0uM		
B-1378	0.02	1.04uM		
B-1379	<0.1	0.092uM		
B-1380	<0.1	0.26uM		

		<del></del>		
	P38 alpha kinase	U937 Cell IC50,uM	Mouse LPS Model %	Dati DC Madalar
1	IC50,uM or %	or %	TNF inhib @ dose	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose
	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	
Example#	mino e donic. (din.)	minus conc. (dw)	w predose time	@predose time
B-1381	0.055	0.73uM		
B-1382	<0.1	0.44uM		
B-1383	0.0012	0.15uM		·
B-1384	0.57	0.37uM		
B-1385	<0.1	0.11uM		
B-1386	<0.1	0.25uM		
B-1387	<0.1	0.1uM		
B-1388	0.57	1.38uM		
B-1389	0.06	0.57uM		
B-1390	<0.1	71.0%@1.0uM		
B-1391	0.016uM	82.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-1392	0.059uM	82.0%@1.0uM		
B-1393	3.17uM	80.0%@1.0uM		
B-1394	0.32uM	78.0%@1.0uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-1395	1.48	61.0%@1.0uM		
B-1396	1.55	73.0%@1.0uM		
B-1397	0.92	85.0%@1.0uM		
B-1398	0.67			<del></del>
B-1399	0.14	83.0%@1.0uM 74.0%@1.0uM		
B-1400	0.024			
B-1401	0.024	83.0%@1.0uM		
B-1402	0.12	75.0%@1.0uM		
B-1403	4.54	76.0%@1.0uM		
B-1404	0.6	71%@1.0uM		
B-1405	0.28	70%@1.0uM		
B-1406	1.39	70%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-1407	0.4	56.0%@1.0uM		
B-1408	0.27	71.0%@1.0uM		
B-1409		69.0%@1.0uM		
B-1410	<0.1 <0.1	72.0%@1.0uM		
B-1411	<0.1	69%@1.0uM		
B-1412	0.097	81.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-1413	0.016	80.0%@1.0uM 78.0%@1.0uM		
B-1414				
B-1415	0.025 1.41	83.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-1416	0.14	79.0%@1.0uM		
B-1417	0.069	81.0%@1.0uM		
B-1418	1.01	69.0%@1.0uM		
B-1419	0.3	82.0%@1.0uM		·
B-1420		84.0%@1.0uM		
B-1421	<0.1 0.014	82.0%@1.0uM		
B-1422	0.58	75.0%@1.0uM		
B-1423	1.58	68.0%@1.0uM		
B-1424		84.0%@1.0uM		
B-1425	0.86	76.0%@1.0uM		
B-1425	0.09	83.0%@1.0uM		
B-1426	0.19	80.0%@1.0uM		
B-1427	<0.1	84.0%@1.0uM		
B-1428	<0.1	86.0%@1.0uM		
0-1429	<0.1	87.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>

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	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose	Rat LPS Model 9
Example#		ining conc. (divi)	@predose time	@predose time
B-1430	0.75uM	35.0% @1.0uM		
B-1431	0.36uM	58.0% @1.0uM		<del></del>
B-1432	0.11uM	51.0% @1.0uM		
B-1433	0.26uM	21.0% @1.0uM		
B-1434	0.19uM	28.0% @1.0uM		
B-1435	1.8uM	45.0% @1.0uM		
B-1436	1.0uM	20.0% @1.0uM		
B-1437	0.3uM	23.0% @1.0uM		
B-1438	2.01uM	27.0% @1.0uM		
B-1439	1.7uM	17.0% @1.0uM		
B-1440	0.87uM	3.0% @1.0uM		
B-1441	1.95uM	66.0% @1.0uM		
B-1442	1.54uM	18.0% @1.0uM		
B-1443	0.014uM	83.0% @1.0uM		
B-1444	0.3uM	24.0% @1.0uM		
B-1445	0.43uM	27.0% @1.0uM		
3-1446	0.77uM	36.0% @1.0uM		
3-1447	0.5uM	34.0% @1.0uM		
3-1448	1.43uM	22.0% @1.0uM		·
3-1449	1.61uM	50.0%@1.0uM		
3-1450	2.1uM	49.0%@1.0uM		····
3-1451	2.88uM	50% @1.0uM		·
3-1452	2.41uM	47.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
3-1453	2.53uM	49.0% @1.0uM		
3-1454	1.6uM	12.0% @1.0uM		
-1455	1.21uM	8.0% @1.0uM		
-1456	1.29uM	>1.0uM		
-1457	0.43uM	43.0% @1.0uM		
-1458	0.95uM	65.0% @1.0uM		
-1459	0.67uM	46.0% @1.0uM		
-1460	0.96uM	29.0% @1.0uM		
-1461	0.4uM	39.0% @1.0uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
-1462	0.22uM	50.0% @1.0uM		······································
-1463	2.34uM	26.0% @1.0uM		
-1464	1.18uM	27.0% @1.0uM		
-1465	3.23uM	31.0% @1.0uM		
-1466	1.69uM	>1.0uM		
-1467	1.22uM	1.0% @1.0uM		
-1468	1.61uM	10.0% @1.0uM		
1469	0.37uM	14.0% @1.0uM		
1470	0.6uM	28.0% @1.0uM		
1471	0.85uM	25.0% @1.0uM		
1472	0.93uM	12.0%@1.0uM		
1473	1.24uM	14.0% @1.0uM		
1474	1.23uM	31.0% @1.0uM		
1475		24.0% @1.0uM		
1476		42.0% @1.0uM		
1477		34.0% @1.0uM		
1478		/o @ 1.0UIVI		

Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % Inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	TNF inhib@dose	
B-1479				

	I		I	<del></del>
Example#		or %	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
B-2270	0.72uM	31%@10.0uM		! 
B-2271	0.93uM	38%@10.0uM		
B-2272	0.26uM	53.0%@10.0uM		
B-2273	1.92uM	39.0%@10.0uM		
B-2274	0.26uM	59.0%@10.0uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-2275	2.16uM	53.0%@10.0uM	·	
B-2276	11.5uM	37.0%@10.0uM		
B-2277	14.9uM	44.0%@10.0uM		
B-2278	0.8uM	51.0%@10.0uM		
B-2279	0.32uM	36.0%@10.0uM		
B-2280	0.4uM	57.0%@10.0uM		
B-2281	0.81uM	60.0%@10.0uM		· ·
B-2282	0.91uM	41.0%@10.0uM		
B-2283	0.04uM	53.0%@10.0uM		
B-2284	4.61uM	62.0%@10.0uM		
B-2285	2.29uM	49.0%@10.0uM		
B-2286	0.017uM	0.78uM	25%@30mpk@-1h	
B-2287	2.56uM	61.0%@10.0uM	20 / C C C C III PK G - III	
B-2288	6.51uM	46.0%@10.0uM		<u>-</u>
B-2289	3.0uM	30.0%@10.0uM		
B-2290	2.37uM	59.0%@10.0uM		
B-2291	0.019uM	41%@10.0uM		
B-2292	8.82uM	57.0%@10.0uM		
B-2293	2.11uM	56.0%@10.0uM		
B-2294	1.68uM	50.0%@10.0uM		<del></del>
B-2295	1.79uM	56.0%@10.0uM		
B-2296	17.3uM	63.0%@10.0uM		
B-2297	3.59uM	57.0%@10.0uM		
B-2298	0.29uM	4.22uM		
B-2299	1.97uM	62.0%@10.0uM		
B-2300	0.07uM	43.0%@10.0uM		
B-2301	0.18uM	44.0%@10.0uM		
B-2302	1.0uM	58.0%@1.0uM		
B-2303	0.011uM	54.0%@10.0uM		
B-2304	1.41uM	50.0%@10.0uM		
B-2305	0.54uM	60.0%@10.0uM		
B-2306		39.0%@10.0uM		
B-2307	2.29uM	69.0%@10.0uM		
B-2308	0.66uM	56.0%@10.0uM		
B-2309	0.29uM	47.0%@10.0uM		

Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	or %	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
B-2310	0.12uM	1.2uM	50%@30mpk@-6h	······································
B-2311	7.18uM	60%@10.0uM		
B-2312	2.93uM	43.0%@10.0uM		
B-2313	42.3uM	58.0%@10.0uM		
B-2314	11.0uM	66.0%@10.0uM	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
B-2315	0.49uM	36.0%@10.0uM		
B-2316	0.46uM	58.0%@10.0uM		
B-2317	1.0uM	60.0%@10.0uM		
B-2318	73.0%@10.0uM	25.0%@10.0uM		-#
B-2319	75.0%@10.0uM	40.0%@10.0uM		
B-2320	44.0%@10.0uM	35.0%@10.0uM		
B-2321	69.0%@10.0uM	27.0%@10.0uM		
B-2322	76.0%@10.0uM	38.0%@10.0uM		
B-2323	69.0%@10.0uM	46.0%@10.0uM		
B-2324	58.0%@10.0uM	36.0%@10.0uM		·
	60.0%@10.0uM	51.0%@10.0uM		
B-2326	76.0%@10.0uM	33.0%@10.0uM		
	76.0%@10.0uM	23.0%@10.0uM		<del></del>
B-2328	65.0%@10.0uM	28.0%@10.0uM		
B-2329	72.0%@10.0uM	53.0%@10.0uM		
B-2330	81.0%@10.0uM	37.0%@10.0uM		
B-2331	74.0%@10.0uM	44.0%@10.0uM		
B-2332	70.0%@10.0uM	47.0%@10.0uM		
B-2333	58.0%@10.0uM	36.0%@10.0uM		
B-2334	81.0%@10.0uM	45.0%@10.0uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-2335	82.0%@10.0uM	50.0%@10.0uM		
B-2336	48.0%@10.0uM	35.0%@10.0uM		***
B-2337	46.0%@10.0uM	59.0%@10.0uM	-	
B-2338	73.0%@10.0uM	50.0%@10.0uM		
B-2339	84.0%@10.0uM	>10.0uM		
B-2340	35.0%@10.0uM	12.0%@10.0uM		
B-2341	75.0%@10.0uM	50.0%@10.0uM		
B-2342	83.0%@10.0uM	46.0%@10.0uM		
B-2343	43.0%@10.0uM	27.0%@10.0uM		
B-2344	71.0%@10.0uM	50.0%@10.0uM		
B-2345	64.0%@10.0uM	38.0%@10.0uM		
B-2346	45.0%@10.0uM	48.0%@10.0uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-2347	49.0%@10.0uM	50.0%@10.0uM		
B-2348	76.0%@10.0uM	48.0%@10.0uM		
B-2349	75.0%@10.0uM	27.0%@10.0uM		

		U937 Cell IC50,uM	Mouse LPS Model %	Rat LPS Model %
Example#		or %	TNF inhib@	inhib @dose
	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	dose @predose time	@predose time
B-2350	38.0%@10.0uM	56.0%@10.0uM		
B-2351	77.0%@10.0uM	1.0%@10.0uM		
B-2352	37.0%@10.0uM	19.0%@10.0uM		
B-2353	38.0%@10.0uM	33.0%@10.0uM		
B-2354	65.0%@10.0uM	25.0%@10.0uM		
B-2355	84.0%@10.0uM	50.0%@10.0uM		
B-2356	77.0%@10.0uM	45.0%@10.0uM		·
B-2357	47.0%@10.0uM	41.0%@10.0uM		
B-2358	17.0%@10.0uM	52.0%@10.0uM		
B-2359	76.0%@10.0uM	35.0%@10.0uM		
B-2360	45.0%@10.0uM	>10.0uM		
B-2361	19.0%@10.0uM	46.0%@10.0uM		
B-2362	60%@100.0uM	39.0%@10.0uM		
B-2363	44.0%@10.0uM	1.0%@10.0uM		
B-2364	47.0%@10.0uM	4.0%@10.0uM		*
B-2365	82.0%@10.0uM	43.0%@10.0uM		
B-2366	70.0%@10.0uM	59.0%@10.0uM		
B-2367	46.0%@10.0uM	40.0%@1.0uM		
B-2368	65.0%@10.0uM	55.0%@10.0uM		
B-2369	32.0%@10.0uM	>10.0uM		
B-2370	73%@100.0uM	20.0%@10.0uM		- <del></del>
B-2371	54.0%@10.0uM	36.0%@10.0uM		
B-2372	55.0%@100.0uM	>10.0uM		
B-2373	50.0%@100.0uM	6%@10.0uM		
B-2374	35.0%@10.0uM	20.0%@10.0uM		·
B-2375	62.0%@100.0uM	>10.0uM		
B-2376	32.0%@10.0uM	17.0%@10.0uM		
B-2377	34.0%@10.0uM	17.0%@10.0uM		
B-2378	48.0%@10.0uM	61.0%@10.0uM		
B-2379	73.0%@100.0uM	45.0%@1.0uM		
B-2380	81%@100.0uM	53.0%@10.0uM		
B-2381	68%@100.0uM	2.0%@10.0uM		
B-2382	51.0%@10.0uM	24.0%@10.0uM		
B-2383	63.0%@10.0uM	35.0%@10.0uM		
B-2384	49%@100.0uM	10.0%@10.0uM		
B-2385	79.0%@10.0uM	19.0%@10.0uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-2386	38.0%@10.0uM	19.0%@10.0uM		// · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-2387	50.0%@100.0uM	>10.0uM		
B-2388	42.0%@10.0uM	24.0%@10.0uM		
B-2389	39.0%@10.0uM	29.0%@10.0uM		
~ ~~~	55.0 /6 @ 10.0ulVI	23.0 /0 W 10.0UM		

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	P38 alpha kinase	U937 Cell IC50,uM	Mouse LPS Model %	Rat LPS Model %
Example#	IC50,uM or %	or %	TNF inhib@	inhib @dose
	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	dose @predose time	@predose time
B-2390	34.0%@10.0uM	27.0%@1.0uM		
B-2391	40.0%@10.0uM	59.0%@10.0uM		
B-2392	63.0%@10.0uM	46.0%@10.0uM		
B-2393	43.0%@10.0uM	>10.0uM		
B-2394	37.0%@10.0uM	22.0%@10.0uM		
B-2395	32.0%@10.0uM	28.0%@10.0uM		
B-2396	75.0%@10.0uM	>10.0uM		
B-2397	83.0%@10.0uM	22.0%@10.0uM		
B-2398	55%@100.0uM	10.0%@10.0uM		
B-2399	69.0%@10.0uM	18.0%@10.0uM		
B-2400	60.0%@10.0uM	40.0%@10.0uM		
B-2401	78.0%@10.0uM	44.0%@10.0uM		
B-2402	43.0%@10.0uM	52.0%@10.0uM		
B-2403	72%@100.0uM	52.0%@10.0uM		
B-2404	58%@100.0uM	52.0%@10.0uM		
B-2405	47%@100.0uM	>10.0uM		•
B-2406	45.0%@10.0uM	24.0%@10.0uM		
B-2407	47%@100.0uM	27.0%@10.0uM		
B-2408	39.0%@10.0uM	10.0%@10.0uM	_	
B-2409	78.0%@10.0uM	26.0%@10.0uM		
B-2410	33.0%@10.0uM	32.0%@10.0uM	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
B-2411	26%@100.0uM	13.0%@10.0uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-2412	40.0%@10.0uM	31.0%@10.0uM		
B-2413	75.0%@10.0uM	37.0%@10.0uM		
B-2414	86.0%@10.0uM	38.0%@10.0uM		
B-2415	94.0%@10.0uM	50.0%@10.0uM		*****
B-2416	85.0%@10.0uM	43.0%@1.0uM		
B-2417	83.0%@10.0uM	18.0%@10.0uM		**************************************
B-2418	88.0%@10.0uM	34.0%@10.0uM		
B-2419	86.0%@10.0uM	66.0%@10.0uM		
B-2420	70.0%@10.0uM	34.0%@10.0uM		
B-2421	89.0%210.0uM	38.0%@10.0uM		······································
B-2422	90.0%@10.0uM	17.0%@10.0uM		
B-2423	85.0%@10.0uM	>10.0uM		
B-2424	86.0%@10.0uM	43.0%@10.0uM		
B-2425	79.0%@10.0uM	42.0%@10.0uM		
B-2426	88.0%@10.0uM	53.0%@10.0uM		
B-2427	87.0%@10.0uM	59.0%@10.0uM		
B-2428	82.0%@10.0uM	50.0%@10.0uM		
B-2429	92.0%@10.0uM	32.0%@10.0uM		

	<del></del>			
Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	or %	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
B-2430	90.0%@10.0uM	61.0%@10.0uM		
B-2431	85.0%210.0uM	68.0%@10.0uM		
B-2432	86.0%210.0uM	40.0%@10.0uM		
B-2433	94.0%@10.0uM	84.0%@10.0uM		
B-2434	92.0%@10.0uM	63.0%@10.0uM		
B-2435	84.0%@10.0uM	4.0%@10.0uM		· <del>····································</del>
B-2436	80.0%@10.0uM	54.0%@10.0uM		
B-2437	82.0%@10.0uM	41.0%@10.0uM		
B-2438	75.0%@10.0uM	40.0%@10.0uM		
B-2439	81.0%@10.0uM	44.0%@10.0uM		
B-2440	77.0%@10.0uM	78.0%@10.0uM		
B-2441	86.0%@10.0uM	46.0%@10.0uM		<u>-</u>
B-2442	86.0%@10.0uM	>10.0uM		
B-2443	84.0%@10.0uM	44.0%@10.0uM		
B-2444	89.0%@10.0uM	7.0%@10.0uM		
B-2445	94.0%@10.0uM	15.0%@10.0uM		
B-2446	90.0%@10.0uM	28.0%@10.0uM		
B-2447	94.0%@10.0uM	>10.0uM		
B-2448	75.0%@10.0uM	30.0%@10.0uM		
B-2449	86.0%@10.0uM	42.0%@10.0uM		
B-2450	87.0%@10.0uM	46.0%@1.0uM		
B-2451	87.0%@10.0uM	45.0%@10.0uM		
B-2452	89.0%@10.0uM	33.0%@10.0uM		
B-2453	91.0%@10.0uM	>10.0uM		
B-2454	88.0%@10.0uM	40.0%@10.0uM		
B-2455	87.0%@10.0uM	54.0%@10.0uM		
B-2456	86.0%@10.0uM	53.0%@10.0uM		
B-2457	90.0%@10.0uM	18.0%@10.0uM		
B-2458	83.0%@10.0uM	36.0%@10.0uM		
B-2459	82.0%@10.0uM	81.0%@10.0uM		
B-2460	80.0%@10.0uM	79.0%@10.0uM		-
B-2461	67.0%@10.0uM	59.0%@10.0uM		

Biological data from a number of compounds of Examples C-74 through C-139 are shown in the following tables.

In vitro P38-alpha kinase inhibitory data are shown in the column identified as:

### "P38 alpha kinase IC50, μM"

In vitro human whole blood assay data for measuring the ability of the compounds to inhibit TNF production in human whole blood stimulated with LPS are shown in the column identified as:

#### "Human Whole Blood IC50, µM or %Inhib@conc. (µM)"

In vivo assessment of the ability of the compounds to inhibit LPS-stimulated TNF release in the rat is shown in the column identified as:

"Rat LPS Model % Inhibition@dose@predose time"

wherin the dose is milligram per kilogram (mpk)

administered by oral gavage and the predose time

indicates the number of hours before LPS challenge when

the compound is administered.

Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50, μΜ	Human Whole Blood IC50, μM or %Inhib@conc. (μM)	Rat LPS Model % Inhibition@ dose@predose time
C-74	0.037	0.56	54%@5mpk@-4h
C-75	0.045	0.4	71%@5mpk@-4h
C-76	0.07	3.24	66%@5mpk@-4h
C-77	0.071	8.2	92%@5mpk@-4h
C-78	0.068	10.5	87%@5mpk@-4h
C-79	0.045	0.52	83%@5mpk@-4h

Example#	P38 alpha kinase	Human Whole Blood	Rat LPS Model
	IC50, μM	IC50, μM or	% Inhibition@
Ì	2000/. [20	%Inhib@conc. (µM)	dose@predose
		oriminaecone. (par)	time
C-80	0.008	51%@ 5 μM	
C-81	0.037	40%@ 5 μM	
C-82	0.15	7.31	
C-83	0.24	1.23	25%@5mpk@-4h
C-84	0.048	0.88	22%@5mpk@-4h
C-85	0.57	>25	
C-86	0.007	0.19	66%@5mpk@-4h
C-87	0.027	0.34	
C-88	0.012	0.3	59%@5mpk@-4h
C-89	0.039	0.12	27%@5mpk@-4h
C-90	0.037	0.48	
C-91	0.054	2.31	63%@5mpk@-4h
C-92	0.024	0.28	66%@5mpk@-4h
C-93	0.009	0.38	50%@5mpk@-4h
C-94	0.02	0.27	73%@5mpk@-4h
C-95	0.13	3.91	32%@5mpk@-4h
C-96	0.077	2.1	38%@5mpk@-4h
C-97	0.025	3.83.	21%@5mpk@-4h
C-98	0.016	0.64	78%@5mpk@-4h
C-99	0.062	0.38	36%@5mpk@-4h
C-100	0.027	0.27	44%@5mpk@-4h
C-101	0.083	3.71	52%@5mpk@-4h
C-102	0.29	7.56	72%@5mpk@-4h
C-105	0.033	0.13	46%@5mpk@-4h
C-106	0.026	0.44	23%@5mpk@-4h
C-107	0.014	0.38	11%@5mpk@-4h
C-108	0.02	0.73	0%@5mpk@-4h
C-111	0.21	6.05	39%@5mpk@-4h
C-112	0.54	6.36	89%@5mpk@-4h
C-113	0.082	2.72	77%@5mpk@-4h
C-114	0.11	1.73	39%@5mpk@-4h
C-115	0.042	10.2	39%@5mpk@-4h
C-116	0.429	0.50	53%@5mpk@-4h
C-117	3.42	7.26	71%@5mpk@-4h
C-118	0.298	>25	39%@5mpk@-4h
C-120	0.7	18.6	26%@5mpk@-4h
C-121	0.11	15.3	39%@5mpk@-4h
C-122	0.025		55%@5mpk@-4h
C-123	0.67	>25.0	

Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50, μΜ	Human Whole Blood IC50, µM or %Inhib@conc. (µM)	Rat LPS Model % Inhibition@ dose@predose time
C-124	0.17	4.56	51%@20mpk@-4h
C-125	7.22	>25.0	
C-126	0.71	>25.0	6%@20mpk@-4h
C-127	0.038	0.27	53%@5mpk@-4h
C-128	0.09	2.22	63%@5mpk@-4h
C-132	0.086	44%@ 5 µM	
C-133	0.16	4.54	55%@5mpk@-4h
C-135	6.0		
C-136	0.032		
C-137	0.051		58%@5mpk@-4h
C-138	0.28	0.68	26%@5mpk@-4h
C-139	0.2	3.66	46%@5mpk@-4h

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Additional compounds of interest can be prepared as set forth above and as described below in Scheme D-1, wherein the  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  substituents are as defined previously.

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Scheme D-1

O OR

Base

N

Base

TsNHNH<sub>2</sub>

N

Boc

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TsNHNH<sub>2</sub>

N

Boc

(i) Base

(ii) aq. acid
(iii) aq. base

$$R_1$$

N

 $R_2$ 

Coupling agent/
Base

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The synthesis begins with the treatment of 4-methylpyrimidine 2 with a base such as LiHMDS, LDA or tBuOK in an organic solvent such as THF or ether which is cooled in an ice bath (0-10 °C). To the resulting 4-methylanion is added a solution of a suitably protected (Boc is shown) ethyl ester of isonipecotic acid 1 in THF or ether. The reaction is allowed to warm to room

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temperature and stirred for a period of 4 hours to 20 hours at which time the desired ketone 3 is isolated after aqueous work up. Condensation of the ketone 3 with tosylhydrazide in toluene or benzene as a solvent refluxing temperatures for a period of 1 hour to 5 hours affords the hydrazone 4. The hydrazone 4 is reacted with a suitably substituted benzoyl chloride 5, in the presence of a base such as LiHMDS or LDA or tBuOK or triethylamine at temperatures ranging from 0 °C to 70 °C. The reaction is stirred for a period of 3-6 hours. Acidic hydrolysis of the protecting groups with an aqueous acid such as HCl or H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and subsequent neutralization with an aqueous base such as NaOH or KOH affords the desired pyrazole 6. Treatment of the pyrazole 6 with an acid chloride 7 in the presence of base or with an acid 8 under standard peptide coupling conditions (EDC or DCC or PyBrOP with an additive such as HOBt or HATU and base such as N-methylmorpholine or diisopropylethylamine or triethylamine) affords the desired pyrazole amide 9. In most instance the desired products can be obtained pure by direct trituration with solvents such as methanol, ethyl acetate, acetonitrile or ether and/or recrystallization from suitable solvents.

The following examples contain detailed descriptions of the methods of preparation of these additional compounds that form part of the invention. These detailed descriptions are presented for illustrative purposes only and are not intended as a restriction on the scope of the invention. All compounds showed NMR spectra consistent with their assigned structures.

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N-(2-Hydroxyacetyl)-5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

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A 5 L 4-necked round bottom flask fitted 10 with an overhead mechanical stirrer,  $N_2$  inlet and a thermocouple was charged with 600 g (2.75 mol) of di-tertbutyl-dicarbonate and 1.5 L of CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>. The solution was cooled to 0 °C and 428 g (2.73 mol) of ethyl isonipecotate was added dropwise via an addition funnel. The addition 15 took 45 minutes and the temperature rose from 0 °C to 17.4 The reaction mixture was stirred for an additional 2 hours at ambient temperature. The solvent was removed in vacuo to afford 725 g of a yellow oil (residual solvent remained).

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Step 2: A 3 L 3-necked round bottom flask fitted with an overhead mechanical stirrer, a  $N_2$  inlet, an addition funnel and a thermocouple was charged with 1850 mL (1.85 mol) of a 1.0 M solution of LiHMDS in THF. The flask was cooled to 5 °C and 68 mL (0.74 mol) of 4-methylpyrimidine was added (neat) to the stirred solution. To this solution was added 198 g (0.77 mol) of Ethyl-N-t-10 butylcarbonyl isonipecotate dissolved in 160 mL of THF. The ice bath was removed and the reaction was allowed to stir for 18 hours. The reaction was quenched with 500 mL of saturated NH4Cl and was extracted with 500 mL of ethyl acetate. The organic phase was washed with 500 mL of brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered concentrated in vacuo to afford 235 g of a brown oil.

20 A 2 L 3-necked round bottom flask fitted with an overhead mechanical stirrer, a Dean-Stark trap and

a thermocouple was charged with 1.5 L of toluene, 226 g mol) of N-t-butylcarbonyl-1-(4-piperidyl)-2-(4pyrimidyl)-1-ethanone and 138.4 g (0.743 mol) of tosyl The mixture was warmed to reflux. hydrazide. solution was allowed to reflux for 2 hours and was cooled to ambient temperature. The reaction was allowed to stand overnight. A fine precipitate formed and was removed by filtration. The filtrate was concentrated in vacuo to afford a brown solid. The solid was suspended in 500 mLof ethyl acetate and the resulting mixture was placed in a 10 sonication bath for 5 hours. The mixture was cooled in an ice bath and was filtered to afford 310 g of a wet solid. The solid was dried in a vacuum oven (40 °C, 5 mm) overnight to afford 248 g of the desired hydrazone (71%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.03 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.72 (d, J = 5.2Hz, 2H), 7.89 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.32 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.26 (dd, J = 5.2, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 4.03 (d, J = 12.1 Hz, 2H), 3.76 (s, 2H), 2.71 (t, J = 12.1 Hz, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 2.34 (m, 1H), 1.66 (d, J = 13.5 Hz, 2H), 1.47 (s, 9H), 1.38 (m, 2H); MS (M + H): 474 (base peak).

### Step 4:

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Method A. A 2 L 3-necked round bottom flask fitted with an overhead mechanical stirrer, a  $N_2$ inlet, addition funnel and a thermocouple was charged with 400 mL (400 mmol) of a 1.0 M solution of LiHMDS in THF. solution was cooled to -21.9 °C and a solution of 62 g 5 N-t-butylcarbonyl-1-(4-piperidyl)-2-(4of pyrimidyl)-1-ethanone p-toluenesulfonyl hydrazone in 400 mL of THF was added slowly. The temperature never exceeded -11 °C throughout the addition. The solution was re-cooled to -19.6  $^{\circ}\text{C}$  and 23.0 g (131 mmol in 250 mL of 10 THF) of p-chlorobenzoylchloride was added slowly. The temperature never exceeded -13 °C throughout the addition. The cooling bath was removed and the reaction was allowed to warm to ambient temperature. After 3 hours the 15 reaction was quenched with 600 mL of 3 N HCl. The reaction was warmed to reflux and was held at reflux for 2 The reaction was allowed to cool to ambient hours. temperature overnight. The reaction mixture was washed with 1.4 L of  $\mathrm{Et}_2\mathrm{O}$  and the aqueous phase was neutralized with 1 L of 2.5 N NaOH. The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (2 x 1000 mL). The combined organic phases were washed with brine (1 x 500 mL), dried over anhydrous Na2SO4, filtered and concentrated in vacuo to afford 21 g of a yellow solid. The solid was suspended in 25 500 mL of 2:1 Et<sub>2</sub>O/hexane. After sonication the solid was isolated by filtration to leave a wet solid. The solid was dried in a vacuum oven to afford 13.8 g of 5-(4piperidyl) -4-(4-pyrimidyl) -3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO- $d_6$ ) 9.18 (s, 1H), 8.65 (d, J = 5.2, 1H), 7.44 (d, J = 8.5, 2H), 7.37 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.15 (d, 30

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J = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 3.16 (m, 1H), 3.00 (d, J = 11.9 Hz, 2H), 2.52 (m, 2H), 1.69 (m, 4H); MS (M + H): 340 (base peak).

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Method B: To a solution of 200 g (423 mmol) of N-tbutylcarbonyl-1-(4-piperidyl)-2-(4-pyrimidyl)-1-ethanone p-toluenesulfonyl hydrazone in 800 mL THF was added 70 mL (500 mmol) of triethylamine in a 3 L three necked flask. The solution was cooled in an ice/salt/water bath to 0-5 °C. To this cold solution was added a solution of 4chlorobenzoyl chloride (74 g, 423 mmol) in 100 mL THF dropwise, maintaining the temperature below 10 °C. the addition was complete the ice-bath was removed and replaced with a heating mantle. 4-N, Ndimethylaminopyridine (5 g, 40 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture was heated to 50 °C for 15-30 minutes. The reaction mixture was filtered and the residue washed

with THF (100 mL). The combined filtrates were evaporated under reduced pressure to a semisolid.

The semisolid residue was dissolved in 450 mL THF and 180 mL of 12 N HCl was added to this solution rapidly. The reaction mixture was heated to 65 °C for 1.5-2 hours 5 and transferred to a separatory funnel. The organic layer was discarded and the aqueous phase was washed twice with 200 mL of THF. The aqueous phase was transferred back to a 2 L flask and cooled to 0-10 °C in an ice bath. The pH of the solution was adjusted to between ~ 9-10 by dropwise 10 addition of 15 N ammonium hydroxide (~ 180 mL). mixture was transferred back to a separatory funnel and extracted with warm n-butanol (3 X 150 mL). The combined n-butanol phases were evaporated under reduced pressure to 15 The residue was then stirred with methanol (200 mL), filtered and dried to obtain 129 g (90%) of the desired 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) as a off-white solid. This material identical in all respects to the material prepared by 20 Method A.

Step 5: A 1 L round bottom flask was charged with 34.2 g (102 mmol) of 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole, 500 mL of CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> and 26.6 mL (153 mmol) of Hunig's base. To this suspension was added 16.5

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g (122 mmol) of 1-hydroxybenzotriazole and 8.1 g (106 mmol) of glycolic acid. The addition of glycolic acid was followed by the addition of 23.7 g (122 mmol) of 1-(3dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride. 5 The reaction was allowed to stir at ambient temperature overnight. The reaction was concentrated in vacuo to leave an oily residue. The residue was dissolved in 400 mL of methanol and 50 mL of 2.5 N NaOH. The reaction mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for 1 hour. 10 The mixture was acidified to pH 5 with 2 N HCl and was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (6 x 200 mL). The combined organic phases were filtered through phase paper and the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo to leave a yellow residue. The residue was treated with 75 mL of acetonitrile. Α 15 precipitate formed. The solid was filtered and washed with additional acetonitrile and Et20 to afford 31.4 g of N-(2-hydroxyacetyl)-5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4chlorophenyl) pyrazole. H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>s</sub>) 9.20 (s, 1H), 8.67 (d, J = 4.8, 1H), 7.40 (m, 4H), 7.17 (d, J = 4.0, 1H), 4.53 (m, 2H), 4.13 (s, 2H), 3.77 (m, 1H), 3.05 (t, J20 = 12.7 Hz, 1H), 2.69 (m, 1H), 1.90 (m, 2H), 1.73 (m, 2H); MS (M + H): 398 (base peak).

#### Example D-2

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N-(2-Hydroxyacetyl)-5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole hydrochloride

A 25 mL round bottom flask was charged with 65 mg (0.164 mmol) of N-(2-hydroxyacetyl)-5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-5 pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole and 2.5 mL dioxane. To this suspension was added 0.082 mL of 4 N HCl in dioxane. The mixture was stirred for 2 hours. mixture was diluted with 5 mL of Et<sub>2</sub>O and filtered. The 10 solid was dried over solid  $CaSO_4$  under vacuum for 12 h to afford 68 mg of N-(2-hydroxyacetyl)-5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>c</sub>) 9.18(s, 1H), 8.63(d, J=5.37 Hz, 1H), 7.40(d, J=8.59 Hz, 2H), 7.33(d, J=8.59 Hz, 2H), 7.15(m, 1H), 4.40(m, 1H), 4.06(m, 2H), 3.72(m, 1H), 3.33(m, 1H), 15 2.97(m, 1H), 2.62(m, 1H), 1.83(m, 2H), 1.64(m, 2H); MS 398 (M+H):

#### Example D-3

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N-(2-Methoxyacetyl)-5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole (fumarate salt)

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To a suspension of 250 mg (0.74 mmol) of 5-(4piperidyl) -4-(4-pyrimidyl) -3-(4-chlorophenyl) 5 (Example C-1, Step 3) and 180 mg (1.48 mmol) of N,Ndimethylamino pyridine in 20 mL of CH2Cl2 was added 88 mg (0.81 mmol) of 2-methoxyacetyl chloride. The reaction was stirred for 5 hours. The reaction was quenched with 20 mLof saturated NH<sub>4</sub>Cl. The mixture was extracted with n-10 butyl alcohol and the organic layer was washed with brine. The solvent was removed to afford 72 mg of an oil. This oil was dissolved in 1 mL of warm MeOH. This solution was combined with a warm solution of 1 equivalent of fumaric acid in warm MeOH. The solution was cooled to ambient 15 temperature and the reaction was allowed to stir for 1 The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was triturated with Et<sub>2</sub>O. The resulting solid was isolated by filtration to yield 56 mg of an off-white powder. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) 13.23 (bs, 1H), 9.19 (d, J =20 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.65 (d, J = 5.1 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (m, 4H), 7.16 (dd, J = 5.4, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 4.45 (bd, J = 11.1 Hz, 1H),4.11  $(q_{AB}, J = 39.0, 13.8 \text{ Hz}, 2H), 3.86 \text{ (bd, } J = 12.9 \text{ Hz},$ 1H), 3.32 (m, 4H), 3.04 (bt, J = 12.3 Hz, 1H), 2.63 (bt, J= 12.0 Hz, 1H, 1.77 (m, 4H); MS (M + H): 411 (base)25 peak).

1065

#### Example D-4

N-(2-Hydroxy-2-methylpropionyl)-5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole hydrochloride

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Step 1: To a suspension of 2.05 g (6.1 mmol) of 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole 10 (Example C-1, Step 3) and 3.7 g (30.5 mmol) of N,Ndimethylamino pyridine in 30 mL of CH2Cl2 was added 1.06 mL (7.3 mmol) of 2-acetoxy-2-methylpropionyl chloride. The reaction was allowed to stir overnight at ambient temperature. The reaction was quenched with saturated 15 NH4Cl and water. The resulting aqueous phase was extracted with CH2Cl2. The combined organic layers were concentrated in vacuo to leave an oily solid. The residue was treated with CH,CN and allowed to stand for 15 minutes. The resulting suspension was diluted with Et20 20 and was filtered to afford 2.2 g of a solid. Analysis by LC/MS indicated that the solid was a mixture of the hydroxy derivative and the acetoxy derivative. This solid was carried on to the next step without further purification.

Step 2: A solution of 1 g of the solid from step 1 in 10 mL of MeOH was treated with 500 mg of solid  $K_2CO_3$ . The mixture was allowed to stir overnight at ambient

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The suspension was treated with water and temperature. the resulting solution was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic phase was filtered through phase separation paper (to remove the residual water) and was concentrated in vacuo to leave an oily solid. 5 The solid was dried under vacuum and was treated with CH,CN. The suspension was filtered to afford 825 mg of an off-white solid. solid was suspended in 5 mL of dioxane and 0.5 mL of 4 N HCl in dioxane was added. The suspension was stirred for 10 1 hour and the suspension was filtered to leave a solid. washed with Et<sub>2</sub>O and solid was the resulting suspension was filtered to give 900 mg of the title <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO- $d_{\epsilon}$ ) 9.23 (s, 1H), 8.69 (s, 1H), compound. 7.45 (m, 4H), 7.19 (s, 1H), 4.8 (br m, 4H), 3.85 (m, 2H), 15 3.38 (m, 1H), 1.89 (m, 2H), 1.72 (m, 2H), 1.37 (s, 6H); MS (M + H): 426 (base peak).

#### Example D-5

20 (S)-N-(2-Hydroxypropionyl)-5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole hydrochloride

By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting (S)-lactic acid for glycolic acid the title compound was prepared.  $^{1}H$  NMR (DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) 13.15(s, br, 1H), 9.12(d, J=1.07 Hz, 1H), 8.59(d, J=5.37Hz, 1H),

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7.39(d, J=7.79Hz, 2H), 7.31(d, J=8.33, 2H), 7.10(dd, J=1.34, 5.1Hz, 1H), 4.76(m, 1H), 4.41(m, 2H), 3.99(m, 1H), 2.97(m, 1H), 2.45(m, 1H), 1.83(m, 2H), 1.64(m, 2H), 1.15(m, 3H); MS (M+H): 412 (base peak).

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### Example D-6

(R)-N-(2-Hydroxypropionyl)-5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole hydrochloride

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By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting (R)-lactic acid for glycolic acid the title compound was prepared. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 15 9.24(s, 1H), 8.52(d, J = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 7.32-7.36(m, 4H), 6.98(d, J = 5.3)Hz, 1H), 4.72(d, J = 10.5 Hz, 1H), 4.55(br, 1H), 3.88(d, J)= 13.1 Hz, 1H), 3.66(br, 1H), 3.19(br, 1H), 2.82(t, J =12.4 Hz, 1H), 2.10(br, 2H), 1.37(d, J = 6.2 Hz, 3H), 1.81-20 1.90 (m, 2H); MS (M + H): 412 (base peak).

#### Example D-7

(R)-N-(2-Hydroxy-2-phenylacetyl)-5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting (R)-phenylacetic acid for glycolic acid the title compound was prepared. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) 9.15 (d, J = 0.9 Hz, 1H), 8.63 (d, J = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (m, 9H), 7.13 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 5.43 (d, J = 19.5 Hz, 1H), 4.51 (s, 1H), 4.04 (m, 1H), 3.33 (m, 4H), 2.8 (m, 2H), 1.68 (m, 3H); MS (M + H): 474 (base peak).

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# Example D-8

N-(2-Hydroxyacetyl)-5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl)pyrazole

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By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting 4-fluorobenzoyl chloride for 4-chlorobenzoyl chloride the title compound was prepared.  $^{1}H$  NMR (DMF- $d_{7}$ ) 13.48(s, 1H), 9.40(s, 1H), 8.86(d, J = 5.1 Hz, 1H), 7.71(br, 2H), 7.42(bd, J = 5.2 Hz, 3H), 4.78(br, 1H), 4.43(s, 2H), 4.04(br, 1H), 3.79(br, 1H), 3.70(s, 1H),

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3.34(t, J = 12.2 Hz, 1H), 3.0(br, 1H), 2.21(d, J = 10.9 Hz, 2H), 2.08(br, 1H); MS (M + H): 382 (base peak).

#### Example D-9

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N-(2-Hydroxyacetyl)-5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-trifluoromethylphenyl)pyrazole

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By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting 4-trifluoromethylbenzoyl chloride for 4-chlorobenzoyl chloride the title compound was prepared.  $^{1}$ H NMR (DMF- $d_{7}$ ) 13.47(s, 1H), 9.24(s, 1H), 8.73(d, J = 15 4.0 Hz, 1H), 7.77(bd, J = 13.3 Hz, 4H), 7.34(d, J = 4.3 Hz, 1H), 4.61(br, 1H), 4.26(s, 2H), 3.87(br, 1H), 3.52(s, 2H), 3.17(t, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 2.8 (br, 1H), 2.02(br, 2H), 1.91(br, 1H); MS (M + H): 432 (base peak).

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#### Example D-10

N-(2-Hydroxyacetyl)-5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-trifluoromethoxyphenyl)pyrazole

1070

By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting 4-trifluoromethoxybenzoyl chloride for 4-5 chlorobenzoyl chloride the title compound was prepared.  $^{1}$ H NMR (DMF- $d_{7}$ ) 13.55(s, 1H), 9.40(s, 1H), 8.88(d, J=4.6 Hz, 1H), 7.81(d, J=7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.64(br, 2H), 7.47(d, J=4.4 Hz, 1H), 4.75(br, 1H), 4.42(s, 2H), 4.04(d, J=12.5 Hz, 1H), 3.69(br, 2H), 3.34(t, J=12.0 Hz, 1H), 3.0(br, 1H), 2.20(d, J=11.7 Hz, 2H), 2.05(br, 1H); MS (M + H): 448 (base peak).

### Example D-11

N-(2-Hydroxyacetyl)-5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(3-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting 3-chlorobenzoyl chloride for 4-chlorobenzoyl chloride the title compound was prepared.  $^{1}H$  NMR (DMF- $d_{7}$ ) 13.41(s, 1H), 9.24(s, 1H), 8.73(d, J = 4.9 Hz, 1H), 7.56(s, 1H), 7.49(br, 2H), 7.41(br, 1H), 7.32(d, J = 4.2

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Hz, 1H),  $4.60 \, (d, J = 11.7 \, Hz, 1H)$ ,  $4.25 \, (s, 2H)$ ,  $3.87 \, (d, J = 12.7 \, Hz, 1H)$ ,  $3.52 \, (bs, 2H)$ ,  $3.17 \, (t, J = 12.1 \, Hz, 1H)$ ,  $2.84 \, (d, J = 12.5 \, Hz, 1H)$ ,  $2.03 \, (d, J = 11.9 \, Hz, 2H)$ ,  $1.87 \, (br, 1H)$ ; MS (M + H):  $398 \, (base peak)$ .

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### Example D-12

N-(2-Hydroxyacetyl)-5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(3-fluorophenyl)pyrazole

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By following the method of Example C-1 substituting 3-fluorobenzoyl chloride for 4-chlorobenzoyl 15 chloride the title compound was prepared. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMF-d<sub>7</sub>) 13.38(s, 1H), 9.24(s, 1H), 8.72(d, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 7.49(dd, J = 8.0 and 6.2 Hz, 1H), 7.24-7.32(m, 4H),4.60(d, J = 13.1 Hz, 1H), 4.25(s, 2H), 3.87(d, J = 13.3)Hz, 1H), 3.55-3.60 (m, 1H), 3.52 (s, 1H), 3.17 (t, J = 12.220 Hz, 1H), 2.82(d, J = 12.9 Hz, 1H), 2.03(d, J = 10.9 Hz, 2H), 1.83-1.96(m, 1H); MS (M + H): 382 (base peak).

#### Example D-13

N-(2-Hydroxyacetyl)-5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(3-trifluoromethylphenyl)pyrazole

1072

By following the method of Example C-1 substituting 3-trifluoromethylbenzoyl chloride for 5 chlorobenzoyl chloride the title compound was prepared. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMF-d<sub>2</sub>) 13.76(s, 1H), 9.41(s, 1H), 8.91(d, J =5.3 Hz, 1H), 8.02(s, 1H), 7.95(t, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 7.85(t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (d, J = 4.6 Hz, 1H), 4.78 (d, J = 11.9 )Hz, 1H), 4.45(d, J = 16.3 Hz, 2H), 4.06(d, J = 12.5 Hz, 10 1H), 3.69(bs, 2H), 3.34(t, J = 11.3 Hz, 1H), 3.01(d, J =13.1 Hz, 1H), 2.20 (d, J = 11.1 Hz, 2H), 2.12 (br, 1H); MS (M + H): 432 (base peak).

The following examples can be prepared in a manner similar to that described above for the synthesis of Examples C1-C13.

#### Example D-14

5-[4-N-(2-hydroxy-2-(2-chlorophenyl)acetyl)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

### Example D-15

5-[4-N-(2-hydroxy-2-(3-chlorophenyl)acetyl)piperidyl]-4(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

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# Example D-16

5-[4-N-(1-hydroxy-1-cyclohexylacetyl)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

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# Example D-17

5-[4-N-(2-hydroxy-1-cyclohexylacetyl)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

# Example D-18

5-[4-N-(3-hydroxy-1-cyclohexylacetyl)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

# Example D-19

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5-[4-N-(4-hydroxy-1-cyclohexylacetyl)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

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# Example D-20

5-[4-N-(1-hydroxy-1-cyclopentylacetyl)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

### Example D-21

5-[4-N-(2-hydroxy-1-cyclopentylacetyl)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

# Example D-22

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5-[4-N-(3-hydroxy-1-cyclopentylacetyl)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

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### Example D-23

5-[4-N-(3-hydroxypropionyl)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

# Example D-24

5-[4-N-(2-hydroxy-3,3,3-trifluoropropionyl)piperidyl]-45 (4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

## Example D-25

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5-[4-N-(2-hydroxy-3-methylbutyryl)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

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### Example D-26

5-[4-N-(2-hydroxyisocaproyl)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

# Example D-27

5-[4-N-(2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexylacetyl)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

# Example D-28

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5-[4-N-(2-hydroxy-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)acetyl)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

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# Example D-29

5-[4-N-(2-hydroxy-2-(3-methoxyphenyl)acetyl)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

# Example D-30

5 5-[4-N-(2-hydroxy-2-(4-trifluoromethylphenyl)acetyl)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

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Example D-31

5-[4-N-(2-hydroxy-3-phenylpropionyl)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

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### Example D-32

5-[4-N-(2-hydroxy-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl)piperidyl]4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

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#### Example D-33

5-[4-N-(2-hydroxy-3-imidazolpropionyl)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

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The synthesis of 2-substituted pyrimidinyl pyrazoles is shown in Scheme 2. Reaction of 2-methylmercapto-4-methyl pyrimidine 10 with N-Boc methyl ester of isonipecotic acid (1) under basic (base selected from LiHMDS or LDA or tBuOK) conditions in an anhydrous solvent such as tetrahydrofuran or ether affords the desired ketone 11. Condensation of the ketone 11 with tosyl hydrazine under refluxing conditions in either toluene or

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benzene affords the hydrazone 12. The hydrazone 12 is deprotonated under basic (base selected from LiHMDS or LDA or tBuOK) conditions in an anhydrous solvent such as tetrahydrofuran or ether and the anion is reacted in situ with a suitably substituted benzoyl chloride 5 to afford, after mild aqueous work up, the desired and fully protected pyrazole 13. Oxidation of the 2-mercaptomethyl group present in 13 with oxidants selected from but not limited to Oxone, H2O2 or mCPBA in solvents such as 10 dichloromethane, acetonitrile or tetrahyrofuran affords the 2-methane sulfonyl pyrazole 14. The 2-methanesulfone group in 14 is conveniently displaced with various amines, aryloxides or alkoxides in solvents such as tetrahydrofuran, dioxane, dimethylformamide 15 acetonitrile at temperatures ranging from 20 °C to 200 °C. Under these reaction conditions the tosyl protecting group on the pyrazole is also simultaneously deprotected. Aqueous workup affords the desired tosyl deprotected, 2alkoxy, or 2-aryloxy or 2-amino substituted pyrazoles 15. 20 The alkoxides or aryloxides are generated from their respective alcohols or phenols with suitable bases such as LiHMDS, LDA oŕ NaH, tBuOK in solvents such tetrahydrofuran, dioxane or dimethylformamide. Deprotection of the remaining N-Boc group 25 accomplished with trifluoroacetic acid or hydrochloric acid in solvents such as dichloromethane or dioxane to afford the pyrazole 16. Treatment of the pyrazole 16 with an acid chloride 7 in the presence of base or with an acid 8 under standard peptide coupling conditions (EDC or DCC 30 or PyBrOP with an additive such as HOBt or HATU and base

such as N-methylmorpholine or disopropyl ethylamine) affords the desired final products 17.

The following 2-substituted pyrimidine compounds can be prepared as set forth above, particularly in a manner similar to that outlined above in Scheme D-2.

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# Example D-34

5-[4-N-(2-hydroxyacetyl)piperidyl]-4-[4-(2-thiomethyl)pyrimidyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

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## Example D-35

5-[4-N-(2-hydroxyacetyl)piperidyl]-4-[4-(2-15 methanesulfonyl)pyrimidyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

Example D-36

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5-[4-N-(2-hydroxyacetyl)piperidyl]-4-[4-(2-amino)pyrimidyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

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## Example D-37

5 5-[4-N-(2-hydroxyacetyl)piperidyl]-4-[4-(2-methylamino)pyrimidyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

Example D-38

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5-[4-N-(2-hydroxyacetyl)piperidyl]-4-[4-(2-isopropylamino)pyrimidyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

Example D-39

5-[4-N-(2-hydroxyacetyl)piperidyl]-4-[4-(2-S-20 methylbenzylamino)pyrimidyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

# Example D-40

5 5-[4-N-(2-hydroxyacetyl)piperidyl]-4-[4-(2-R-methylbenzylamino)pyrimidyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

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# Example D-41

5-[4-N-(2-hydroxyacetyl)piperidyl]-4-[4-(2-methoxy)pyrimidyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

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## Example D-42

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5-[4-N-(2-hydroxyacetyl)piperidyl]-4-[4-(p-fluorophenoxy)pyrimidyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

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Example D-43

5-[4-N-(2-hydroxyacetyl)piperidyl]-4-[4-(p-fluoroanilino)pyrimidyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

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In a manner similar to that outlined above in Scheme D-1, for the synthesis of the piperidine analogs 6, the aminocyclohexane analogs are prepared by substitution of 1 in Scheme D-1 with a suitably protected (Boc is shown) methyl or ethyl ester of cis-aminocyclohexane carboxylic

trans-aminomethylcyclohexane carboxylic acid 12, which

acid 10 or trans-aminocyclohexane carboxylic acid 11 or

aminocyclohexane 14 or the trans-aminomethylcyclohexane 15 respectively (Scheme 3). Suitable reductive alkylations on 13, 14 or 15 with 1-1.5 equivalents of aldehydes or ketones in the presence of a reducing agent like sodium cyanoborohydride or sodium triacetoxyborohydride in solvents such as methanol, ethanol, acetic acid, tetrahydrofuran or dichloromethane lead to the desired mono-alkylated derivatives 16, 17 or 18 respectively.

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### Scheme 3

$$R_1$$
 $N-NH$ 
 $R_2$ 
 $R_1$ 
 $N-NH$ 
 $R_3$ 
 $R_4$ 
 $R_4$ 
 $R_5$ 
 $R_4$ 
 $R_5$ 
 $R_4$ 
 $R_5$ 
 $R_5$ 
 $R_6$ 
 $R_7$ 
 $R_8$ 
 $R_8$ 
 $R_8$ 
 $R_8$ 
 $R_9$ 
 $R_$ 

where R<sub>4</sub> can be H

The dimethyl derivatives 19, 20 or 21 can be prepared by heating a solution of the aminocyclohexanes 13, 14 or 15

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respectively in a mixture of formaldehyde and formic acid at temperatures ranging from 40 °C to 110 °C.

An additional group of compounds of interest includes 10 the following:

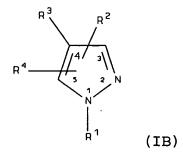
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Biological data for a number of compounds are shown in the following table. In vitro p38 alpha kinase inhibitory data are shown in the column identified as "p38 alpha IC<sub>50</sub> (\(\mu M\))". In vitro human whole blood assay data for measuring the ability of the compounds to inhibit TNF production in human whole blood stimulated with LPS are shown in the column identified as: "HWB IC<sub>50</sub> (\(\mu M\))". In vivo assessment of the ability of the compounds to inhibit LPS-stimulated TNF-release in the rat is shown in the column identified as: "ratLPS/%Inh@dose(mg/kg)" wherein the dose is in milligram per kilogram (mg/kg) administered by oral gavage, 4 hours before LPS challenge.

Example	p38 alpha	HWB IC <sub>50</sub>	ratLPS/%Inh	ratLPS/%Inh	ratLPS/%Inh
	IC <sub>50</sub> (uM)	(uM)	@1.0(mg/kg)	@5.0(mg/kg)	@20.0(mg/kg)
D-1	0.17		83.0		
D-2	0.084	1.79	89.0	95.0	
D-3	0.095	0.46	69.0	88.0	91.0
D-4	0.91	1.55	42.3	83.0	99.0
D-5	0.14	4.09	65.0	78.5	83.0
D-6	0.083	1.33	82.0	96.0	100
D-7	0.44	>25.0		0	·
D-8	0.18	1.3	65	85	
D-9	1.63	15.8	5	86	
D-10	3.95	14.8		80	
D-11	0.16	1.5	43	86	
D-12	0.82	7.06	71	91	
D-13	0.33	8.36	53	87	

### WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

## 1. A compound of Formula IB:



#### wherein

- R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydrido, hydroxy, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, haloalkyl, haloalkenyl, haloalkynyl, hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl,
- hydroxyalkynyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, aralkynyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, alkynoxyalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, alkoxyaryl, heterocyclyloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkoxy, mercaptoalkyl, alkylthioalkylene, alkenylthioalkylene,
- alkylthioalkenylene, amino, aminoalkyl, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, alkylsulfinyl, alkenylsulfinyl, alkynylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, heterocyclylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkenylsulfonyl, alkynylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl,
- heterocyclylsulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylene, alkylsulfonylalkylene, acyl, acyloxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylalkylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylarylene,
- alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene,
  heterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, alkylcarbonylarylene,
  arylcarbonylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylarylene,
  alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, arylcarbonyloxyalkylene,
  heterocyclylcarbonyloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyarylene,

30 arylcarbonyloxyarylene, and heterocyclylcarbonyloxyarylene; or R1 has the formula

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & R^{25} & O & R^{26} \\
 & C & C & C & C & N \\
 & & R^{27} & O & C & N
\end{array}$$
(II)

wherein:

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i is an integer from 0 to 9;

R<sup>25</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and

R<sup>26</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkylalkylene, aralkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and alkylaminoalkyl; and

R<sup>27</sup> is selected from alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkynyl,
45 aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, cycloalkylalkylene,
cycloalkenylalkylene, cycloalkylarylene,
cycloalkylcycloalkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylarylene,
alkylaralkyl, aralkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl,
alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene,
50 aralkylheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene,

alkoxyaralkyl, alkoxyheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, aralkoxyarylene, alkoxyheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkoxyarylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl,

alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkoxyarylaminocarbonylalkylene, aminocarbonylalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkylaminocarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene,

aryloxycarbonylarylene, alkylaryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, alkylarylcarbonylarylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylarylene,

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alkoxycarbonylalkoxylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylalkylarylene, alkylthioalkylene, 65 cycloalkylthioalkylene, alkylthioarylene, aralkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene, arylthioalklylarylene, arylsulfonylaminoalkylene, alkylsulfonylarylene, alkylaminosulfonylarylene; wherein said alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, 70 heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene, alkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, alkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene, arylthioalklylarylene, and alkylsulfonylarylene groups 75 may be optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or

R<sup>27</sup> is -CHR<sup>28</sup>R<sup>29</sup> wherein R<sup>28</sup> is alkoxycarbonyl, and R<sup>29</sup> is selected from aralkyl, aralkoxyalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkylthioalkylene, and aralkylthioalkylene; wherein said aralkyl and heterocylcyl groups may be optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl and nitro; or

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R<sup>26</sup> and R<sup>27</sup> together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocycle, wherein said heterocycle is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkylaryloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aralkoxycarbonyl, alkylamino and alkoxycarbonylamino; wherein said aryl, heterocyclylalkylene and aryloxyalkylene radicals may be optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halogen, alkyl and alkoxy; and

R<sup>2</sup> is piperidinyl substituted with one or more 100 substituents selected from hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl, hydroxyalkynyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyalkenylene, alkoxyalkynylene, and hydroxyacyl, wherein said hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl, hydroxyalkynyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyalkenylene, alkoxyalkynylene, and 105 hydroxyacyl substitutents may be optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from cycloalkyl, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, haloalkyl, and heteroarylalkyl, wherein said cycloalkyl, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, haloalkyl, and heteroarylalkyl substituents may be 110 optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from alkylene, alkynylene, hydroxy, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, cyano, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfinyl, alkylthio, alkoxyalkyl, aryloxy, heterocyclyl, and heteroaralkoxy; or 115 R<sup>2</sup> is piperidinyl substituted with one or more substituents selected from hydroxycycloalkyl and alkoxycycloalkyl, and wherein said hydroxycycloalkyl and alkoxycycloalkyl substitutents may be optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from 120 cycloalkyl, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, haloalkyl, and heteroarylalkyl, wherein said cycloalkyl, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, haloalkyl, and heteroarylalkyl substituents may be optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from alkylene, alkynylene, hydroxy, 125 halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, cyano, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfinyl, alkylthio, alkoxyalkyl, aryloxy, heterocyclyl, and heteroaralkoxy; and R3 is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl,

R' is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl, maleimidyl, pyridonyl, thiazolyl, thiazolylalkyl, thiazolylamino,

wherein the R<sup>3</sup> pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl, maleimidyl, pyridonyl, thiazolyl, thiazolylalkyl, thiazolylamino,

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groups may be optionally substituted with one or more substituents independently selected from hydrogen, aryl, alkylamino, alkylthio, alkyloxy, aryloxy, arylamino, arylthio, aralkoxy, wherein said aryl, alkylamino, alkylthio, alkyloxy, aryloxy, arylamino, arylthio, aralkoxy substituents may be optionally substituted with one or more alkylene, alkenylene, hydroxy, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, cyano, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfinyl, alkylthio, alkoxyalkyl, aryloxy, heterocyclyl, and heteroaralkoxy; and

R4 is selected from hydrido, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, and heterocyclyl, wherein R4 is optionally substituted with one or more substituents independently selected from halo, haloalkyl, haloalkoxy, alkoxy, cyano, hydroxy, alkyl, alkenyl, and alkynyl, wherein said haloalkyl, haloalkoxy, alkoxy, cyano, hydroxy, alkyl, alkenyl, and alkynyl substituents may be optionally substituted with one or more alkylene, alkenylene, alkynylene, hydroxy, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, cyano, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfinyl, alkylthio, alkoxyalkyl, aryloxy, heterocyclyl, and heteroaralkoxy; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer

thereof.

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## 2. A compound of Claim 1 wherein:

R<sup>2</sup> is piperidinyl substituted with one or more substituents selected from hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl, hydroxyalkynyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyalkenylene, alkoxyalkynylene, hydroxyalkylcarbonyl, hydroxyalkenylcarbonyl, and hydroxyalkynylcarbonyl, wherein said hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl, hydroxyalkynyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyalkenylene, alkoxyalkynylene, hydroxyalkylcarbonyl, hydroxyalkenylcarbonyl, and hydroxyalkynylcarbonyl

- hydroxyalkenylcarbonyl, and hydroxyalkynylcarbonyl substitutents may be optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from cycloalkyl, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, haloalkyl, and heteroarylalkyl, wherein said cycloalkyl, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, haloalkyl, and
- heteroarylalkyl substituents may be optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from alkylene, alkynylene, hydroxy, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, cyano, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfinyl, alkylthio, alkoxyalkyl, aryloxy, heterocyclyl, and
- 20 heteroaralkoxy; or

R<sup>2</sup> is piperidinyl substituted with one or more substituents selected from hydroxycycloalkyl, alkoxycycloalkyl, and hydroxycycloalkyl, and hydroxycycloalkyl, and hydroxycycloalkyl, and hydroxycycloalkylcarbonyl substitutents may be optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from cycloalkyl, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, haloalkyl, and heteroarylalkyl, wherein said cycloalkyl, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, haloalkyl, and heteroarylalkyl substituents

may be optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from alkylene, alkynylene, hydroxy, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, cyano, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfinyl, alkylthio, alkoxyalkyl,

aryloxy, heterocyclyl, and heteroaralkoxy.

3. A compound of Claim 1 selected from compounds, their tautomers and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, of the group consisting of:

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$$C \vdash \bigvee_{N}^{N-NH} \bigvee_{N}^{OH}$$
; and

## 4. A compound of Claim 1 having Formula XB:

### wherein

Z represents a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom; R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydrido, hydroxy, alkyl,

- 5 cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, haloalkyl, haloalkenyl, haloalkynyl, hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl, hydroxyalkynyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, aralkynyl,
- 10 arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl,

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alkenoxyalkyl, alkynoxyalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, alkoxyaryl, heterocyclyloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkoxy, mercaptoalkyl, alkylthioalkylene, alkenylthioalkylene, alkylthioalkenylene, amino, aminoalkyl, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, 15 alkylsulfinyl, alkenylsulfinyl, alkynylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, heterocyclylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkenylsulfonyl, alkynylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, heterocyclylsulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylene, 20 alkylsulfonylalkylene, acyl, acyloxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylalkylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene,

aryloxycarbonylarylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene,

25 heterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, alkylcarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, arylcarbonyloxyalkylene, heterocyclylcarbonyloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyarylene, arylcarbonyloxyarylene, and

30 heterocyclylcarbonyloxyarylene; and

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R<sup>2</sup> is piperidinyl substituted with one or more substituents selected from hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyalkenylene, hydroxyalkylcarbonyl, and hydroxyalkenylcarbonyl, wherein said hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyalkenylene, hydroxyalkylcarbonyl, and hydroxyalkenylcarbonyl substitutents may be optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from cycloalkyl, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, haloalkyl, and heteroarylalkyl, wherein said cycloalkyl, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, haloalkyl, and heteroarylalkyl substituents may be optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from alkylene, alkynylene, hydroxy, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy,

keto, amino, nitro, cyano, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfinyl,

45 alkylthio, alkoxyalkyl, aryloxy, heterocyclyl, and heteroaralkoxy; or

R<sup>2</sup> is piperidinyl substituted with one or more substituents selected from hydroxycycloalkyl and hydroxycycloalkylcarbonyl, wherein said hydroxycycloalkyl and hydroxycycloalkylcarbonyl substitutents may be optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from cycloalkyl, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, haloalkyl, and heteroarylalkyl, wherein said cycloalkyl, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, haloalkyl, and heteroarylalkyl substituents may be optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from alkylene, alkynylene, hydroxy, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, cyano, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfinyl, alkylthio, alkoxyalkyl, aryloxy, heterocyclyl, and heteroaralkoxy; and

R4 is selected from cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, and heterocyclyl, wherein R4 is optionally substituted with one or more substituents independently selected from halo, haloalkyl, haloalkoxy, alkoxy, cyano, hydroxy, alkyl, alkenyl, and alkynyl, wherein said haloalkyl, haloalkoxy, alkoxy, hydroxy, alkyl, alkenyl, and alkynyl substituents may be optionally substituted with one or more alkylene, alkenylene, alkynylene, hydroxy, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, cyano, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfinyl, alkylthio, alkoxyalkyl, aryloxy, heterocyclyl, and heteroaralkoxy; and

R<sup>5</sup> represents one or more substituents independently selected from hydrogen, aryl, alkylamino, alkylthio, alkyloxy, aryloxy, arylamino, arylthio, aralkoxy, wherein said aryl, alkylamino, alkylthio, alkyloxy, aryloxy, arylamino, arylthio, aralkoxy substituents may be optionally substituted with one or more alkylene, alkenylene, hydroxy, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, cyano, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfinyl, alkylthio, alkoxyalkyl, aryloxy, heterocyclyl, and heteroaralkoxy; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer

thereof.

- 5. A compound of Claim 4 wherein R<sup>2</sup> is piperidinyl substituted with at least one substituent attached to the distal nitrogen heteroatom or to a carbon ring atom adjacent to the distal nitrogen heteroatom of the piperidine ring.
- 6. A compound of Claim 4 wherein Z represents a carbon atom.
- 7. A compound of Claim 4 wherein Z represents a nitrogen atom.
- 8. A compound of Claim 4 wherein  $R^1$  is selected from hydrido, alkyl, hydroxyalkyl and alkynyl.
  - 9. A compound of Claim 4 wherein R1 is hydrido.
- 10. A compound of Claim 4 wherein R<sup>2</sup> is piperidinyl substituted with at least one substituent selected from lower hydroxyalkyl, lower hydroxyalkylcarbonyl and hydroxycycloalkylcarbonyl.
- 11. A compound of Claim 4 wherein  $\mathbb{R}^4$  is optionally substituted phenyl.
- 12. A compound of Claim 4 wherein R<sup>4</sup> is phenyl optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals independently selected from chloro, fluoro, bromo and iodo.
- 13. A compound of Claim 4 wherein R<sup>4</sup> is phenyl optionally substituted at the meta or para position with one or more chloro radicals.

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- 14. A compound of Claim 4 wherein R<sup>5</sup> is hydrido.
- 15. A compound of Claim 1 having Formula XX:

#### wherein:

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Z represents a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom; R<sup>400</sup> is selected from hydroxyalkyl, 5 hydroxyalkylcarbonyl and alkoxyalkylene, wherein said hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkylcarbonyl and alkoxyalkylene may be optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from cycloalkyl, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, 10 haloalkyl, and heteroarylalkyl, wherein said cycloalkyl, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, haloalkyl, and heteroarylalkyl substituents may be optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from alkylene, alkynylene, hydroxy, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, 15 cyano, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfinyl, alkylthio, alkoxyalkyl, aryloxy, heterocyclyl, and heteroaralkoxy; or

R<sup>400</sup> is hydroxycycloalkylcarbonyl that is optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from cycloalkyl, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, haloalkyl, and

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heteroarylalkyl, wherein said cycloalkyl, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, haloalkyl, and heteroarylalkyl substituents may be optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from alkylene, alkynylene, hydroxy, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, cyano, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfinyl, alkylthio, alkoxyalkyl, aryloxy, heterocyclyl, and heteroaralkoxy; and

R<sup>401a</sup> and R<sup>401b</sup> are independently selected from hydrogen, halo, haloalkyl, haloalkoxy, alkoxy, cyano, hydroxy, alkyl, alkenyl, and alkynyl, wherein said haloalkyl, haloalkoxy, alkoxy, hydroxy, alkyl, alkenyl, and alkynyl substituents may be optionally substituted with one or more alkylene, alkenylene, alkynylene, hydroxy, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, cyano, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfinyl, alkylthio, alkoxyalkyl, aryloxy, heterocyclyl, and heteroaralkoxy; and

R<sup>402</sup> is selected from hydrogen, aryl, alkylamino, alkylthio, alkyloxy, aryloxy, arylamino, arylthio, aralkoxy, wherein said aryl, alkylamino, alkylthio, alkyloxy, aryloxy, arylamino, arylthio, aralkoxy substituents may be optionally substituted with one or more alkylene, alkenylene, hydroxy, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, cyano, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfinyl, alkylthio, alkoxyalkyl, aryloxy, heterocyclyl, and heteroaralkoxy; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

## 16. A compound of Claim 15 wherein:

R<sup>400</sup> is selected from lower hydroxyalkyl, lower hydroxyalkylcarbonyl and lower alkoxyalkylene, wherein said lower hydroxyalkyl, lower hydroxyalkylcarbonyl and lower alkoxyalkylene may be optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from cycloalkyl, lower alkyl, phenyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower haloalkyl, and

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lower heteroarylalkyl, wherein said cycloalkyl, lower alkyl, phenyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower haloalkyl, and lower heteroarylalkyl substituents may be optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from lower alkylene, lower alkynylene, hydroxy, halo, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, cyano, lower alkylsulfonyl, lower alkylsulfinyl, lower alkylthio, lower alkoxyalkyl, phenyloxy, heterocyclyl, and lower heteroaralkoxy; or

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R<sup>400</sup> is hydroxycycloalkylcarbonyl that is optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from cycloalkyl, lower alkyl, phenyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower haloalkyl, and lower heteroarylalkyl, wherein said cycloalkyl, lower alkyl, phenyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower haloalkyl, and lower heteroarylalkyl substituents may be optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from lower alkylene, lower alkynylene, hydroxy, halo, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, cyano, lower alkylsulfonyl, lower alkylsulfinyl, lower alkylthio, lower alkoxyalkyl, aryloxy, heterocyclyl, and lower heteroaralkoxy; and

R<sup>401a</sup> and R<sup>401b</sup> are independently selected from hydrogen, halo, lower haloalkyl, lower haloalkoxy, lower alkoxy, cyano, hydroxy, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, and lower alkynyl, wherein said lower haloalkyl, lower haloalkoxy, lower alkoxy, cyano, hydroxy, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, and lower alkynyl substituents may be optionally substituted with one or more lower alkylene, lower alkenylene, lower alkynylene, hydroxy, halo, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, cyano, lower alkylsulfonyl, lower alkylsulfinyl, lower alkylthio, lower alkoxyalkyl, phenyloxy, heterocyclyl, and lower heteroaralkoxy; and

R<sup>402</sup> is selected from hydrogen, phenyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkylthio, lower alkyloxy, phenyloxy, phenylamino, phenylthio, and phenylalkoxy, wherein said

phenyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkylthio, lower alkyloxy, phenyloxy, phenylamino, phenylthio, and phenylalkoxy may be optionally substituted with one or more lower alkylene, lower alkenylene, hydroxy, halo, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, cyano, lower alkylsulfonyl, lower alkylsulfinyl, lower alkylthio, lower alkoxyalkyl, phenyloxy, heterocyclyl, and lower heteroaralkoxy; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

- 17. A compound of Claim 15 wherein Z represents a carbon atom.
- 18. A compound of Claim 15 wherein Z represents a nitrogen atom.
- 19. A compound of Claim 15 wherein R<sup>400</sup> is optionally substituted hydroxyalkylcarbonyl.
- 20. A compound of Claim 15 wherein R<sup>400</sup> is optionally substituted hydroxycycloalkylcarbonyl.
- 21. A compound of Claim 15 wherein  $\mathbb{R}^{400}$  is optionally substituted alkoxyalkylene.
- 22. A compound of Claim 15 wherein R<sup>400</sup> is optionally substituted hydroxyalkyl.
- 23. A compound of Claim 15 wherein  $R^{401}$  represents one or more chloro, fluoro, bromo and iodo.
- 24. A compound of Claim 15 wherein R<sup>401</sup> is metachloro or para-chloro.
  - 25. A compound of Claim 15 wherein R402 is hydrido.

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26. A compound of Claim 15 wherein:

R<sup>400</sup> is optionally substituted lower hydroxyalkylcarbonyl;

 $R^{401a}$  is selected from chloro, fluoro, bromo and iodo;

R402 is hydrido.

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and

- 27. A compound of Claim 15 wherein:
- R<sup>400</sup> is selected from optionally substituted 2-hydroxyacetyl, 2-hydroxy-proprionyl, 2-hydroxy-2-methylpropionyl, 2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetyl, 3-
- 5 hydroxyproprionyl, 2-hydroxy-3-methylbutyryl, 2hydroxyisocapropyl, 2-hydroxy-3-phenylproprionyl, and 2hydroxy-3-imidazolylproprionyl;

 ${\bf R}^{{\bf 401a}}$  is selected from chloro, fluoro, bromo and iodo; and

- 10  $R^{402}$  is hydrido.
  - 28. A compound of Claim 27 wherein  $\mathbb{R}^{401a}$  is metachloro or para-chloro.
  - 29. A compound of Claim 27 wherein  $R^{401a}$  is parachloro and  $R^{401b}$  is hydrogen.
    - 30. A compound of Claim 15 wherein:

R400 is optionally substituted lower hydroxycycloalkylcarbonyl;

 ${\bf R}^{{\bf 401a}}$  is selected from chloro, fluoro, bromo and iodo; and

R402 is hydrido.

- 31. A compound of Claim 15 wherein:
- R<sup>400</sup> is selected from optionally substituted 1hydroxy-1-cyclohexylacetyl, 2-hydroxy-1-cyclohexylacetyl, 3-hydroxy-1-cyclohexylacetyl, 4-hydroxy-1-
- 5 cyclohexylacetyl, 1-hydroxy-1-cyclopentylacetyl, 2-

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hydroxy-1-cyclopentylacetyl, and 3-hydroxy-1-cyclopentylacetyl, 2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexylacetyl;

 ${\rm R}^{\rm 401a}$  is selected from chloro, fluoro, bromo and iodo; and

10  $R^{402}$  is hydrido.

- 32. A compound of Claim 31 wherein  $\mathbb{R}^{401a}$  is metachloro or para-chloro.
  - 33. A compound of Claim 15 wherein:

 $R^{400}$  is optionally substituted lower hydroxyalkyl;  $R^{401}$  is selected from chloro, fluoro, bromo and iodo;

5 R<sup>402</sup> is hydrido.

and

34. A compound of Claim 15 wherein:

R<sup>400</sup> is selected from optionally substituted hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl and hydroxyisopropyl;

 $R^{401a}$  is selected from chloro, fluoro, bromo and iodo; and

R<sup>402</sup> is hydrido.

- 35. A compound of Claim 34 wherein  $R^{401a}$  is metachloro or para-chloro.
  - 36. A compound of Claim 15 wherein:

R<sup>400</sup> is optionally substituted lower alkoxyalkylene;
R<sup>401a</sup> is selected from chloro, fluoro, bromo and iodo;
and

5 R<sup>402</sup> is hydrido.

37. A compound of Claim 15 wherein:

R<sup>400</sup> is selected from optionally substituted methoxymethylene, methoxyethylene, methoxypropylene, methoxyisopropylene, ethoxymethylene, ethoxyethylene,

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5 ethoxypropylene, and ethoxyisopropylene.

 ${\rm R}^{\rm 401a}$  is selected from chloro, fluoro, bromo and iodo; and

R402 is hydrido.

38. A compound of Claim 37 wherein  $R^{401a}$  is metachloro or para-chloro.

## 39. A compound of Formula IC:

5 wherein

R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydrido, hydroxy, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, haloalkyl, haloalkenyl,

- haloalkynyl, hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl, hydroxyalkynyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, aralkynyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, alkynoxyalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, alkoxyaryl, heterocyclyloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkoxy, mercaptoalkyl,
- alkylthioalkylene, alkenylthioalkylene, alkylthioalkenylene, amino, aminoalkyl, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, alkylsulfinyl, alkenylsulfinyl, alkynylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, heterocyclylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl,
- alkenylsulfonyl, alkynylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, heterocyclylsulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylene, alkylsulfonylalkylene, acyl, acyloxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylalkylene,

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heterocyclyloxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene,
aryloxycarbonylarylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylarylene,
alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene,
heterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, alkylcarbonylarylene,
arylcarbonylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylarylene,
alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, arylcarbonyloxyalkylene,
heterocyclylcarbonyloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyarylene,
arylcarbonyloxyarylene, and
heterocyclylcarbonyloxyarylene; or

R<sup>1</sup> has the formula

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & R^{25} & O & R^{26} \\
 & C & C & C & C & N \\
 & & R^{27} & C & N
\end{array}$$
(TT)

35 wherein:

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i is an integer from 0 to 9;

R<sup>25</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl,

alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and

R<sup>26</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkylalkylene, aralkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and alkylaminoalkyl; and

R<sup>27</sup> is selected from alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, cycloalkylarylene, cycloalkylcycloalkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylarylene, alkylaralkyl, aralkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl,

alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene, aralkylheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkoxyaralkyl, alkoxyheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, aralkoxyarylene, alkoxyheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkoxyarylene,

alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, aminoalkyl,

alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkoxyarylaminocarbonylalkylene, aminocarbonylalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkylaminocarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, alkylaryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, alkylarylcarbonylarylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylarylene, alkoxycarbonylalkoxylarylene,

heterocyclylcarbonylalkylarylene, alkylthioalkylene, cycloalkylthioalkylene, alkylthioarylene, aralkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene, arylthioalklylarylene, arylsulfonylaminoalkylene, alkylsulfonylarylene, alkylaminosulfonylarylene; wherein

said alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene, alkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, alkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene,

arylthioalklylarylene, and alkylsulfonylarylene groups may be optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or

R<sup>27</sup> is -CHR<sup>28</sup>R<sup>29</sup> wherein R<sup>28</sup> is alkoxycarbonyl, and R<sup>29</sup>
is selected from aralkyl, aralkoxyalkylene,
heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene,
alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkylthioalkylene, and
aralkylthioalkylene; wherein said aralkyl and
heterocylcyl groups may be optionally substituted with
one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl
and nitro; or

R<sup>26</sup> and R<sup>27</sup> together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocycle, wherein said heterocycle is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkylene,

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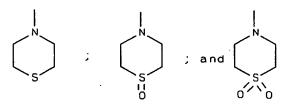
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alkoxyarylene, alkylaryloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aralkoxycarbonyl, alkylamino and alkoxycarbonylamino; wherein said aryl, heterocyclylalkylene and aryloxyalkylene radicals may be optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halogen, alkyl and alkoxy; and

100 R<sup>2</sup> is cyclohexyl substituted with one or more substituents selected from optionally substituted hydroxyalkyl, alkylaminoalkylene and cycloalkylamino; and

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl, maleimidyl, pyridonyl, thiazolyl, thiazolylalkyl, thiazolylamino,

wherein the R<sup>3</sup> pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl, maleimidyl, pyridonyl, thiazolyl, thiazolylalkyl, thiazolylamino,



groups may be optionally substituted with one or more substituents independently selected from hydrogen, aryl, alkylamino, alkylthio, alkyloxy, aryloxy, arylamino, arylthio, aralkoxy, wherein said aryl, alkylamino, alkylthio, alkyloxy, aryloxy, arylamino, arylthio, aralkoxy substituents may be optionally substituted with one or more alkylene, alkenylene, hydroxy, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, cyano, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfinyl, alkylthio, alkoxyalkyl, aryloxy, heterocyclyl, and heteroaralkoxy; and

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R' is selected from hydrido, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, and heterocyclyl, wherein
R' is optionally substituted with one or more substituents independently selected from halo, haloalkyl, haloalkoxy, alkoxy, cyano, hydroxy, alkyl, alkenyl, and alkynyl, wherein said haloalkyl, haloalkoxy, alkoxy, cyano, hydroxy, alkyl, alkenyl, and alkynyl substituents may be optionally substituted with one or more alkylene, alkenylene, alkynylene, hydroxy, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, cyano, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfinyl, alkylthio, alkoxyalkyl, aryloxy, heterocyclyl, and heteroaralkoxy; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

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40. A compound of Claim 39 selected from compounds, their tautomers and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, of the group consisting of :

# 41. A compound of Claim 39 having Formula XC:

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^5 \\
R^4 \\
R^2 \\
R^1
\end{array}$$
(XC)

#### wherein

Z represents a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom; R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydrido, hydroxy, alkyl,

- 5 cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, haloalkyl, haloalkenyl, haloalkynyl, hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl, hydroxyalkynyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, aralkynyl,
- arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, alkynoxyalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, alkoxyaryl, heterocyclyloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkoxy, mercaptoalkyl, alkylthioalkylene, alkenylthioalkylene, alkylthioalkenylene, amino, aminoalkyl, alkylamino,
- 15 alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino,

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alkylsulfinyl, alkenylsulfinyl, alkynylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, heterocyclylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkenylsulfonyl, alkynylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, heterocyclylsulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylene,

- alkylsulfonylalkylene, acyl, acyloxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylalkylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene,
- 25 heterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, alkylcarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, arylcarbonyloxyalkylene, heterocyclylcarbonyloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyarylene, arylcarbonyloxyarylene, and
- 30 heterocyclylcarbonyloxyarylene; and

R<sup>2</sup> is cyclohexyl substituted with one or more substituents selected from optionally substituted hydroxyalkyl, alkylaminoalkylene and cycloalkylamino; and

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, and heterocyclyl, wherein R<sup>4</sup> is optionally substituted with one or more substituents independently selected from halo, haloalkyl, haloalkoxy, alkoxy, cyano, hydroxy, alkyl, alkenyl, and alkynyl, wherein said haloalkyl, haloalkoxy, alkoxy, hydroxy, alkyl, alkenyl, and alkynyl substituents may be optionally substituted with one or more alkylene, alkenylene, alkynylene, hydroxy, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, cyano, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfinyl, alkylthio, alkoxyalkyl, aryloxy, heterocyclyl, and heteroaralkoxy; and

R<sup>5</sup> represents one or more substituents independently selected from hydrogen, aryl, alkylamino, alkylthio, alkyloxy, aryloxy, arylamino, arylthio, aralkoxy, wherein said aryl, alkylamino, alkylthio, alkyloxy, aryloxy, arylamino, arylthio, aralkoxy substituents may be optionally substituted with one or more alkylene, alkenylene, hydroxy, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto,

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amino, nitro, cyano, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfinyl, alkylthio, alkoxyalkyl, aryloxy, heterocyclyl, and heteroaralkoxy; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

- 42. A compound of Claim 41 wherein R<sup>2</sup> is cyclohexyl substituted with at least one substituent attached to the 4-position carbon ring atom of the cyclohexyl ring.
- 43. A compound of Claim 41 wherein Z represents a carbon atom.
- 44. A compound of Claim 41 wherein Z represents a nitrogen atom.
- 45. A compound of Claim 41 wherein R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydrido, alkyl, hydroxyalkyl and alkynyl.
  - 46. A compound of Claim 41 wherein R1 is hydrido.
- 47. A compound of Claim 41 wherein R<sup>2</sup> is cyclohexyl substituted with one or more substituents selected from optionally substituted lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkylaminoalkylene and cycloalkylamino.
- 48. A compound of Claim 41 wherein R<sup>4</sup> is optionally substituted phenyl.
- 49. A compound of Claim 41 wherein R<sup>4</sup> is phenyl optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals independently selected from chloro, fluoro, bromo and iodo.
- 50. A compound of Claim 41 wherein R4 is phenyl optionally substituted at the meta or para position with

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one or more chloro radicals.

- 51. A compound of Claim 41 wherein R<sup>5</sup> is hydrido.
- 52. A compound of Claim 41 having Formula XXIA:

wherein:

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Z represents a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom;  $R^{403}$  is selected from hydroxyalkyl,

5 alkylaminoalkylene and cycloalkylamino; and

R<sup>404a</sup> and R<sup>404b</sup> are independently selected from hydrogen, halo, haloalkyl, haloalkoxy, alkoxy, cyano, hydroxy, alkyl, alkenyl, and alkynyl, wherein said haloalkyl, haloalkoxy, alkoxy, hydroxy, alkyl, alkenyl, and alkynyl substituents may be optionally substituted with one or more alkylene, alkenylene, alkynylene, hydroxy, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, cyano, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfinyl, alkylthio, alkoxyalkyl, aryloxy, heterocyclyl, and heteroaralkoxy; and

R<sup>405</sup> is selected from hydrogen, aryl, alkylamino, alkylthio, alkyloxy, aryloxy, arylamino, arylthio, aralkoxy, wherein said aryl, alkylamino, alkylthio, alkyloxy, aryloxy, arylamino, arylthio, aralkoxy

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substituents may be optionally substituted with one or more alkylene, alkenylene, hydroxy, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, cyano, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfinyl, alkylthio, alkoxyalkyl, aryloxy, heterocyclyl, and heteroaralkoxy; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

53. A compound of Claim 52 wherein:

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heteroaralkoxy; and

R403 is selected from lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkylaminoalkylene and cycloalkylamino; and

R<sup>404a</sup> and R<sup>404b</sup> are independently selected from hydrogen, halo, lower haloalkyl, lower haloalkoxy, lower alkoxy, cyano, hydroxy, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, and lower alkynyl, wherein said lower haloalkyl, lower haloalkoxy, lower alkoxy, cyano, hydroxy, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, and lower alkynyl substituents may be optionally substituted with one or more lower alkylene, lower alkenylene, lower alkynylene, hydroxy, halo, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, cyano, lower alkylsulfonyl, lower alkylsulfinyl, lower alkylthio,

15 R<sup>405</sup> is selected from hydrogen, phenyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkylthio, lower alkyloxy, phenyloxy, phenylamino, phenylthio, and phenylalkoxy, wherein said phenyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkylthio, lower alkyloxy, phenyloxy, phenylamino, phenylthio, and phenylalkoxy may be optionally substituted with one or more lower alkylene, lower alkenylene, hydroxy, halo, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, cyano, lower alkylsulfonyl, lower alkylsulfinyl, lower alkylthio, lower alkoxyalkyl, phenyloxy, heterocyclyl, and lower heteroaralkoxy; or

lower alkoxyalkyl, phenyloxy, heterocyclyl, and lower

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

- 54. A compound of Claim 52 wherein Z represents a carbon atom.
- 55. A compound of Claim 52 wherein Z represents a nitrogen atom.
- 56. A compound of Claim 52 wherein R<sup>403</sup> is optionally substituted hydroxyalkyl.
- 57. A compound of Claim 52 wherein  $R^{403}$  is optionally substituted alkylaminoalkylene.
- 58. A compound of Claim 57 wherein R403 is optionally substituted dialkylaminoalkylene.
- 59. A compound of Claim 52 wherein R403 is optionally substituted cycloalkylamino.
- 60. A compound of Claim 52 wherein  $R^{404a}$  is selected from chloro, fluoro, bromo and iodo.
- 61. A compound of Claim 52 wherein  $R^{404a}$  is metachloro or para-chloro.
  - 62. A compound of Claim 52 wherein  $R^{405}$  is hydrido.
- 63. A compound of Claim 52 wherein:  $R^{403} \text{ is optionally substituted lower hydroxyalkyl;} \\ R^{404a} \text{ is selected from chloro, fluoro, bromo and iodo;} \\ \text{and} \\$

R405 is hydrido.

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64. A compound of Claim 52 wherein:

R<sup>403</sup> is selected from optionally substituted hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl and hydroxybutyl;

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 $R^{404a}$  is selected from chloro, fluoro, bromo and iodo; and

R405 is hydrido.

- 65. A compound of Claim 64 wherein  $R^{404a}$  is metachloro or para-chloro.
- 66. A compound of Claim 52 wherein: R403 is optionally substituted lower alkylaminoalkylene;

 $R^{404a}$  is selected from chloro, fluoro, bromo and iodo; and

R405 is hydrido.

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67. A compound of Claim 52 wherein:

R<sup>403</sup> is selected from optionally substituted
methylaminomethylene, methylaminoethylene,
methylaminopropylene, ethylaminomethylene,
5 ethylaminoethylene, ethylaminopropylene,
propylaminomethylene, propylaminoethylene,
propylaminopropylene, dimethylaminomethylene,
dimethylaminoethylene, dimethylaminopropylene,
diethylaminomethylene, diethylaminoethylene,
diethylaminopropylene, dipropylaminomethylene,
dipropylaminoethylene, and dipropylaminopropylene;
R<sup>404a</sup> is selected from chloro, fluoro, bromo and iodo;
and

R<sup>405</sup> is hydrido.

- 68. A compound of Claim 67 wherein  $R^{404a}$  is metachloro or para-chloro.
- 69. A compound of Claim 52 wherein:  $R^{403} \text{ is optionally substituted cycloalkylamino;} \\ R^{404a} \text{ is selected from chloro, fluoro, bromo and iodo;} \\ \text{and} \\$

5  $R^{405}$  is hydrido.

70. A compound of Claim 52 wherein:

R<sup>403</sup> is selected from optionally substituted cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl and cyclohexyl;

R<sup>404a</sup> is selected from chloro, fluoro, bromo and iodo;

and

R<sup>405</sup> is hydrido.

# 71. A compound of Formula XXIB:

wherein:

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Z represents a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom;

R<sup>403</sup> is selected from alkylamino; and

R<sup>404a</sup> and R<sup>404b</sup> are independently selected from
hydrogen, halo, haloalkyl, haloalkoxy, alkoxy, cyano,
hydroxy, alkyl, alkenyl, and alkynyl, wherein said
haloalkyl, haloalkoxy, alkoxy, hydroxy, alkyl, alkenyl,
and alkynyl substituents may be optionally substituted
with one or more alkylene, alkenylene, alkynylene,
hydroxy, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro,

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cyano, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfinyl, alkylthio,
alkoxyalkyl, aryloxy, heterocyclyl, and heteroaralkoxy;
and

R405 is selected from hydrogen, aryl, alkylamino, alkylthio, alkyloxy, aryloxy, arylamino, arylthio, aralkoxy, wherein said aryl, alkylamino, alkylthio, alkyloxy, aryloxy, arylamino, arylthio, aralkoxy substituents may be optionally substituted with one or more alkylene, alkenylene, hydroxy, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, cyano, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfinyl, alkylthio, alkoxyalkyl, aryloxy, heterocyclyl, and heteroaralkoxy; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

72. A compound of Claim 71 wherein:

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R<sup>403</sup> is selected from lower alkylamino; and R<sup>404a</sup> and R<sup>404b</sup> are independently selected from hydrogen, halo, lower haloalkyl, lower haloalkoxy, lower alkoxy, cyano, hydroxy, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, and lower alkynyl, wherein said lower haloalkyl, lower haloalkoxy, lower alkoxy, cyano, hydroxy, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, and lower alkynyl substituents may be optionally substituted with one or more lower alkylene, lower alkenylene, lower alkynylene, hydroxy, halo, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, cyano, lower alkylsulfonyl, lower alkylsulfinyl, lower alkylthio, lower alkoxyalkyl, phenyloxy, heterocyclyl, and lower heteroaralkoxy; and

R405 is selected from hydrogen, phenyl, lower
alkylamino, lower alkylthio, lower alkyloxy, phenyloxy,
phenylamino, phenylthio, and phenylalkoxy, wherein said
phenyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkylthio, lower
alkyloxy, phenyloxy, phenylamino, phenylthio, and
phenylalkoxy may be optionally substituted with one or
more lower alkylene, lower alkenylene, hydroxy, halo,

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lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, cyano, lower alkylsulfonyl, lower alkylsulfinyl, lower alkylthio, lower alkoxyalkyl, phenyloxy, heterocyclyl, and lower heteroaralkoxy; or

- a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.
  - 73. A compound of Claim 71 wherein Z represents a carbon atom.
  - 74. A compound of Claim 71 wherein Z represents a nitrogen atom.
  - 75. A compound of Claim 71 wherein  $R^{403}$  is optionally substituted dialkylamino.
  - 76. A compound of Claim 71 wherein R<sup>404a</sup> is selected from chloro, fluoro, bromo and iodo.
  - 77. A compound of Claim 71 wherein R<sup>404a</sup> is metachloro or para-chloro.
    - 78. A compound of Claim 71 wherein  $R^{405}$  is hydrido.
  - 79. A compound of Claim 71 wherein:  $R^{403} \text{ is optionally substituted lower alkylamino;} \\ R^{404a} \text{ is selected from chloro, fluoro, bromo and iodo;} \\ \text{and} \\$
  - 5 R<sup>405</sup> is hydrido.
    - 80. A compound of Claim 71 wherein:

      R<sup>403</sup> is selected from optionally substituted
      methylamino, ethylamino, n-propylamino, isopropylamino,
      n-butylamino, sec-butylamino, t-butylamino,
  - isobutylamino, dimethylamino, diethylamino, di-n-propylamino, di-isopropylamino, di-n-butylamino, di-sec-

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butylamino, di-t-butylamino, and di-isobutylamino;
 R<sup>404a</sup> is selected from chloro, fluoro, bromo and iodo;
and

10  $R^{405}$  is hydrido.

- 81. A compound of Claim 80 wherein  $R^{404a}$  is metachloro or para-chloro.
  - 82. A compound Formula XXII:

wherein:

Z represents a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom;  $R^{406}$  is alkynyl; and

- R407a and R407b are independently selected from hydrogen, halo, haloalkyl, haloalkoxy, alkoxy, cyano, hydroxy, alkyl, alkenyl, and alkynyl, wherein said haloalkyl, haloalkoxy, alkoxy, hydroxy, alkyl, alkenyl, and alkynyl substituents may be optionally substituted with one or more alkylene, alkenylene, alkynylene, hydroxy, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, cyano, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfinyl, alkylthio, alkoxyalkyl, aryloxy, heterocyclyl, and heteroaralkoxy; and
- 15 R<sup>408</sup> is selected from hydrogen, aryl, alkylamino, alkylthio, alkyloxy, aryloxy, arylamino, arylthio,

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aralkoxy, wherein said aryl, alkylamino, alkylthio, alkyloxy, aryloxy, arylamino, arylthio, aralkoxy substituents may be optionally substituted with one or more alkylene, alkenylene, hydroxy, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, cyano, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfinyl, alkylthio, alkoxyalkyl, aryloxy, heterocyclyl, and heteroaralkoxy; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

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83. A compound of Claim 82 wherein:

R<sup>406</sup> is selected from lower alkynyl; and

R<sup>407a</sup> and R<sup>407b</sup> are independently selected from
hydrogen, halo, lower haloalkyl, lower haloalkoxy, lower
alkoxy, cyano, hydroxy, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, and
lower alkynyl, wherein said lower haloalkyl, lower
haloalkoxy, lower alkoxy, cyano, hydroxy, lower alkyl,
lower alkenyl, and lower alkynyl substituents may be
optionally substituted with one or more lower alkylene,
lower alkenylene, lower alkynylene, hydroxy, halo, lower
haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, cyano, lower
alkylsulfonyl, lower alkylsulfinyl, lower alkylthio,
lower alkoxyalkyl, phenyloxy, heterocyclyl, and lower
heteroaralkoxy; and

R<sup>408</sup> is selected from hydrogen, phenyl, lower
alkylamino, lower alkylthio, lower alkyloxy, phenyloxy,
phenylamino, phenylthio, and phenylalkoxy, wherein said
phenyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkylthio, lower
alkyloxy, phenyloxy, phenylamino, phenylthio, and
phenylalkoxy may be optionally substituted with one or
more lower alkylene, lower alkenylene, hydroxy, halo,
lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, cyano,
lower alkylsulfonyl, lower alkylsulfinyl, lower
alkylthio, lower alkoxyalkyl, phenyloxy, heterocyclyl,
and lower heteroaralkoxy; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer

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thereof.

- 84. A compound of Claim 82 wherein Z represents a carbon atom.
- 85. A compound of Claim 82 wherein Z represents a nitrogen atom.
- 86. A compound of Claim 82 wherein R<sup>407a</sup> is selected from chloro, fluoro, bromo and iodo.
- 87. A compound of Claim 82 wherein  $\mathbb{R}^{407a}$  is metachloro or para-chloro.
  - 88. A compound of Claim 82 wherein R408 is hydrido.
  - 89. A compound of Claim 82 wherein:

R<sup>406</sup> is optionally substituted lower alkynyl;

 $\mathbb{R}^{407a}$  is selected from chloro, fluoro, bromo and iodo; and

5 R<sup>408</sup> is hydrido.

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90. A compound of Claim 82 wherein:

 $\mathbb{R}^{406}$  is selected from optionally substituted ethynyl, propynyl and butynyl;

 ${\rm R}^{\rm 407a}$  is selected from chloro, fluoro, bromo and iodo; and

R<sup>408</sup> is hydrido.

- 91. A compound of Claim 82 wherein  $R^{406}$  is propargyl.
- 92. A compound of Claim 82 wherein  $\mathbb{R}^{407a}$  is metachloro or para-chloro.
  - 93. A compound of Formula IA

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wherein

R1 is selected from hydrido, hydroxy, alkyl, 5 cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, haloalkyl, haloalkenyl, haloalkynyl, hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl, hydroxyalkynyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, aralkynyl, 10 arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, alkynoxyalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, alkoxyaryl, heterocyclyloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkoxy, mercaptoalkyl, alkylthioalkylene, alkenylthioalkylene, alkylthioalkenylene, amino, aminoalkyl, alkylamino, 15 alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, alkylsulfinyl, alkenylsulfinyl, alkynylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, heterocyclylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkenylsulfonyl, alkynylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, heterocyclylsulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylene, 20 alkylsulfonylalkylene, acyl, acyloxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylalkylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene,

heterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, alkylcarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, arylcarbonyloxyalkylene, heterocyclylcarbonyloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyarylene, arylcarbonyloxyarylene, and

30 heterocyclylcarbonyloxyarylene; or R<sup>1</sup> has the formula

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & R^{25} & O & R^{26} \\
 & C & CH_2 & CH_2 & CH_2 \\
 & R^{27} & CH_2
\end{array}$$
(II)

# wherein:

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i is an integer from 0 to 9;

R<sup>25</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and

R<sup>26</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkylalkylene, aralkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and alkylaminoalkyl; and

R<sup>27</sup> is selected from alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, cycloalkylarylene, cycloalkylcycloalkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylarylene, alkylaralkyl, aralkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene,

alkoxyaralkyl, alkoxyheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, aralkoxyarylene, alkoxyheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkoxyarylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, aminoalkyl,

aralkylheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene,

alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkoxyarylaminocarbonylalkylene, aminocarbonylalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkylaminocarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, alkylaryloxycarbonylarylene,

arylcarbonylarylene, alkylarylcarbonylarylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylarylene, alkoxycarbonylalkoxylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylalkylarylene, alkylthioalkylene, cycloalkylthioalkylene, alkylthioarylene,

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aralkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene,
arylthioalklylarylene, arylsulfonylaminoalkylene,
alkylsulfonylarylene, and alkylaminosulfonylarylene;
wherein said alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl,
aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene,
alkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene

alkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, alkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene, arylthioalklylarylene, and alkylsulfonylarylene groups may be optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or

R<sup>27</sup> is -CHR<sup>28</sup>R<sup>29</sup> wherein R<sup>28</sup> is alkoxycarbonyl, and R<sup>29</sup> is selected from aralkyl, aralkoxyalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkylthioalkylene, and aralkylthioalkylene; wherein said aralkyl and heterocylcyl groups may be optionally substituted with

and nitro; or

and

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R<sup>26</sup> and R<sup>27</sup> together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocycle, wherein said heterocycle is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylene,

one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl

alkylheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkylaryloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aralkoxycarbonyl, alkylamino and alkoxycarbonylamino; wherein said aryl, heterocyclylalkylene and aryloxyalkylene radicals may be optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halogen, alkyl and alkoxy;

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from mercapto,
aryl(hydroxyalkyl)amino, N-alkyl-N-alkynyl-amino,
aminocarbonylalkylene, alkylcarbonylaminoalkylene,

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aminoalkylcarbonylaminoalkylene,
       alkylaminoalkylcarbonylamino, aminoalkylthio,
       alkylaminocarbonylalkylthio,
       alkylaminoalkylaminocarbonylalkylthio, cyanoalkylthio,
       alkenylthio, alkynylthio, carboxyalkylthio,
105
       alkoxycarbonylalkylthio, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl,
       alkoxyalkyl, alkoxyalkylthio, alkoxycarbonylalkylamino,
       alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylene, alkoxycarbonylaminoalkoxy,
       aralkythio, heterocyclylalkylthio, aminoalkoxy,
       cyanoalkoxy, carboxyalkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy,
110
       alkenyloxy, alkynyloxy, and heterocyclylalkyloxy; or
              R^2 is R^{200}-heterocyclyl-R^{201}, R^{200}-aryl-R^{201}, or R^{200}-
       cycloalkyl-R201 wherein:
              R<sup>200</sup> is selected from:
              -(CR^{202}R^{203})_{v}-;
115
              -C(0)-;
              -C(O)-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>v</sub>-;
              -C(O) -O - (CH_2)_v - ;
              -(CH_2)_v-C(O)-;
120
              -O-(CH_2)_v-C(O)-;
              -NR^{202}-;
              -NR^{202}-(CH_2)_{v}-;
              -(CH_2)_v-NR^{202}-;
              -(CH_2)_v - NR^{202} - (CH_2)_z - ;
              -(CH_2)_v-C(O)-NR^{202}-(CH_2)_z-;
125
              -(CH_2)_v - NR^{202} - C(O) - (CH_2)_z - ;
               -(CH_2)_v - NR^{202} - C(O) - NR^{203} - (CH_2)_z - ;
               -S(O)_{x}-(CR^{202}R^{203})_{y}-;
              -(CR^{202}R^{203})_{v}-S(O)_{x}-;
              -S(O)_{x}-(CR^{202}R^{203})_{y}-O-;
130
              -S(O)_{v}-(CR^{202}R^{203})_{v}-C(O)-;
               -O-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>v</sub>-;
               - (CH<sub>2</sub>),-O-;
               -S-; and
135
               -0-;
               or R<sup>200</sup> represents a bond;
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 $R^{201}$  represents one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of hydroxy, hydroxyalkyl, cycloalkyl, hydroxyalkylcarbonyl, cycloalkylcarbonyl,

- arylcarbonyl, haloarylcarbonyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, carboxyalkylcarbonyl, alkoxyalkylcarbonyl, heterocyclylalkylcarbonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene, aminoalkyl, aralkylamino, alkylaminoalkylene, aminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino,
- alkylcarbonylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoalkylcarbonyl, alkylaminoalkylcarbonylamino, aminoalkylcarbonylaminoalkyl, alkoxycarbonylamino, alkoxyalkylcarbonylamino, alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylene, alkylimidocarbonyl, amidino, alkylamidino,
- aralkylamidino, guanidino, guanidinoalkylene, and alkylsulfonylamino; and

 $R^{202}$  and  $R^{203}$  are independently selected from hydrido, alkyl, aryl and aralkyl; and

y and z are independently 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 wherein y + z is less than or equal to 6; and

x is 0, 1 or 2; or

 $\mbox{R}^2$  is  $\mbox{-NHCR}^{204}\mbox{R}^{205}$  wherein  $\mbox{R}^{204}$  is alkylaminoalkylene, and  $\mbox{R}^{205}$  is aryl; or

 $R^2$  is  $-C(NR^{206})R^{207}$  wherein  $R^{206}$  is selected from hydrogen and hydroxy, and  $R^{207}$  is selected from alkyl, aryl and aralkyl; and

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl, maleimidyl, pyridonyl, thiazolyl, thiazolylalkyl, thiazolylamino,

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wherein the R<sup>3</sup> pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl, maleimidyl, pyridonyl, thiazolyl, thiazolylalkyl, thiazolylamino,

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groups may be optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, keto, alkyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, aralkoxy, heterocyclylalkoxy, amino, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, cycloalkylamino, cycloalkenylamino, arylamino, haloarylamino, heterocyclylamino, aminocarbonyl, cyano, hydroxy, 180 hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkenoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkylamino, alkylaminoalkoxy, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, heterocyclyloxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylamino, alkoxyarylamino, alkoxyaralkylamino, aminosulfinyl, aminosulfonyl, alkylsulfonylamino, 185 alkylaminoalkylamino, hydroxyalkylamino, aralkylamino, aryl(hydroxyalkyl)amino, alkylaminoalkylaminoalkylamino, alkylheterocyclylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, alkylheterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylheterocyclylamino, heterocyclylheterocyclylalkylamino, 190 alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylamino, nitro, alkylaminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino, haloalkylsulfonyl, aminoalkyl, haloalkyl, alkylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, alkylhydrazinyl, arylhydrazinyl, and -NR44R45 wherein R44 is alkylcarbonyl or amino, and R45 is alkyl or 195

aralkyl; and R4 is selected from hydrido, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, and heterocyclyl, wherein R4 is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylthioalkylene, arylthioalkylene, alkylsulfinyl,

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alkylsulfinylalkylene, arylsulfinylalkylene, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene,

arylsulfonylalkylene, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, arylaminocarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, haloalkyl, amino, cyano, nitro, alkylamino, arylamino, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoalkylene, aminoalkylamino, and hydroxy;

provided R<sup>3</sup> is not 2-pyridinyl when R<sup>4</sup> is a phenyl ring containing a 2-hydroxy substituent and when R<sup>1</sup> is hydrido; and

further provided  $R^2$  is selected from  $-R^{200}$ -heterocyclyl- $R^{201}$ ,  $-R^{200}$ -aryl- $R^{201}$ , or  $-R^{200}$ -unsubstituted cycloalkyl- $R^{201}$  when  $R^4$  is hydrido; and

further provided that R4 is not methylsulfonylphenyl or aminosulfonylphenyl; and

further provided that  $R^1$  is not methylsulfonylphenyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

### 94. A compound of Formula IXA:

wherein

Z represents a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom; and  $R^1$  is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, lower

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hydroxyalkyl, lower alkynyl, lower aralkyl, lower
     aminoalkyl and lower alkylaminoalkyl; and
           R<sup>2</sup> is lower hydroxyalkylamino; or
           R^2 is R^{200}-heterocyclyl-R^{201} or R^{200}-cycloalkyl-R^{201}
10
     wherein:
           R<sup>200</sup> is selected from:
           -(CR^{202}R^{203}), -;
           -NR^{202}-;
           -NR^{202} - (CH_2)_{v} - ;
           -(CH_2)_v - NR^{202} - ;
15
           -O- (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>v</sub>-;
           - (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>v</sub>-O-;
           -S-;
           -0-;
           or R<sup>200</sup> represents a bond;
20
           R<sup>201</sup> represents one or more radicals selected from
     the group consisting of hydroxy, lower hydroxyalkyl,
     lower cycloalkyl; lower hydroxyalkylcarbonyl, lower
     cycloalkylcarbonyl, arylcarbonyl, haloarylcarbonyl, lower
25
     alkoxyalkylene, lower alkoxyarylene, lower
     carboxyalkylcarbonyl, lower alkoxyalkylcarbonyl, lower
     heterocyclylalkylcarbonyl, lower alkylsulfonylalkylene,
     amino, lower aminoalkyl, lower aralkylamino, lower
     alkylaminoalkylene, aminocarbonyl, lower
30
     alkylcarbonylamino, lower alkylcarbonylaminoalkylene,
     lower alkylaminoalkylcarbonyl, lower
     alkylaminoalkylcarbonylamino, lower
     aminoalkylcarbonylaminoalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonylamino,
     lower alkoxyalkylcarbonylamino, lower
35
     alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylene, lower alkylimidocarbonyl,
     amidino, lower alkylamidino, lower aralkylamidino,
     guanidino, lower guanidinoalkylene, and lower
     alkylsulfonylamino; and
           R<sup>202</sup> and R<sup>203</sup> are independently selected from hydrido,
40
     lower alkyl, aryl and lower aralkyl; and
```

y is 0, 1, 2 or 3; and

5

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl, naphthyl, wherein said aryl is optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, aryloxy, lower aralkoxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkylthio, lower alkylamino, nitro, and hydroxy; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrido, halo, amino, cyano, aminocarbonyl, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, hydroxy, lower 50 aminoalkyl, lower aralkyl, lower aralkyloxy, lower aralkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino, lower hydroxyalkylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower aralkenyl, lower arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, lower 55 cycloalkylamino, lower hydroxycycloalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylamino, lower alkoxyaralkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower aralkylheterocyclylamino, lower alkylaminocarbonyl, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower 60 alkoxyaralkylamino, hydrazinyl, and lower alkylhydrazinyl, or -NR<sup>62</sup>R<sup>63</sup> wherein R<sup>62</sup> is lower alkylcarbonyl or amino, and R<sup>63</sup> is lower alkyl or lower phenylalkyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer 65 thereof.

- 95. A compound of Claim 94 wherein  $R^2$  is  $R^{200}$ -heterocyclyl- $R^{201}$ .
- 96. A compound of Claim 94 wherein  $R^2$  is  $R^{200}$ -cycloalkyl- $R^{201}$ .
  - 97. A compound of Claim 94 wherein:

R¹ is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, hydroxyethyl and propargyl; and

 $R^2$  is  $R^{200}$ -piperidinyl- $R^{201}$ ,  $R^{200}$ -piperazinyl- $R^{201}$ , or  $R^{200}$ -cyclohexyl- $R^{201}$  wherein:

R<sup>200</sup> is selected from:

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-(CR^{202}R^{203})_{v}-;
          -NR^{202}-;
          -S-:
10
          -0-;
          or R<sup>200</sup> represents a bond:
          R<sup>201</sup> represents one or more radicals selected from
     the group consisting of hydroxy, hydroxymethyl,
     hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, hydroxybutyl, (1-hydroxy-
15
     1,1-dimethyl)ethyl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl,
     cyclohexyl, methoxymethylene, methoxyethylene,
     methoxypropylene, ethoxyethylene, ethoxypropylene,
     propoxyethylene, propoxypropylene, methoxyphenylene,
     ethoxyphenylene, propoxyphenylene, cyclopropylcarbonyl,
20
     cyclobutylcarbonyl, cyclopentylcarbonyl,
     cyclohexylcarbonyl, benzoyl, chlorobenzoyl,
     fluorobenzoyl, hydroxymethylcarbonyl,
     hydroxyethylcarbonyl, hydroxypropylcarbonyl,
     carboxymethylcarbonyl, carboxyethylcarbonyl,
25
     carboxypropylcarbonyl, methoxymethylcarbonyl,
     methoxyethylcarbonyl, methoxypropylcarbonyl,
     ethoxymethylcarbonyl, ethoxyethylcarbonyl,
     ethoxypropylcarbonyl, propoxymethylcarbonyl,
     propoxyethylcarbonyl, propoxypropylcarbonyl,
30
     methoxyphenylcarbonyl, ethoxyphenylcarbonyl,
     propoxyphenylcarbonyl, piperidinylmethylcarbonyl,
     piperazinylmethylcarbonyl, morpholinylcarbonyl,
     methylsulfonylmethylene, amino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl,
     aminopropyl, phenylamino, benzylamino,
35
     methylaminomethylene, ethylaminomethylene,
     methylaminoethylene, ethylaminoethylene, aminocarbonyl,
     methylcarbonylamino, ethylcarbonylamino,
     methylaminomethylcarbonyl, ethylaminomethylcarbonyl,
     methylcarbonylaminomethylene,
     ethylcarbonylaminomethylene,
40
     aminomethylcarbonylaminocarbonylmethylene,
     methoxycarbonylamino, ethoxycarbonylamino,
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methoxymethylcarbonylamino, methoxyethylcarbonylamino, ethoxymethylcarbonylamino, ethoxyethylcarbonylamino, methoxycarbonylaminomethylene, ethoxycarbonylaminomethylene, methylimidocarbonyl, ethylimidocarbonyl, amidino, methylamidino, methylamidino, benzylamidino, guanidino, guanidinomethylene, guanidinoethylene, and methylsulfonylamino; and

 $R^{202}$  and  $R^{203}$  are independently selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propyl, butyl, phenyl and benzyl; and y is 0, 1 or 2; and

R<sup>4</sup> is phenyl, wherein said phenyl is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro, bromo, iodo, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and hydroxy; and

55

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrido, fluoro, chloro, bromo, iodo, hydroxy, methyl, ethyl, propyl, benzyl, fluorophenylethyl, fluorophenylethenyl, fluorophenylpyrazolyl, cyano, carboxy, methoxy, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, acetyl, methylamino, dimethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino, ethylamino,

- dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxyethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxybutylamino, hydroxycyclopropylamino, hydroxycyclobutylamino, hydroxycyclopentylamino, hydroxycyclohexylamino, imidazolylamino, morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2-
- hydroxy) ethylamino, piperidinylamino,
  pyridinylmethylamino, phenylmethylpiperidinylamino,
  aminomethyl, cyclopropylamino, amino,
  ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino,
  phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino,
- fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminoethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, methylaminopropylamino, dimethylaminopropylamino, methylaminobutylamino, dimethylaminobutylamino, methylaminopentylamino,

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dimethylaminopentylamino, ethylaminoethylamino,
diethylaminoethylamino, ethylaminopropylamino,
diethylaminopropylamino, ethylaminobutylamino,
diethylaminobutylamino, ethylaminopentylamino,
methylaminocarbonyl, methylcarbonyl, ethylcarbonyl,
hydrazinyl, and 1-methylhydrazinyl, or -NR<sup>62</sup>R<sup>63</sup> wherein R<sup>62</sup>
is methylcarbonyl or amino, and R<sup>63</sup> is methyl or benzyl;
or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

- 98. A compound of Claim 97 wherein  $R^2$  is  $R^{200}$ -piperidinyl- $R^{201}$ .
- 99. A compound of Claim 97 wherein  $R^2$  is  $R^{200}$ -pyrazinyl- $R^{201}$ .
- 100. A compound of Claim 97 wherein  $R^2$  is  $R^{200}$ -cyclohexyl- $R^{201}$ .
  - 101. A compound of Claim 94 having the Formula XA:

#### wherein:

5

Z represents a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom; and  $R^1$  is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl,

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hydroxyethyl and propargyl; and
          R<sup>2</sup> is R<sup>200</sup>-piperidinyl-R<sup>201</sup> wherein:
          R<sup>200</sup> is selected from:
           - (CR<sup>202</sup>R<sup>203</sup>),-;
           -NR^{202}-;
10
          -S-;
           -0-;
          or R<sup>200</sup> represents a bond;
          {\bf R}^{{\bf 201}} represents one or more radicals selected from
     the group consisting of hydroxy, hydroxymethyl,
15
     hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, hydroxybutyl, (1-hydroxy-
     1,1-dimethyl)ethyl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl,
     cyclohexyl, methoxymethylene, methoxyethylene,
     methoxypropylene, ethoxyethylene, ethoxypropylene,
20
     propoxyethylene, propoxypropylene, methoxyphenylene,
     ethoxyphenylene, propoxyphenylene, cyclopropylcarbonyl,
     cyclobutylcarbonyl, cyclopentylcarbonyl,
     cyclohexylcarbonyl, benzoyl, chlorobenzoyl,
     fluorobenzoyl, hydroxymethylcarbonyl,
25
     hydroxyethylcarbonyl, hydroxypropylcarbonyl,
     carboxymethylcarbonyl, carboxyethylcarbonyl,
     carboxypropylcarbonyl, methoxymethylcarbonyl,
     methoxyethylcarbonyl, methoxypropylcarbonyl,
     ethoxymethylcarbonyl, ethoxyethylcarbonyl,
30
     ethoxypropylcarbonyl, propoxymethylcarbonyl,
     propoxyethylcarbonyl, propoxypropylcarbonyl,
     methoxyphenylcarbonyl, ethoxyphenylcarbonyl,
     propoxyphenylcarbonyl, piperidinylmethylcarbonyl,
     piperazinylmethylcarbonyl, morpholinylcarbonyl,
35
     methylsulfonylmethylene, amino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl,
     aminopropyl, N-methylamino, N, N-dimethylamino, N-
     ethylamino, N,N-diethylamino, N-propylamino, N,N-
     dipropylamino, phenylamino, benzylamino,
     methylaminomethylene, ethylaminomethylene,
40
     methylaminoethylene, ethylaminoethylene, aminocarbonyl,
     methylcarbonylamino, ethylcarbonylamino,
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methylaminomethylcarbonyl, ethylaminomethylcarbonyl, methylcarbonylaminomethylene, ethylcarbonylaminomethylene,

- aminomethylcarbonylaminocarbonylmethylene,
  methoxycarbonylamino, ethoxycarbonylamino,
  methoxymethylcarbonylamino, methoxyethylcarbonylamino,
  ethoxymethylcarbonylamino, ethoxyethylcarbonylamino,
  methoxycarbonylaminomethylene,
- ethoxycarbonylaminomethylene, methylimidocarbonyl, ethylimidocarbonyl, amidino, methylamidino, methylamidino, benzylamidino, guanidino, guanidinomethylene, guanidinoethylene, and methylsulfonylamino; and
- R<sup>202</sup> and R<sup>203</sup> are independently selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propyl, butyl, phenyl and benzyl; and y is 0, 1 or 2; and

R<sup>4</sup> is phenyl, wherein said phenyl is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, methyl, ethyl, methoxy and ethoxy; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrido, fluoro, chloro, bromo, hydroxy, methyl, ethyl, propyl, benzyl, cyano, carboxy, methoxy, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, acetyl,

- 65 methylamino, dimethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino, ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxyethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxybutylamino, hydroxycyclopropylamino, hydroxycyclobutylamino, hydroxycyclopentylamino, hydroxycyclohexylamino,
- imidazolylamino, morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2hydroxy)ethylamino, piperidinylamino, pyridinylmethylamino, phenylmethylpiperidinylamino, aminomethyl, cyclopropylamino, amino, ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino,
- 75 phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminoethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, methylaminopropylamino,

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dimethylaminopropylamino, methylaminobutylamino,
     dimethylaminobutylamino, methylaminopentylamino,
80
     dimethylaminopentylamino, ethylaminoethylamino,
     diethylaminoethylamino, ethylaminopropylamino,
     diethylaminopropylamino, ethylaminobutylamino,
     diethylaminobutylamino, ethylaminopentylamino,
     methylaminocarbonyl, methylcarbonyl, and ethylcarbonyl;
85
     or
          a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer
     thereof.
                A compound of Claim 101 wherein:
          R1 is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl,
     hydroxyethyl and propargyl; and
          R^2 is R^{200}-piperidinyl-R^{201} wherein:
 5
          R<sup>200</sup> is selected from:
          methylene;
          -NR^{202}-:
          -S-;
          -0-;
10
          or R<sup>200</sup> represents a bond:
          R^{201} represents one or more radicals selected from
     the group consisting of hydroxy, hydroxymethyl,
     hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, (1-hydroxy-1,1-
     dimethyl) ethyl, methoxymethyl, methoxyethyl,
15
     methoxypropyl, ethoxyethyl, ethoxypropyl, propoxyethyl,
     propoxypropyl, methoxyphenyl, ethoxyphenyl,
     propoxyphenyl, hydroxymethylcarbonyl,
     hydroxyethylcarbonyl, carboxymethylcarbonyl,
     carboxyethylcarbonyl, methoxymethylcarbonyl,
20
     methoxyethylcarbonyl, methoxypropylcarbonyl,
     ethoxymethylcarbonyl, ethoxyethylcarbonyl,
     ethoxypropylcarbonyl, propoxymethylcarbonyl,
     propoxyethylcarbonyl, propoxypropylcarbonyl,
     methoxyphenylcarbonyl, ethoxyphenylcarbonyl,
25
     propoxyphenylcarbonyl, methylsulfonylmethylene, amino,
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aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminopropyl, N-benzylamino, methylaminomethylene, aminocarbonyl, methoxycarbonylamino, ethoxycarbonylamino, or methylsulfonylamino; and

 $R^{202}$  is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, phenyl and benzyl; and

R<sup>4</sup> is phenyl, wherein said phenyl is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, methyl, ethyl, methoxy and ethoxy; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrido, fluoro, chloro, bromo, hydroxy, methyl, ethyl, cyano, carboxy, methoxy, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, acetyl, methylamino, dimethylamino, ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino,

- hydroxyethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxybutylamino, hydroxycyclopropylamino, hydroxycyclobutylamino, hydroxycyclohexylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino, aminomethyl, cyclopropylamino, amino, ethoxycarbonylamino,
- 45 methoxyphenylmethylamino, phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminoethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, methylaminopropylamino, dimethylaminopropylamino, methylaminobutylamino, dimethylaminobutylamino,

35

methylaminopentylamino, dimethylaminopentylamino, ethylaminoethylamino, diethylaminoethylamino, ethylaminopropylamino, diethylaminopropylamino, ethylaminobutylamino, diethylaminobutylamino, ethylaminopentylamino, methylaminocarbonyl, methylaminopentylamino, and ethylaminocarbonyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

103. A compound of Claim 101 wherein:  $R^1$  is hydrido; and  $R^2$  is  $R^{200}$ -piperidinyl- $R^{201}$  wherein:

```
R<sup>200</sup> is selected from:
 5
          methylene;
          -NR^{202}-;
          -S-;
          -0-:
          or R<sup>200</sup> represents a bond;
          {\bf R}^{{\bf 201}} represents one or more radicals selected from
10
     the group consisting of hydroxy, hydroxymethyl,
     hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, methoxymethyl, methoxyethyl,
     methoxypropyl, ethoxyethyl, ethoxypropyl, propoxyethyl,
     propoxypropyl, methoxyphenyl, ethoxyphenyl,
15
     propoxyphenyl, hydroxymethylcarbonyl,
     hydroxyethylcarbonyl, carboxymethylcarbonyl,
     carboxyethylcarbonyl, methoxymethylcarbonyl,
     methoxyethylcarbonyl, ethoxymethylcarbonyl.
     ethoxyethylcarbonyl, methoxyphenylcarbonyl,
20
     ethoxyphenylcarbonyl, amino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl,
     aminopropyl, N-benzylamino, methylaminomethylene,
     aminocarbonyl, methoxycarbonylamino, and
     ethoxycarbonylamino; and
          R<sup>202</sup> is selected from hydrido, methyl phenyl and
25
     benzyl; and
          R4 is phenyl, wherein said phenyl is optionally
     substituted with one or more radicals independently
     selected from fluoro, chloro, methyl, and methoxy; and
          R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrido, methylamino,
30
     dimethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino, ethylamino,
     dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxypropylamino,
     hydroxyethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxybutylamino,
     hydroxycyclopropylamino, hydroxycyclobutylamino,
     hydroxycyclopentylamino, hydroxycyclohexylamino, (1-
35
     ethyl-2-hydroxy) ethylamino, aminomethyl,
     cyclopropylamino, amino, dimethylaminoethylamino,
     dimethylaminopropylamino, dimethylaminobutylamino,
     dimethylaminopentylamino, diethylaminoethylamino,
     diethylaminopropylamino, diethylaminobutylamino, and
```

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40 diethylaminopentylamino; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

104. A compound of Claim 101 wherein:
R¹ is hydrido; and
R² is R²00-piperidinyl-R²01 wherein:
R²00 is selected from:
methylene;
-NR²02-;
-S-;
-O-;

or R<sup>200</sup> represents a bond;

10 R<sup>201</sup> represents one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of methoxyethyl, methylcarbonyl, hydroxymethylcarbonyl, methoxymethylcarbonyl, and amino; and

R<sup>202</sup> is selected from hydrido and methyl; and R<sup>4</sup> is phenyl, wherein said phenyl is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, methyl, and methoxy; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrido, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxycyclohexylamino, diethylaminoethylamino; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

105. A compound of Claim 94 having the Formula XA:

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wherein:
          Z represents a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom; and
 5
          R1 is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl,
     hydroxyethyl and propargyl; and
          R^2 is R^{200}-piperazinyl-R^{201} wherein:
          R<sup>200</sup> is selected from:
          -(CR^{202}R^{203})_{v}-;
          -NR^{202}-;
10
          -S-;
          -0-:
          or R<sup>200</sup> represents a bond:
          R^{201} represents one or more radicals selected from
15
     the group consisting of hydroxy, hydroxymethyl,
     hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, hydroxybutyl, (1-hydroxy-
     1,1-dimethyl)ethyl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl,
     cyclohexyl, methoxymethylene, methoxyethylene,
     methoxypropylene, ethoxyethylene, ethoxypropylene,
20
     propoxyethylene, propoxypropylene, methoxyphenylene,
     ethoxyphenylene, propoxyphenylene, cyclopropylcarbonyl,
     cyclobutylcarbonyl, cyclopentylcarbonyl,
     cyclohexylcarbonyl, benzoyl, chlorobenzoyl,
     fluorobenzoyl, hydroxymethylcarbonyl,
25
     hydroxyethylcarbonyl, hydroxypropylcarbonyl,
     carboxymethylcarbonyl, carboxyethylcarbonyl,
     carboxypropylcarbonyl, methoxymethylcarbonyl,
     methoxyethylcarbonyl, methoxypropylcarbonyl,
     ethoxymethylcarbonyl, ethoxyethylcarbonyl,
30
     ethoxypropylcarbonyl, propoxymethylcarbonyl,
     propoxyethylcarbonyl, propoxypropylcarbonyl,
     methoxyphenylcarbonyl, ethoxyphenylcarbonyl,
     propoxyphenylcarbonyl, piperidinylmethylcarbonyl,
     piperazinylmethylcarbonyl, morpholinylcarbonyl,
35
     methylsulfonylmethylene, amino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl,
     aminopropyl, phenylamino, benzylamino,
     methylaminomethylene, ethylaminomethylene,
     methylaminoethylene, ethylaminoethylene, aminocarbonyl,
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methylcarbonylamino, ethylcarbonylamino, 40 methylaminomethylcarbonyl, ethylaminomethylcarbonyl, methylcarbonylaminomethylene, ethylcarbonylaminomethylene, aminomethylcarbonylaminocarbonylmethylene, methoxycarbonylamino, ethoxycarbonylamino, 45 methoxymethylcarbonylamino, methoxyethylcarbonylamino, ethoxymethylcarbonylamino, ethoxyethylcarbonylamino. methoxycarbonylaminomethylene, ethoxycarbonylaminomethylene, methylimidocarbonyl, ethylimidocarbonyl, amidino, methylamidino, 50 methylamidino, benzylamidino, guanidino, guanidinomethylene, guanidinoethylene, and methylsulfonylamino; and  $R^{202}$  and  $R^{203}$  are independently selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propyl, butyl, phenyl and benzyl; and 55 y is 0, 1 or 2; and R4 is phenyl, wherein said phenyl is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, methyl, ethyl, methoxy and ethoxy; and 60 R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrido, fluoro, chloro, bromo, hydroxy, methyl, ethyl, propyl, benzyl, cyano, carboxy, methoxy, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, acetyl, methylamino, dimethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino, ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxyethylamino, 65 hydroxypropylamino, hydroxybutylamino,

hydroxypropylamino, hydroxybutylamino,
hydroxycyclopropylamino, hydroxycyclobutylamino,
hydroxycyclopentylamino, hydroxycyclohexylamino,
imidazolylamino, morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2hydroxy)ethylamino, piperidinylamino,
pyridinylmethylamino, phenylmethylpiperidinylamino,
aminomethyl, cyclopropylamino, amino,
ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino,

phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino,

fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminoethylamino,

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75
      dimethylaminoethylamino, methylaminopropylamino,
      dimethylaminopropylamino, methylaminobutylamino,
      dimethylaminobutylamino, methylaminopentylamino,
      dimethylaminopentylamino, ethylaminoethylamino,
      diethylaminoethylamino, ethylaminopropylamino,
80
      diethylaminopropylamino, ethylaminobutylamino,
      diethylaminobutylamino, ethylaminopentylamino,
      methylaminocarbonyl, methylcarbonyl, and ethylcarbonyl;
      or
           a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer
 85
      thereof.
                 A compound of Claim 105 wherein:
           R1 is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl,
      hydroxyethyl and propargyl; and
           R^2 is R^{200}-piperazinyl-R^{201} wherein:
           R<sup>200</sup> is selected from:
  5
           -(CR^{202}R^{203})_{v}-;
           -NR^{202}-;
           -S-:
           -0-;
           or R<sup>200</sup> represents a bond;
 10
           R<sup>201</sup> represents one or more radicals selected from
      the group consisting of hydroxy, hydroxymethyl,
      hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, (1-hydroxy-1,1-
      dimethyl) ethyl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl,
15
      cyclohexyl, methoxymethylene, methoxyethylene,
      ethoxyethylene, methoxyphenylene, ethoxyphenylene,
      cyclopropylcarbonyl, cyclobutylcarbonyl,
      cyclopentylcarbonyl, cyclohexylcarbonyl, benzoyl,
      chlorobenzoyl, fluorobenzoyl, hydroxymethylcarbonyl,
20
      hydroxyethylcarbonyl, hydroxypropylcarbonyl,
      carboxymethylcarbonyl, carboxyethylcarbonyl,
      carboxypropylcarbonyl, methoxymethylcarbonyl,
      methoxyethylcarbonyl, methoxypropylcarbonyl,
      ethoxymethylcarbonyl, ethoxyethylcarbonyl,
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- 25 ethoxypropylcarbonyl, propoxymethylcarbonyl, propoxyethylcarbonyl, propoxypropylcarbonyl, methoxyphenylcarbonyl, ethoxyphenylcarbonyl, propoxyphenylcarbonyl, piperidinylmethylcarbonyl, piperazinylmethylcarbonyl, morpholinylcarbonyl, methylsulfonylmethylene, amino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, 30 aminopropyl, phenylamino, benzylamino, methylaminomethylene, ethylaminomethylene, methylaminoethylene, ethylaminoethylene, aminocarbonyl, methylcarbonylamino, ethylcarbonylamino, methylaminomethylcarbonyl, ethylaminomethylcarbonyl, 35 methylcarbonylaminomethylene, ethylcarbonylaminomethylene, aminomethylcarbonylaminocarbonylmethylene, methoxycarbonylamino, ethoxycarbonylamino, 40
- methoxymethylcarbonylamino, methoxyethylcarbonylamino, ethoxymethylcarbonylamino, ethoxyethylcarbonylamino, methoxycarbonylaminomethylene, ethoxycarbonylaminomethylene, and methylsulfonylamino; and
- R<sup>202</sup> and R<sup>203</sup> are independently selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, phenyl and benzyl; and y is 0, 1 or 2; and

R4 is phenyl, wherein said phenyl is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, methyl, ethyl, methoxy and ethoxy; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrido, fluoro, chloro, bromo, hydroxy, methyl, ethyl, cyano, carboxy, methoxy, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, acetyl, methylamino, dimethylamino, ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxyethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxybutylamino, hydroxycyclopropylamino, hydroxycyclobutylamino, hydroxycyclopentylamino, hydroxycyclobexylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy) ethylamino, aminomethyl,

60 cyclopropylamino, amino, ethoxycarbonylamino,

methoxyphenylmethylamino, phenylmethylamino,
fluorophenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino,
methylaminoethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino,
methylaminopropylamino, dimethylaminopropylamino,
methylaminobutylamino, dimethylaminobutylamino,
methylaminopentylamino, dimethylaminopentylamino,
ethylaminoethylamino, diethylaminoethylamino,
ethylaminopropylamino, diethylaminopropylamino,
ethylaminobutylamino, diethylaminobutylamino,
ethylaminobutylamino, methylaminocarbonyl,
methylcarbonyl, and ethylcarbonyl; or
a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomen

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

# 107. A compound of Claim 94 having the Formula XA:

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^5 \\
R^4 \\
R^2 \\
R^1 \\
R \\
XA)
\end{array}$$

wherein:

Z represents a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom; and

R¹ is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl,
hydroxyethyl and propargyl; and

R² is R²⁰⁰-cyclohexyl-R²⁰¹ wherein:

R²⁰⁰ is selected from:
-(CR²⁰²R²⁰³)<sub>y</sub>-;
-NR²⁰²-;
-S-;

-0-; or R<sup>200</sup> represents a bond:  $R^{201}$  represents one or more radicals selected from 15 the group consisting of hydroxy, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, hydroxybutyl, (1-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl)ethyl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, methoxymethylene, methoxyethylene, methoxypropylene, ethoxyethylene, ethoxypropylene, propoxyethylene, propoxypropylene, methoxyphenylene, 20 ethoxyphenylene, propoxyphenylene, cyclopropylcarbonyl, cyclobutylcarbonyl, cyclopentylcarbonyl, cyclohexylcarbonyl, benzoyl, chlorobenzoyl, fluorobenzoyl, hydroxymethylcarbonyl, 25 hydroxyethylcarbonyl, hydroxypropylcarbonyl, carboxymethylcarbonyl, carboxyethylcarbonyl, carboxypropylcarbonyl, methoxymethylcarbonyl, methoxyethylcarbonyl, methoxypropylcarbonyl, ethoxymethylcarbonyl, ethoxyethylcarbonyl, 30 ethoxypropylcarbonyl, propoxymethylcarbonyl, propoxyethylcarbonyl, propoxypropylcarbonyl, methoxyphenylcarbonyl, ethoxyphenylcarbonyl, propoxyphenylcarbonyl, piperidinylmethylcarbonyl, piperazinylmethylcarbonyl, morpholinylcarbonyl, 35 methylsulfonylmethylene, amino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminopropyl, phenylamino, benzylamino, methylaminomethylene, ethylaminomethylene, methylaminoethylene, ethylaminoethylene, aminocarbonyl, methylcarbonylamino, ethylcarbonylamino, 40 methylaminomethylcarbonyl, ethylaminomethylcarbonyl, methylcarbonylaminomethylene, ethylcarbonylaminomethylene, aminomethylcarbonylaminocarbonylmethylene, methoxycarbonylamino, ethoxycarbonylamino, 45 methoxymethylcarbonylamino, methoxyethylcarbonylamino, ethoxymethylcarbonylamino, ethoxyethylcarbonylamino, methoxycarbonylaminomethylene,

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ethoxycarbonylaminomethylene, methylimidocarbonyl, ethylimidocarbonyl, amidino, methylamidino, methylamidino, methylamidino, guanidino, guanidinomethylene, guanidinoethylene, and methylsulfonylamino; and

 $R^{202}$  and  $R^{203}$  are independently selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propyl, butyl, phenyl and benzyl; and

y is 0, 1 or 2; and

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55

R<sup>4</sup> is phenyl, wherein said phenyl is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, methyl, ethyl, methoxy and ethoxy; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrido, fluoro, chloro, bromo, hydroxy, methyl, ethyl, propyl, benzyl, cyano, carboxy, methoxy, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, acetyl, methylamino, dimethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino, ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxyethylamino,

- hydroxypropylamino, hydroxybutylamino,
  hydroxycyclopropylamino, hydroxycyclobutylamino,
  hydroxycyclopentylamino, hydroxycyclohexylamino,
  imidazolylamino, morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2hydroxy)ethylamino, piperidinylamino,
- pyridinylmethylamino, phenylmethylpiperidinylamino, aminomethyl, cyclopropylamino, amino, ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino, phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminoethylamino,
- dimethylaminoethylamino, methylaminopropylamino, dimethylaminopropylamino, methylaminobutylamino, dimethylaminobutylamino, methylaminopentylamino, dimethylaminopentylamino, ethylaminoethylamino, diethylaminoethylamino, ethylaminopropylamino,
- diethylaminopropylamino, ethylaminobutylamino, diethylaminobutylamino, ethylaminopentylamino, methylaminocarbonyl, methylcarbonyl, and ethylcarbonyl; or

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a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.
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108. A compound of Claim 107 wherein: R1 is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, hydroxyethyl and propargyl; and  $R^2$  is  $R^{200}$ -cyclohexyl- $R^{201}$  wherein: 5 R<sup>200</sup> is selected from:  $-(CR^{202}R^{203})_{v}-;$  $-NR^{202}-$ ; -S-; -0-; 10 or R<sup>200</sup> represents a bond:  $R^{201}$  represents one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of hydroxy, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, (1-hydroxy-1,1dimethyl) ethyl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, 15 cyclohexyl, methoxymethylene, methoxyethylene, methoxypropylene, ethoxyethylene, ethoxypropylene, propoxyethylene, propoxypropylene, methoxyphenylene, ethoxyphenylene, propoxyphenylene, cyclopropylcarbonyl, cyclobutylcarbonyl, cyclopentylcarbonyl, 20 cyclohexylcarbonyl, benzoyl, chlorobenzoyl, fluorobenzoyl, hydroxymethylcarbonyl, hydroxyethylcarbonyl, hydroxypropylcarbonyl, carboxymethylcarbonyl, carboxyethylcarbonyl, carboxypropylcarbonyl, methoxymethylcarbonyl, 25 methoxyethylcarbonyl, methoxypropylcarbonyl, ethoxymethylcarbonyl, ethoxyethylcarbonyl, ethoxypropylcarbonyl, propoxymethylcarbonyl, propoxyethylcarbonyl, propoxypropylcarbonyl, methoxyphenylcarbonyl, ethoxyphenylcarbonyl, propoxyphenylcarbonyl, piperidinylmethylcarbonyl, 30 piperazinylmethylcarbonyl, morpholinylcarbonyl, methylsulfonylmethylene, amino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminopropyl, phenylamino, benzylamino,

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methylaminomethylene, ethylaminomethylene,
methylaminoethylene, ethylaminoethylene, aminocarbonyl,
methylcarbonylamino, ethylcarbonylamino,
methylaminomethylcarbonyl, ethylaminomethylcarbonyl,
methylcarbonylaminomethylene,
ethylcarbonylaminomethylene,
aminomethylcarbonylaminocarbonylmethylene,

aminomethylcarbonylaminocarbonylmethylene,
methoxycarbonylamino, ethoxycarbonylamino,
methoxymethylcarbonylamino, methoxyethylcarbonylamino,
ethoxymethylcarbonylamino, ethoxyethylcarbonylamino,
methoxycarbonylaminomethylene, and

45 ethoxycarbonylaminomethylene; and

 $\mbox{R}^{202}$  and  $\mbox{R}^{203}$  are independently selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, phenyl and benzyl; and

y is 0, 1 or 2; and

50

R<sup>4</sup> is phenyl, wherein said phenyl is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, methyl, ethyl, methoxy and ethoxy; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrido, fluoro, chloro, bromo, hydroxy, methyl, ethyl, cyano, carboxy, methoxy, 55 methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, acetyl, methylamino, dimethylamino, ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxyethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxybutylamino, hydroxycyclopropylamino, hydroxycyclobutylamino, hydroxycyclopentylamino, hydroxycyclohexylamino, (1-60 ethyl-2-hydroxy) ethylamino, aminomethyl, cyclopropylamino, amino, ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino, phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminoethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, 65 methylaminopropylamino, dimethylaminopropylamino, methylaminobutylamino, dimethylaminobutylamino, methylaminopentylamino, dimethylaminopentylamino,

ethylaminoethylamino, diethylaminoethylamino, ethylaminopropylamino, diethylaminopropylamino,

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70 ethylaminobutylamino, diethylaminobutylamino, ethylaminopentylamino, methylaminocarbonyl, methylcarbonyl, and ethylcarbonyl; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof. 109. A compound of Claim 107 wherein: R<sup>1</sup> is hydrido; and  $R^2$  is  $R^{200}$ -cyclohexyl- $R^{201}$  wherein: R<sup>200</sup> is selected from: 5 methylene;  $-NR^{202}-;$ -S-; -0-: or R<sup>200</sup> represents a bond;  ${\bf R}^{{\bf 201}}$  represents one or more radicals selected from 10 the group consisting of amino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminopropyl, phenylamino, benzylamino, methylaminomethylene, ethylaminomethylene, methylaminoethylene, ethylaminoethylene, aminocarbonyl, 15 methylcarbonylamino, ethylcarbonylamino, methylaminomethylcarbonyl, ethylaminomethylcarbonyl, methylcarbonylaminomethylene, ethylcarbonylaminomethylene, aminomethylcarbonylaminocarbonylmethylene, 20 methoxycarbonylamino, ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxymethylcarbonylamino, methoxyethylcarbonylamino, ethoxymethylcarbonylamino, ethoxyethylcarbonylamino, methoxycarbonylaminomethylene, and ethoxycarbonylaminomethylene; and  $R^{202}$  is selected from hydrido, methyl, phenyl and 25 benzyl; and R4 is phenyl, wherein said phenyl is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, methyl, and methoxy; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrido, methylamino,

5

5

dimethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino, ethylamino,
dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxypropylamino,
hydroxyethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxybutylamino,
hydroxycyclopropylamino, hydroxycyclobutylamino,
hydroxycyclopentylamino, hydroxycyclohexylamino, (1ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino, aminomethyl,
cyclopropylamino, amino, dimethylaminoethylamino,
dimethylaminopropylamino, dimethylaminobutylamino,
dimethylaminopentylamino, diethylaminoethylamino,
diethylaminopropylamino, diethylaminobutylamino, and
diethylaminopentylamino; or

- a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.
- 110. A compound of Claim 94 wherein R<sup>2</sup> comprises a substituted piperidinyl or piperazinyl moiety with at least one substituent attached to the distal nitrogen heteroatom or to a carbon ring atom adjacent to the distal nitrogen heteroatom of the piperidine or piperazine ring.
- 111. A compound Claim 94 wherein R<sup>2</sup> comprises a substituted piperidinyl moiety with at least one substituent attached to the distal nitrogen heteroatom or to a carbon ring atom adjacent to the distal nitrogen heteroatom of the piperidine ring.
- 112. A compound of Claim 94 wherein R<sup>2</sup> comprises a substituted piperazinyl moiety with at least one substituent attached to the distal nitrogen heteroatom or to a carbon ring atom adjacent to the distal nitrogen heteroatom of the piperazine ring.
- 113. A compound of Claim 94 wherein Z represents a carbon atom.

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- 114. A compound of Claim 94 wherein Z represents a nitrogen atom.
  - 115. A compound of Claim 94 wherein R1 is hydrido.
- 116. A compound of Claim 94 wherein R<sup>200</sup> represents a bond.
- 117. A compound of Claim 94 wherein R<sup>201</sup> represents one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of lower hydroxyalkyl, lower hydroxyalkylcarbonyl, and lower alkylaminoalkylene.
- 118. A compound of Claim 94 wherein R<sup>201</sup> represents one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, hydroxybutyl, (1-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl)ethyl, hydroxymethylcarbonyl, hydroxyethylcarbonyl, hydroxymethylcarbonyl, methylaminomethylene, ethylaminomethylene, methylaminoethylene, and ethylaminoethylene.

- 119. A compound of Claim 94 wherein R4 is optionally substituted phenyl.
- 120. A compound of Claim 94 wherein R<sup>4</sup> is phenyl optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals independently selected from chloro, fluoro, bromo and iodo.
- 121. A compound of Claim 94 wherein R<sup>4</sup> is phenyl optionally substituted at the meta or para position with one or more chloro radicals.
  - 122. A compound of Claim 94 wherein R<sup>5</sup> is hydrido.

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123. A compound of Claim 94 wherein:

R¹ is hydrido;

R<sup>200</sup> represents a bond;

R<sup>201</sup> represents one or more radicals selected from 5 the group consisting of lower hydroxyalkyl, lower hydroxyalkylcarbonyl, and lower alkylaminoalkylene.

R<sup>4</sup> is phenyl optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals independently selected from halo; and

10 R<sup>5</sup> is hydrido.

124. A compound of Claim 94 wherein:

R1 is hydrido;

R<sup>200</sup> represents a bond;

R<sup>201</sup> represents one or more radicals selected from

5 the group consisting of hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl,
hydroxypropyl, hydroxybutyl, (1-hydroxy-1,1dimethyl)ethyl, hydroxymethylcarbonyl,
hydroxyethylcarbonyl, hydroxypropylcarbonyl,
methylaminomethylene, ethylaminomethylene,

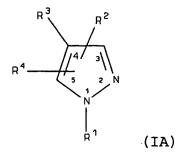
10 methylaminoethylene, and ethylaminoethylene;

R<sup>4</sup> is phenyl optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals independently selected from chloro, fluoro, bromo and iodo; and

15 R<sup>5</sup> is hydrido.

125. A compound selected from compounds, their tautomers and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, of the group consisting of:

# 126. A compound of Formula IA



wherein

R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydrido, hydroxy, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, haloalkyl, haloalkenyl, haloalkynyl, hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl,

- hydroxyalkynyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, aralkynyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, alkynoxyalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, alkoxyaryl, heterocyclyloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkoxy, mercaptoalkyl, alkylthioalkylene, alkenylthioalkylene,
- alkylthioalkenylene, amino, aminoalkyl, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, alkylsulfinyl, alkenylsulfinyl, alkynylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, heterocyclylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkenylsulfonyl, alkynylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl,
- heterocyclylsulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylene, alkylsulfonylalkylene, acyl, acyloxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylalkylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylarylene,
- alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene,
  heterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, alkylcarbonylarylene,
  arylcarbonylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylarylene,
  alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, arylcarbonyloxyalkylene,
  heterocyclylcarbonyloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyarylene,

30 arylcarbonyloxyarylene, and
heterocyclylcarbonyloxyarylene; or

R<sup>1</sup> has the formula

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^{25} & O & R^{26} \\
 & C & C & C & N \\
 & R^{27} & C & N \\
 & R^{27} & (II)
\end{array}$$

wherein:

40

i is an integer from 0 to 9;

R<sup>25</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and

R<sup>26</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkylalkylene, aralkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and alkylaminoalkyl; and

R<sup>27</sup> is selected from alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, cycloalkylarylene, cycloalkylcycloalkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylarylene, alkylaralkyl, aralkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene,

aralkylheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkoxyaralkyl, alkoxyheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, aralkoxyarylene, alkoxyheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkoxyarylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl,

- alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkoxyarylaminocarbonylalkylene, aminocarbonylalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkylaminocarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene,
- aryloxycarbonylarylene, alkylaryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, alkylarylcarbonylarylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylarylene,

alkoxycarbonylalkoxylarylene,
heterocyclylcarbonylalkylarylene, alkylthioalkylene,
cycloalkylthioalkylene, alkylthioarylene,
aralkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene,
arylthioalklylarylene, arylsulfonylaminoalkylene,
alkylsulfonylarylene, alkylaminosulfonylarylene; wherein
said alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl,

heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene, alkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, alkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene, arylthioalklylarylene, and alkylsulfonylarylene groups may be optionally substituted with one or more radicals

independently selected from alkyl, halo, haloalkyl,
alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or

R<sup>27</sup> is -CHR<sup>28</sup>R<sup>29</sup> wherein R<sup>28</sup> is alkoxycarbonyl, and R<sup>29</sup> is selected from aralkyl, aralkoxyalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkylthioalkylene, and

aralkylthioalkylene; wherein said aralkyl and heterocylcyl groups may be optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl

85 and nitro; or

80

 $R^{26}$  and  $R^{27}$  together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocycle, wherein said heterocycle is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, aryl,

heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkylaryloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aralkoxycarbonyl, alkylamino and alkoxycarbonylamino; wherein said aryl,

heterocyclylalkylene and aryloxyalkylene radicals may be optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halogen, alkyl and alkoxy; and

```
R<sup>2</sup> is R<sup>200</sup>-cycloalkyl-R<sup>201</sup> wherein:
100
               R<sup>200</sup> is selected from:
               -(CR^{202}R^{203})_{v}-;
               -C(O)-;
               -C(O) - (CH<sub>2</sub>), -;
               -C(O)-O-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>v</sub>-;
105
               -(CH_2)_v-C(O)-;
               -O-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>v</sub>-C(O)-;
               -NR^{202}-;
               -NR^{202} - (CH_2)_{v} - ;
               -(CH_2)_v - NR^{202} - ;
               -(CH_2)_V - NR^{202} - (CH_2)_Z - ;
110
               -(CH_2)_v-C(O)-NR^{202}-(CH_2)_v-;
               -(CH_2)_v - NR^{202} - C(O) - (CH_2)_z - ;
               -(CH_2)_v - NR^{202} - C(O) - NR^{203} - (CH_2)_v - ;
              -S(0)_{x}-(CR^{202}R^{203})_{y}-;
              -(CR^{202}R^{203})_{v}-S(O)_{x}-;
115
               -S(O)_{x}-(CR^{202}R^{203})_{y}-O-;
              -S(O)_{x}-(CR^{202}R^{203})_{y}-C(O)-;
               -O-(CH<sub>2</sub>),-;
               - (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>v</sub>-O-;
120
              -S-; and
              -0-;
              R^{201} represents one or more radicals selected from
        the group consisting of hydrido, halogen, hydroxy,
        carboxy, keto, alkyl, hydroxyalkyl, haloalkyl,
       cycloalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl,
125
        aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylcarbonyl,
       hydroxyalkylcarbonyl, cycloalkylcarbonyl, arylcarbonyl,
       haloarylcarbonyl, alkoxy, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene,
       alkoxycarbonyl, carboxyalkylcarbonyl,
       alkoxyalkylcarbonyl, heterocyclylalkylcarbonyl,
130
       alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene, amino, aminoalkyl,
       alkylamino, aralkylamino, alkylaminoalkylene,
       aminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino,
       alkylcarbonylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoalkylcarbonyl,
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alkylaminoalkylcarbonylamino,
aminoalkylcarbonylaminoalkyl, alkoxycarbonylamino,
alkoxyalkylcarbonylamino, alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylene,
alkylimidocarbonyl, amidino, alkylamidino,
aralkylamidino, guanidino, guanidinoalkylene, and
alkylsulfonylamino; and

 $R^{202}$  and  $R^{203}$  are independently selected from hydrido, alkyl, aryl and aralkyl; and

y and z are independently 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 wherein y + z is less than or equal to 6; and

145 x is 0, 1 or 2; and

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl, maleimidyl, pyridonyl, thiazolyl, thiazolylalkyl, thiazolylamino,

150

wherein the R<sup>3</sup> pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl, maleimidyl, pyridonyl, thiazolyl, thiazolylalkyl, thiazolylamino,

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groups may be optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, keto, alkyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, aralkoxy, heterocyclylalkoxy, amino, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, cycloalkylamino, cycloalkenylamino, arylamino, haloarylamino, heterocyclylamino, aminocarbonyl, cyano, hydroxy,

- hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkenoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkylamino, alkylaminoalkoxy, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, heterocyclyloxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylamino, alkoxyarylamino, alkoxyaralkylamino, aminosulfinyl, aminosulfonyl, alkylsulfonylamino,
- alkylaminoalkylamino, hydroxyalkylamino, aralkylamino, aryl (hydroxyalkyl) amino, alkylaminoalkylaminoalkylamino, alkylheterocyclylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylheterocyclylalkylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino,
- alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylamino, nitro, alkylaminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino, haloalkylsulfonyl, aminoalkyl, haloalkyl, alkylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, alkylhydrazinyl, arylhydrazinyl, and -NR<sup>44</sup>R<sup>45</sup> wherein R<sup>44</sup> is alkylcarbonyl or amino, and R<sup>45</sup> is alkyl or aralkyl; and
  - $R^4$  is selected from hydrido, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, and heterocyclyl, wherein  $R^4$  is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, alkyl, alkenyl,
- alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylthioalkylene, arylthioalkylene, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfinylalkylene, arylsulfinylalkylene, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene, arylsulfonylalkylene, aryloxy, aralkoxy,
- aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, arylaminocarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, haloalkyl, amino, cyano, nitro, alkylamino, arylamino, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoalkylene, aminoalkylamino, and hydroxy;
- provided R<sup>3</sup> is not 2-pyridinyl when R<sup>4</sup> is a phenyl ring containing a 2-hydroxy substituent and when R<sup>1</sup> is hydrido; and

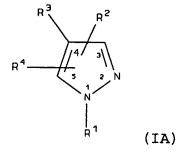
further provided that R4 is not methylsulfonylphenyl or aminosulfonylphenyl; and

further provided that R1 is not methylsulfonylphenyl;

200 or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

# 127. A compound of Formula IA



wherein

R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydrido, hydroxy, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, haloalkyl, haloalkenyl, haloalkynyl, hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl,

- hydroxyalkynyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, aralkynyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, alkynoxyalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, alkoxyaryl, heterocyclyloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkoxy, mercaptoalkyl, alkylthioalkylene, alkenylthioalkylene,
- alkylthioalkenylene, amino, aminoalkyl, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, alkylsulfinyl, alkenylsulfinyl, alkynylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, heterocyclylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkenylsulfonyl, alkynylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl,
- heterocyclylsulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylene, alkylsulfonylalkylene, acyl, acyloxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylalkylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylarylene,
- alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, heterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, alkylcarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylarylene,

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alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, arylcarbonyloxyalkylene, heterocyclylcarbonyloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyarylene, arylcarbonyloxyarylene, and heterocyclylcarbonyloxyarylene; or

R1 has the formula

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & R^{25} & O & R^{26} \\
 & C & C & C & N \\
 & R^{27} & C & N
\end{array}$$
(II)

wherein:

30

40

i is an integer from 0 to 9;

R<sup>25</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and

R<sup>26</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkylalkylene, aralkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and alkylaminoalkyl; and

R<sup>27</sup> is selected from alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, cycloalkylarylene, cycloalkylcycloalkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylarylene, alkylaralkyl, aralkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene,

aralkylheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkoxyaralkyl, alkoxyheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, aralkoxyarylene, alkoxyheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkoxyarylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl,

alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkoxyarylaminocarbonylalkylene, aminocarbonylalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkylaminocarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene,

60 aryloxycarbonylarylene, alkylaryloxycarbonylarylene,

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arylcarbonylarylene, alkylarylcarbonylarylene,
alkoxycarbonylalkoxylarylene,
alkoxycarbonylalkoxylarylene,
heterocyclylcarbonylalkylarylene, alkylthioalkylene,
cycloalkylthioalkylene, alkylthioarylene,
aralkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene,
arylthioalkylarylene, arylsulfonylaminoalkylene,
alkylsulfonylarylene, alkylaminosulfonylarylene; wherein
said alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl,
heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene,
alkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene,
aryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene,
alkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene,

arylthioalklylarylene, and alkylsulfonylarylene groups may be optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or

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R<sup>27</sup> is -CHR<sup>28</sup>R<sup>29</sup> wherein R<sup>28</sup> is alkoxycarbonyl, and R<sup>29</sup> is selected from aralkyl, aralkoxyalkylene,
80 heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene,
alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkylthioalkylene, and
aralkylthioalkylene; wherein said aralkyl and
heterocylcyl groups may be optionally substituted with
one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl
85 and nitro; or

R<sup>26</sup> and R<sup>27</sup> together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocycle, wherein said heterocycle is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, aryl,

- heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkylaryloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aralkoxycarbonyl, alkylamino and alkoxycarbonylamino; wherein said aryl,
- heterocyclylalkylene and aryloxyalkylene radicals may be optionally substituted with one or more radicals

independently selected from halogen, alkyl and alkoxy; and  $R^2$  is  $R^{200}$ -aryl- $R^{201}$  wherein: R<sup>200</sup> is selected from:

100  $-(CR^{202}R^{203})_{v}-;$ -C(0) -;-C(O) - (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>v</sub> - ;-C(O)-O-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>v</sub>-; 105 -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>v</sub>-C(O)-; $-O-(CH_2)_v-C(O)-;$  $-NR^{202}-;$  $-NR^{202} - (CH_2)_{v} - ;$  $-(CH_2)_v - NR^{300} - ;$  $-(CH_2)_y-NR^{202}-(CH_2)_{z1}-;$ 110  $-(CH_2)_v-C(O)-NR^{202}-(CH_2)_v-;$  $-(CH_2)_v-NR^{202}-C(O)-(CH_2)_z-;$  $-(CH_2)_v - NR^{202} - C(O) - NR^{203} - (CH_2)_v - ;$  $-S(O)_{x}-(CR^{202}R^{203})_{y}-;$  $-(CR^{202}R^{203})_{v}-S(0)_{x}-;$ 115  $-S(O)_{x}-(CR^{202}R^{203})_{y}-O-;$  $-S(O)_{x}-(CR^{202}R^{203})_{y}-C(O)-;$ -O-(CH<sub>2</sub>),-;

 $-(CH_2)_v-O-;$  and 120 -0-;

> $R^{201}$  represents one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of hydrido, halogen, hydroxy, carboxy, keto, alkyl, hydroxyalkyl, haloalkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl,

- 125 aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylcarbonyl, hydroxyalkylcarbonyl, cycloalkylcarbonyl, arylcarbonyl, haloarylcarbonyl, alkoxy, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkoxycarbonyl, carboxyalkylcarbonyl, alkoxyalkylcarbonyl, heterocyclylalkylcarbonyl,
- 130 alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene, amino, aminoalkyl, alkylamino, aralkylamino, alkylaminoalkylene, aminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino,

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alkylcarbonylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoalkylcarbonyl, alkylaminoalkylcarbonylamino,

aminoalkylcarbonylaminoalkyl, alkoxycarbonylamino, alkoxyalkylcarbonylamino, alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylene, alkylimidocarbonyl, amidino, alkylamidino, aralkylamidino, guanidino, guanidinoalkylene, and alkylsulfonylamino; and

 $R^{202}$  and  $R^{203}$  are independently selected from hydrido, alkyl, aryl and aralkyl; and

R<sup>300</sup> is selected from alkyl, aryl and aralkyl; and
y and z are independently 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6
wherein y + z; and yl is 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6; wherein y +
z and yl + z are less than or equal to 6; and

x is 0, 1 or 2; and

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl, maleimidyl, pyridonyl, thiazolyl, thiazolylakyl, thiazolylamino,

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140

145

wherein the R<sup>3</sup> pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl, maleimidyl, pyridonyl, thiazolyl, thiazolylalkyl, thiazolylamino,

155

160

groups may be optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, keto, alkyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, aralkoxy, heterocyclylalkoxy, amino, alkylamino,

1171 alkenylamino, alkynylamino, cycloalkylamino, cycloalkenylamino, arylamino, haloarylamino, heterocyclylamino, aminocarbonyl, cyano, hydroxy, 165 hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkenoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkylamino, alkylaminoalkoxy, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, heterocyclyloxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylamino, alkoxyarylamino, alkoxyaralkylamino, aminosulfinyl, aminosulfonyl, alkylsulfonylamino, 170 alkylaminoalkylamino, hydroxyalkylamino, aralkylamino, aryl (hydroxyalkyl) amino, alkylaminoalkylaminoalkylamino, alkylheterocyclylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, alkylheterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylheterocyclylamino, heterocyclylaterocyclylalkylamino, 175 alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylamino, nitro, alkylaminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino, haloalkylsulfonyl, aminoalkyl, haloalkyl, alkylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, alkylhydrazinyl, arylhydrazinyl, and -NR44R45 wherein R44 is alkylcarbonyl or amino, and R45 is alkyl or 180 aralkyl; and R4 is selected from hydrido, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl,  $R^4$  is optionally substituted with one or more radicals 185 independently selected from halo, alkyl, alkenyl,

cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, and heterocyclyl, wherein alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylthioalkylene, arylthioalkylene, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfinylalkylene, arylsulfinylalkylene, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene,

arylsulfonylalkylene, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy, 190 aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, arylaminocarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, haloalkyl, amino, cyano, nitro, alkylamino, arylamino, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoalkylene, aminoalkylamino, and hydroxy;

provided R3 is not 2-pyridinyl when R4 is a phenyl ring containing a 2-hydroxy substituent and when R1 is hydrido; and

further provided that R4 is not methylsulfonylphenyl

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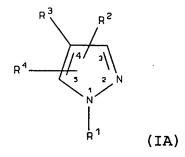
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or aminosulfonylphenyl; and

further provided that R<sup>1</sup> is not methylsulfonylphenyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

# 128. A compound of Formula IA



wherein

R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydrido, hydroxy, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, haloalkyl, haloalkenyl, haloalkynyl, hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl,

- hydroxyalkynyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, aralkynyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, alkynoxyalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, alkoxyaryl, heterocyclyloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkoxy, mercaptoalkyl, alkylthioalkylene, alkenylthioalkylene,
- alkylthioalkenylene, amino, aminoalkyl, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, alkylsulfinyl, alkenylsulfinyl, alkynylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, heterocyclylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkenylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl,
- heterocyclylsulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylene,
  alkylsulfonylalkylene, acyl, acyloxycarbonyl,
  alkoxycarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylalkylene,
  heterocyclyloxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene,
  aryloxycarbonylarylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylarylene,

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alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene,
heterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, alkylcarbonylarylene,
arylcarbonylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylarylene,
alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, arylcarbonyloxyalkylene,
heterocyclylcarbonyloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyarylene,
arylcarbonyloxyarylene, and
heterocyclylcarbonyloxyarylene; or

R<sup>1</sup> has the formula

wherein:

40

i is an integer from 0 to 9;

R<sup>25</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and

R<sup>26</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkylalkylene, aralkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and alkylaminoalkyl; and

R<sup>27</sup> is selected from alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkynyl,
45 aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, cycloalkylalkylene,
cycloalkenylalkylene, cycloalkylarylene,
cycloalkylcycloalkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylarylene,
alkylaralkyl, aralkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl,
alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene,
50 aralkylheterocyclyl, alkowyalkylene, alkowyarylene,

aralkylheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkoxyaralkyl, alkoxyheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, aralkoxyarylene, alkoxyheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkoxyarylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl,

alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkoxyarylaminocarbonylalkylene, aminocarbonylalkylene,

80

90

arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkylaminocarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, alkylaryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, alkylarylcarbonylarylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylarylene,

alkoxycarbonylalkoxylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylalkylarylene, alkylthioalkylene,

cycloalkylthioalkylene, alkylthioarylene,
aralkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene,
arylthioalklylarylene, arylsulfonylaminoalkylene,
alkylsulfonylarylene, alkylaminosulfonylarylene; wherein
said alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl,

heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene, alkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, aryloxylene, aryloxylene, aryloxylene, aryloxylene, aryloxylene, alkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene, aryloxylene, arylthioalklylarylene, and alkylsulfonylarylene groups may be optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, halo, haloalkyl,

alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or

R<sup>27</sup> is -CHR<sup>28</sup>R<sup>29</sup> wherein R<sup>28</sup> is alkoxycarbonyl, and R<sup>29</sup>
is selected from aralkyl, aralkoxyalkylene,
heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene,
alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkylthioalkylene, and
aralkylthioalkylene; wherein said aralkyl and

heterocylcyl groups may be optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl

85 and nitro; or

R<sup>26</sup> and R<sup>27</sup> together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocycle, wherein said heterocycle is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylene, alkylene, alkylene, alkylene, alkylene, alkylene, alkylene, alkylene, alkylene), alkoxycarbonyl, aralkoxycarbonyl, alkylenino and

alkoxycarbonylamino; wherein said aryl, 95 heterocyclylalkylene and aryloxyalkylene radicals may be optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halogen, alkyl and alkoxy; and R<sup>2</sup> is R<sup>200</sup>-heterocyclyl-R<sup>201</sup> wherein: R<sup>200</sup> is selected from: 100  $-(CR^{301}R^{302})_{v}$ ; -C(0) - (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>v1</sub> - ;-C(O)-O-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>v</sub>-;  $-(CH_2)_v-C(O)-;$ 105  $-O-(CH_2)_v-C(O)-;$  $-NR^{303}-;$  $-NR^{303} - (CH_2)_{v} - ;$  $-(CH_2)_{v1}-NR^{202}-;$  $-(CH_2)_y-NR^{202}-(CH_2)_{z1}-;$  $-(CH_2)_v-C(O)-NR^{202}-(CH_2)_z-;$ 110  $-(CH_2)_v-NR^{202}-C(O)-(CH_2)_z-;$  $-(CH_2)_v - NR^{202} - C(O) - NR^{203} - (CH_2)_v - ;$  $-S(0)_{x}-(CR^{202}R^{203})_{y}-;$  $-(CR^{202}R^{203})_{v}-S(O)_{x}-;$ 115  $-S(O)_{x}-(CR^{202}R^{203})_{y}-O-;$  $-S(O)_{x}-(CR^{202}R^{203})_{y}-C(O)-;$  $-O-(CH_2)_v-;$  and  $-(CH_2)_v-O-;$ R<sup>201</sup> represents one or more radicals selected from 120 the group consisting of hydrido, halogen, hydroxy, carboxy, keto, alkyl, hydroxyalkyl, haloalkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylcarbonyl, hydroxyalkylcarbonyl, cycloalkylcarbonyl, arylcarbonyl, 125 haloarylcarbonyl, alkoxy, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkoxycarbonyl, carboxyalkylcarbonyl, alkoxyalkylcarbonyl, heterocyclylalkylcarbonyl,

alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene, amino, aminoalkyl,

alkylamino, aralkylamino, alkylaminoalkylene,

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aminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino,
alkylcarbonylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoalkylcarbonyl,
alkylaminoalkylcarbonylamino,
aminoalkylcarbonylaminoalkyl, alkoxycarbonylamino,
alkoxyalkylcarbonylamino, alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylene,

alkylimidocarbonyl, amidino, alkylamidino, aralkylamidino, guanidino, guanidinoalkylene, and alkylsulfonylamino; and

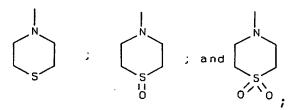
 $R^{202}$  and  $R^{203}$  are independently selected from hydrido, alkyl, aryl and aralkyl; and

 $R^{301}$  and  $R^{302}$  are independently selected from aryl and aralkyl; and

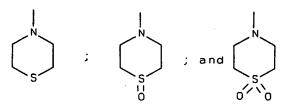
R<sup>303</sup> is selected from alkyl, aryl and aralkyl; and y and z are independently 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6; and yl is 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6; wherein y + z and yl + z are less than or equal to 6; and

x is 0, 1 or 2; wherein either x or y is other than 0 when  $R^{200}$  is  $-S(O)_x-(CR^{202}R^{203})_y-$ ; and

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl, maleimidyl, pyridonyl, thiazolyl, thiazolylalkyl, thiazolylamino,



wherein the R<sup>3</sup> pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl, maleimidyl, pyridonyl, thiazolyl, thiazolylalkyl, thiazolylamino,



groups may be optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, keto, alkyl,

- aralkyl, aralkenyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, aralkoxy, heterocyclylalkoxy, amino, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, cycloalkylamino,
- cycloalkenylamino, arylamino, haloarylamino, heterocyclylamino, aminocarbonyl, cyano, hydroxy, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkenoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkylamino, alkylaminoalkoxy, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, heterocyclyloxycarbonyl,
- alkoxycarbonylamino, alkoxyarylamino, alkoxyaralkylamino, aminosulfinyl, aminosulfonyl, alkylsulfonylamino, alkylaminoalkylamino, hydroxyalkylamino, aralkylamino, aryl (hydroxyalkyl)amino, alkylaminoalkylamino, alkylheterocyclylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino,
- alkylheterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylheterocyclylamino, heterocyclylheterocyclylalkylamino, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylamino, nitro, alkylaminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino, haloalkylsulfonyl, aminoalkyl, haloalkyl, alkylcarbonyl,
- hydrazinyl, alkylhydrazinyl, arylhydrazinyl, and  $-NR^{44}R^{45}$  wherein  $R^{44}$  is alkylcarbonyl or amino, and  $R^{45}$  is alkyl or aralkyl; and

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from hydrido, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, and heterocyclyl, wherein

- R4 is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylthioalkylene, arylthioalkylene, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfinylalkylene, arylsulfinylalkylene,
- alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene,
  arylsulfonylalkylene, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy,
  aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, arylaminocarbonyl,
  alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, haloalkyl, amino, cyano,
  nitro, alkylamino, arylamino, alkylaminoalkylene,
- 195 arylaminoalkylene, aminoalkylamino, and hydroxy;

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provided  $R^3$  is not 2-pyridinyl when  $R^4$  is a phenyl ring containing a 2-hydroxy substituent and when  $R^1$  is hydrido; and

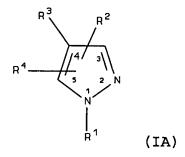
further provided R<sup>2</sup> is selected from aryl,
200 heterocyclyl, unsubstituted cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl
when R<sup>4</sup> is hydrido; and

further provided that R4 is not methylsulfonylphenyl or aminosulfonylphenyl; and

further provided that R1 is not methylsulfonylphenyl;

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

# 129. A compound of Formula IA



wherein

205

or

R¹ is selected from hydrido, hydroxy, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, haloalkyl, haloalkenyl, haloalkynyl, hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl, hydroxyalkynyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, aralkynyl,

- hydroxyalkynyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, aralkynyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, alkynoxyalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, alkoxyaryl, heterocyclyloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkoxy, mercaptoalkyl, alkylthioalkylene, alkenylthioalkylene,
- alkylthioalkenylene, amino, aminoalkyl, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, alkylsulfinyl, alkenylsulfinyl, alkynylsulfinyl,

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arylsulfinyl, heterocyclylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkenylsulfonyl, alkynylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, beterocyclylsulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylene, alkylsulfonylalkylene, acyl, acyloxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylalkylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylarylene,

alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene,
heterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, alkylcarbonylarylene,
arylcarbonylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylarylene,
alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, arylcarbonyloxyalkylene,
heterocyclylcarbonyloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyarylene,

30 arylcarbonyloxyarylene, and
heterocyclylcarbonyloxyarylene; or

R1 has the formula

wherein:

40

i is an integer from 0 to 9;

R<sup>25</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and

R<sup>26</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkylalkylene, aralkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and alkylaminoalkyl; and

R<sup>27</sup> is selected from alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkynyl,
45 aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, cycloalkylalkylene,
cycloalkenylalkylene, cycloalkylarylene,
cycloalkylcycloalkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylarylene,
alkylaralkyl, aralkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl,
alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene,
50 aralkylheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene,

alkoxyaralkyl, alkoxyheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, aralkoxyarylene, alkoxyheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkoxyarylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, 55 alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkoxyarylaminocarbonylalkylene, aminocarbonylalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkylaminocarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, alkylaryloxycarbonylarylene, 60 arylcarbonylarylene, alkylarylcarbonylarylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylarylene, alkoxycarbonylalkoxylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylalkylarylene, alkylthioalkylene, 65 cycloalkylthioalkylene, alkylthioarylene, aralkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene, arylthioalklylarylene, arylsulfonylaminoalkylene, alkylsulfonylarylene, alkylaminosulfonylarylene; wherein said alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene, 70 alkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, alkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene, arylthioalklylarylene, and alkylsulfonylarylene groups may be optionally substituted with one or more radicals 75 independently selected from alkyl, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or  $R^{27}$  is  $-CHR^{28}R^{29}$  wherein  $R^{28}$  is alkoxycarbonyl, and  $R^{29}$ is selected from aralkyl, aralkoxyalkylene, 80 heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkylthioalkylene, and aralkylthioalkylene; wherein said aralkyl and heterocylcyl groups may be optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl 85 and nitro; or

 $R^{26}$  and  $R^{27}$  together with the nitrogen atom to which

they are attached form a heterocycle, wherein said heterocycle is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, aryl,

- heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkylaryloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aralkoxycarbonyl, alkylamino and alkoxycarbonylamino; wherein said aryl,
- 95 heterocyclylalkylene and aryloxyalkylene radicals may be optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halogen, alkyl and alkoxy; and

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, halogen, mercapto,
alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, haloalkyl,
hydroxyalkyl, aralkyl, alkylheterocyclyl,
heterocyclylalkyl, heterocyclylheterocyclyl,
heterocyclylalkylheterocyclyl, alkylamino, alkenylamino,
alkynylamino, arylamino, aryl(hydroxyalkyl)amino,

- heterocyclylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylamino, N-alkyl-N-alkynyl-amino, aminoalkyl, aminoaryl, aminoalkylamino, aminocarbonylalkylene, arylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoarylene, alkylaminoalkylamino,
- alkylcarbonylaminoalkylene,
  aminoalkylcarbonylaminoalkylene,
  alkylaminoalkylcarbonylamino, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl,
  aminoalkylthio, alkylaminocarbonylalkylthio,
  alkylaminoalkylaminocarbonylalkylthio, alkoxy,
- heterocyclyloxy, alkylthio, cyanoalkylthio, alkenylthio, alkynylthio, carboxyalkylthio, arylthio, heterocyclylthio, alkoxycarbonylalkylthio, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkoxyalkylthio, carboxycycloalkyl, carboxycycloalkenyl,
- carboxyalkylamino, alkoxycarbonyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylamino, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl,

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alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl, alkoxyalkylamino,
       alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylene, alkoxycarbonylaminoalkoxy,
       alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, heterocyclylsulfonyl,
125
       aralkythio, heterocyclylalkylthio, aminoalkoxy,
       cyanoalkoxy, carboxyalkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy,
       alkenyloxy, alkynyloxy, and heterocyclylalkyloxy; wherein
       the aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, cycloalkyl and
130
       cycloalkenyl groups may be optionally substituted with
       one or more radicals independently selected from halo,
       keto, amino, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl,
       aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, epoxyalkyl,
       amino(hydroxyalkyl) carboxy, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy,
135
       haloalkyl, alkylamino, alkynylamino,
       alkylaminoalkylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino,
       alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl,
       arylsulfonyl, and aralkylsulfonyl; or
             R^2 is R^{200}-heterocyclyl-R^{201}, R^{200}-aryl-R^{201}, or R^{200}-
       cycloalkyl-R201 wherein:
140
             R<sup>200</sup> is selected from:
             -(CR^{202}R^{203})_{v}-;
             -C(0) -;
             -C(O)-(CH<sub>2</sub>),-;
145
             -C(O)-O-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>v</sub>-;
             -(CH_2)_v-C(O)-;
             -O-(CH_2)_v-C(O)-;
             -NR^{202}-;
             -NR^{202} - (CH_2)_{v} - ;
             -(CH_2)_v - NR^{202} - ;
150
             -(CH_2)_v-NR^{202}-(CH_2)_z-;
             -(CH_2)_v-C(O)-NR^{202}-(CH_2)_z-;
             -(CH_2)_v-NR^{202}-C(O)-(CH_2)_z-;
             -(CH_2)_v - NR^{202} - C(O) - NR^{203} - (CH_2)_z - ;
155
             -S(0)_{x}-(CR^{202}R^{203})_{y}-;
             -(CR^{202}R^{203})_{v}-S(0)_{x}-;
             -S(0)_{x}-(CR^{202}R^{203})_{y}-O-;
             -S(O)_{x}-(CR^{202}R^{203})_{y}-C(O)-;
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-O-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>v</sub>-;
160
            -(CH_2)_v-O-;
            -S-;
            -0-;
            or R<sup>200</sup> represents a bond;
            R<sup>201</sup> represents one or more radicals selected from
165
      the group consisting of hydrido, halogen, hydroxy,
      carboxy, keto, alkyl, hydroxyalkyl, haloalkyl,
      cycloalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl,
      aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylcarbonyl,
      hydroxyalkylcarbonyl, cycloalkylcarbonyl, arylcarbonyl,
170
      haloarylcarbonyl, alkoxy, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene,
      alkoxycarbonyl, carboxyalkylcarbonyl,
      alkoxyalkylcarbonyl, heterocyclylalkylcarbonyl,
      alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene, amino, aminoalkyl,
      alkylamino, aralkylamino, alkylaminoalkylene,
175
      aminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino,
      alkylcarbonylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoalkylcarbonyl,
      alkylaminoalkylcarbonylamino,
      aminoalkylcarbonylaminoalkyl, alkoxycarbonylamino,
      alkoxyalkylcarbonylamino, alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylene,
180
      alkylimidocarbonyl, amidino, alkylamidino,
      aralkylamidino, guanidino, guanidinoalkylene, and
      alkylsulfonylamino; and
            R^{202} and R^{203} are independently selected from hydrido,
      alkyl, aryl and aralkyl; and
185
            y and z are independently 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6
      wherein y + z is less than or equal to 6; and
            x is 0, 1 or 2; or
            R<sup>2</sup> is -NHCR<sup>204</sup>R<sup>205</sup> wherein R<sup>204</sup> is alkylaminoalkylene.
      and R<sup>205</sup> is aryl; or
190
            R^2 is -C(NR^{206})R^{207} wherein R^{206} is selected from
      hydrogen and hydroxy, and R207 is selected from alkyl,
      aryl and aralkyl; or
```

R<sup>2</sup> has the formula:

195 wherein:

200

210

215

j is an integer from 0 to 8; and
m is 0 or 1; and

R<sup>30</sup> and R<sup>31</sup> are independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, aminocarbonylalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, and alkylcarbonyloxyalkyl; and

R<sup>32</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl,

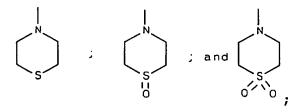
205 alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene;

 $R^{33}$  is selected from hydrogen, alkyl,  $-C(0)R^{35}$ ,  $-C(0)OR^{35}$ ,  $-C(0)OR^{35}$ ,  $-SO_2R^{36}$ ,  $-C(0)NR^{37}R^{38}$ , and  $-SO_2NR^{39}R^{40}$ , wherein  $R^{35}$ ,  $R^{36}$ ,  $R^{37}$ ,  $R^{38}$ ,  $R^{39}$  and  $R^{40}$  are independently selected from hydrocarbon, heterosubstituted hydrocarbon and heterocyclyl; and

 ${\ensuremath{R^{34}}}$  is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, and arylaminocarbonyl; or

 $R^2$  is  $-CR^{41}R^{42}$  wherein  $R^{41}$  is aryl, and  $R^{42}$  is hydroxy; and

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from maleimidyl, pyridonyl, thiazolyl, thiazolylamino,



wherein the R<sup>3</sup> maleimidyl, pyridonyl, thiazolyl, thiazolylalkyl, thiazolylamino,

groups may be optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, keto, alkyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, aralkoxy, heterocyclylalkoxy, amino, alkylamino,

alkenylamino, alkynylamino, cycloalkylamino, cycloalkenylamino, arylamino, haloarylamino, heterocyclylamino, aminocarbonyl, cyano, hydroxy, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkenoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkylamino, alkylaminoalkoxy,

alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, heterocyclyloxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylamino, alkoxyarylamino, alkoxyaralkylamino, aminosulfinyl, aminosulfonyl, alkylsulfonylamino, alkylaminoalkylamino, hydroxyalkylamino, aralkylamino, aryl(hydroxyalkyl)amino, alkylaminoalkylamino,

alkylheterocyclylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, alkylheterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylheterocyclylamino, heterocyclylheterocyclylalkylamino, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylamino, nitro, alkylaminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino,

haloalkylsulfonyl, aminoalkyl, haloalkyl, alkylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, alkylhydrazinyl, arylhydrazinyl, and -NR<sup>44</sup>R<sup>45</sup> wherein R<sup>44</sup> is alkylcarbonyl or amino, and R<sup>45</sup> is alkyl or aralkyl; and

R4 is selected from hydrido, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl,
250 cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, and heterocyclyl, wherein
R4 is optionally substituted with one or more radicals
independently selected from halo, alkyl, alkenyl,
alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylthio, arylthio,
alkylthioalkylene, arylthioalkylene, alkylsulfinyl,

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alkylsulfinylalkylene, arylsulfinylalkylene,
alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene,
arylsulfonylalkylene, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy,
aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, arylaminocarbonyl,
alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, haloalkyl, amino, cyano,
nitro, alkylamino, arylamino, alkylaminoalkylene,
arylaminoalkylene, aminoalkylamino, and hydroxy;
provided R³ is not

(IV) (V)

wherein R43 is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aminoalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, and aryloxyalkyl; and

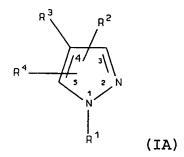
further provided  $R^2$  is selected from aryl, heterocyclyl, unsubstituted cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl when  $R^4$  is hydrido; and

further provided that R4 is not methylsulfonylphenyl or aminosulfonylphenyl; and

further provided that  $R^1$  is not methylsulfonylphenyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

## 130. A compound of Formula IA



wherein

R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydrido, hydroxy, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, haloalkyl, haloalkenyl, haloalkynyl, hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl,

hydroxyalkynyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, aralkynyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, alkynoxyalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, alkoxyaryl, heterocyclyloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkoxy, mercaptoalkyl, alkylthioalkylene, alkenylthioalkylene,

alkylthioalkenylene, amino, aminoalkyl, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, alkylsulfinyl, alkenylsulfinyl, alkynylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, heterocyclylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkenylsulfonyl, alkynylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl,

heterocyclylsulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylene, alkylsulfonylalkylene, acyl, acyloxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylalkylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylarylene,

alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene,
heterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, alkylcarbonylarylene,
arylcarbonylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylarylene,
alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, arylcarbonyloxyalkylene,
heterocyclylcarbonyloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyarylene,
arylcarbonyloxyarylene, and

30 arylcarbonyloxyarylene, and heterocyclylcarbonyloxyarylene; or

R<sup>1</sup> has the formula

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$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & R^{25} & O \\
 & C & C \\
 & R^{25} \\
 & R^{25}
\end{array}$$
(II)

#### wherein:

40

i is an integer from 0 to 9;

R<sup>25</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and

R<sup>26</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkylalkylene, aralkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and alkylaminoalkyl; and

R<sup>27</sup> is selected from alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkynyl,
aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, cycloalkylalkylene,
cycloalkenylalkylene, cycloalkylarylene,
cycloalkylcycloalkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylarylene,
alkylaralkyl, aralkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl,
alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene,

aralkylheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkoxyaralkyl, alkoxyheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, aralkoxyarylene, alkoxyheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkoxyarylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl,

alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkoxyarylaminocarbonylalkylene, aminocarbonylalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkylaminocarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene,

aryloxycarbonylarylene, alkylaryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, alkylarylcarbonylarylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylarylene, alkoxycarbonylalkoxylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylalkylarylene, alkylthioalkylene, cycloalkylthioalkylene, alkylthioarylene,

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aralkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene,
arylthioalklylarylene, arylsulfonylaminoalkylene,
alkylsulfonylarylene, alkylaminosulfonylarylene; wherein
said alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl,
heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene,
alkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene,
aryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene,
alkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene,
arylthioalklylarylene, and alkylsulfonylarylene groups
may be optionally substituted with one or more radicals
independently selected from alkyl, halo, haloalkyl,
alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or

R<sup>27</sup> is -CHR<sup>28</sup>R<sup>29</sup> wherein R<sup>28</sup> is alkoxycarbonyl, and R<sup>29</sup> is selected from aralkyl, aralkoxyalkylene,
heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene,
alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkylthioalkylene, and
aralkylthioalkylene; wherein said aralkyl and
heterocylcyl groups may be optionally substituted with
one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl
and nitro; or

R<sup>26</sup> and R<sup>27</sup> together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocycle, wherein said heterocycle is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, alkylaryloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxyarylene, alkylaryloxyalkylene, alkylamino and alkoxycarbonyl, aralkoxycarbonyl, alkylamino and alkoxycarbonylamino; wherein said aryl, heterocyclylalkylene and aryloxyalkylene radicals may be

95 heterocyclylalkylene and aryloxyalkylene radicals may be optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halogen, alkyl and alkoxy; and

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, halogen, mercapto, 100 alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, haloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, aralkyl, alkylheterocyclyl,

heterocyclylalkyl, heterocyclylheterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylheterocyclyl, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, aryl(hydroxyalkyl)amino,

- heterocyclylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylamino, N-alkyl-N-alkynyl-amino, aminoalkyl, aminoaryl, aminoalkylamino, aminocarbonylalkylene, arylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoarylene, alkylaminoalkylamino,
- alkylcarbonylaminoalkylene,
  aminoalkylcarbonylaminoalkylene,
  alkylaminoalkylcarbonylamino, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl,
  aminoalkylthio, alkylaminocarbonylalkylthio,
  alkylaminoalkylaminocarbonylalkylthio, alkoxy,
- heterocyclyloxy, alkylthio, cyanoalkylthio, alkenylthio, alkynylthio, carboxyalkylthio, arylthio, heterocyclylthio, alkoxycarbonylalkylthio, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkoxyalkylthio, carboxycycloalkyl, carboxycycloalkenyl,
- 120 carboxyalkylamino, alkoxycarbonyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylamino, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl, alkoxyalkylamino, alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylene, alkoxycarbonylaminoalkoxy,
- alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, heterocyclylsulfonyl, aralkythio, heterocyclylalkylthio, aminoalkoxy, cyanoalkoxy, carboxyalkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy, alkenyloxy, alkynyloxy, and heterocyclylalkyloxy; wherein the aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, cycloalkyl and
- cycloalkenyl groups may be optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, keto, amino, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, epoxyalkyl, amino(hydroxyalkyl) carboxy, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy,
- haloalkyl, alkylamino, alkynylamino,
  alkylaminoalkylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino,
  alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl,

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arylsulfonyl, and aralkylsulfonyl; or
              R^2 is R^{200}-heterocyclyl-R^{201}, R^{200}-aryl-R^{201}, or R^{200}-
140
        cycloalkyl-R201 wherein:
              R<sup>200</sup> is selected from:
              -(CR^{202}R^{203})_{v}-;
              -C(0) - ;
              -C(O) - (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>v</sub> - ;
              -C(O)-O-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>y</sub>-;
145
              -(CH_2)_v-C(O)-;
              -O-(CH_2)_v-C(O)-;
              -NR^{202}-;
              -NR^{202} - (CH_2)_{v} - ;
              -(CH_2)_v - NR^{202} - ;
150
              - (CH_2)_v-NR^{202}-(CH_2)_z-;
              -(CH_2)_v-C(O)-NR^{202}-(CH_2)_z-;
              -(CH_2)_v - NR^{202} - C(O) - (CH_2)_z - ;
              -(CH_2)_v - NR^{202} - C(O) - NR^{203} - (CH_2)_z - ;
155
              -S(O)_{x}-(CR^{202}R^{203})_{y}-;
              -(CR^{202}R^{203})_{v}-S(0)_{v}-;
              -S(O)_{x}-(CR^{202}R^{203})_{y}-O-;
              -S(O)_{x}-(CR^{202}R^{203})_{y}-C(O)-;
              -O-(CH<sub>2</sub>),-;
160
              -(CH_2)_{v}-O-;
              -S-; and
              -0-;
              or R<sup>200</sup> represents a bond:
              R^{201} represents one or more radicals selected from
165
       the group consisting of hydrido, halogen, hydroxy,
       carboxy, keto, alkyl, hydroxyalkyl, haloalkyl,
       cycloalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl,
       aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylcarbonyl,
       hydroxyalkylcarbonyl, cycloalkylcarbonyl, arylcarbonyl,
       haloarylcarbonyl, alkoxy, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene,
170
       alkoxycarbonyl, carboxyalkylcarbonyl,
       alkoxyalkylcarbonyl, heterocyclylalkylcarbonyl,
       alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene, amino, aminoalkyl,
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alkylamino, aralkylamino, alkylaminoalkylene,

aminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino,
alkylcarbonylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoalkylcarbonyl,
alkylaminoalkylcarbonylamino,
aminoalkylcarbonylaminoalkyl, alkoxycarbonylamino,
alkoxyalkylcarbonylamino, alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylene,
alkylimidocarbonyl amidino alkylamidino

alkylimidocarbonyl, amidino, alkylamidino, aralkylamidino, guanidino, guanidinoalkylene, and alkylsulfonylamino; and

 $\mathbb{R}^{202}$  and  $\mathbb{R}^{203}$  are independently selected from hydrido, alkyl, aryl and aralkyl; and

185 y and z are independently 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 wherein y + z is less than or equal to 6; and

x is 0, 1 or 2; or

 $\mbox{R}^2$  is  $-\mbox{NHCR}^{204}\mbox{R}^{205}$  wherein  $\mbox{R}^{204}$  is alkylaminoalkylene, and  $\mbox{R}^{205}$  is aryl; or

190  $R^2$  is  $-C(NR^{206})R^{207}$  wherein  $R^{206}$  is selected from hydrogen and hydroxy, and  $R^{207}$  is selected from alkyl, aryl and aralkyl; or

R<sup>2</sup> has the formula:

195 wherein:

200

205

j is an integer from 0 to 8; and m is 0 or 1; and

R<sup>30</sup> and R<sup>31</sup> are independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, aminocarbonylalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, and alkylcarbonyloxyalkyl; and

R<sup>32</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and

heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene;

 $R^{33}$  is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, -C(0)  $R^{35}$ , -C(0)  $OR^{35}$ , -SO $_2R^{36}$ , -C(0)  $NR^{37}R^{38}$ , and -SO $_2NR^{39}R^{40}$ , wherein

210 R<sup>35</sup>, R<sup>36</sup>, R<sup>37</sup>, R<sup>38</sup>, R<sup>39</sup> and R<sup>40</sup> are independently selected from hydrocarbon, heterosubstituted hydrocarbon and heterocyclyl; and

R<sup>34</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, and arylaminocarbonyl; or

215  $R^2$  is  $-CR^{41}R^{42}$  wherein  $R^{41}$  is aryl, and  $R^{42}$  is hydroxy; and

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl, maleimidyl, pyridonyl, thiazolyl, thiazolylalkyl, thiazolylamino,

220

wherein the R<sup>3</sup> pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl groups are substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from keto, haloarylamino,

- alkoxyalkylene, alkenoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkylamino, alkylaminoalkoxy, alkoxyarylamino, alkylsulfonylamino, aryl(hydroxyalkyl)amino, alkylaminoalkylaminoalkylamino, alkylheterocyclylamino, alkylheterocyclylalkylamino,
- heterocyclylaterocyclylalkylamino, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylamino and haloalkylsulfonyl; and

wherein the R<sup>3</sup> maleimidyl, pyridonyl, thiazolyl, thiazolylalkyl, thiazolylamino,

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235

240

245

250

255

265

groups may be optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, keto, alkyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, aralkoxy, heterocyclylalkoxy, amino, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, cycloalkylamino, cycloalkenylamino, arylamino, haloarylamino, heterocyclylamino, aminocarbonyl, cyano, hydroxy, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkenoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkylamino, alkylaminoalkoxy, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, heterocyclyloxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylamino, alkoxyarylamino, alkoxyaralkylamino, aminosulfinyl, aminosulfonyl, alkylsulfonylamino, alkylaminoalkylamino, hydroxyalkylamino, aralkylamino, aryl(hydroxyalkyl)amino, alkylaminoalkylaminoalkylamino, alkylheterocyclylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, alkylheterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylheterocyclylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylamino, nitro, alkylaminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino,

haloalkylsulfonyl, aminoalkyl, haloalkyl, alkylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, alkylhydrazinyl, arylhydrazinyl, and -NR<sup>44</sup>R<sup>45</sup>

wherein R<sup>44</sup> is alkylcarbonyl or amino, and R<sup>45</sup> is alkyl or aralkyl; and

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from hydrido, alkyl, alkonyl, alkynyl

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from hydrido, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, and heterocyclyl, wherein R<sup>4</sup> is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylthioalkylene, arylthioalkylene, alkylsulfinyl,

alkylsulfinylalkylene, arylsulfinylalkylene, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene,

arylsulfonylalkylene, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, arylaminocarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, haloalkyl, amino, cyano, nitro, alkylamino, arylamino, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoalkylene, aminoalkylamino, and hydroxy;

provided R<sup>3</sup> is not 2-pyridinyl when R<sup>4</sup> is a phenyl ring containing a 2-hydroxy substituent and when R<sup>1</sup> is hydrido; and

provided R3 is not

275

285

280 (IV) (V)

wherein R<sup>43</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aminoalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, and aryloxyalkyl; and

further provided R<sup>2</sup> is selected from aryl, heterocyclyl, unsubstituted cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl when R<sup>4</sup> is hydrido; and

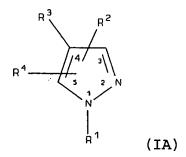
further provided that R<sup>4</sup> is not methylsulfonylphenyl or aminosulfonylphenyl; and

further provided that R<sup>1</sup> is not methylsulfonylphenyl; 290 or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

## 131. A compound of Formula IA

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wherein

R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydroxy and alkoxyaryl; and
R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, halogen, mercapto,
alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, haloalkyl,
hydroxyalkyl, aralkyl, alkylheterocyclyl,
heterocyclylalkyl, heterocyclylheterocyclyl,

- heterocyclylalkylheterocyclyl, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, aryl (hydroxyalkyl) amino, heterocyclylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylamino, N-alkyl-N-alkynyl-amino, aminoalkyl, aminoaryl, aminoalkylamino, aminoalkylamino, aminoarylalkylene,
- arylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoarylene, alkylaminoarylene, alkylaminoalkylamino, alkylcarbonylaminoalkylene, aminoalkylcarbonylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoalkylcarbonylamino, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl,
- aminoalkylthio, alkylaminocarbonylalkylthio, alkoxy, alkylaminoalkylaminocarbonylalkylthio, alkoxy, heterocyclyloxy, alkylthio, cyanoalkylthio, alkenylthio, alkynylthio, carboxyalkylthio, arylthio, heterocyclylthio, alkoxycarbonylalkylthio, alkylsulfinyl,
- alkylsulfonyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkoxyalkylthio, carboxycycloalkyl, carboxycycloalkenyl, carboxyalkylamino, alkoxycarbonyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylamino, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl,
- alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl, alkoxyalkylamino, alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylene, alkoxycarbonylaminoalkoxy, alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, heterocyclylsulfonyl,

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aralkythio, heterocyclylalkylthio, aminoalkoxy,
      cyanoalkoxy, carboxyalkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy,
35
      alkenyloxy, alkynyloxy, and heterocyclylalkyloxy; wherein
      the aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, cycloalkyl and
      cycloalkenyl groups may be optionally substituted with
      one or more radicals independently selected from halo,
      keto, amino, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl,
40
      aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, epoxyalkyl,
      amino (hydroxyalkyl) carboxy, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy,
      haloalkyl, alkylamino, alkynylamino,
      alkylaminoalkylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino,
      alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl,
      arylsulfonyl, and aralkylsulfonyl; or
45
            R^2 is R^{200}-heterocyclyl-R^{201}, R^{200}-aryl-R^{201}, or R^{200}-
      cycloalkyl-R<sup>201</sup> wherein:
            R<sup>200</sup> is selected from:
            -(CR^{202}R^{203})_{v}-;
50
            -C(O)-;
            -C(O) - (CH<sub>2</sub>), -;
            -C(O)-O-(CH<sub>2</sub>),-;
            -(CH_2)_v-C(O)-;
            -O-(CH_2)_v-C(O)-;
            -NR^{202}-;
55
            -NR^{202} - (CH_2)_{v} - ;
            -(CH_2)_v-NR^{202}-;
            -(CH_2)_v - NR^{202} - (CH_2)_z - ;
            -(CH_2)_v-C(O)-NR^{202}-(CH_2)_z-;
            -(CH_2)_v - NR^{202} - C(O) - (CH_2)_z - ;
60
            -(CH_2)_v - NR^{202} - C(O) - NR^{203} - (CH_2)_z - ;
            -S(O)_{x}-(CR^{202}R^{203})_{y}-;
            -(CR^{202}R^{203})_{v}-S(O)_{v}-;
            -S(O)_{x}-(CR^{202}R^{203})_{y}-O-;
            -S(O)_{x}-(CR^{202}R^{203})_{y}-C(O)-;
65
            -O-(CH<sub>2</sub>),-;
            -(CH_2)_v-O-;
            -S-; and
```

-0-;

70 or R<sup>200</sup> represents a bond;

R<sup>201</sup> represents one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of hydrido, halogen, hydroxy, carboxy, keto, alkyl, hydroxyalkyl, haloalkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl,

75 aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylcarbonyl, hydroxyalkylcarbonyl, cycloalkylcarbonyl, arylcarbonyl, haloarylcarbonyl, alkoxy, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkoxycarbonyl, carboxyalkylcarbonyl,

alkoxyalkylcarbonyl, heterocyclylalkylcarbonyl,

- alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene, amino, aminoalkyl, alkylamino, aralkylamino, alkylaminoalkylene, aminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino, alkylcarbonylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoalkylcarbonyl, alkylaminoalkylcarbonylamino,
- aminoalkylcarbonylaminoalkyl, alkoxycarbonylamino, alkoxyalkylcarbonylamino, alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylene, alkylimidocarbonyl, amidino, alkylamidino, aralkylamidino, guanidino, guanidinoalkylene, and alkylsulfonylamino; and

 $R^{202}$  and  $R^{203}$  are independently selected from hydrido, alkyl, aryl and aralkyl; and

y and z are independently 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 wherein y + z is less than or equal to 6; and

x is 0, 1 or 2; or

 $R^2$  is  $-NHCR^{204}R^{205}$  wherein  $R^{204}$  is alkylaminoalkylene, and  $R^{205}$  is aryl; or

 $\mbox{R}^2$  is  $-\mbox{C(NR}^{206})\,\mbox{R}^{207}$  wherein  $\mbox{R}^{206}$  is selected from hydrogen and hydroxy, and  $\mbox{R}^{207}$  is selected from alkyl, aryl and aralkyl; or

100 R<sup>2</sup> has the formula:

90

95

wherein:

j is an integer from 0 to 8; and
m is 0 or 1; and

105 R<sup>30</sup> and R<sup>31</sup> are independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, aminocarbonylalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, and alkylcarbonyloxyalkyl; and

R<sup>32</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene;

 $R^{33}$  is selected from hydrogen, alkyl,  $-C(0)R^{35}$ ,  $-C(0)OR^{35}$ ,  $-SO_2R^{36}$ ,  $-C(0)NR^{37}R^{38}$ , and  $-SO_2NR^{39}R^{40}$ , wherein

R<sup>35</sup>, R<sup>36</sup>, R<sup>37</sup>, R<sup>38</sup>, R<sup>39</sup> and R<sup>40</sup> are independently selected from hydrocarbon, heterosubstituted hydrocarbon and heterocyclyl; and

120 R<sup>34</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, and arylaminocarbonyl; or

 $\mbox{R}^2$  is  $-\mbox{CR}^{41}\mbox{R}^{42}$  wherein  $\mbox{R}^{41}$  is aryl, and  $\mbox{R}^{42}$  is hydroxy; and

R³ is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl,
quinolinyl, purinyl, maleimidyl, pyridonyl, thiazolyl,
thiazolylalkyl, thiazolylamino,

wherein the R<sup>3</sup> pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, 130 purinyl, maleimidyl, pyridonyl, thiazolyl, thiazolylalkyl, thiazolylamino,

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groups may be optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, keto, alkyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, aralkoxy, heterocyclylalkoxy, amino, alkylamino,

alkenylamino, alkynylamino, cycloalkylamino, cycloalkenylamino, arylamino, haloarylamino, heterocyclylamino, aminocarbonyl, cyano, hydroxy, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkenoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkylamino, alkylaminoalkoxy,

alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, heterocyclyloxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylamino, alkoxyarylamino, alkoxyaralkylamino, aminosulfinyl, aminosulfonyl, alkylsulfonylamino, alkylaminoalkylamino, hydroxyalkylamino, aralkylamino, aryl(hydroxyalkyl)amino, alkylaminoalkylaminoalkylamino,

alkylheterocyclylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, alkylheterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylheterocyclylamino, heterocyclylheterocyclylalkylamino, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylamino, nitro, alkylaminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino,

haloalkylsulfonyl, aminoalkyl, haloalkyl, alkylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, alkylhydrazinyl, arylhydrazinyl, and -NR<sup>44</sup>R<sup>45</sup> wherein R<sup>44</sup> is alkylcarbonyl or amino, and R<sup>45</sup> is alkyl or aralkyl; and

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from hydrido, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, and heterocyclyl, wherein R<sup>4</sup> is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylthioalkylene, arylthioalkylene, alkylsulfinyl,

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alkylsulfinylalkylene, arylsulfinylalkylene,
alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene,
arylsulfonylalkylene, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy,
aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, arylaminocarbonyl,
alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, haloalkyl, amino, cyano,
nitro, alkylamino, arylamino, alkylaminoalkylene,
arylaminoalkylene, aminoalkylamino, and hydroxy;

provided  $R^3$  is not 2-pyridinyl when  $R^4$  is a phenyl ring containing a 2-hydroxy substituent and when  $R^1$  is hydrido; and

further provided R<sup>2</sup> is selected from aryl, heterocyclyl, unsubstituted cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl when R<sup>4</sup> is hydrido; and

further provided that R4 is not methylsulfonylphenyl or aminosulfonylphenyl; or

- a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.
  - 132. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound, said compound selected from the compounds of any one of Claims 1, 39, 71, 82 and 94, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
  - 133. A method of treating a TNF mediated disorder, said method comprising treating the subject having or susceptible to such disorder with a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound, said compound selected from the compounds of any one of Claims 1, 39, 71, 82 and 94, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
  - 134. A method of treating a p38 kinase mediated disorder, said method comprising treating the subject having or susceptible to such disorder with a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound, said compound selected from the compounds of any one of Claims

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5 1, 39, 71, 82 and 94, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

mediated disorder is selected from the group of disorders consisting of bone resorption, graft vs. host reaction, atherosclerosis, arthritis, osteoarthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, gout, psoriasis, topical inflammatory disease state, adult respiratory distress syndrome, asthma, chronic pulmonary inflammatory disease, cardiac reperfusion injury, renal reperfusion injury, thrombus, glomerulonephritis, Crohn's disease, ulcerative colitis, inflammatory bowel disease and cachexia.

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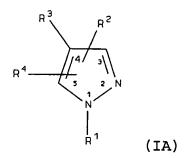
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- 136. The method of Claim 134 wherein the p38 kinase mediated disorder is inflammation.
- 137. The method of Claim 134 wherein the p38 kinase mediated disorder is arthritis.
- 138. The method of Claim 134 wherein the p38 kinase mediated disorder is asthma.
- 139. A method of treating inflammation, said method comprising treating the subject having or susceptible to inflammation with a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound, said compound selected from the compounds of any one of Claims 1, 39, 71, 82 and 94, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
- 140. A method of treating arthritis, said method comprising treating the subject having or susceptible to arthritis with a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound, said compound selected from the compounds of any one of Claims 1, 39, 71, 82 and 94, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

## 141. A method of preparing pyrazoles of Formula IA



### wherein

R1 is selected from hydrido, hydroxy, alkyl,

- 5 cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, haloalkyl, haloalkenyl, haloalkynyl, hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl, hydroxyalkynyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, aralkynyl,
- arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, alkynoxyalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, alkoxyaryl, heterocyclyloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkoxy, mercaptoalkyl, alkylthioalkylene, alkenylthioalkylene, alkylthioalkenylene, amino, aminoalkyl, alkylamino,
- alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, alkylsulfinyl, alkenylsulfinyl, alkynylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, heterocyclylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkenylsulfonyl, alkynylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, heterocyclylsulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylene,
- alkylsulfonylalkylene, acyl, acyloxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylalkylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene,
- heterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, alkylcarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, arylcarbonyloxyalkylene, heterocyclylcarbonyloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyarylene, arylcarbonyloxyarylene, and
- 30 heterocyclylcarbonyloxyarylene; or

R¹ has the formula

wherein:

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i is an integer from 0 to 9;

R<sup>25</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and

R<sup>26</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkylalkylene, aralkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and alkylaminoalkyl; and

R<sup>27</sup> is selected from alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, cycloalkylarylene, cycloalkylcycloalkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylarylene, alkylarylene, alkylarylene, alkylarylene, alkylarylene,

alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene, aralkylheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene,

alkoxyaralkyl, alkoxyheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, aralkoxyarylene, alkoxyheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkoxyarylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, aminoalkyl,

alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkoxyarylaminocarbonylalkylene, aminocarbonylalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkylaminocarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, alkylaryloxycarbonylarylene,

arylcarbonylarylene, alkylarylcarbonylarylene, alkoxycarbonylaterocyclylarylene, alkoxycarbonylalkoxylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylalkylarylene, alkylthioalkylene,

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cycloalkylthioalkylene, alkylthioarylene. 65 aralkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene, arylthioalklylarylene, arylsulfonylaminoalkylene, alkylsulfonylarylene, and alkylaminosulfonylarylene; wherein said alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene, 70 alkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, alkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene, arylthioalklylarylene, and alkylsulfonylarylene groups may be optionally substituted with one or more radicals 75 independently selected from alkyl, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or  $\mbox{R}^{27}$  is  $\mbox{-CHR}^{28}\mbox{R}^{29}$  wherein  $\mbox{R}^{28}$  is alkoxycarbonyl, and  $\mbox{R}^{29}$ is selected from aralkyl, aralkoxyalkylene,

is selected from aralkyl, aralkoxyalkylene,
heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene,
alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkylthioalkylene, and
aralkylthioalkylene; wherein said aralkyl and
heterocylcyl groups may be optionally substituted with
one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl
and nitro; or

R<sup>26</sup> and R<sup>27</sup> together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocycle, wherein said heterocycle is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylene,

alkylheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkylaryloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aralkoxycarbonyl, alkylamino and alkoxycarbonylamino; wherein said aryl, heterocyclylalkylene and aryloxyalkylene radicals may be optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halogen, alkyl and alkoxy; and

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from mercapto,
aryl(hydroxyalkyl)amino, N-alkyl-N-alkynyl-amino,

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100
        aminocarbonylalkylene, alkylcarbonylaminoalkylene,
        aminoalkylcarbonylaminoalkylene,
        alkylaminoalkylcarbonylamino, aminoalkylthio,
        alkylaminocarbonylalkylthio,
        alkylaminoalkylaminocarbonylalkylthio, cyanoalkylthio,
        alkenylthio, alkynylthio, carboxyalkylthio,
105
        alkoxycarbonylalkylthio, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl,
        alkoxyalkyl, alkoxyalkylthio, alkoxycarbonylalkylamino,
        alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylene, alkoxycarbonylaminoalkoxy,
        aralkythio, heterocyclylalkylthio, aminoalkoxy,
       cyanoalkoxy, carboxyalkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy,
110
        alkenyloxy, alkynyloxy, and heterocyclylalkyloxy; or
              R^2 is R^{200}-hetérocyclyl-R^{201}, R^{200}-aryl-R^{201}, or R^{200}-
        cycloalkyl-R201 wherein:
              R<sup>200</sup> is selected from:
115
              -(CR^{202}R^{203})_{v}-;
              -C(O)-;
              -C(0) - (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>v</sub> - ;
              -C(O)-O-(CH<sub>2</sub>),-;
              -(CH_2)_v-C(O)-;
120
              -O-(CH_2)_v-C(O)-;
              -NR^{202}-;
              -NR^{202} - (CH_2)_{v} - ;
              -(CH_2)_v-NR^{202}-;
              -(CH_2)_v-NR^{202}-(CH_2)_z-;
125
              -(CH_2)_v-C(O)-NR^{202}-(CH_2)_v-;
              -(CH_2)_v-NR^{202}-C(O)-(CH_2)_z-;
              -(CH_2)_v-NR^{202}-C(O)-NR^{203}-(CH_2)_z-;
              -S(O)_{x}-(CR^{202}R^{203})_{y}-;
              -(CR^{202}R^{203})_y-S(O)_x-;
130
              -S(O)_{x}-(CR^{202}R^{203})_{y}-O-;
              -S(O)_{x}-(CR^{202}R^{203})_{y}-C(O)-;
              -O-(CH<sub>2</sub>),-;
              - (CH<sub>2</sub>),-O-;
              -S-: and
135
              -0-;
```

or R<sup>200</sup> represents a bond:

R<sup>201</sup> represents one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of hydroxy, hydroxyalkyl, cycloalkyl, hydroxyalkylcarbonyl, cycloalkylcarbonyl, arylcarbonyl, haloarylcarbonyl, alkoxyalkylene,

- arylcarbonyl, haloarylcarbonyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, carboxyalkylcarbonyl, alkoxyalkylcarbonyl, heterocyclylalkylcarbonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene, aminoalkyl, aralkylamino, alkylaminoalkylene, aminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino,
- alkylcarbonylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoalkylcarbonyl, alkylaminoalkylcarbonylamino, aminoalkylcarbonylaminoalkyl, alkoxycarbonylamino, alkoxyalkylcarbonylamino, alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylene, alkylimidocarbonyl, amidino, alkylamidino,
- aralkylamidino, guanidino, guanidinoalkylene, and alkylsulfonylamino; and

 ${\ensuremath{\mathbb{R}}}^{202}$  and  ${\ensuremath{\mathbb{R}}}^{203}$  are independently selected from hydrido, alkyl, aryl and aralkyl; and

y and z are independently 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 wherein y + z is less than or equal to 6; and

x is 0, 1 or 2; or

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 $\mbox{R}^2$  is  $\mbox{-NHCR}^{204}\mbox{R}^{205}$  wherein  $\mbox{R}^{204}$  is alkylaminoalkylene, and  $\mbox{R}^{205}$  is aryl; or

R<sup>2</sup> is -C(NR<sup>206</sup>)R<sup>207</sup> wherein R<sup>206</sup> is selected from hydrogen and hydroxy, and R<sup>207</sup> is selected from alkyl, aryl and aralkyl; and

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl, maleimidyl, pyridonyl, thiazolyl, thiazolylalkyl, thiazolylamino,

wherein the R<sup>3</sup> pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl, maleimidyl, pyridonyl, thiazolyl,

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aralkyl; and

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thiazolylalkyl, thiazolylamino,

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groups may be optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, keto, alkyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy,

175 carboxyalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, aralkoxy, heterocyclylalkoxy, amino, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, cycloalkylamino, cycloalkenylamino, arylamino, haloarylamino,

heterocyclylamino, aminocarbonyl, cyano, hydroxy, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkenoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkylamino, alkylaminoalkoxy, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, heterocyclyloxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylamino, alkoxyarylamino, alkoxyaralkylamino,

aminosulfinyl, aminosulfonyl, alkylsulfonylamino, alkylaminoalkylamino, hydroxyalkylamino, aralkylamino, aryl(hydroxyalkyl)amino, alkylaminoalkylaminoalkylamino, alkylheterocyclylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, alkylheterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylheterocyclylalkylamino,

heterocyclylheterocyclylalkylamino, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylamino, nitro, alkylaminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino, haloalkylsulfonyl, aminoalkyl, haloalkyl, alkylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, alkylhydrazinyl, arylhydrazinyl, and -NR<sup>44</sup>R<sup>45</sup> wherein R<sup>44</sup> is alkylcarbonyl or amino, and R<sup>45</sup> is alkyl or

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from hydrido, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, and heterocyclyl, wherein R<sup>4</sup> is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylthio, arylthio,

alkylthioalkylene, arylthioalkylene, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfinylalkylene, arylsulfinylalkylene, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene,

arylsulfonylalkylene, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, arylaminocarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, haloalkyl, amino, cyano, nitro, alkylamino, arylamino, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoalkylene, aminoalkylamino, and hydroxy; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof,

said method comprising the steps of treating a substituted ketone with an acyl hydrazide to give the pyrazole.

- 142. The process of Claim 141 wherein the process is carried out in an acidic solvent.
- 143. The process of Claim 141 wherein the acidic solvent is acetic acid.
- 144. The process of Claim 141 wherein the acidic solvent is an organic solvent containing an acid.

## 145. The compound:

or a tautomer or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

146. A compound of Claim 71 that is:

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or a tautomer or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

147. A compound of Claim 39 that is:

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or a tautomer or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

148. The compound:

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or a tautomer or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

149. A compound of Claim 1 that is:

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or a tautomer or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

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150. The compound:

or a tautomer or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

30 151. A compound of Claim 1 that is:

or a tautomer or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

35 152. A compound of Claim 1 that is:

or a tautomer or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

153. A compound of Claim 1 that is:

or a tautomer or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

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154. A compound of Claim 39 that is:

or a tautomer or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

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155. A compound of Claim 1 that is:

or a tautomer or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

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156. A compound of Claim 82 that is:

or a tautomer or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

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157. A compound of Claim 42 that is:

or a tautomer or pharmaceutically acceptable salt . thereof.

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158. A compound of Claim 71 that is:

or a tautomer or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

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159. A compound of Claim 71 that is:

or a tautomer or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

**7**5

160. A compound of Claim 70 wherein  $R^{404a}$  is metachloro or para-chloro.

Internation pplication No PCT/US 99/26007

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC 7 C07D401/04 A61K31/415

C07D401/04 A61K31/50 C07D409/14

A61K31/415 A61K31/505 C07D403/04 A61K31/47 A61K31/52 C07D487/04

A61K31/445 C07D405/14 C07D473/00 A61K31/44 C07D401/14 C07D413/14

According to international Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

#### B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) IPC 7 CO7D A61K A61P

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

	ENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	
Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	WO 96 03385 A (SEARLE & CO; LEE LEN F (US); PENNING THOMAS D (US); KRAMER STEVEN) 8 February 1996 (1996-02-08) cited in the application abstract; claims 1,8-10; examples 1-15 page 9 -page 73	1,39,71, 82,93, 94,101, 126-140
A	EP 0 846 687 A (LILLY CO ELI) 10 June 1998 (1998-06-10)  abstract; examples page 21; table 1A page 23 -page 25; table 2A  -/	1,39,71, 82,93, 94,101

Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.	Patent family members are listed in annex.		
Special categories of cited documents :			
"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance "E" earlier document but published on or after the international filling date "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another chation or other special reason (as specified) "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means "P" document published prior to the international filling date but later than the priority date claimed	<ul> <li>"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention</li> <li>"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone</li> <li>"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such document is combined with one or more other such document is combined with one or more other such document in the art.</li> <li>"&amp;" document member of the same patent family</li> </ul>		
Date of the actual completion of the international search	Date of mailing of the International search report		
6 April 2000	18/04/2000		
Name and mailing address of the ISA  European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentiaan 2  NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk	Authorized officer		
Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo ni, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016	Paisdor, B		

Internation. .pplication No PCT/US 99/26007

		PCT/US 99/26007
IPC 7	SIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER	/(C07D487/04,293:00,
According	to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC	
B. FIELDS	S SEARCHED	
Minimum d	documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)	
Documenta	ation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documen	nts are included in the fields searched
Electronic	data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, when	re practical, search terms used)
C DOCUM	Elm causers	
Category *	IENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT  Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passage	
	more appropriate, of the relevant passage	Relevant to claim No.
A	EP 0 846 686 A (PFIZER LTD ; PFIZER (US); 10 June 1998 (1998-06-10)	82,93,
	abstract; claims 1,15 page 19; example A24	94,101
A	WO 94 19350 A (OKU TERUO ;KAWAI YOSHIO (JP); TANAKA HIROKAZU (JP); FUJISAWA PHARM) 1 September 1994 (1994-09-01) page 53; example 8	1,39,71, 82,93, 94,101
A	EP 0 531 901 A (FUJISAWA PHARMACEUTICAL CO) 17 March 1993 (1993-03-17)	1,39,71, 82,93,
	abstract pages 49 - 51, preparations page 52; example 1	94,101
	-/	
X Furth	her documents are listed in the continuation of box C. X Patr	ent family members are listed in annex.
	tegories of cited documents :	ument published after the international filing date ty date and not in conflict with the application but
COURIG	ont defining the general state of the art which is not cited to ci	Understand the principle of theory underlying the
"L" docume	nt which may throw doubts on priority claim(a) as	t of particular relevance; the claimed invention be considered novel or cannot be considered to
citation	is cited to establish the publication date of another or other special reason (as specified) "Y" documen	an inventive step when the document is taken alone
O" docume other m	ont referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or documensans	be considered to Involve an inventive step when the nt is combined with one or more other such docu- such combination being obvious to a person skilled
"P" documer later the	at published prior to the international filing date but	t. t member of the same patent family
Date of the a	Ortical commission of the least state of	mailing of the international search report
6	April 2000	
Name and m	nailing address of the ISA  Authorize  European Private Office P.R. 5918 Patentine P.	ed officer
	European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentiaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016	isdor, B

Internation. pplication No PCT/US 99/26007

C (Cambina	PCT/US 99/26007	
ategory °	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	
	orazion or decembrat, with indecation, where appropriate, or the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	DD 295 374 A (STERLING DRUG INC) 31 October 1991 (1991-10-31)	1,39,71, 82,93,
	page 7 -page 8; claims; examples	94,101
<b>A</b>	WO 95 31451 A (SMITHKLINE BEECHAM CORP; ADAMS JERRY LEROY (US); GALLAGHER TIMOTHY) 23 November 1995 (1995-11-23) page 1 -page 3; claim 1	1,39,71, 82,93, 94,101, 126-140
	page 16 -page 19; examples	
Ρ,Χ	WO 98 52937 A (ANANTANARAYAN ASHOK ;STEALEY MICHAEL A (US); CLARE MICHAEL (US); G) 26 November 1998 (1998-11-26) abstract; claims page 35 -page 49; examples	1-160
Ρ,Χ	WO 98 52940 A (ANANTANARAYAN ASHOK ;CRICH JOYCE ZUOWU (US); SELNESS SHAUN RAJ (US) 26 November 1998 (1998-11-26) abstract; claims	1-160
P,X	WO 98 52941 A (SEARLE & CO; HANSON GUNNAR J (US); LIAO SHUYUAN (US)) 26 November 1998 (1998-11-26) abstract; claim 1 page 21 -page 24; examples 1,2	1-160
	·	

Internacional application No.

PCT/US 99/26007

Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet	t)
This International Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following re	esons:
1. X Claims Nos.: 133-140 because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely: Remark: Although claims 133-140 are directed to a method of treatment of the human/animal body, the search has been carried out and based on the allege effects of the compound/composition.	ed
2. Claims Nos.:  because they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the precipied requirements to such an extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically:	ch
3. Claims Nos.: because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4	<b>4</b> (a).
Box il Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of Item 2 of first sheet)	· <u>-</u> .·
This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:	
As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers all searchable claims.	
2. As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.	ent
3. As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:	
4. No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this international Search Report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:	
Remark on Protest  The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.	rotest.

Information on patent family members

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